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COLEOPTERA. STAPHYLINIDÆ-VOL IV. PART IL

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MALCOLM CAMERON, M.B., R.N., F.R.E.S.



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Subfamily XIV. ALEOCHARINÆ (contd)

Tribe II MYRMEDONIINI (contd)

Genus PELIOPTERA Kr

Pelioptera Kr., Linn Ent xi, 1857, p 55, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 282, Cam, Trans Ent Soc Lond 1920 (1921), pp 361, 393, Treubia, vi, 1925, p 197 Termitopora Motsch, Étud Ent viu, 1859, p 91

Parallel species, in facies much resembling certain species of Atheta, s str, and Liogluta, but differing in the structure of the tongue and mesosternum. Head suborbicular, exserted, narrower than the thorax, the eyes moderate or large, the temples with only a short border behind. Antennæ thickened

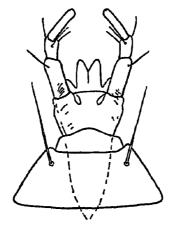


Fig 106 -Pelioptera micans, labium

towards apex, the penultimate joints transverse Labrum transverse the sides nearly straight and parallel, the anterior border rather broadly and deeply arcuately emarginate and furnished with a membrane, the anterior angles rounded Mandibles small, short, curved, pointed and edentate Maxillary palpi with small 1st joint, 2nd elongate, lightly curved and a little thickened towards apex, 3rd a little longer and a little thicker at the apex, 4th subulate, about half as long as the 3rd Inner lobe of maxilla narrow, curved, and pointed at apex, closely ciliate internally, outer lobe closely ciliate at apex Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, truncate in front Labial palpi 3-jointed, the 1st joint cylindrical about twice vol IV—Part II

as long as broad, 2nd a little narrower and shorter, 3rd a little narrower than the 2nd and about as long as the 1st Tongue short, broad, parallel-sided, in front triangularly emarginate. forming two short lobes with rounded apices Thorax more or less transverse, the sides with one or two feeble setæ, the pronotal epipleura visible laterally Prosternum broadly rounded behind Mesosternal process broad, truncate behind, extending half the length of the coxe and separated from the metasternum by a short intersternal piece, the coxe rather widely separated Elytra not or but slightly longer than the thorax, not emarginate postero-externally, the postero-internal angle rounded Abdomen parallel, the first three visible segments transversely impressed at their Legs moderate, the tibiæ with or without distinct Tarsi 4, 5, 5, the anterior with the first three joints short and subequal, the 4th as long as the preceding three together, middle with the first four joints short and subequal, the 5th as long as the preceding three together, posterior longer, the first four joints gradually decreasing in length Claws lightly curved, simple

Some of the species may be termitophilous, but others are found in various situations, under bark, in vegetable refuse, and

rotting fruit

the preceding

Key to the Species

1	Large species (4 mm), penultimate joints of antennæ scarcely transverse, posterior margins of the sternites distinctly yellowish-red	dubia Kr , p
	Smaller species, penultimate joints of	· -
	antennæ distinctly transverse	2 3
2	Thorax more or less transverse	
	Thorax as long as broad	13
3		_
	reflex	4
	Head and thorax with metallic reflex	10
4	Head and thorax shining	5
	Head and thorax dull, elytra pale	TT.
_	yellow	opaca Kr , p
-5		6
	Elytra not or scarcely longer than the	7
_	thorax	indica, sp n
U	Antenne entirely black, elytra brown	manu, ap n
	Antenne with 1st joint and the elytra	differens, sp
-	reddish-yellow	8
7	Elytra yellow or brownish-yellow Elytra brown	exasperata K
	4th joint of antonnæ distinctly trans-	
0	verse, elytra yellow	micans Kr.
	4th joint of antenne scarcely trans	
	verse, ely tra brownish-yellow	9
9	10th joint of antenne as long as broad,	
•	the preceding transverse	beesons, ap 1
	10th joint of antenne transverse like	-
	- Pages Garage En 1 1 1 1	faulauna av

413 o 418. 1.p.419 n,p 418 Cr, p 418 p 415 n,p 416 fraterna, sp n., p 416

10	Thorax reddish-brown	11.
	Thorax black	12
11.	4th joint of antennæ longer than broad	pelioptera Kr., p. 414
	4th joint of antennæ distinctly trans-	
	verse .	acuticollis Kr., p 414
12	Thorax finely, rather closely punctured	assamensis, sp n, p 417.
	Thorax eryfinely, sparingly punctured	madrasiana, sp n . p 417
13	Head and thorax strongly corraceous,	
	dull, with distinct violet reflex .	corracea, sp n., p 420
	Head and thorax feebly corraceous,	
	simming, with feeble violet reflex	14
14	Elytra finely, closely punctured .	angusticollie, sp n, p 419
	Elytra very finely, obsoletely and	
	more sparingly punctured	andrewen, sp n, p 420

1947 Pelioptera dubia.

Homalota dubia Kr*, Arch Naturg xxv, 1859, p 37 Pelioptera longicornis Cam, Treubia, vi, 1925, pp 194, 197; id, Ann Mus Civ Gen lu, 1925, p 44 (3)

Shining, head black, thorax black or dark reddish-brown, both with distinct metallic-violet reflex, elytra brownish-yellow, infuscate at the sides and postero-external angles, sometimes also with a trace of the metallic reflex seen on the head and thorax; abdomen black, the first two visible segments dark reddish-brown. Antennæ black, the first two joints brownish-yellow. Legs reddish-yellow. Length 4 mm

The unique type is a Q and immature, but it appears to be identical with longicornis Cam. Very similar to pelioptera, but larger, the thorax more transverse, the puncturation equally fine but closer, the row of larger punctures on each side of the middle scarcely indicated, the metallic reflex much

stronger

A large species, in build much resembling Atheta granigera Kies, but rather more depressed, much shorter elytra and different colour Head suborbicular, extremely finely, sparingly punctured, finely pubescent, with scarcely perceptible ground-sculpture, eyes large, not prominent, longer than the post-ocular region Antennæ with 2nd and 3rd joints of equal length, elongate, 4th and 5th about as long as broad, 6th to 9th slightly transverse, 10th distinctly longer than 9th, as long as broad, 11th longer than 9th and 10th together Thorax slightly transverse (6 5), the sides rounded in front and narrowed behind, extremely finely and not very closely punctured and with scarcely perceptible ground-sculpture, finely pubescent Elytra scarcely as long as but broader than the thorax, transverse, very finely and rather closely punctured, finely pubescent Abdomen extremely finely and not closely punctured, yet more sparingly behind, finely pubescent Middle tibiæ with rather long distinct black seta, the posterior with a shorter and finer one

3 unknown The description of the 3 in Ann Mus Civ Gen lii 1925, p 44, applies to pelioptera Ceylon Also in Sumatra

1948 Pelioptera pelioptera.

Homalota pelioptera Kr *, Arch Naturg xxv, 1859, p 30

Shining, head black, thorax dark reddish-brown, both with slight metallic reflex, elytra clear yellow infuscate at the scutellum, abdomen pitchy-black, the 1st visible segment and the posterior margins of the following narrowly reddish-brown Antennæ black, the first three joints and the legs reddish-

yellow Length 2 75-3 mm

In colour and general facies much like heterocera Cam, but with the thorax less transverse, the fore-parts without groundsculpture, the elytra less closely, more obsoletely punctured Head suborbicular, a little narrower than the thorax, the eyes large, longer than the post-ocular region, extremely finely, sparingly punctured and without ground-sculpture Antenna with the 3rd joint a little shorter than the 2nd, 5th to 10th distinctly transverse, differing but little amongst themselves; the 11th fully as long as the two preceding together slightly transverse (4.5 4), the sides slightly rounded in front, straighter and very slightly retracted behind, the posterior angles rounded, scarcely perceptibly impressed before the scutellum, extremely finely, rather sparingly punctured, on each side of the middle with a row of two or three larger but very superficial and obsolete punctures, ground-sculpture absent Elytra as long as but broader than the thorax, transverse, extremely finely, moderately closely punctured Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, extremely finely, rather sparingly punctured on the first two visible segments, yet more sparingly on the following, and without ground-The whole insect sparingly pubescent, the pubessculpture cence rather long and yellow

7th abdominal segment with a little tubercle near the posterior margin, sometimes absent, 8th narrowed and arcuately emarginate, in front of the emargination on each side with a tubercle or oblique ridge, near the lateral margin on each

side with a little tubercle or granule

"Ind. Port" British India Nilgiri Hills Also in Sumetra

1949 Pelioptera acuticollis.

Homalota acuticollis Kr *, Arch Naturg xxv, 1859, p 28 Pelioptera perminda Cam (2), E M M lvi, 1920, p 96

Elongate, linear, black, very shining, elytra brownishtestaceous, infuscate at the postero-external angles, the head and thorax with slight violaceous reflex, first two joints of the antennæ and the legs testaceous Length 2 5-3 mm

Differs from P micans Kr in the longer antennæ, with less transverse penultimate joints, the longer and narrower thorax, and the faint metallic reflex of the fore-parts in build somewhat resembles Athela angusticollis Thoms, but with shorter elvtra Head suborbicular, narrower than the thorax. the eyes a little longer than the post-ocular region, not prominent, smooth along the middle, at the sides with some obsolete punctures, finely corraccous. Antennæ extending a little beyond the base of the thorax, the 3rd joint a little shorter than the 2nd, 4th small, transverse, 5th to 10th more strongly so, but differing but little amongst themselves, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax very slightly transverse, the sides rounded in front, straighter and a little retracted behind, with two or three fine setæ, the posterior angles obtuse (in the 5 with the posterior margin produced before the scutellum, truncate and thickened), along the middle impunetate and more shining, on each side broadly, superficially longitudinally impressed and with a row of two or three larger but very superficial punctures, the nuncturation towards the sides very fine and scanty, closer towards the middle, finely but distinctly corraceous. Elytra broader, but scarcely longer than the thorax, transverse, very finely, moderately closely punctured, in the 5 with a little keel on each side of the suture behind the scutellum and with the sculpture on the disc distinctly granular and rather close, elsewhere very fine and moderately close as in the Q Abdomen parallel, scarcely narrowed before the apex, very finely and very sparingly punctured. The whole insect with a sparing vellow pubescence Tibial setæ fine

3. 4th segment with a tubercle in the middle at the posterior margin; 7th with two little tubercles close together at the middle of the posterior margin, 8th truncate and with six little keels, the lateral margins raised

Ceylon Dikova, alt 3800-4200 feet

1950 Pelioptera micans.

Pelioptera micans Kr.*, Linn Fnt vi, 1857, p. 56, id., Arch Naturg vxv., 1859, p. 42, tab. l., fig. 4, Cam., Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. 1920 (1921) p. 393, id., Treubia, vi., 1925, p. 197. Termitopora adus spennis Motsch., Etud. Ent. viii. 1859, p. 93, tab. l., fig. 7.

Parallel, shining, black, the clytra yellow, sometimes narrowly infuscate at the base. Antennæ blackish, the first two or three joints reddish-yellow. Legs reddish-yellow. Legs reddish-yellow. Length 2-2 5 mm.

Head suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, the eyes large, longer than the post-ocular region, the disc sometimes with

a small fovea, extremely finely, very sparingly punctured, very finely conaceous Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th small, transverse, 5th and following more strongly so, about twice as broad as long, but differing little amongst themselves, the 11th as long as the two preceding together Thorax nearly a half broader than long, the sides gently rounded, more retracted behind, with two or three fine setæ, the posterior angles obtusely rounded, before the scutellum sometimes with a fine, short, impressed line, the sculpture scarcely differing from that of the head Elytra as long as and a little broader than the thorax, transverse, as finely but much more closely punctured Abdomen parallel, very finely and sparingly punctured on the first three segments. yet more sparingly on the following Middle tibiæ with a fine seta, the posterior with a finer one The whole insect very finely and sparingly pubescent
3 8th dorsal segment truncate and crenulate

Ceylon India Dehra Dun Ghum Also in Singapore and Java

1951 Pelioptera beesoni, sp n

Shining, black, the elytra brownish-yellow, infuscate at the scutellum Antennæ black, the 1st joint pitchy Legs

reddish-yellow Length 3 mm

Larger and more robust than micans, the thorax less transverse, the elytra more obscurely coloured, the antennæ stouter, the joints less transverse, the 10th about as long as broad, the head and thorax without ground-sculpture Head very finely, sparingly and obsoletely punctured Thorax transverse (4 75 4), the sides feebly rounded in front, nearly straight and retracted behind, the puncturation as on the head but closer Elytra as long as the thorax, very finely but more distinctly and moderately closely punctured Abdomen very finely and very sparingly punctured

7th dorsal segment with a small tubercle in the middle near the posterior margin, 8th with a small triangular excision, the margins of which are raised, 6th ventral segment

a little produced, scarcely narrowed, truncate

Chakrata district, alt 5000-9000 feet Ghum, alt 8000 feet

1952 Pelioptera fraterna, sp n

Shining, black, the elytra brownish-yellow, a little infuscate postero-externally Antennæ black, the 1st joint reddish Legs reddish-yellow Length 25 mm

Build, colour and lustre of beesons, but smaller, the antennæ shorter, the joints more transverse, the 9th and 10th of similar

form Head and thorax finely but distinctly corraceous, the puncturation scarcely differing from that of beesons. Antennæ with the 4th joint scarcely, the 5th to 10th about a half, broader than long, scarcely differing amongst themselves. Thorax transverse (3 5 3), the sides rounded in front, straighter and retracted behind. Elytra as long as the thorax, finely and moderately closely punctured as in beesons. Abdomen sparingly punctured, especially behind. Middle tibue with a fine seta, the posterior with a yet finer one

3. 7th dorsal segment of abdomen with a small tubercle, 8th truncate, in the middle with a small arcuate emargination, on each side with a fine short spine separated by an arcuate

emargination from the truncate part

Dehra Dun

1953. Pelioptera assamensis, sp. n.

Shining, black, the head and thorax with metallic reflex; elytra brownish-yellow, infuscate at the postero-external angles. Antennæ black, the 1st joint brownish-yellow. Legs

reddish-yellow Length 2 75 mm

Build and colour of fraterna, but the head and thorax with metallic reflex, the antennæ a little thinner, the 4th joint distinctly transverse, puncturation of the thorax less fine, more distinct and closer than in that species, that of the elytra, however, finer and more obsolete. In other respects like fraterna. Differs from madrasiana in the less fine and closer puncturation of the fore-parts and less distinct ground-sculpture.

d unknown

Assam . Naga Hills, Laimatak

1954 Pelioptera madrasiana sp n

Shining, black, the elytra brownish-yellow, a little infuscate at the base and postero-external angles, the head and thorax with distinct, the elytra with less distinct metallic reflex Antennæ black, the first two joints brownish-yellow Legs reddish-yellow Length 2-2 75 mm

Differs from fraterna in the metallic reflex of the fore-parts, the narrower thorax, which is scarcely a third broader than long, the finer and less close puncturation and the rather more evident ground-sculpture. In other respects scarcely differing from fraterna

Differs from assamensis in the finer and more sparing puncturation of the fore-parts and the more distinct ground-

sculpture

d unknown Madras Nilgiri Hills Nilambur

1955 Pelioptera opaca

Pelioptera opaca Kr *, Linn Ent xi, 1857, p 56, id, Arch Naturg xxv, 1859, p 42, Cam, Trans Ent Soc Lond 1920 (1921), p 395, id, Treubia, vi, 1925, p 197

Black, rather dull, elytra yellow, narrowly infuscate at the base Antennæ black Legs reddish-yellow Length 15– 178 mm

Build of micans, but smaller, the fore-parts much less shining, the eyes smaller, shorter than the post-ocular region, antennæ with the 4th joint a little longer and so less transverse, the following also less transverse, puncturation of the head more distinct, closer, that of the thorax much closer and less fine, the ground-sculpture more distinct. Elytra extremely finely, rather closely punctured, as long as the thorax. Abdomen closely and finely punctured throughout, a little more sparingly on the posterior segments. Tibial setæ very indistinct.

3 elytra on each side of the middle third of the suture with a group of five or six small granules, sometimes more or less obsolete, 7th segment of abdomen with a tubercle in the middle, 8th with the posterior margin rounded and crenulate, the two median crenulations larger than the rest, which are

often very indistinct

Ceylon India Dehra Dun Also in Singapore and Java

1956 Pelioptera differens, sp n

Shining, black, the elytra yellow, infuscate postero-externally Antennæ black, the first two joints brownish-yellow Legs

reddish-yellow Length 2-2 5 mm

At once distinguished from micans and fraterna by the longer elytra, which are a third longer than the thorax, the antennæ not quite so stout as in micans, the sculpture throughout scarcely differing from that species, but the seta of the middle tibiæ is finer, that of the posterior very feeble

3 8th dorsal segment rounded and finely crenulate

Dehra Dun

1957 Pelioptera exasperata. (Plate II, fig 2)

Homalota exasperata Kr *, Arch Naturg xxv, 1859, p 32 Atheta (Microdota) granulipennis Bernh *, W Z B lvii, 1907, p 402

Parallel, moderately shining, black, the elytra dark brown Antennæ black, the first two joints pitchy Legs dirty yellow, the femora a little infuscate Length 18–2 mm

Head a little narrower than the thorax, the eyes large, a little shorter than the post-ocular region, extremely finely, moderately closely punctured, very finely corraceous. Antennæ rather short, distinctly thickened towards the apex, the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th small, transverse, 5th to 10th more

strongly, but scarcely differing amongst themselves, fully a half broader than long, the 11th as long as the two preceding together. Thorax transverse (2.5.3), the sides gently rounded and with one or two fine setæ, a little retracted behind, the posterior angles rounded, sometimes obsoletely impressed behind along the middle, the sculpture as on the head. Elytra broader and slightly longer than the thorax, closely, finely and asperately punctured, very finely corraceous. Abdomen parallel, very finely, moderately closely punctured on the anterior segments, more sparingly on the posterior. Seta of the middle and posterior tibiæ very fine, especially on the latter.

3 Elytra at the postero-internal angle with a group of granules, 7th abdominal segment with a median keel near the posterior margin, 8th triangularly produced in the middle and divided by a little excision into two small blunt teeth

Ceylon India Dehra Dun, Mussooree, Simla, and Chakrata districts Nilgiri Hills Darjeeling district, Ghum Also in Japan

1958 Pelioptera indica, sp n

Shining, black, the elytra obscure brownish-yellow, the reflexed sides and postero-external angles infuscate. Antennæ black. Legs yellow, the femora and tibiæ more or less infuscate. Length 2.5 mm

In build and colour very like exasperata, but larger, more shining, and more robust, the head and thorax as closely but less finely punctured, the ground-sculpture very indistinct Elytra a little longer than the thorax, in the 3 closely, finely and asperately punctured, but rather less roughly than in exasperata, with some indication of a row of small granules along the sutural margin, in the 2 as closely but scarcely asperately punctured; the abdomen is very finely and a good deal less closely punctured than in exasperata, the antennæ constructed as in that species, but a little longer

3 7th dorsal segment with a keel before the posterior margin, which is impressed along its middle, 8th a little produced in the middle and divided by a small excision into two little teeth as in exasperata

Dehra Dun Siwaliks Mussooree and Chakrata districts, alt 2400-9300 feet Ghum

1959 Pelioptera angusticollis, sp n

Shining, black, the head and thorax with slight violaceous metallic reflex, elytra brownish-yellow, infuscate at the

postero-external angles Antennæ black Legs reddish-

yellow Length 25 mm

Abdomen parallel, very finely subtractived.

♂ unknown Ghum

1960 Pelioptera andrewesi, sp n

♀ in build and colour similar to angusticollis, but smaller (2 mm), the antennæ shorter and not so stout, the 3rd joint shorter than the 2nd, thorax very similarly punctured, but with the four quadrately placed punctures scarcely indicated, the elytra much less closely and more obsoletely punctured than in angusticollis

ð unknown Nilgiri Hills

1961 Pelioptera coriacea, sp n

In size, build, colour and antennal structure scarcely differing from andrewess, but less shining, distinctly violaceous, the head and thorax distinctly corraceous, the puncturation, however, scarcely differing, except that the four quadrately placed punctures on the thorax are usually distinct

In the of the 8th dorsal segment is truncate, on each side

with a short ridge

Madras Nilambur

Genus JACOBSONIA Cam

Jacobsonia Cam , Tijdschr Ent lxxvi, 1933, p 16

In facies somewhat resembling Canonica puncticollis Temples entirely bordered below Maxillary palpi 4-jointed, the 3rd joint slightly dilated towards apex, 4th subulate, more than half as long as the 3rd Mandibles curved, pointed, the right with a distinct bluntly pointed tooth at the middle of the inner border Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, the anterior margin truncate, the anterior angles slightly prominent Labial palpi distinctly 3-jointed, the 1st joint twice

as long as broad, 2nd as long as but narrower than the 1st, 3rd narrower and a little longer than the 2nd, its apex rounded. Tongue narrow, oblong, a little longer than the 1st joint of the labial palpi, at the apex with two long, narrow appendages. Paraglossæ extending slightly beyond the 1st joint of the labial palpi, finely chate. Pronotal epipleura visible from the side. Mesosternum pointed, its apex briefly rounded, extending about half the length of the coxæ, metasternal process not produced between the coxæ, separated from the mesosternum by an intersternal piece, the coxæ narrowly

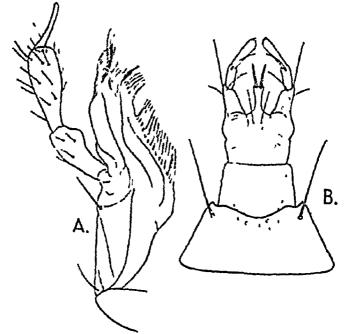


Fig 107 - Jacobsonia indica A, maxilla, B, labium

separated Elytra not sinuate postero externally Abdomen with the first three visible segments transversely impressed at the base. Tarsi 4, 5, 5, the anterior with the first three joints short, the 4th longer than the preceding three together, the middle with the first four joints short, the 5th as long as their combined length, posterior with the first four joints rather short, subequal, the 5th as long as the preceding three together. Middle tibble finely spinose, the others ciliate and without longer sette. Remarkable in the presence of two setigerous pores on the head of the 3, as in some species of Thamiaræa and Zuras.

1962 Jacobsonia indica, sp n

Subparallel, moderately shining, head black, thorax reddish-brown, elytra yellow, abdomen black, the base sometimes obscurely reddish Antennæ black, the first two or three joints and the legs reddish-yellow Length 3 mm

Narrower, less shining and differently coloured than malayana Cam Head transversely suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, the eyes moderate, in the 3 with the vertex broadly impressed, coarsely and closely punctured except along the middle, which is impunctate, between the antennal tubercles with a pair of setiferous pores, ground-sculpture absent, in the 2 not impressed, rather closely, finely and obsoletely punctured, impunctate in front, finely corraceous and without pores. Antennæ short, considerably thickened

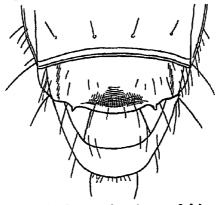


Fig 108 -Jacobsonia indica, &, apex of abdomen

towards the apex, the 3rd joint scarcely shorter than the 2nd, 4th small, transverse, 5th and following much more transverse, the penultimate joints about three times broader than long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (4 275), trapezoidal, the sides rounded in front, straighter and a little retracted behind, the posterior angles rounded, the setæ feeble, in the o broadly impressed along the middle and with a narrow impunctate median space, elsewhere closely but less coarsely punctured than the head, very finely corraceous, in the Q with a fovea before the scutellum, rather finely, obsoletely, and rather closely punctured, except towards the sides, very finely corraceous a little broader and longer (3 5 2 75) than the thorax, finely, moderately closely, obsoletely punctured Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, with a row of fine punctures along the posterior margins of the segments, elsewhere practically

Pubescence fine and scanty, especially on the impunctate abdomen

posterior margin of the 8th dorsal segment broadly and feebly rounded and thickened, on each side usually with a minute tooth. 6th ventral segment considerably produced, only slightly narrowed and broadly rounded behind.

Dehra Dun In fungus

Genus SCHISTOGENIA Kr

Schretogenia Kr., Linn Ent xi 1857 p 39, Fenyes, Gen Ins. 173 p, 1920, p 143, Cam, Trans Ent Soc Lond 1920 (1921), pp 360, 397

Readily recognized amongst the Aleocharinæ by the coarse rugose sculpture Somewhat depressed, dull, the abdomen narrowed towards the apex Head round, much narrower than the thorax, in which the broad neck is inserted, eyes moderate, the temples strongly bordered below, the gular sutures widely separated, slightly converging in front Antennæ short and stout Labrum transverse, the sides gently rounded, the apical margin truncate Mandibles short, stout, curved, pointed, and edentate Maxillæ much as in Silusa, the inner lobe narrow, corneous, pointed, and slightly incurved at apex, with 6 or 7 short teeth along the inner border, towards the base with longer setæ, outer lobe membranous, chiate at apex, broader than the inner. Maxillary palpi with the 1st joint very small, 2nd elongate, slightly thickened towards the apex, 3rd oval, longer and a little stouter than the 2nd, 4th subulate, about a fourth as long as the 3rd Mentum about as long as broad, the sides gradually retracted to the rounded apex, which is deeply and narrowly excised Labial palpi distinctly 2-jointed, the 1st joint elongate, 2nd a little narrower and about half as long, the apex rounded Tongue short, parallel, much shorter than the 1st joint of the labial palpi, its apex slightly emarginate Thorax strongly transverse, the sides rounded and crenulate. rather strongly retracted in front and behind, the anterior margin truncate, the base bisinuate, the posterior angles rectangular and prominent Prosternum well developed. carmate Mesosternum keeled t, the keel not continued on to the mesosternal process, which is broad, parallel, rounded at apex, and produced nearly the whole length of the coxæ to meet the metasternum, the coxe widely separated. Scutellum visible Elytra a little broader than the thorax, feebly emarginate postero-externally Winged Abdomen narrowed towards apex, the first three visible segments transversely

[†] In crenicollis Kr the type of the genus In the African species methner Bernh no distinct keel is present

impressed at the base Legs moderate, tible pubescent and without setse Tarsi 4, 5, 5, the anterior with the first three joints short and subequal, the 4th as long as the preceding together, middle with the first two joints rather short, subequal, the 3rd and 4th shorter, subequal, posterior with the 1st joint elongate, as long as the 2nd and 3rd together, 2nd to 4th subequal, 5th a little longer than the 1st Claws simple, nearly straight

1963 Schistogenia erenicollis.

Schistogema cremcollis Kr., Linn Ent xi, 1857, p. 40, id., Arch Naturg xxv, 1859, p. 13

Dull, lighter or darker reddish-brown, the head often blackish Antennæ reddish-brown Legs reddish-yellow

Length 3 5 mm

In build much resembling a Euryusa Head much narrower than the thorax, coarsely, closely, and deeply punctured, rugose Antennæ with the first three joints rather short, subequal, 4th as long as broad, 5th to 10th differing but little amongst themselves, about twice as broad as long, 11th about as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax nearly twice as broad as long, the sides rounded and crenulate, equally retracted in front and behind, the rectangular posterior angles prominent, the base bisinuate, truncate in the middle, along the middle broadly and superficially impressed, towards the sides more obsoletely impressed, the sculpture as on the head Elytra slightly broader and slightly longer than the thorax, transverse, rather convex, the sculpture as on the Abdomen narrowed towards the apex, the bases of the first four visible segments closely crenulate, the whole of the rest of the abdomen very finely and closely punctured The whole insect with a fine, short, yellow pubescence, much closer on the abdomen

Ceylon India Khandesh Dehra Dun Also in Penang, Borneo, Singapore, Sumatra, Java, S China, and Hong-kong Very abundant in-rice-fields and also in other damp situations

Genus MIMACROTONA Cam'

Munacrotona Cam, Trans Ent Soc Lond 1920, p 268, and 1921, p 360

Facies of a small Acrotona

Labrum corneous, transverse, truncate, the anterior angles rounded Mandibles rather short and stout, curved, pointed, the right with a small tooth at the middle of the inner margin, which in front is obscurely crenulate Maxillary palpi 4-jointed, the 1st joint small, the 2nd elongate, slightly thickened distally, the 3rd as long as but a little stouter than the 2nd,

the 4th subulate, not half the length of the 3rd Inner lobe of the maxilla rather broad, the apex pointed, the inner margin furnished with moderately long and rather stout pectinations, outer lobe with apex spinose Tongue rather short and broad. not extending to the level of the apex of the 1st joint of the labial palpi, split to the middle into two diverging teat-shaped lobes Paraglossæ distinct, ciliate, not extending much beyond the base of the 1st joint of the labial palpi Labial palpi 2-jointed, the 1st joint rather stout, moderately long, notched internally before the apex, the 2nd much narrower and a little shorter than the 1st, the apex rounded Gular sutures distant, divergent posteriorly Temples bordered below. Thorax transverse, the pronotal epipleura not visible from the side Prosternum obtusely angled posteriorly, keeled, mesosternal process narrow, sharply pointed, extending fully two-thirds the length of the coxe, which are narrowly separated, metasternal process pointed, reaching to the mesosternal Tarsal formula 4, 5, 5, the anterior pair with the

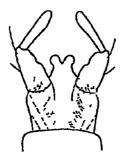


Fig 109 -Mimacrotona cingulata, labium

first three joints short and subequal, the 4th longer than the preceding three together, middle pair with the first four joints short and subequal, but longer than those of the front pair, the 5th as long as the preceding three together, posterior pair with the 1st joint a little longer than the 2nd, the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th gradually decreasing in length, the 5th a little longer than the preceding two together. Middle and posterior tibize without distinct setze. Elytra emarginate postero-externally. Abdomen narrowed before the apex, the 4th and 5th segments without transverse impressions.

Key to the Species

Entirely black species
 Species in great part yellowish-red
 Fore-parts entirely yellowish-red, antennæ yellowish-red
 Head and elytra blackish, antennæ black, the base reddish-yellow

uniformis, sp n, p 427

rugatipennis Kr., p. 426 cingulata Cam., p. 426

1964 Mimacrotona cingulata.

Mimacrotona cingulata Cam Trans Ent Soc Lond 1920. p 269, and 1921, p 396

Rufo-testaceous, moderately shining, the head, 5th and 6th abdominal segments and base of the 7th blackish, the elytra more or less infuscate, first three joints of the antennæ, mouth-parts, and legs testaceous Length 1 2 mm

Facies of a minute A fungi Grav Head black or pitchyblack, transverse, suborbicular, very finely and rather closely punctured, finely pubescent Antennæ rather short, the 2nd and 3rd joints of equal length, the 4th to the 10th transverse, gradually increasing in breadth, the penultimate fully two and a half times broader than long, the 11th rather short and stout Thorax bright reddish-testaceous, half as broad again as long, the sides lightly rounded and narrowed, more strongly in front than behind, the posterior angles rounded, very finely and rather closely asperately punctured, finely pubescent Elytra a little longer and broader than the thorax, transverse, the posterior margin sinuate internal to the postero-external angle, puncturation and pubescence similar to that of the thorax, but not quite so close Abdomen narrowed behind, finely and rather closely punctured and pubescent anteriorly, more sparingly behind, ground-sculpture reticular, lateral and apical setæ weak Intermediate and posterior tibiæ without setæ

In fungus and under bark Also in Singapore Dehra Dun and the West Indies

1965 Mimacrotona rugatipennis.

Homalota rugatipennis Kr *, Arch Naturg xxv, 1859, p 40

Moderately shining, bright yellowish-red, the 5th and 6th abdominal segments infuscate Antennæ reddish-yellow Legs

yellow Length 13 mm

More brightly coloured than cingulata, antennæ longer and more slender, head less finely punctured, elytra more roughly punctured, abdomen less finely punctured, its pubescence longer and coarser, the ground-sculpture scarcely reticulate Head transverse, narrower than the thorax, the vertex more or less broadly impressed, closely, finely and distinctly punctured, ground-sculpture absent Antennæ with the 3rd joint shorter and more slender than the 2nd, 4th as long as broad, 5th to 10th transverse, the penultimate about twice as broad as long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax a half broader than long, the sides evenly rounded, the posterior angles obtuse, convex, closely and finely punctured like the head, and without ground-sculpture Elytra

as long as but slightly broader than the thorax, emarginate postero-externally, closely, finely and roughly punctured Abdomen narrowed before the apex, finely and closely punctured, only a little less closely on the penultimate segment Pubescence of the fore-parts fine, short, and yellow, that of the abdomen longer and coarser

Ceylon Also in Sumatra

I have not examined the mouth-parts of this species, material not being available, but as only the 1st visible segment of the abdomen is transversely impressed and the general facies is that of *Mimacrotona* it has been referred to that genus

1966 Mimacrotona uniformis, sp n

Moderately shining, black, the apex of the last abdominal segment yellowish. Antennæ black, the first three joints

and legs reddish-yellow Length 1 5 mm

Slightly larger and more robust than cingulata and at once distinguished by the uniform black colour, the antennæ scarcely differ in structure, but the puncturation of the foreparts is distinctly coarser and rougher, but about as close, the puncturation of the abdomen is similar to that of cingulata and with similar reticular ground-sculpture

Assam Manipur, Shugnu Under bark

LITOGLOSSA, gen n

In the facies and rough sculpture somewhat resembling certain Datomicra Head a little transverse, suborbicular,

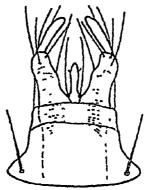


Fig 110 -- Latoglossa opaca, labium

narrower than the thorax, eyes moderate, temples strongly and entirely bordered below Antennæ slender Labrum VOL IV.—PABT II

transverse, scarcely emarginate, the anterior angles rounded Mandibles short, curved, pointed, edentate Maxillary paloi with the 1st joint small, 2nd slightly curved and slightly thickened towards the apex, 3rd distinctly longer and broader than the 2nd, oval, 4th rather short, subulate Inner lobe of the maxilla pointed, along the inner margin with a few closely placed fine spines, outer lobe ciliate at apex Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, truncate Labial palpi 2-jointed, the 1st joint stout, about twice as long as broad, distinctly narrowed at the apex, 2nd narrower, but fully as long as the 1st, truncate and finely cliate at the apex Tongue narrow, elongate but shorter than the 1st joint of the labral palpi, slightly widened towards the apex which is rounded, on each side before the middle with a fine short seta. Thorax transverse, the sides evenly rounded and without setze, the pronotal epipleura not visible from the side Mesosternal process narrow, acute, extending two-thirds the length of the coxe and meeting the narrow metasternal process, coxe narrowly separated Elytra longer than the thorax, not emarginate postero-externally Abdomen narrowed from base to apex. only the 1st visible segment transversely impressed at the base Legs moderate Tibiæ without setæ Tarsi 4, 5, 5, the anterior with the first three joints short and subequal, 4th longer than all the preceding together Middle with the first three joints rather short and subequal, 4th a little shorter than the 3rd Posterior with the 1st joint a little longer than the 2nd, 2nd to 4th subequal, 5th longer than the 1st. as long as the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th together

Type, opaca

1967 Litoglossa opaca, sp n

Dull, head and abdomen black, thorax and elytra pitchyblack. Antennæ black, the first two joints brownish-vellow

Legs reddish-yellow Length 1 75 mm

Head transverse, narrower than the thorax, the eye about as long as the post-ocular region, the disc somewhat flattened, closely covered with a fine, rough, granular sculpture. Antennæ slender, not much thickened towards the apex, the 3rd joint a little shorter than the 2nd, 4th and 5th about as long as broad, the latter a little stouter than the preceding, 6th to 10th slightly transverse, differing but little amongst themselves, 11th as long as the two preceding together. Thorax not quite a half broader than long, the sides evenly rounded, without setæ, the posterior angles rounded, the sculpture as on the head. Elytra a little broader and a half longer than the thorax, the sculpture similar. Abdomen gradually narrowed from base to apex, without lateral setæ,

closely and finely punctured throughout, the ground-sculpture reticulate Pubescence of the fore-parts very fine, short and indistinct, that of the abdomen longer and distinct

Ghum district In fungus

PSEUDOXYPODA, gen n

In puncturation and pubescence much resembling the genus Oxypoda Head suborbicular, its base inserted in the thorax, the temples not bordered below Labrum transverse, truncate the anterior angles rounded Mandibles short, stout, curved, pointed, edentate Maxillary palpi with 1st joint small, 2nd moderate, slightly thickened towards apex, 3rd as long as the 2nd but thicker at the apex, 4th subulate, scarcely half as long as the 3rd Inner lobe of maxilla densely ciliate along the inner margin and with three or four fine spines, outer lobe densely chiate at apex Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, feebly emarginate in front Labial palpi indistinctly 3-jointed, 1st joint cylindrical, twice as long as broad, 2nd very short, narrower than the 1st and imperfectly chitinized, 3rd much narrower and a little longer than the 1st, the apex rounded, the paraglossæ extending to the base of the 1st joint Tongue as long as the 1st joint of the labial palpi, split nearly to the base into two narrow diverging lobes Thorax transverse, the pronotal epipleura not visible from the side Mesosternal process narrow and acute, extending beyond the middle of the coxe, their cavities narrowly separated Elytra scarcely emarginate postero-externally Abdomen narrowed from base to apex, the first two visible segments transversely impressed at the base Legs moderate, tibiæ without setæ Tarsi 4.5.5, the anterior with the first three joints short and subequal, the 4th as long as the preceding three together middle with the 1st joint short, 2nd a little longer, 3rd and 4th gradually shorter posterior with the 1st and 2nd joints rather long, equal, 3rd and 4th gradually shorter, 5th as long as the 1st Claws slightly curved, simple Differs from Mimacrotona in the immarginate temples, the 1st and 2nd joints of the posterior tarsi of equal length, and the fine dense puncturation and pubescence

1968 Pseudoxypoda colorata, sp n

Scarcely shining, head dark reddish-brown, thorax and abdomen reddish-yellow, the 5th, 6th, and anterior half of the 7th segments pitchy-black. Antennæ reddish-brown, the first three joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 2 mm

In build much resembling *Placusa pygmæa* Kr, but in all other respects quite different Head transversely suborbicular.

narrower than the thorax, the eyes a little longer than the post-ocular region, very finely, closely punctured, finely conaceous. Antennæ a little thickened towards apex, 2nd and 3rd joints of equal length, 4th slightly longer than broad, 5th to 7th about as long as broad, 8th to 10th slightly transverse, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax a third broader than long, the sides and posterior angles rounded and without setæ, very finely and very closely punctured. Elytra a little broader and very slightly longer than the thorax, as closely but a little less finely, asperately punctured. Abdomen narrowed from base to apex, without lateral setæ, very finely and very closely punctured and pubescent throughout. The fore-parts covered with a very fine, short and close pubescence, subsericeous

3 8th dorsal segment produced in the middle as a small tooth, 6th ventral segment produced, narrowed and rounded Dehra Dun Siwaliks Haldwani district, Kumaun Parachinar, Kurram Valley (H G Champion) Nilgiri Hills (Andrewes)

Genus MIMOXYPODA Cam

Mimoxypoda Cam, Treubia, vi, 1925, p. 190

Facies of Oxypoda Mannerh, but tarsal formula 4, 5, 5 and the labial palpi 2-jointed Labrum transverse, rounded at the sides, slightly emarginate in front Mandibles rather short, stout, pointed, the right with distinct tooth near middle of inner border Outer lobe of maxilla narrow, pointed, the apex with a few long cilia, inner lobe with four or five teeth at mner side of apex, followed by eleven or twelve moderately long spines Maxillary palpi with the 1st joint very short, 2nd longer, 3rd yet longer than preceding, very slightly and gradually thickened towards apex, 4th subuliform, scarcely half as long as 3rd Tongue as long as broad, the sides straight, the anterior border gently rounded palpi 2-jointed, 1st joint rather long, cylindrical, 2nd narrower than 1st and about half as long below, gular sutures separated Prosternum broadly rounded behind, prothoracic epipleura not visible when viewed laterally, mesosternum keeled, mesosternal process narrow, pointed, keeled, extending completely between the intermediate coxe and meeting the short, blunt, metasternal process, middle coxæ narrowly separated, episterna of the metasternum extending beyond the elytra Tarsi 4, 5, 5, the anterior pair with the first three joints short and subequal, the 4th as long as the preceding three together, middle pair with 1st joint as long as the following two together,

4th as long as 3rd, 5th as long as 3rd and 4th together; posterior pair with 1st joint as long as 5th, as long as 2nd and 3rd together Tibiæ finely ciliate, the middle and posterior with a feeble seta at the middle of the outer borders Elytra

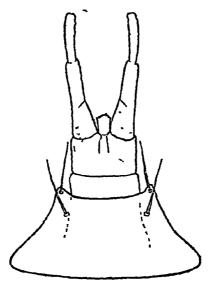


Fig 111 -Mimoxypoda indica, parts of mouth

strongly sinuate postero-externally Winged Abdomen narrowed from base to apex, the basal segments not transversely impressed

Key to the Species

Head and thorax sellow Head black, thorax dark reddish-brown nigricaida Motsch, p 431 indica sp n, p 432

1969 Mimoxypoda nigricauda.

Oxypoda nigricaida Motsch* Bull Soc Nat Mosc NNN, 1861, iii, p 153, Cam E M M NN, 1933, p 220

Shining, fore-parts reddish-yellow, the elytra infuscate, abdomen pitchy-black Antennæ black, the first four joints and legs reddish-yellow Length 2 mm

Head a good deal narrower than the thorax, very finely, rather closely punctured, scarcely corraceous Antennæ with the 3rd joint shorter than the 2nd, 4th as long as broad, 5th to 10th transverse, increasing in width, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax nearly a half broader than long, the sides rounded, retracted in front, the posterior

angles briefly rounded, very finely, rather closely punctured, scarcely corraceous Elytra as long as and a little broader than the thorax, emarginate postero-externally, very finely, closely and roughly punctured Abdomen narrowed from base to apex, closely and finely punctured, more sparingly on the last two segments, the sculpture having a reticulate appearance The whole insect covered with a rather close, fine, yellow pubescence

Cevion Mt Patanas

1970 Mimoxypoda indica, sp n

Moderately shining, black, the thorax and elytra dark reddish-brown, the last abdominal segment reddish Antennæ dark reddish-brown, the first two or three joints and the legs reddish-yellow Length 1 5-2 mm

Head transversely suborbicular, much narrower than the thorax, the eyes rather large, extremely finely, rather closely punctured, ground-sculpture absent Antennæ short, the 3rd joint shorter than the 2nd, 4th to 10th transverse, the penultimate twice as broad as long, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (3 5 2), convex, the sides rounded, more retracted in front, without setæ, the posterior angles rectangular, the base bisinuate, very finely, closely punctured Elytra as long and as broad as the thorax, very finely, closely and roughly punctured Abdomen narrowed from base to apex, very finely and closely punctured throughout, the sides with a few moderate setæ Pubescence throughout fine and close, longer on the abdomen

Chakrata and Mussooree districts In stream moss and

shingle

Genus THAMIARÆA Thoms

Thamaræa Thoms, Œfv Svenska Vet Akad Förh 1858, p 35, Skand Col in, 1861, p 59, Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brevip Aleoch in, 1873, p 147, Fowler, Col Brit Isl ii, 1888, p 61, Ganglb, Käf Mitt-Eur ii, 1895, p 125, Everts, Col Neerl i, 1898, p 194, Reitt, Faun Germ ii, 1909, p 46, Johansen, Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p 118, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 144, Portet ii, Encycl Ent A, xii 1929, i, p 261, Scheerp, Kol Rundsch xx, 1929, p 17, id, Tierwelt Mitteleur x, 2, 1930, p 75

In general facies much resembling Atheta, s str, but differing in the structure of the labial palpi and the longer 4th joint of the maxillary palpi Head broad, but narrower than the thorax, eyes rather large, temples completely bordered below, gular sutures slightly converging in front Antennæ moderate, the penultimate joints more or less transverse

Labrum transverse, truncate or feebly emarginate in front, the anterior angles rounded Mandibles moderate, curved, pointed, the right with a small tooth about the middle, the left sometimes bisinuate Maxillary palpi with small 1st joint, 2nd elongate, slightly thickened towards apex, 3rd as long as but stouter at the apex than the 2nd, 4th subulate, fully half as long as the 3rd Inner lobe of maxilla narrow, pointed, its inner margin with numerous fine closely placed spines, the outer lobe a little shorter and broader, chiate at apex Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, the anterior margin truncate or slightly emarginate Labial palpi rather long, 2- or indistinctly 3-jointed, the 1st constricted or narrowed before the apex, and sometimes with indication of a septum, giving the appearance of a rudimentary joint, 2nd shorter and narrower than the 1st, truncate or rounded at the apex Tongue shorter than the 1st joint of the labial palpi, divided to the middle or beyond into two narrow diverging lobes Paraglossæ feeble Thorax transverse, the pronotal epipleura visible from the side Prosternum feebly rounded or truncate behind, carnate Mesosternal process reaching the middle of the coxe, pointed or briefly rounded at apex, separated by a short intersternal piece from the metasternal process, coxe narrowly separated Elytra very slightly emarginate postero-externally Abdomen parallel, a little narrowed before apex, the first three visible segments transversely impressed at the bases Legs moderate Middle tibiæ usually with a seta Tarsi 4, 5, 5, the anterior with the first three joints short, subequal, 4th longer than the three preceding together, middle with the 1st joint short, 2nd to 4th slightly increasing in length, 5th nearly as long as the four preceding together, posterior similarly constructed, but with the 5th as long as the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th together. Claws slender, lightly curved The genus is found in fungus throughout the world

Key to the Species

10

1 Penultimate joints of the antennæ strongly transverse
Penultimate joints of antennæ not or but slightly transverse
2 First two visible segments of the abdomen bright reddish-yellow, sometimes with a median black spot on each, thorax red or yellowish-red
Abdomen black, at most with the posterior margins of the segments

narrowly reddish

3	Elytra pitchy black, less shining	
	species	subcorracea, sp n, p 439
	Elytra brownish-yellow, more or less	
4	infuscate posteriorly First two visible abdominal segments	4
-	with median dark spot	5
	First two visible abdominal segments	
_	without spot	6
5	Larger (3 mm), first four joints of antennæ reddish-yellow	Amus 27
	Smaller (2 mm), first two or three	flavicollis, sp n, p 441
	joints reddish-yellow	crenulicauda, sp n, p 439
6	Thorax bright yellowish-red	7
-	Thorax brownish red or brown	9
7	Head black Head red	8
8	Elytra less finely, distinctly roughly	insigniventris Faux, p 445
-	punctured	armata Faux, p 437
	Elytra finely, much less roughly	• 1
0	punctured	masuriensis, sp n, p 438
ย	Larger (36 mm), elytravery roughly punctured	basiventris Bernh , p 447
	Smaller (275 mm), elytra finely	ouerocatta Delmi, p 441
	punctured	tricolorata, sp n, p 438
10	Thorax black	crenulata, sp n, p 436
11	Thorax reddish-brown Abdomen with the basal segments	11
11	practically impunctate	Lotgarhensis, sp n, p 435
	Abdomen with the basal segments	штуштенен, пр ттур 200
	finely and distinctly punctured	12
12	Broader and more robust species, head dark reddish-brown, elytra	
	head dark reddish-brown, elytra blackish, with the base and posterior	
	part of the suture narrowly reddish-	
	vellow	championi, spn, p435
	Narrower species, head black, elytra	13
13	brownish yellow or yellowish brown Thorax and elytra with distinct	10
	ground-sculptuie	submontana, sp n, p 443
	Thorax and elytra with scarcely	
1.4	t isible ground-sculpture	montana, sp n, p 440
14	Abdomen black, the posterior margins of the segments narrowly and	
	obscurely reddish	15
	Abdomen with the first two or three	
	visible segments bright reddish- yellow, sometimes with median dark	
	spot	16
15	Larger (4 5 mm.), thorax black	dimorpha, sp n, p 445
	Smaller (3.75 mm), thorax light	
	reddish-brown	discreta, sp n, p 444
16	First two segments of abdomen without dark median spot	17
	First two or three segments with	.,
	dark median spot, the following	
	segments black	18
17	Antennæ red, 7th and 8th tergites dark	gardneri, sp n , p 443
	Antennæ dark, the base only reddish-	Activities of my L
	yellow, 7th and 8th tergites reddish-	441
	yellow -	germana, sp n, p 441

18 Antennæ red Antennæ dark, the base only reddishyellow .

19 First three visible segments of abdomen reddish yellow with median spot First two visible segments reddish-

yellow with dark median spot

rusicornis, sp n, p 443 19

bispina, sp n, p 442 quadridens, sp n, p 442

1971 Thamiaræa championi, sp n

Moderately shining, head and thorax dark ferruginousred, elytra blackish-brown, the shoulders and suture behind very narrowly reddish-vellow, abdomen black, the posterior margin of the 1st visible segment reddish. Antennæ black, the first three joints and legs reddish-yellow Length 4 mm

Very like cinnamomea Gr. but the antennæ not so stout, thorax less transverse, more narrowed behind, abdomen much more closely punctured on the anterior segments Head transverse, narrower than the thorax, moderately closely, obsoletely punctured at the sides and base, almost impunctate on the disc, indistinctly corraceous. Antennæ rather short and stout, 3rd joint as long as 2nd, 4th and 5th about as long as broad, 6th to 10th moderately transverse, 11th rather longer than the 9th and 10th together Thorax a half broader than long, the sides rounded in front, straighter and retracted behind, with two or three black setæ, convex, before the scutellum with a fovea, rather closely but finely and obsoletely punctured, feebly cornaceous Elytra broader and a fourth longer than the thorax, finely and closely punc-Abdomen narrowed before the apex, the first three visible segments closely and finely punctured, the following except for a row of marginal punctures almost impunctate. Pubescence of the fore-parts fine, moderately close, that of the abdomen longer, coarser and stiffer

7th dorsal segment with a fine keel along the middle behind, 8th nearly truncate, in the middle with a small acute notch, externally on each side with a broad triangular tooth

Punjab Kulu, Naggar, alt 5000 feet (H G Champion) Simla Hills Kotgarh, alt 7000 feet In Polyporus.

1972 Thamiaræa kotgarhensis, sp. n

Extremely like champions, but with the elytra brownishyellow, a little infuscate postero-externally and th segments of the abdomen almost impunctate; the si of the antennæ and the sculpture of the fore-parts differ in the two species

3 and to 5th segments each with a very small tubercle at the middle of the posterior margin, 8th with a strong keel along the middle, the posterior margin rounded and with two small teeth close together at the middle

Simla Hills Kotgarh, alt 7000 feet In Polyporus

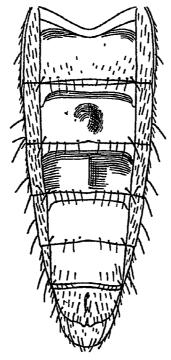


Fig 112 - Thamsaræa Lotgarhensis, d, abdomen

1973 Thamiaræa crenulata, sp n

Moderately shining, head and abdomen black, the 1st and 2nd visible segments obscurely reddish, thorax pitchy-black, obscurely reddish at the sides, elytra brownish-yellow, a little infuscate postero-externally Antennæ black, the first two joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 3 mm

Build of kotgarhensis but smaller, the thorax darker in colour. Antennæ shorter, the penultimate joints more transverse, abdomen with the first three segments more closely punctured, the puncturation of the fore-parts differing but

little in the two species

3 8th dorsal segment truncate, closely and finely crenulate, on each side with a larger tooth

Simla Hills Kotgarh, alt 7000 feet In Polyporus

1974 Thamiaræa armaia.

Thamiarwa armata Fauv , Rev d'Ent xxu, 1903, p 161

Moderately shining, head black, thorax yellowish-red with the disc sometimes infuscate, elytra brownish or reddish-brown, more or less infuscate postero-externally, less shining than the thorax, abdomen yellowish-red, in the 3 with the whole of the 6th segment and part of the 5th black, in the 2 with the whole of the 5th and 6th black. Antennæ black, the first three joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 3-3 5 mm.

Build of champions but smaller, less robust, more brightly coloured and more shining, the antennæ shorter and not so stout, abdomen much more sparingly punctured Head

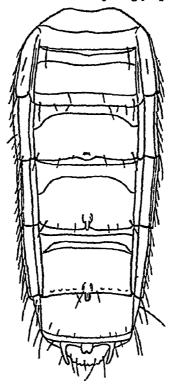


Fig 113 -Thamiarea armata, o, abdomen

very finely and obsoletely punctured at the base and sides, impunctate on the disc, finely conaceous. Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, in the 3 laterally compressed, 4th as long as broad, 5th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate a half broader than long, the 11th almost as long as the preceding three together. Thorax sometimes

lightly longitudinally impressed along the middle or with a small fovea before the scutellum, very finely, moderately closely punctured, finely corraceous Elytra broader and about a fourth longer than the thorax, finely, closely and roughly punctured, in the & usually with the sutural margin elevated for a short distance behind the scutellum Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, in the & very finely and very sparingly punctured, in the Q with the first three segments

very finely and moderately closely punctured

in the forms with sutural elevation the 3id to 6th segments have each a small tubercle at the middle of the posterior margin, the 8th carinate along the middle, the keel produced as a stout median process often notched at the apex, on each side with a finer keel which is produced as a longer and more slender curved spine, 6th ventral segment a little produced, rounded and finely crenulate In the forms with simple elytra the 3rd to 5th segments have a very small tubercle (sometimes absent) at the middle of the posterior margin, 8th with two stout teeth at the middle of the posterior margin separated by a narrow arcuate emargination, on each side with a longer, more slender, slightly curved spine, 6th ventral segment a little produced, rounded, and finely crenulate

S India Concor Nılgırı Hılls

1975 Thamiaræa tricolorata, sp n

Shining, head black, thorax brownish-red, elytra brownishyellow, a little infuscate postero-externally, abdomen yellowishred, the 5th and 6th segments and anterior half of the 7th Antennæ black, the first two joints and the legs

Length 275 mm reddish-vellow

In build and colour very similar to armata but a little smaller and narrower, the antennæ shorter and stouter, the head with scarcely perceptible ground-sculpture, thorax less finely punctured, the punctures asperate, the ground-sculpture much less distinct, clytra more finely punctured, abdomen very finely, rather spanngly punctured, especially behind penultimate joints of the antennæ about twice as broad as long, the 11th a little longer than the 9th and 10th together

8th dorsal segment truncate and closely and finely

crenulate

Dehra Dun

1976 Thamiaræa masuriensis, sp. n

Shining, head black, thorax bright yellowish-red, elytra brownish-yellow, more or less extensively infuscate posteriorly, abdomen yellowish-red, the 5th and 6th segments black Antennæ black, the first three joints and the legs reddishvellow Length 3 mm

Extremely like armata, the antennæ similar, but with the puncturation of the thorax and elytra finer and different 3 characters

7th dorsal segment with a tubercle at the middle of the posterior margin, 8th with two triangular teeth, separated

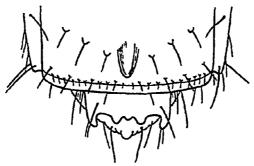


Fig 114 — Thamiarea masuriensis, &, apex of abdomen

from each other by a small, almost truncate emargination, externally with a more slender and slightly longer spine Mussooree district In fungus Kumaun . Naim-Tal

1977 Thamiaræa crenulicauda, sp n

Moderately shining; head black, thorax yellowish-red, more or less infuscate on the disc, elytra brownish-yellow, infuscate postero-externally, abdomen with the first two segments vellow, with a small transverse blackish spot in the basal depression, the following segments black, the last brownish-yellow Antennæ black, the first two or three joints and the legs reddish-yellow Length 2 mm

In colour and build very similar to masuriensis, but much smaller, the antennæ similarly constructed but thinner. head less corraceous, thorax less finely punctured, otherwise

like masuriensis

8th dorsal segment truncate and with four or five crenulations, on each side with a short spine

Ghum district Mangpu.

1978 Thamiaræa subcoriacea, sp n

Greasy lustrous, abdomen shiming, head black, thorax red; elytra pitchy-black, abdomen with the first two visible segments yellowish-red, the following black, the last segment and posterior margin of the penultimate narrowly reddish Antennæ black, the first two or three joints and legs reddishyellow. Length 2-22 mm

Build of crenulcauda but less shining, with differently coloured thorax, elytra, and abdomen and different puncturation. Head extremely finely, moderately closely punctured, coriaceous. Antennæ with the 2nd and 3rd joints of equal length, 4th slightly longer than broad, 5th to 10th gradually increasing in width, the penultimate twice as broad as long, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax very finely, closely, somewhat roughly punctured. Elytra about a third longer than the thorax, very finely, closely and roughly punctured. Abdomen very finely, moderately closely punctured on the first three segments, almost impunctate on the following.

3 8th dorsal segment with two broad teeth obliquely truncate at their apices and separated from each other by

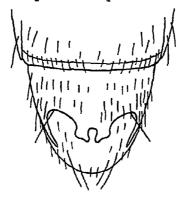


Fig 115 -Thamia wa subcoriacea, &, apex of abdomen

a narrow arcuate emargination, externally, with a rather long slender incurved spine on each side and separated from them by a broad arcuate emargination

Mussooree district Simla Hills Fagu Ghum district

Almora, Kumaun In fungus

1979 Thamiaræa montana, sp n

Moderately shining, head and abdomen black, the posterior margin of the first two visible segments very narrowly and obscurely reddish, thorax lighter or darker reddish-brown, elytra yellowish-brown, infuscate postero-externally Antennæ black, the first two joints and legs reddish-yellow Length 3 2 mm

Head narrower than the thorax, very finely, moderately closely punctured, finely corraceous Antennæ rather stout, the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th scarcely, 5th to 10th more strongly transverse, the penultimate joints twice as broad as long, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together

Thorax a third broader than long, the sides gently rounded slightly retracted behind, before the scutellum sometimes with a small impression, very finely, moderately closely, asperately punctured on the disc, less closely and less roughly towards the sides, very finely corraceous. Elytra broader and a third longer than the thorax, finely, closely and asperately punctured, without distinct ground-sculpture. Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, finely, moderately closely punctured on the first three segments, much more sparingly behind.

of 7th dorsal segment with a small tubercle at the middle of the posterior margin, 8th nearly truncate, finely crenulate the upper surface closely covered with small granules and corraceous

Simla Hills Theog, Fagu, Matiana, alt 7600-7900 feet Jaunsar, Mandali (*H. G. Champion*) Kashmir Gulmarg. alt 8000 feet

1980 Thamiaræa flavicollis, sp n.

Moderately shining, head black, thorax reddish-yellow, elytra brownish-yellow, abdomen more shining, the first two visible segments yellow, each with a median black spot the following segments black, the posterior margin of the penultimate and the last segment yellow. Antennæ blackish, the first four joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 3 mm.

Build of montana but differently coloured, the antennalonger and thinner, the penultimate joints less transverse thorax more conaceous, the puncturation very similar but a little closer, elytra a little more closely punctured, abdomen much more sparingly punctured. The antennæ have the 4th and 5th joints a little longer than broad, the penultimate about a half broader than long

3 8th dorsal segment with two stout teeth at the middle of the posterior margin separated by a small arcuate emaigination, externally with a slightly curved cultriform process longer than the central teeth, the upper surface with a few fine granules

Simla Hills Matiana, Kotgarh, Narkanda, alt 7000-9200 feet Jaunsar, Mandali, alt 6000 feet (H. G. Champion)

1981 Thamiaræa germana, sp n

Moderately shining, head black, thorax vellowish-red elytra brownish-yellow, the reflexed margin behind and postero-external angles infuscate, abdomen more shining the first three and last two segments reddish-vellow, the 6th (4th visible) black. Antennæ black, the first two or three joints and legs reddish-vellow. Length 3 2 inm

Build of rorions, the fere-parts very similar in colour, but with the antenne much longer and thinner, the penultimate joints very slightly transverse, thorax more finely, less closely, not roughly punctured, elytra a little less closely and less roughly punctured, the abdomen much more sparingly punctured. Antenne with the 2nd and 3rd joints of equal length, the latter laterally compressed in the 3, 4th to 6th a little longer than broad, gradually decreasing in length, 7th about as long as broad, 5th to 10th slightly transverse, 11th longer than the two preceding together.

5: 7th dorsal segment with strong median keel in the posterior half: 8th truncate, in the middle with two little teeth, on each side with a much stouter but scarcely longer one.

Ghum district: Rongdong Valley: Mangon.

1982. Thamiaræa bispina, sp. n.

Moderately shining: head black, thorax yellowish-red, a little infuscate on the disc, elytra brownish-yellow, slightly infuscate at the postero-external angles; abdomen with the first three visible segments yellow, the first two with a round black median spot, the 3rd with a larger triangular black marking, the 4th and 5th black, the posterior margin of the latter narrowly and obstruely reddish, the 6th reddish-brown. Antenna black, the first four joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 3-2 mm.

In build and anternal structure similar to car ora: differs from it in the colour of the abdomen, closer and rougher puncturation of the dist of the thorax, finer and rougher

puncturation of the elyers, and the of characters.

3: 8th dorsel segment gently rounded, on each side with a narrow deep excision counded externally by a long, stort, inwardly directed spine, scarrely extending descend the central plate, which has a fubercle on each side of its base.

Gham dismict: Tiger Hill, alt. S991-10.099 feet.

1988. Thamiares quadriters, sp. r.

Moderately shiring; head black thorax yellowish-red to light reddish-brown, with the siles namowly lighter; elyten brownish-yellow, the postero-extend angles infuseate; abdomen with the first two visible segments yellow, with a dark spot in the middle of each, the following segments black Antenna black, the first three or form joints and the legs reddish-yellow. Length 3 mm.

Very similar to germana, but a little smaller and less nobust, the build and autemnal structure similar; differs in the columtion of the abdomer, the closer and rougher puncturation on the disc of the thorax, and the & characters, otherwise

like *germana*

3. Sth dorsal segment truncate, with two stout median teeth, on each side with a cultriform process of the same size

Ghum district: Mangpu, Rongdong Valley, Lopchu

1984 Thamiaræa gardneri, sp n

Moderately shining, head black, thorax pitchy-black, elytra yellow, more or less infuscate about the scutellum and postero-externally, abdomen black, the first two visible segments yellow. Antennæ yellowish-red, slightly infuscate towards the apex. Legs reddish-yellow. Length 3 mm

Build and antennal structure of quadridens but with the thorax pitchy-black, less finely and more closely punctured, the ground-sculpture stronger, the sculpture and colour of the elytra as in quadridens, the two basal segments of abdo-

men without central black spot

3. 8th dorsal segment with a cultriform process on each side, in the middle with a broad lobe, its apical border feebly arcuately emarginate

Darjeeling district. Lepchajagat, ix 29 (Gardner).

1985 Thamiaræa ruficornis, sp n

Moderately shining, head black, thorax yellowish-red, more or less extensively infuscate on the disc, elytra yellow, the postero-external angles infuscate, abdomen with the first two visible segments yellow, along the middle with a blackish marking, the following segments black. Antennæ reddish-brown, the first three joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 3 2 mm

Size, build and antennal structure of germana, but differing in the colour and the much more strongly conaceous thorax,

in other respects similar.

3 · unknown Sımla Hılls Gahan Ghum

1986 Thamiaræa submontana, sp n.

In colour, size and build scarcely differing from montana, but with the antennæ longer and more slender, the penultimate joints less transverse, the 4th joint fully as long as broad, thorax a little more finely, less roughly punctured, more coriaceous, the elytra with distinct ground-sculpture and different 3 characters, in other respects like montana Length 3 mm

3 8th dorsal segment with a broad median plate, its edge a little elevated and turned inwards at the base on each side, forming a tubercle, externally on each side with a short

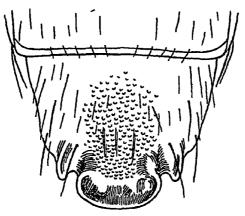


Fig 116 -Thamiarwa submontana, &, apex of abdomen

cultriform process, not extending backwards as far as the level of the posterior margin of the plate, and separated from it by a parrow excision

Dehra Dun

1987 Thamiaræa discreta, sp n

Colour and lustre of submontana, but a little larger (3 75 mm.) and more robust, the thorax less transverse, the antennæ longer, the penultimate joints as long as broad, elytra less finely and less closely punctured, the ground-sculpture scarcely visible, the 5 characters different. Head very finely, moderately closely punctured, corraceous. Antennæ rather long, the 3rd joint a little longer than the 2nd, 4th to 6th slightly longer than broad, 8th to 10th as long as broad, the 11th longer than the preceding two together. Thorax transverse, before the scutellum with a small foven, a little flattened along the posterior half of the middle in the 5, very finely, moderately closely punctured, feebly corraceous Elytra finely, less closely punctured than in submontana and without distinct ground-sculpture. Abdomen very finely, sparingly punctured.

8th dorsal segment truncate and finely crenulate, on

each side with a larger tooth

Mussooree district · Kemti Falls , Arni Gad , Dhobi Ghat Chakrata district · Sainj Khud , Chulli Khud , Binal Gad. W Almora : Kumaun (H G Champion).

1988 Thamiaræa dimorpha, sp n

Head and thorax greasy lustrous in the \mathfrak{F} , more shining in the \mathfrak{F} , head, thorax, and abdomen black, the latter with the posterior margins of the segments narrowly and obscurely reddish, elytra brownish-yellow, slightly infuscate at the scutellum and postero-externally. Antennæ black, the 1st

joint and legs reddish-vellow Length 45 mm

Head very finely, rather closely, obsoletely punctured, more strongly corneceous in the o Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th and 5th slightly longer than broad, 6th about as long as broad, 7th to 10th slightly transverse, 11th a little longer than the 9th and 10th together. Thorax transverse (3 25), the sides very slightly rounded and a little more retracted towards the front, in the o broadly and superficially impressed along the middle, less shining and more strongly cornaceous than in the 2, the puncturation fine, moderately close and obsolete, rather less close in the Elytra broader and a third longer than the thorax, finely, closely and roughly punctured Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, very finely, moderately closely punctured on the first three segments, much more sparingly on the following

3 7th dorsal segment with a median keel along the posterior half; 8th with the posterior margin rounded and very

finely crenulate

Chakrata district Khedar Khud, Patria Khud, Jadi Gad, alt 7000-8000 feet W Almora Kumaun, Upper Gumti Valley (H. G Champion)

1989 Thamiaræa insigniventris

Thamsaraa insigniventris Faux, Ann. Mus. Civ. Gen. vii., 1878, p. 299, tab. 2, fig. 36.

Athela (s. str.) miriten'ris Cam., Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. 1929, p. 259.

Bright reddish-testaceous, the elytra obscure testaceous, infuscate towards the postero-external angles, abdomen with a black transverse band before the apex, antennæ black, the first two joints and base of the 3rd, mouth-parts, and legs testaceous Length 2 5-3 5 mm

Q: head transverse, reddish-testaceous, not very shining (greasy lustre only), the eyes large, moderately prominent, their diameter considerably greater than the length of the temples, which are rounded and narrowed posteriorly, the centre of the disc impunctate, the rest of the surface very finely and not closely punctured and pubescent, ground-sculpture fine and corraceous. Antennæ with the 2nd and 3rd joints of equal length, the 4th to the 7th scarcely longer

than broad, the 8th to the 10th transverse, gradually increasing in width, the 11th elongate, pointed, longer than the preceding two together. Thorax transverse, half as broad again as long, widest a little behind the anterior angles, the side-bordered, rounded and narrowed anteriorly, more strongly contracted posteriorly to the obtuse posterior angles puncturation and pubescence very similar to that of the head, but not quite so fine ground-sculpture as on the head each side with two distinct sets. Elytra a little longer and wider than the thorax, transverse, very finely, rather closely

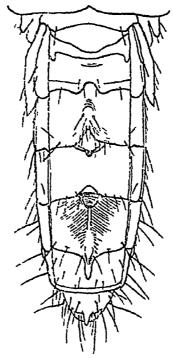


Fig 117-Thamiaraa insigniventris 6. abdomen

and somewhat asperately punctured, finely pubescent Abdomen more shining than the fore-parts bright reddishtestaceous, the 5th 6th and anterior part of the 7th segments black glabrous and, except for a few setiferous punctures impunctate. Middle and posterior tibus each with three setse, of which the middle is the strongest.

head anteriorly with a small crateriform tubercle from which arises a set. Antennæ a little longer than in the Thorax with a small fovea before the scutchum, the disc with a fine longitudinal groove throughout Elytra with the

postero-external angle usually furnished with a keel Abdomen with only the 6th abdominal segment black; the 3rd to the 6th dorsal segments elevated in the middle line, appearing tectiform on transverse section, the 3rd segment with a small semicircular emargination in the middle of the posterior border, the 4th with a stout triangular tubercle at the base, the 5th with a broad triangular process arising from the base, the apex pointed and extending backwards for about a third of the length of the segment †, the 6th with the posterior margin produced backwards in the middle line as a pointed tooth reaching the level of the middle of the 7th segment, the 8th narrowed posteriorly, the posterior margin produced backwards in the middle line as a short blunt tooth. 1st ventral segment embracing the sides of the 3rd dorsal, its upper free edge bluntly pointed posteriorly, viewed from above it appears as a lamina springing from the 2nd dorsal segment and extending parallel to the 3rd; its true relations are, however, revealed on dissection

Ceylon Kandy Also in New Guinea, Celebes, Sumatra,

Singapore, Borneo, and the Philippines

1990 Thamiaræa basiventris.

Thamaræa basiventris Bernh , Col Rundsch v, 1916, p 22

This species has little in common with the European species. and is distinguished by the comparatively strong shining surface, very rough asperate puncturation of the elytra, rather depressed build and sharp posterior angles of the thorax Pitch-brown, the head black, the abdomen, with the exception of a small part before the apex, dark reddish-yellow, the antennæ blackish-brown, the base lighter, the palpi and legs bright yellow Head small, much narrower than the thorax, shining, impressed in front between the insertion of the antennæ, rather strongly and not very sparingly punctured, the temples about as long as the length of the eyes viewed from above, sharply and entirely bordered below moderately long, the 3rd joint longer than the 2nd, 4th oblong, the 5th scarcely, the following distinctly broader than long, the penultimate about a third broader than long, the 11th as long as the preceding two together Thorax a good deal narrower than the elytra, about a third broader than long, rather flat, widest before the middle, retracted behind, the posterior angles blunt and prominent, before the scutellum with a rather deep transverse impression, produced

[†] The development of these processes on the 4th and 5th segments is very variable, and they are rudimentary in specimens in which the postero external angle of the elytra is simple

in front as two parallel sulei, rather closely and rather strongly roughly punctured and rather shining. Elytra a third longer than the thorax, distinctly emarginate postero-externally, strongly, closely and asperately punctured, moderately shining. Abdomen very shining, sparingly punctured, behind practically smooth. Length 3 6 mm.

o 8th dorsal segment strongly narrowed and with two

large tubercles close together

Burma Tenasserim, Mt Moleyit, alt. 1800-1900 m., March 1887 (Fea). Umque (ex Bernhauer)

RHOPALETES, gen n

Small, subparallel Head round, narrower than the thorax, eyes absent, temples finely and entirely bordered below

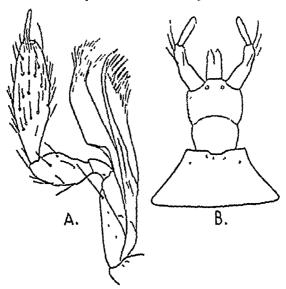


Fig. 118 -Rhopaletes favus A, maxilla, B, labum

Antennæ short, very strongly thickened towards apen Mandibles short, curved, pointed, edentate Maxillary palpi with small 1st joint, 2nd slightly thickened towards apex, 3rd longer and a little broader than the 2nd, oval, 4th subulate, about a third as long as the 3rd Inner lobe of the maxilla pointed, slightly incurved, the inner margin with ten or eleven closely placed, nearly straight spines, outer lobe chiate at

apex Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, truncate in front Labral palps indistinctly 3-jointed, 1st joint moderate, cylindrical, suddenly constricted a little beyond the middle, 2nd much narrower and a little shorter than the 1st, cylindrical. Tongue rather broad, parallel, reaching nearly to the apex of the 1st joint of the labial palpi, split to the middle into two parallel, teat-shaped lobes Paraglossæ reaching the base of the labial palpi Thorax transverse, the pronotal epipleura not visible from the side Mesosternal process narrow and acute, extending nearly the whole length of the coxæ, these narrowly separated Elvtra shorter than the thorax, not emarginate postero-externally Abdomen parallel, a little narrowed before the apex, the first three visible segments transversely impressed at base Legs moderate without setæ Tarsi 4, 5, 5; the anterior with the first three joints short, subequal, 4th longer than the preceding together: middle with the first four joints short, subequal, the 5th as long as the preceding three together, posterior with the 1st joint moderate, as long as the 2nd and 3rd together, 4th a little shorter than the 3rd, 5th as long as the 1st Claws simple, slightly curved Facies much like that of certain species of Sipalia

Type, flavus

1991 Rhopaletes flavus, sp n (Plate II, fig. 3)

Moderately shining, entirely yellow or reddish-yellow. Antennæ reddish-yellow Legs yellow Length 1 75–2 mm

Head round, a good deal narrower than the thorax, eyes absent, very finely, rather closely but indistinctly punctured, very finely corraceous. Antennæ short and stout, the 3rd joint much shorter than the 2nd, 4th small, transverse, 5th and following much more strongly so, the penultimate four times broader than long, the 11th short and stout. Thorax a third broader than long, the sides evenly rounded and without setæ, a little more retracted behind, the posterior angles rounded, closely, less finely and more distinctly punctured than the head, the ground-sculpture similar Elytra as broad as but a fourth shorter than the thorax, closely, less finely and somewhat roughly punctured. Abdomen parallel, a little narrowed before the apex, very finely, moderately closely punctured, a little less closely behind, the ground-sculpture reticulate. The whole insect with a moderately close, very fine yellow pubescence.

Simla Hills Narkanda, alt 9230 feet In fungus

Genus WROUGHTONILLA Wasm.

Wroughtonslla Wasm, D E Z 1899, p 157, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 293

Facies somewhat resembling certain species of Astilbus, but differs in the shape of the thorax, rather more slender neck, the much less deep buccal sinus, which does not extend backwards beyond the level of the posterior border of the eye, the short rectangular mesosternal and the narrower metasternal process Head narrower than the thorax, the eyes rather large, the post-ocular region rounded and rather strongly retracted to the neck, which is about a third as broad as the head Temples not bordered below Buccal sinus not extending beyond the level of the posterior border of the eye, gular sutures parallel, narrowly separated Antennæ long and stout Mandibles rather slender, curved, pointed, edentate Maxillary palpi with small 1st joint, 2nd elongate, slightly thickened towards apex, 3rd longer but only slightly thicker, 4th very short, subulate Maxillæ with the outer lobe elongate, ciliate at apex, the inner much narrower and shorter, ciliate. towards the apex with a few feeble spines Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, the sides slightly emarginate, the anterior border truncate Tongue short and broad, the anterior border with a small emargination Labial palpi 3-jointed, the 1st joint cylindrical, about twice as long as broad, 2nd narrower and about half as long as the 1st, 3rd narrower, about as long as the 1st Thorax longer than broad, the pronotal epipleura distinctly visible from the side Prosternum rounded behind, not carmate Mesosternal process very short, rectangular, extending but little between the coxæ, metasternal process narrow, elongate, bluntly pointed, separated from the mesosternal process by a short intersternal piece, coxæ narrowly separated Scutellum triangular Elytra not emarginate, the reflexed sides separated from the upper surface by an obtuse keel Abdomen scaphoidal, the lateral margins strongly raised, only the first two visible segments transversely impressed at base Legs rather long, the coxe long, tibiæ ciliate Tarsi 4, 5, 5, the anterior with the 1st joint short, 2nd and 3rd a little longer, subequal, 4th as long as the preceding three together, middle with the first three joints moderately long, subequal, 4th a little shorter than the 3rd, 5th a little longer than the 1st, posterior with the 1st joint a little longer than the 2nd, 2nd to 4th gradually decreasing in length, 5th a little longer than the 1st Claws simple, lightly curved

1992 Wroughtonilla lobopeltæ.

Wroughtonella lobopeltæ Wasm*, D E Z 1899, p 157, tab n, fig 1
Astelbus migratorius Fauv*, Rev. d'Ent xxm, 1903, p 162

Shining, head, elytra and abdomen black, the elevated side-margins of the latter brown, frequently the whole insect dark reddish-brown Antennæ brown, the 11th joint yellowish Legs brownish-yellow. Length 4 mm

Head a little narrower than the thorax, strongly narrowed behind the large eyes, transverse, in the 3 with broad transverse impression between the eyes, sculpture consisting of a few small scattered punctures and a very fine corraceous ground-sculpture Antennæ long and stout, the 3rd joint a good deal longer than the 2nd, 4th to 7th cylindrical, a little longer than broad, gradually decreasing in length, 8th as long as broad, 9th and 10th a little transverse, 11th as long as the preceding two together Thorax slightly longer than broad, the sides slightly emarginate and slightly retracted behind, the anterior angles rounded, the anterior margin obliquely retracted to the neck, the posterior angles slightly obtuse, along the middle deeply and broadly impressed, posteroexternally with a shorter, narrower and more superficial impression, practically impunctate in the median impression. elsewhere with small, scattered, asperate punctures, groundsculpture very fine Elytra as long as but broader than the thorax, convex, externally for the posterior two-thirds with a longitudinal impression, external to which is an obtuse keel, the sculpture similar to that of the thorax but with the punctures more numerous Abdomen scaphoidal, in the middle broader than the elytra, with a few small, scattered punctures and very fine ground-sculpture The whole insect with the punctures furnished with stiff semi-erect hairs, the sides of the elytra and abdomen with some longer

Ceylon S India Nilgiri Hills, Coonoor. Also in the Malay Peninsula The species is associated with Leptogenys (Lobopelta) diminuta Smith

Genus AMAURODERA Fauv

Amaurodera Fauv, Rev d'Ent xxiv, 1905, p 142, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 146, Notman, Bull Amer Mus Nat Hist xlu, 1920, p 730, Cam, Trans Ent Soc Lond 1920, pp 361, 393, Scheerp, Kol Bundsch xv, 1929, p 18

In faces recalling certain Falagria subgen Stenagria and also Astilbus Head exserted, transversely suborbicular, the neck about a third of its width, temples rounded to the neck,

not bordered below, gular sutures parallel, narrowly separated, the buccal sinus not reaching the level of the posterior border of the eye, widely separated from its anterior border in front. Antennæ long and slender Labrum transverse, slightly emarginate in front Mandibles lightly curved, pointed, edentate Maxillary palpi long, the 1st joint small, 2nd elongate, slightly curved and slightly thickened towards the apex, 3rd as long as 2nd but stouter, 4th subulate, nearly half the length of the 3rd. Outer lobe of the maxilla narrow, corneous, longer than the inner, chiate at apex, inner lobe broader than the outer, membianous internally, at the apex

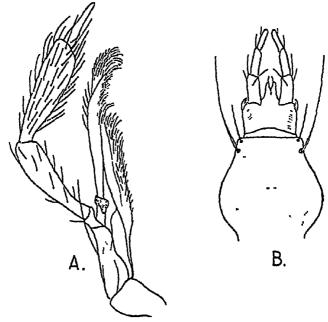


Fig 119 -- Amaurodera bomfordi A, maxilla , B, labium

with two or three spines, behind with a ciliate membrane. Mentum only slightly transverse, the sides rounded behind, retracted in front, the anterior border truncate Labial palpi 3-jointed, the joints cylindrical, of equal length but decreasing in width. Tongue as long as the 1st joint of the labial palpi, split nearly to the base into two narrow lobes. Paraglossa not extending beyond the base of the 1st joint of the labial palpi. Thorax distinctly longer than broad, dilated in front, strongly narrowed behind, the pronotal epipleura plainly visible from the side. Prosternum rounded behind, its posterior part more or less carinate. Mesosternal

process broadly rounded behind, extending nearly half the length of the coxe and separated by a short intersternal piece from the broadly rounded apex of the metasternal process, the covæ rather widely separated Elytra not emarginate postero-externally Abdomen a little narrowed at base and apex, the first three (visible) segments transversely impressed at the bases, the last segment granulate and with the posterior margin crenulate in both seves Legs long and Tibiæ finely chate Tarsi 4, 5, 5 the anterior with the first two joints moderately long and subequal, 3rd shorter 4th as long as the preceding three together, middle with all the joints clongate, the first four gradually decreasing in length posterior with the 1st joint as long as the following three together, these gradually becoming shorter, 5th a little shorter than the 1st Claws slender, lightly curved

Key to the Species.

 Species in greater part dark Species in greater part reddish 2 Larger (5-5 5 mm), antennæ very long and slender, clytra shining, not or very indistinctly corraceous, abdomen very sparingly punctured Smaller (45 mm), antennæ shorter ely tra distinctly corraceous, greasy lus trous, abdomen moderately closely soror, sp n, p 455 punctured on the anterior segments 3 Antenne with the first four joints pitchy opacicollis Epp, p 454 Antennæ reddish-yellow, at most with the intermediate joints infuscate bomford: Epp p 453 4 Thorax with the median impressed line very short, limited to the anterior fourth, elytra extremely finely and extremely sparingly punctured elegans, sp n, p 456 Thorax with the median impressed line extending nearly to the anterior and posterior borders, elytra less sparingly [p 456 punctured i eluticollis Motsch .

1993 Amaurodera bomfordi. (Plate II, fig 4)

Drusilla bomford: Epp W E Z 1x 1890, p 273 (2), Schub. D E Z 1908, p 611 (5)

Head, elytra and abdomen very shining, thorax in the \eth with the anterior third shining, the posterior two-thirds dull, in the $\mathfrak Q$ entirely dull. Head and 3rd and 4th (visible) abdominal segments black or pitchy, the rest yellowish- or reddishbrown, elytra dark brown, thorax in \eth with the shining part reddish-brown, the rest black, in the $\mathfrak Q$ entirely black Antennæ and legs reddish-yellow, the femora sometimes a little infuscate towards apex. Length 5-5 5 mm

Head suborbicular, as broad as the thorax, the eyes moderate. in the & lightly impressed on the disc, with a very few fine scattered punctures, corraceous in the &, much less distinctly Antennæ long and slender, all the joints much longer than broad, the 3rd longer than the 2nd, the following gradually decreasing in length, the 11th longer than the 10th Thorax much longer than broad, the sides before the middle strongly subangulately dilated, from thence strongly retracted to the neck, posteriorly strongly retracted and arcuately emarginate. the posterior angles rounded, in the d at the dilated part with a large, round, shining tubercle on each side, excavated internally, along the middle impressed and shining for the anterior two-thirds, with engraved line in the fundus of the impression, the shining part practically impunctate and finely corraceous. the dull part strongly corraceous, almost granular, in the 2 without tubercles, the anterior half with a fine impressed median line, the whole surface dull, impunctate and strongly coriaceous, almost granulai Elytra convex, a third broader and distinctly shorter than the thorax, very finely, rather sparingly punctured, very finely corraceous Abdomen a little narrowed at the base, more distinctly before the apex, extremely finely, very sparingly punctured and without ground-sculpture, the last segment with the posterior margin rounded and crenulate, the upper surface distinctly corraceous and with scattered granules The thorax is without pubescence, the head and abdomen with a few fine stiff hairs, the elytra with more numerous ones

Simla Hills Kotgarh Chakrata district Kanasar,

alt 7000 feet

1994 Amaurodera opacicollis

1stillus opaciellis Epp., D. E. Z. 1895, p. 385, Fauv., Rev. d'Ent van 1905, p. 143 (Amaurodera)

Obscure pitchy-brown, rather shining, the thorax dull Antennæ elongate, yellow (except the base), trochanters, base of the femora, tibiæ and tarsi yellow, thorax oblong, subcordate, the sides before the middle angularly dilated, canaliculate along the middle, elytra broader and shorter than the thorax, sparingly punctured, abdomen on the anterior segments extremely finely and sparingly punctured, very finely pubescent Length 5 mm

Of the size and build of bomfords and very like many specimens of it, dark brown, rather shining, only the thorax dull, the long antennæ from the 5th joint, the trochanters and extreme base of the femora, tibiæ and tarsi bright yellow Head suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, at the sides sparingly and extremely finely punctured, in the middle

with a round fovea Antennæ long and slender, filiform, longer than the head and thorax, the first four joints pitchbrown, the rest bright yellow, the 3rd joint longer than the 2nd, the 4th as long as this the following gradually decreasing in length but not increasing in width, the first of them almost twice as long as broad, the penultimate nearly a half longer than broad, the 11th evlindrical, a half longer than the 10th Palpi pitch-black Thorax a third longer than broad, somewhat elongate-cordate the sides before the middle angularly dilated then suddenly narrowed in a straight line to the posterior border, in front of the lateral angles obliquely fruncate, a little convex above with a fine impressed median hne throughout entirely dull Elytra twee as broad but shorter than the thorax slightly convex, dark brown, shining, finely, indistinctly punctured, finely and sparingly pubescent Abdomen as broad as the clytra, the first four segments deeply transversely impressed at their bases, finely and very sparingly punctured and with a few short scattered hairs, behind entirely The legs, including the tarsi, long and slender smooth

of 6th (visible) segment finely granular, truncate and finely crenulate behind, the angles rounded. A single of

Sikkim (ex Epirlsheim)

Whether this is actually a 3 is doubtful, as both seves in the genus have the characters above mentioned on the last segment

1995 Amaurodera soror, sp n

Black, head and elytra greasy lustrous, abdomen shining, thorax dull in both sexes, only the reddish tubercles in the 3 and the median line shining. Antennæ reddish-vellow, usually with the intermediate joints more or less infuscate Femora brown or black, their bases, tibiæ and tarsi reddish-vellow. Length 45 mm

Smaller and darker than bomfords but of similar build, the head and elytra much less shining, both distinctly corraceous, the former less orbicular, more transverse, the abdomen much more closely punctured. Head rather deeply impressed before the base in the 3, without impression in the 2, strongly corraceous in both sexes, extremely finely and very sparingly punctured, the punctures confused with the ground-sculpture. Antennæ a good deal shorter than in bomfords, the individual joints shorter, but all longer than broad. Thorax as in bomfords, in the 3 with similar shining reddish tubercles, but with the rest of the surface completely dull and very strongly corraceous except for the fine impressed median line, which is shining, in the 2 similar to bomfords but with the median impressed line produced further backwards. Elytra distinctly

corraceous, extremely finely and very sparingly punctured, the punctures confused with the ground-sculpture. Abdomen very finely, moderately closely punctured on the anterior segments, much more sparingly behind and with a fine ground-sculpture, the 8th segment in both sexes more strongly corraceous and with several small granules.

3 8th dorsal segment truncate and cienulate, 6th a little

produced and broadly rounded

¹ ♀ 8th dorsal segment broadly rounded, less strongly crenulate than in the ♂

Dehra Dun Nim Nadı, Nun Nadı Sıwalıks Kheri Rau

1996 Amaurodera veluticollis.

Falagria relaticellis Motsch*, Bull Soc Nat Mose NXI, 1858, in, p 261, Faux, Roy d Ent XXIV, 1905, p 143 (Amatrodeia), Cam, Trans Ent Soc Lond 1920, p 393, id, E M M NN, 1933, p 219

Head, elytra and abdomen shining, thorax dull, head and thorax red, elytra reddish-brown, abdomen reddish-yellow, the 3rd and 4th visible segments black, the elevated sidemargins of the 2nd and 3rd usually with a black spot Antennæ yellowish-red Legs reddish-yellow, the femora slightly infuscate towards the apices Length 35 mm

In build very similar to bomfordi Q, but with the antennæ shorter. Head without trace of ground-sculpture, with a few very fine scattered punctures, thorax with strong corraceous sculpture and a fine, shining, impressed line along the middle, reaching nearly to the anterior and posterior margins. Elytra very finely, asperately but less sparingly punctured than in bomfordi, ground-sculpture absent. Abdomen very finely and very sparingly punctured, 8th segment feebly corraceous and with several granules, the posterior border broadly rounded and crenulate

Dehra Dun Mussooree Arni Gad Siwaliks Lachiwala Burma Tenasserim Also in the Riouw Archipelago

1997 Amaurodera elegans, sp n

q in build, colour and lustre scarcely differing from veluticollis, but larger (45 mm), with longer antennæ which scarcely differ in structure from those of bomford. The head has a feeble impression on the middle of the disc, the puncturation extremely fine and sparing, the ground-sculpture absent, the thorax on each side at the dilated part has an obsolete tubercle, which, however, is not shining but strongly corraceous like the rest of the surface, the impressed median shining line is very short, scarcely extending beyond the region of the tubercles, the elytra are more sparingly punctured

than in iduticollis, the abdomen is extremely sparingly punctured, almost impunctate, the 8th dorsal segment is sparingly granular, the posterior margin truncate and crenulate

3 thorax with two large obliquely placed, shining, lamellate tubercles as in bomford:, 8th dorsal segment with a few granules,

the posterior margin truncate

Differs from bomford: in the colour, the head and elytra without ground-sculpture, the latter much more sparingly punctured

Mussooree district Arm Gad Kumaun West Bhatkot

(H G Champion)

Genus TETRABOTHRUS Bernh

Tetrabothrus Bernh , Tudschr Ent Ivin, 1915, p 240.

Allied to Astilbus Steph and Orphnebius Motsch, but at once distinguished by the first four visible segments of the abdomen being deeply and broadly excavated at their bases and the short, very strongly clavate antennæ Head transversely suborbicular, exserted, the neck about a third of its width, temples not bordered below, the buccal sinus separated by a wide space from the eyes in front, not extending as far back as the level of their posterior borders, the gular sutures narrowly separated, parallel Antennæ very short, strongly clavate, the joints from the 4th very strongly transverse, the axis of these joints excentric, nearer the outer margin than the inner. Labrum transverse, arcuately emarginate in front, the anterior angles rounded. Mandibles moderate. lightly curved, pointed, edentate Maxillary palpi elongate, the 1st joint small, 2nd lightly curved, slightly thickened towards apex, 3rd a good deal longer but scarcely thicker, 4th subulate, nearly half as long as the 3rd Outer lobe of the maxilla narrow, pointed, longer than the inner, ciliate at apex, inner lobe broader, densely chiate internally. Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, the anterior border deeply and broadly emarginate, the anterior angles prominent Labial palpi 3-jointed, 1st joint rather long, cylindrical, 2nd narrower and scarcely half as long, 3rd narrower and a little longer than the 2nd, cylindrical Tongue rather short and broad, shorter than the 1st joint of the labial palpi, narrowed towards the apex and split nearly to the base into two narrow pointed lobes Paraglossæ distinct, extending to the level of the apex of the tongue Thorax about as long as broad, the pronotal epipleura visible from the side Prosternum truncate behind, not keeled Mesosternal process very short and broad, very slightly rounded behind and extending about a third of the length of the coxes, these widely

separated Metasternal process broad, truncate, nearly reaching the mesosternum but on a lower level, and separated from it by a short intersternal piece. Scutellum small Elytra not emarginate postero-externally. Abdomen slightly narrowed at the base, more so towards the apex, the side-margins raised, the first four visible segments deeply and broadly excavate at their bases. Legs moderate. Thuse caliate. Tarsi 4, 5, 5, the anterior with the first three joints gradually decreasing in length, 4th nearly as long as the preceding three together; middle with the first two joints moderate, subequal, 3rd and 4th gradually shorter, posterior

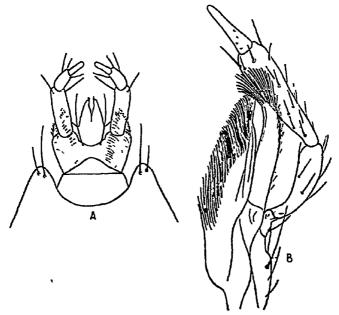


Fig 120 -Tetrabothrus pubescens A, labium; B, maxilla

with the 1st joint elongate, as long as the 2nd and 3rd together, these of equal length, 4th shorter, 5th shorter than the 1st Claws simple, lightly curved The genus, so far only known from the Oriental region, is doubtless associated with ants

Key to the Species

2. Antennæ entirely black, legs pitchy Antennæ with testaceous base, legs yellow, the apices of the femora pitchy ındıcus, sp n, p 459

bicolor, sp n, p 460
laticornis Wasm p 459

1998 Tetrabothrus laticornis.

Orphnebius laticornis Wasm, Ann Mus Civ. Gen xxxvi, 1896,

Shining, pitchy, pilose, abdomen reddish-pitchy, the legs and base of the antennæ testaceous, the femora pale with pitchy apex Head short, transverse, impunctate, neck short, eyes large, prominent Antennæ with the 2nd and 3rd joints elongate, equal in length, 4th to 6th suddenly thickened, 6th to 10th very strongly transverse Thorax convex, distinctly bordered, a little transverse, suborbicular. impunctate Elytra nearly twice as long and more than twice as broad as the thorax, closely covered with yellow pubescence Abdomen with the side-margins strongly raised, the sides a little rounded, the 2nd to 5th segments deeply impressed at their base. Posterior tarsi with the first four joints distinctly decreasing in length Length 5 mm

Bengal Darjeeling (Christie) Unique (ex Wasmann)

Described as an Orphnebius by Wasmann, but the characters given for the abdomen are those of Tetrabothrus.

1999 Tetrabothrus indicus, sp n (Plate II, fig 5)

Shining, bright red, the elytra yellowish-red, posteriorly from the middle of the outer margin to behind the middle of the suture blackish Antennæ red, the first two joints reddish-yellow Legs pale yellow, the extreme apices of the

femora brown Length 5 mm

In build and antennal structure scarcely differing from javanus Bernh, but of brighter colour, with paler legs and more finely punctured elytra Head transverse, a little narrower than the thorax, the eyes rather large, the post-ocular region rounded and retracted to the neck, almost impunctate and without ground-sculpture, the pubescence yellow, long and scanty Antennæ with the 1st joint stout, 3rd a little longer than the 2nd, 4th twice as broad as long, 5th to 10th fully four times as broad as long, 11th small, conical, shorter than the preceding two together. Thorax as long as broad, convex, widest behind at the broadly rounded posterior angles, the sides from thence straight and retracted to the rounded anterior angles, the anterior margin obliquely truncate to the neck, impunctate along the middle, elsewhere finely and rather sparingly punctured, ground-sculpture absent, pubescence as on the head Elytra slightly longer and nearly twice as broad as the thorax, very finely but more closely punctured, the pubescence very long and rather close Abdomen a httle narrowed before the apex, practically impunctate and glabrous, at the sides and apex with tufts of hairs In the single example the 8th dorsal segment is broadly, scarcely

perceptibly emarginate, the 6th ventral produced, narrowed and rounded

Bengal Kalimpong, Samsingh, alt 1800 feet On soil under elephant dung, xu 1933 (Balwant Singh)

2000 Tetrabothrus bicolor, sp n

Shining, fore-parts black, abdomen red Antennæ black

Legs pitchy-black, the tarsi reddish Length 5 mm

More robust than indicus and at once distinguished by the colour Head strongly transverse, very slightly narrower, than the thorax, the eyes moderate, the post-ocular region rounded to the neck, impunctate along the middle, at the sides with a few small scattered punctures, ground-sculpture absent Antennæ short and stout, the 3rd joint scarcely longer than the 2nd, 4th small, transverse, 5th to 10th more strongly so, the penultimate three times as broad as long, the 11th small, short and conical. Thorax slightly transverse (3 5 3), widest behind, gradually and slightly narrowed to the front, the sides practically straight, all the angles broadly rounded, impunctate along the middle, towards the sides with a few small scattered punctures, each with a stiff - hair; ground-sculpture absent Elytra a good deal broader and a third longer than the thorax, finely, rather sparingly punctured, the pubescence long Abdomen gradually and slightly narrowed towards the apex, impunctate and glabrous, at the sides with small tufts of hairs

Burma · Ruby Mines (Doherty)

Genus ASTILBUS Steph

Astibus Steph , Ill Brit. Ent Mandib v, 1832, p 106, Thoms, Skand Col u, 1860, p 259, Fauv , Faur Gallo-Rhén m, 1872, Skand Col 11, 1860, p 259, Fauv, Faun Gallo-Rhén III, 1872, p 652, Redtb, Faun Austr ed III, 1874, p 143 (note), Fowler, Col Brit Isl III, 1888, p 59, Ganglb, Käf Mitt-Eur II, 1895, p 124, Everts, Col Neerl 1, 1898, p 194, Reitter, Faun. Germ II, 1909, p 75, Johansen, Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p 99, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 261, Portevin, Encycl Ent A, XII, 1929, 1, p 294, Bernh, Zool Anzeiger, IXXXII (Wasmann Festband), 1929, p 143, Scheerp, Kol Rundsch XV, 1929, p 18, 1d., Tierwelt Mitteleur V, 2, 1930, p 76 Camacopalpus Motsch, Bull. Soc Nat Mose (3) XXXI, 1858, p 231 (ex narta) p 231 (ex parte)

Camacopselaphus Gemm et Har., Cat Col u, 1868, p 549. Fenyes,

Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 136

Drusilla Leach, in Samouelle, Ent Comp 1819, p 177 (not characterized), Mannerh, Mém Acad Sci St Petersb 1, 1830, pp. 427, 432, Boisd et Lac, Faun Ent Paris, 1, 1835, p 554, Redtb, Faun Austr ed 1, 1849, p 648 (note), ed 11, 1858, p 119 (note), and ed 111, 1874, p 143 (note)

Somewhat variable in facies but more or less elongate and

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parallel. Head with the neck rather narrow, at most half as broad as the head, not concealed under the anterior border of the thorax Eyes normal, temples not bordered below. Buccal sinus broad and long, separated by a moderately broad space from the anterior margin of the eye, and extending back at least to the level of its posterior border; gular sutures parallel, moderately separated. Antennæ rather long, not or but little thickened towards the apex Labrum transverse, broadly and slightly emarginate in front Mandibles moderate. lightly curved, pointed, each with a very indistinct tooth about the middle of the inner border. Maxillary palpi with the 1st joint small, 2nd elongate, slightly curved and slightly thickened towards the apex, 3rd longer and but little stouter, 4th subulate, about a third as long as the 3rd. Outer lobe of maxilla narrow, culiate at the apex, inner lobe narrow, shorter than the outer, pointed, with three or four spines near the apex, culiate behind Mentum transverse, truncate front, trapezoidal Labial palpi 3-jointed, 1st joint cylindrical. 2nd a little shorter and narrower, 3rd much shorter and distinctly narrower than the 2nd Tongue small, shorter than the 1st joint of the labial palpi and deeply divided into two narrow lobes Paraglossæ feeble. Prothorax variable in shape, usually sulcate along the middle, the pronotal epipleura plainly visible from the side. Prosternum carinate, truncate behind Mesosternal process short and broad, extending about half the length of the coxe. broadly truncate behind, metasternal process rather broad, rounded at apex and separated from the mesosternal process by a short intersternal piece; middle coxæ rather widely separated. Elytra as long or not much longer than the thorax, only slightly emarginate postero-externally. Abdomen more or less fusiform, the first three visible segments transversely impressed at their bases Legs long and slender, tibiæ ciliate, without long setæ. Tarsi 4, 5, 5, the anterior with the 1st joint moderate, 2nd and 3rd shorter, subequal. middle with the 1st joint as long as the 2nd and 3rd together. 2nd to 4th gradually decreasing in length, 5th shorter than the 1st; posterior with the 1st joint as long as the 2nd and 3rd together, 2nd to 4th gradually decreasing in length Claws slightly curved, simple. Very closely allied to Zyras; differs in the much shorter 3rd joint of the labial palpi in relation to the 2nd, also in the post-ocular region being without a border below, in some species of Zyras, however, this is only developed The species are associated with ants and termites and appear to be as polymorphic as Zyras

Key to the Species

1.	Thorax with a more or less distinct lateral impression Thorax without lateral impression	Q 12
2	Species entirely yellow	3
3	Species otherwise coloured Shining, thorax finely, sparingly	4
	punctured Dull, thorax closely, rather roughly	gracultcornus Bernh, p 478
4	punctured Elytra black, with an oblique yellow- ish-red fascia from the shoulders to	flavus, sp n, p 467
	apex of suture Elytra uniformly coloured	muxtus, sp n, p 474
5	Fore-parts dull or nearly dull Fore-parts shining	6 10
6	Thorax and elytra extremely finely and obsoletely punctured, the punc-	
	tures confused with the ground- sculpture	planaticollis Kr., p 467
	Thorax and elytra closely and dis- tinctly punctured	7
7	Thorax with a tubercle on each side of middle of disc	incola Fauv, p 463
	Thorax without tubercles	8
8.	Elytra closely and deeply punctured, ground-sculpture feeble, head	second of seconds of Top 20 ARR
	deeply and closely punctured Elytra finely, less closely punctured;	puncialissimus Kr, p 466.
	ground-sculpture very distinct, head less deeply and less closely punc-	9
9	tured Thorax more transverse, distinctly	y
	sinuate before the posterior angles, more coarsely punctured	proximus, sp n, p 465
	Thorax narrower, not at all smuate before the posterior angles, more	
10	finely punctured Abdomen practically impunctate	andrewess, spn, p464
10	Abdomen finely and distinctly punc- tured	ruficornis, sp n, p 478
11	Eyes large, occupying nearly the whole side of head, antennæ reddish	flavicorius Motsch , p 476
	Eyes moderate, the temples rounded and a little dilated, antennæ	. [p 477.
7.0	(except base) blackish Head triangular, the temples rounded	bituberculatus Motsch,
12	and dilated, eyes moderate, placed	13
	towards the upper surface Head suborbicular, the temples not	14
13	dilated eyes laterally placed Species in greater part reddish-yellow,	••
	elytra dull, with close, fine, more or less oblique ruge	opacipennis Bernh, p 479
	Species in greater part dark, elytra shining, very finely, moderately	fp 468. trigonocephalus, sp n,
14	closely punctured Thorax dull, strongly corraceous and	15
	` impunctate	

	Thorax more or less shining, distinctly	10
15	punctured Thorax slightly transverse, antennæ with all the joints longer than broad,	16
	7th abdominal segment closely	
	covered with coarse elongate punctures as in Orphnebius	rubricollis, sp n, p 468
	Thorax strongly transverse, antennæ	
	with the penultimate joints trans- verse, 7th abdominal segment	
16	granular Penultimate joints of antennæ about	opacicollis Cam, p 480
10	three times broader than long	steiensi, sp. n., p. 465
	Penultimate joints of antenna not or but slightly transverse	17
17	Thorax very finely and very sparingly	
	punctured Thorax less finely, closely punctured	lineatocollis Kr., p 469
	or granular .	18
18	Thorax with granular sculpture	19
••	Thorax with normal punctures	21
19	Head and thorax black Head and thorax reddish-brown	tuberculatus Bernh, p. 473
70	Larger (4 mm); antenne longer,	-0
	the 4th and 5th joints a little longer	
	than broad	adjacens, o, sp n, p 472
	Smaller (3 mm), antennæ shorter,	[p 475
	the 4th and 5th joints transverse	impressicollis, 6, Kr.
21		22
	Head and thorax reddish brown	25
22	Antonne entirely black, abdomen	manamana en n n 471
	impunctate Antenne with lighter base	aseamensis, sp. n., p. 471 23
-92	Elytra pitchy-black, the shoulders	-0
	obscurely lighter, abdomen practi-	
	cally impunctate	nigrescens Motsch, p 472
	Elytra reddish-yellow, the sides and	-
	sometimes the suture blackish,	
	abdomen more or less punctured	0.4
	at the bases of the anterior segments	24
24	More robust and convex, thorax much more finely and sparingly	
	punctured towards the anterior	
	border	fex, sp n, p 474
	Less robust, flatter, thorax uniformly	Manua Bamb m 470
	punctured	obliquus Bernh, p 470
25	Larger (45 mm), thorax coarsely and closely punctured, penultimate	
	joints of antennæ not transverse	rufobrunneus, sp n, p 471
	Smaller (3 mm), thorax finely and	
	sparingly punctured, penultimate	
	joints of antennæ transverse	1mpressicollis, Q, Kr, p. 475

2001 Astilbus incola.

Astilbus incola Fauv *, Rev d'Ent xxiii, 1904, p 63

Fore-parts almost dull, abdomen shining Head and elytra black, the humeral angles obscurely reddish, thorax and

abdomen pitchy, the anterior and posterior margins of the former narrowly reddish, the sides and posterior margins of the segments of the latter more or less broadly reddish Antennæ black, the first three joints (except apex of the 3rd) and apex of the 11th reddish-yellow Legs reddish-yellow.

Length 65-7 mm

Head strongly transverse, as broad as the thorax, the eyes large and prominent, between the insertion of the antennæ with a small tubercle, in the & broadly and deeply impressed on the disc and more distinctly corraceous, in the 2 broadly but more superficially impressed and less conaceous, the puncturation in both sexes rather close, moderately fine. Antennæ longer than the head and thorax, thickened towards apex, the 3rd joint a third longer than the 2nd, 4th to 6th a little longer than broad, decreasing in length, 7th to 10th about as long as broad, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax subquadrate, scarcely a fourth broader than long, the sides rounded in front, sinuately retracted behind, immediately before the base with a little notch, so that the posterior angle forms a little tooth, the anterior angles rounded, the disc broadly superficially impressed almost throughout its length, the fundus of the impression with a fine impressed line, towards the sides with a shorter, more superficial oblique impression, slightly before the middle on each side with a small shining tubercle, closely, moderately finely, roughly punctured Elytra broader and a fourth longer than the thorax, closely and roughly punctured, but more finely than the thorax, and with a fine corraceous groundsculpture Abdomen parallel, a little narrowed before the apex, very finely, rather closely punctured on the first three visible segments, nearly impunctate on the last two, the last segment in both sexes feebly and broadly emarginate whole insect practically glabrous

Nilgiri Hills Burma Carin Cheba, Carin Asciuii Ghécu, alt 900-1500 metres (Fea) According to Fea this species

lives with termites

2002 Astilbus andrewesi, spn

Head black, greasy lustrous, thorax and elytra dull pitchyblack, the anterior and posterior margins of the former narrowly and obscurely reddish, the abdomen shining reddish-brown. Antennæ black, the first two joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 5 5-6 mm

In colour, lustre and build very like *mcola*, but with the thorax a little less transverse, the sides straight behind, its sculpture and that of the elytra much finer Head scarcely narrower than the thorax, the eyes large and prominent,

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the disc in the 3 broadly impressed, in the 2 with a short median impressed line, rather closely covered with small, superficial, umbilicate punctures, coriaceous Antennæ with the 3rd joint twice as long as the 2nd, 4th and 5th slightly longer than broad, 6th to 10th slightly transverse very slightly transverse (4 35), the sides gently rounded in front, rather strongly retracted and almost straight behind to the obtuse posterior angles, in the middle broadly and superficially impressed and finely sulcate, in the d with a small tubercle on each side near the middle as in incola, near the lateral margin with a feeble oblique impression in both sexes, puncturation moderately fine, close, strongly corraceous Elytra broader and a little longer than the thorax, similarly but more deeply punctured, strongly corraceous. Abdomen closely, very finely punctured, much less closely on the penultimate segments The whole insect practically glabrous.

3. 8th dorsal segment feebly arcuately emarginate, 6th

ventral segment a little produced and broadly rounded

Q 8th dorsal segment truncate Nilgiri Hills (Andrewes)

2003 Astilbus proximus, sp n

In size, build, colour, lustre and antennal structure very similar to incola, but differing in the following respects: the head has only a small superficial impression in the middle, the puncturation a little finer, the thorax has all the margins rufescent, the anterior and posterior more broadly than in incola and is without the tubercles seen in that species, the puncturation is very similar, but not so rough, the elytra more finely and scarcely roughly punctured, corraceous, and with the suture narrowly and obscurely rufescent, the abdomen has the 8th dorsal segment truncate Length 65 mm

Dehra Dun (Balwant Singh) Unique

2004 Astilbus stevensi, sp n

Moderately shining; head and elytra pitchy-black, thorax and abdomen brownish-red Antennæ reddish-brown Legs

reddish-vellow. Length 5 mm

Near proximus but smaller and narrower, head not so broad, antennæ much thicker, thorax without lateral impression Head suborbicular, distinctly narrower than the thorax, the eye slightly longer than the post-ocular region, the disc lightly impressed, with close, flat, superficial punctures, finely corraceous Antennæ considerably thickened towards apex, the 3rd

joint longer than 2nd, 4th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate about three times as broad as long, 11th a little longer than the 9th and 10th together. Thorax slightly transverse (4 3 5), the sides simuately retracted behind, the posterior angles rounded, along the middle with a fine impressed line, the sculpture much as on the head Elytra broader and slightly longer than the thorax, the sculpture very similar Abdomen finely and sparingly punctured, especially on the penultimate segments The fore-parts finely and closely yellow-pubescent

Sikkim Gopaldhara, Rongbong Valley (H Stevens)

Unique British Museum

2005 Astilbus punctatissimus. (Plate II, fig 6)

Myrmedonia punciatissima Kr *, Linn Ent xi, 1857, p 52

Fore-parts dull, head black, thorax and elytra pitchyblack, the base of the latter reddish, abdomen shining, the first three visible segments brownish-yellow, more or less infuscate along the middle, 4th and 5th pitchy, the posterior margins yellowish, the 6th yellow. Antennæ black, the first two joints and base of 3rd reddish-yellow. Legs reddish-yellow

Length 5 mm

Somewhat like incola in build and colour but with narrower thorax and coarser puncturation of the head, elytra and ab-Head as broad as the thorax, the eyes rather large but smaller than in incola, broadly and superficially impressed on the disc, between the insertion of the antennæ with a tubercle, deeply, coarsely and closely punctured all over in the 2, less deeply and a little less closely in the 3, and with a narrow median impunctate space and more corraceous Antennæ long and stout, the 3rd joint about a half longer than the 2nd, 4th to 7th all a little longer than broad, decreasing in length, 8th to 10th as long as broad, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax as long as broad, the sides gently rounded in front, almost straight and retracted behind to the obtuse posterior angles, along the middle broadly and slightly flattened, with the usual median sulcus and basal fovea, near the posterior angles very feebly, obliquely impressed, closely, coarsely and rugosely punctured, corraceous as long as but broader than the thorax, closely and rather more coarsely and rugosely punctured Abdomen rather coarsely and closely punctured on the first two visible segments, more sparingly and more finely on the following, the last two practically impunctate, the 8th truncate The whole insect practically glabrous

Ceylon . Negombo; Kandy India . Nilgiri Hills. Nilam-

bur

ASTILBUS 467

2006 Astilbus planaticollis.

Myrmedonia planaticollis Kr., Linn Ent xi, 1857, p 51.

Fore-parts dull, abdomen shining Head and abdomen pitchy-black, the sides and posterior margins of the segments rufescent, thorax and elytra pitchy-brown, the disc of the latter sometimes infuscate. Antennæ red, the first three

joints and legs reddish-yellow Length 5 mm

Head strongly transverse, as broad as the thorax, the eyes large and prominent, between the insertion of the antennæ with a shining tubercle, along the middle with obsolete impressed line, strongly coriaceous, the puncturation fine. sparing and indistinct, confused with the ground-sculpture. Antennæ moderate, the 3rd joint twice as long as the 2nd, 4th to 10th transverse, slightly increasing in width, the penultimate twice as broad as long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax a fourth broader than long, the sides rounded in front, slightly, sinuately retracted behind to the obtuse posterior angles, the anterior angles rounded, along the middle broadly and superficially impressed, the fundus with fine impressed line not reaching the anterior or posterior border, on each side superficially, obliquely impressed, on each side of the middle close to the anterior margin sometimes with a small round impression, the puncturation fine, moderately close, but confused with the strong coriaceous ground-sculpture Elytra a good deal broader and slightly longer than the thorax and, like it, corraceous, the puncturation fine, moderately close, more distinct and less confused with the ground-sculpture Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, very finely, moderately closely punctured on the first three visible segments, much more sparingly on the following, very finely corraceous

3. 8th dorsal segment rounded and finely crenulate

2: 8th dorsal segment simply rounded

Ceylon Colombo India Nilgiri Hills, Madura Intermite's nests

2007 Astilbus flavus, sp n

Dull, entirely yellow. Antennæ reddish-yellow Legs

yellow Length 25 mm

In build and lustre very like planaticollis, but much smaller and of an entirely yellow colour, the eyes smaller. Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th and 5th very slightly longer than broad, 6th to 9th as long as broad, 10th slightly longer than broad, 11th as long as the 10th Head as broad as the thorax, corraceous, finely and moderately closely punctured, much more distinctly than in planaticollis Thorax a third broader than long, trapezoidal, the posterior angles

obtuse, with broad median and lateral impressions, but without median impressed line in the former, closely, moderately finely, somewhat roughly punctured, corraceous Elytra a little broader and a third longer than the thorax, the puncturation very similar Abdomen parallel, very finely, roughly and closely punctured throughout, scarcely less closely on the penultimate segments Pubescence throughout very fine, short and rather close

Bihar . Ranchi, Nankum, 1928 (Laidlaw) At light. Unique British Museum

2008 Astilbus rubricollis, sp n

Head, elytra and abdomen shining, thorax dull Head black, thorax yellowish-red, elytra smoky-brown, the base narrowly yellowish, abdomen yellow, the 7th segment infuscate. Antennæ reddish, the first two joints and the last reddish-yellow Legs reddish-yellow Length 35 mm

Head strongly transverse, as broad as the thorax, the eyes large and prominent, very finely, moderately closely punctured. very finely corraceous Antennæ rather long, a little thickened towards apex, the 3rd joint nearly twice as long as the 2nd. 4th to 10th longer than broad, decreasing in length, the 10th only slightly longer than broad, the 11th as long as the preceding two together Thorax slightly transverse (5 45), the sides rounded in front, distinctly retracted and sinuate behind, the posterior angles obtuse, without sulcus or impressions, strongly shagreened and impunctate Elytra broader and slightly longer than the thorax, not emarginate postero externally, finely, moderately closely punctured, with only a trace of ground-sculpture Abdomen practically glabrous and impunctate and without ground-sculpture except on the last two segments, the 7th being coarsely and closely punctured, the punctures more or less elongate at the base, the 8th with numerous small granules and fine coriaceous ground-sculpture, the posterior border feebly and broadly emarginate Head and elytra with a fine pubescence, thorax with a few very short, scarcely perceptible hairs near the anterior angles and a black seta. The sculpture of the thorax is very like that of opacicollis, that of the 7th abdominal segment resembles that of the genus Pheidologitonetes, and the build and long posterior tarsi also. The specimen being unique, its position is doubtful

Kumaun Haldwam district Unique British Museum

2009 Astilbus trigonocephalus, sp n (Plate II, fig. 7)

Shining, head and thorax dark reddish-brown, elytra dark brown, the base narrowly reddish abdomen with the

first visible segment yellow, the rest black Antennæ yellowishred, the 1st and 3rd to 6th joints infuscate. Legs reddishvellow, the femora infuscate. Length 3.5 mm

yellow, the femora infuscate. Length 35 mm
In colour and the strong setæ of the thorax and elytra similar to Pheidologitonetes setifer, but at once distinguished by the large triangular head, more transverse thorax, and the normal puncturation of the 7th abdominal segment. Head large, convex, broader than the thorax, the eyes rather small. the post-ocular region distinctly dilated, extremely finely and very sparingly punctured, without ground-sculpture, the inter-antennal tubercle obsolete, the sides setiferous. Antennæ rather long and slender, the 3rd joint distinctly longer than the 2nd, 4th to 10th all longer than broad, decreasing in length, cylindrical, the 11th not as long as the preceding two together. Thorax transverse (25.2), convex, trapezoidal, the sides distinctly retracted behind, the median impressed line very fine, evanescent in front, foreate at the middle of the base, very finely, moderately closely punctured, more sparingly towards the sides, these with four or five long black setæ; ground-sculpture absent Elytra as long as the thorax but broader, very finely (but less finely than the thorax), moderately closely, asperately punctured, the sides with long black setæ Abdomen a little narrowed at the base, more strongly towards the apex, the sides rounded and with long black setæ, very finely, moderately closely punctured throughout and with a few erect black setæ: 8th dorsal segment rounded behind. This species and setifer appear to connect the genus with Orphnebius

Nilgiri Hills (Andrewes) With Pheidole induca. A single

specimen

2010. Astilbus lineatocollis.

Myrmedonia linectocollis Kr *, Arch. Naturg. xxv, 1879, p. 26.

Shining; head black, thorax and abdomen pitchy-brown, the raised margins of the latter more or less yellow elytra brownish-yellow, lighter at the shoulders. Antennæ brown, the first three joints yellow. Legs reddish-yellow. Length 3 mm.

Head transversely suborbicular, a little broader than the thorax, very finely and very sparingly punctured. Antennælong and slender, the 3rd joint a little longer than the 2nd, 4th to 8th a little longer than broad, gradually decreasing in length, 9th and 10th about as long as broad, 11th about as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax slightly transverse, widest in front, the sides rounded in front, straighter and slightly retracted behind, the posterior angles obtusely rounded, along the middle with deeply impressed line and

a fovea before the scutellum, extremely finely, sparingly punctured Scutellum granular. Elytra scarcely longer but a good deal broader than the thorax, transverse, more closely and much less finely punctured Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex and, except for a row of very fine punctures along the posterior margins, impunctate and glabrous Pubescence on the fore-parts very sparing.

"Ost-Indien," without further indication

2011 Astilbus obliquus.

Astilbus obliquus Bernh *, W Z B lxvi, 1916, p 427. (Fauvel, in litt.)

Shining, head, thorax and abdomen black, the posterior angles of the first three visible segments and often the posterior margins themselves reddish-yellow; elytra reddish-yellow, the sides blackish Antennæ black, the 1st joint and sometimes the first three reddish. Legs reddish-yellow Length 5 mm.

Head transverse, a little narrower than the thorax, the eyes large and prominent, the disc broadly superficially impressed, impunctate, the frontal tubercle smooth, elsewhere with moderately large, more or less umbilicate, moderately close punctures, ground-sculpture absent. Antennæ rather long and stout, the 3rd joint longer than the 2nd, 4th to 7th slightly longer than broad, decreasing in length, the 8th to 10th as long as broad or slightly transverse, the 11th as long as the preceding two together. Thorax slightly transverse, the sides rounded in front, straight and moderately retracted behind, the posterior angles obtuse, the anterior rounded; in the posterior two-thirds deeply and broadly impressed, and with a sharply impressed line along the middle ending in a fovea before the scutellum, more closely and more strongly punctured than the head, the punctures similar in character; ground-sculpture absent Elytra a good deal broader and a little longer than the thorax, with similar strong but rather closer punctures; ground-sculpture absent. Abdomen slightly narrowed at base and apex, closely and rather strongly punctured in the transverse impressions, elsewhere finely and sparingly, especially behind, but with the 8th segment asperately and closely punctured at the sides, its posterior margin broadly arcuately emarginate and indistinctly crenulate, the posterior angles dentiform. The whole insect practically glabrous In the six specimens before me no difference is to be seen in the structure of the 8th dorsal segment or in the size of the thoracic impression

Burma (type) Carın Asciuii Ghécu, alt 1400-1500 m,

m -1v 8 (Fea) India: Dehra Dun

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2012 Astilbus assamensis, sp n

Shining, black, the thorax with slight metallic reflex; elytra brown, infuscate externally. Antennæ black Legs reddish-yellow, the apices of the femora narrowly infuscate

Length 4.75 mm

In build very like obliquus but with the head much more finely and much more sparingly punctured, without impression in either sex, the antennæ black but very similarly constructed, thorax slightly narrower and with metallic reflex, much less impressed in the middle, but with very similar puncturation but not quite so close, the elytra darker, more finely punctured, the abdomen practically impunctate

3: 8th dorsal segment gently rounded and with seven or eight teeth, 6th ventral segment a little produced and

broadly rounded

Sth dorsal segment broadly, feebly emarginate
 Assam Naga Hills, Laimatak Burma. Ruby Mines

2013 Astilbus rufobrunneus, sp n

Fore-parts light reddish-brown, the head shining, the thorax and elytra less so; abdomen shining, the first two visible segments and base of the 3rd yellow, their lateral margins with a black spot, the following segments black Antennæ reddish-brown, the first two joints reddish-yellow Legs reddish-yellow, the apical half of the middle and posterior

femora usually infuscate Length 45 mm.

In build very similar to obliquus, but smaller, differently coloured, the thorax without broad impression, etc. Head sometimes with a broad superficial impression on the disc (? 3), smooth along the middle, at the sides with a few small punctures, ground-sculpture absent, eyes large Antennæ rather long and stout, the 3rd joint a good deal longer than the 2nd, 4th to 9th all longer than broad gradually decreasing in length, the 10th about as long as broad, the 11th a little shorter than the preceding two together Thorax less than a fourth broader than long, convex, with the usual median groove and fovea at the base, closely and coarsely punctured, much more finely and sparingly along the margins, groundsculpture absent Elytra as long as the thorax but a good deal broader, coarsely, closely and rugosely punctured Abdomen practically impunctate and presenting no special characters in the specimens before me

Chittagong . Sitapahar River, 11. i 25 (Beeson) Nilgiri

Hills (Andrewes)

2014 Astilbus adjacens, sp n

Moderately shining, head and thorax dark reddish-brown, elytra darker, abdomen with the first two visible segments and the posterior margins of the following two yellow, the rest black. Antennæ dark brown, the 1st joint brownish-yellow. Legs reddish-yellow, the tibiæ infuscate. Length 4 mm

Somewhat resembling rufobrunneus, but the fore-parts darker, the eyes smaller, thorax shorter, more transverse, with the median sulcus obsolete and limited to the base, sculpture of the thorax much less close, finer and distinctly granular, elytra distinctly impressed at the sides, asperately punctured Head narrower than the thorax, the eyes moderate, disc impunctate, elsewhere with small, scattered, asperate ground-sculpture scarcely visible Antennæ punctures. rather long and stout, the 3rd joint twice as long as the 2nd, 4th and 5th slightly longer than broad, 6th and 7th as long as broad, 8th to 10th slightly transverse, the 11th shorter than the preceding two together Thorax a fourth broader than long, the sides rounded in front, strongly retracted behind, the posterior angles rounded, obsoletely impressed in the middle behind, the sculpture consisting of moderately close, small granules, ground-sculpture absent Elytra as long as but broader than the thorax, distinctly impressed laterally, closely, moderately finely, asperately punctured Abdomen practically impunctate and glabrous

3 8th dorsal segment with a few scattered granules, the posterior margin truncate, finely and closely denticulate

on each side with a larger triangular tooth

♀ unknown Assam Naga Hılls

2015 Astilbus nigrescens.

Astilbus ingrescens Motsch *, Bull Soc Nat Mosc NXI, 1858, ni, p 262

Shining, head black, thorax and elytra pitchy-black, the humeral angles indistinctly reddish, abdomen with the first two visible segments and base of the 3rd reddish-yellow. Antennæ with the 1st two joints brownish-yellow, the 3rd to 7th black, the rest wanting Anterior legs reddish-yellow, the apex of the femur infuscate, other legs wanting Length 3.5 mm

Very near borneensis Bernh, similar in size, build and colour, except that the anterior femora are not so dark and the base of the abdomen more extensively reddish-vellow, the head has a few extremely fine punctures, the thorax much more finely and less deeply punctured, the clytra more finely

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punctured Head suborbicular, as wide as the thorax, the length of the eye a little more than that of the post-ocular region, smooth along the middle, at the sides with a few extremely fine and indistinct punctures. Antennæ with the 3rd joint about twice as long as the 2nd, 4th to 6th longer than broad, decreasing in length, 7th about as long as broad, the rest wanting. Thorax slightly broader than long, the sides rounded in front, retracted and slightly sinuate behind, the posterior angles rounded, along the middle with an impressed line reaching from the basal fovea almost to the anterior margin, the puncturation fine, close and superficial, obsolete towards the anterior angles. Elytra as long as but broader than the thorax, closely and roughly punctured. Abdomen practically impunctate

' Ind or ," without further indication One example

2016 Astilbus tuberculatus.

Astalbus tuberculatus Bernh , W Z B INI, 1916, p 427 (Fauvel, in litt)

Shining black, the elytra yellowish-brown, the sides blackish Antennæ reddish-brown, the first two joints and legs reddish-

vellow Length 55 mm

head transverse, a little narrower than the thorax, the disc impunctate, not impressed, at the sides with some moderate but superficial punctures, ground-sculpture absent Antennæ scarcely differing from obliquus Thorax convex, a little longer than broad, the sides rounded in front, nearly straightly retracted to the obtuse posterior angles, along the posterior two-thirds with a fine median sulcus ending in a fovea before the scutellum, across the middle with a superficial transverse impression, the sculpture behind this consisting of rather large, closely placed granules, in the impression itself with finer ones, elsewhere with fine, rather close asperate punctures, ground-sculpture absent Elytra as long as but a good deal broader than the thorax, very closely covered with small granules Abdomen with a few punctures in the transverse impressions, elsewhere very sparingly punctured, the 3rd and 7th segments each with a tubercle at the middle of the posterior margin, 8th with a few moderate tubercles, the posterior margin broadly and slightly emarginate and finely denticulate, the angles dentiform, 6th ventral segment a little produced and broadly rounded

The above description is made from a specimen so named from Fauvel's collection, the locality label as below, and

doubtless a co-type

Burma Carın Asciun Ghécu, alt 1400-1500 m, in, iv 88 (Fea)

2017 Astilbus mixtus, sp n

Shining, black, the elytra reddish-yellow, with a sutural triangular blackish marking extending from the base nearly to the posterior margin, the sides more or less broadly pitchy, the posterior margins of the abdominal segments narrowly and obscurely yellowish. Antennæ black, the first two joints reddish-yellow, the lst sometimes with a black spot. Legs reddish-yellow. Length 5.5 mm

Colour of obliquus, build more like tuberculatus, but with broader, flatter thorax Head narrower than the thorax. the eyes rather large, with smooth tubercle between the insertion of the antennæ, in the & broadly, superficially impressed at the base, the impression pubescent and finely and closely punctured, elsewhere finely, moderately closely, obsoletely punctured except in front, which is impunctate, in the Q without pubescent impression, finely, moderately closely, obsoletely punctured, smooth in front, ground-sculpture absent in both sexes Antennæ rather long and stout, the 3rd joint nearly twice as long as the 2nd, 4th to 7th all a little longer than broad, decreasing in length, 8th to 10th as long as broad, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax a fourth broader than long, the sides rounded in front, almost straight and retracted behind, immediately before the base with a very small notch, in the d less shining, broadly impressed along the middle, obtusely carinate on each side of the impression, its fundus with sharp impressed line, near the lateral margin superficially impressed, the sculpture close and granular, in the Q more shining, the median impression narrower and more superficial, its margins not carinate, the fundus with sharply impressed median line, the lateral impressions less distinct, closely, moderately finely, simply punctured, ground-sculpture absent in both sexes Elytra distinctly broader but only slightly longer than the thorax, superficially impressed near the postero-external angles, closely and rather coarsely punctured Abdomen moderately finely and moderately closely punctured on the 1st visible segment, more finely and sparingly on the 2nd, elsewhere very finely and very sparingly punctured

3rd dorsal segment with a small tooth at the middle of the posterior margin, 8th broad, almost truncate and closely denticulate, 6th ventral segment a little produced and broadly rounded

Q 8th dorsal segment narrowed and truncate

Dehra Dun Rawalpındı

2018 Astilbus feæ, sp n

Shining, black, the elytra reddish-yellow, the sutural and lateral regions blackish, the posterior margins of the first

475

two visible abdominal segments narrowly yellowish-red Antennæ dark reddish-brown, the first two joints and legs

reddish-yellow. Length 5.5 mm

Q. in build and antennal structure exactly similar to tuberculatus, but at once distinguished by the different sculpture of the thorax and elytra. Head scarcely differing from tuberculatus, the thorax of the same form with fovea before scutellum and impressed median line in the posterior half, the puncturation close, moderately fine and simple, much finer towards the anterior margin; ground-sculpture absent. Elytra more shining than in tuberculatus, not at all rugose, the punctures simple, close, and rather coarser than on the thorax. Abdomen very finely and very sparingly punctured.

d unknown

Burma : Carın Asciuii Ghécu (Fea) A single pecimen in my collection

2019 Astilbus impressicollis.

Myrredonia impressicollis Kr *, Linn Ent xi 1857, p 53 Myrmedonia sculp'icollis Wasm *, D E Z 1899, p 151

Shining, head pitchy-black, thorax reddish-brown, elytra yellowish or yellowish-brown, more or less infuscate externally, abdomen black, the first two and last two visible segments with the posterior margins yellowish. Antennæ reddish-brown, the first three joints and legs reddish-yellow Length 3 mm

Head transverse, suborbicular, distinctly narrower than the thorax, the post-ocular region very slightly dilated, about as long as the eye, between the bases of the antennæ with a small boss, finely, not very closely punctured and without ground-sculpture Antennæ moderate, a little thickened towards apex, the 3rd joint long, twice as long as the 2nd, 4th to 10th moderately transverse, increasing slightly in width, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax transverse (5 · 3 5), the sides evenly rounded, rather strongly retracted behind, the base and posterior angles rounded, along the middle narrowly sulcate for nearly the whole extent in the 3, for about the posterior two-thirds in the 2, broadly impressed in the 3 on the posterior half, in the 2 with a much more limited impression, the impression in the & with small, moderately close granules, elsewhere with fine, moderately close asperate punctures, much more sparing towards the sides and anterior angles, in the 2 with superficial, somewhat umbilicate punctures on the disc, and finer, somewhat asperate and much more sparing ones elsewhere, ground-sculpture absent Elytra a little longer and distinctly broader than the thorax, transverse, closely, moderately finely, rugosely punctured and without ground-sculpture Abdomen gradually and slightly narrowed towards apex, very finely and very sparingly punctured and without ground-sculpture

8th dorsal segment truncate, in the middle closely and finely denticulate, on each side with a larger tooth separated by a distinct interval from the denticulate area, the upper

surface with closely placed granules

8th dorsal segment truncate in the middle, obliquely

truncate at the sides

Cevlon Colombo India Ahmednagar (Heim) With Odontotermes mallonensis Wasm

2020 Astilbus flavicornis.

Camacopalpus flavicornis Motsch *, Bull Soc Nat Mosc vvii, 1858, iii, p 235, Cam, E M M lviv, 1933, p 219

Shining, head and elytra brown, thorax and abdomen Antennæ reddish Legs reddish-yellow reddish-yellow

Length 3 2 mm

Head as broad as the thorax, transverse, the eyes large, occupying nearly the whole side of the head, vertex with a broad shallow impression, between the insertion of the antennæ with a tubercle, corraceous, at the sides with rather fine, moderately close puncturation Antennæ with the 3rd joint a little longer than the 2nd, 4th about as long as broad, 5th to 10th transverse, slightly increasing in width, 11th conical, rather longer than the 9th and 10th together a fourth broader than long, the sides feebly rounded in front, retracted behind in a nearly straight line to the obtuse posterior angles, adjacent to the side-margin rather broadly impressed along the whole length, at the middle of the base with a small transverse impression, and extending from it an impressed line to beyond the middle, sculpture rather fine, moderately close and asperate, ground-sculpture absent Elytra a little longer and a little broader than the thorax, closely, finely and asperately punctured Abdomen a httle narrowed towards apex, practically impunctate and glabrous, very finely corraceous

7th segment with four small tubercles placed ₹ (s) quadrately, 8th with four small tubercles arranged transversely across the middle and with two others close to the posterior margin, which is broadly and slightly emarginate

"Ind or," without further indication

This species has a facies somewhat resembling Zynas semiflavus Bernh, in which the post-ocular region is not bordered below

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2021 Astilbus bituberculatus.

Camacopalpus intuberculatus Motsch*, Bull Soc Nat Mose YEA, 1878, m., p. 233, tab 1, fig r., Cam., E. M. M. Ivix, 1933 p. 219

Shining; head black or blackish with reddish tinge—thorax vellowish-red,—elvtra—brownish-yellow, infuscate—postero-externally—abdomen reddish-yellow, the 5th and 6th segments slightly infuscate—Antennæ blackish, the first three joints palpi and legs reddish-yellow—Length 4 mm

In colour very similar to flavicornis but larger with the head feebly dilated behind the eyes which are much smaller Antennæ darker, longer and stouter, thorax broader with broad impression along the middle, etc. Head transverse, nearly as broad as the thoray, feebly dilated behind the eyes, the posterior angles broadly rounded, the eyes occupying little more than half the side, so that the post-ocular region is distinct, vertex in the o with a large shallow impression with a little setigerous tubercle on each side of it, the seta directed backwards and inwards, in the 2 the vertex is convex and without setigerous tubercles—the disc impunctate, towards the sides very finely and rather sparingly punctured, finely corraceous, between the antenne with a tubercle with the 2nd joint about half as long as the 3rd, 4th as long as broad, 5th to 10th transverse, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (6 45), the sules almost straight, retracted behind, all the angles rounded, along the middle of the posterior two-thirds in the 5 broadly impressed, the sides of the impression tuberculate behind, in the 9 with large basal fovea, towards the sides with a more shallow oblique impression, puncturation rather fine, slightly asperate. not close, more sparing in the median impression and along the side-margins ground-sculpture absent. Elytra a little longer and broader than the thorax, with close, rather fine asperate sculpture Abdomen a little narrowed at apex. praetically impunctate

3. 3rd segment bisinuate at the middle of the posterior margin, so that a small median lobe is formed, 4th with a small triangular tooth at the middle of the posterior margin (often absent), 7th with a strong median keel posteriorly, 8th broadly arcuately emarginate and obscurely crenulate, on each side with a little tooth

In the other example, marked Q, the 3rd segment is not bisinuate but has a little puncture on each side near the middle line, the tooth on the 4th segment is very indistinct, but the 7th has the median keel well developed, the 8th as above described but with a little pointed tubercle on each side near the middle line close to the posterior margin

I believe this also to be a 3 with poorly developed secondary characters

Burma (type) This is the type-species of Camacopalpus India Dehra Dun

2022 Astilbus ruficornis, sp n

Shming, head black, the inter-antennal tubercle yellow, thorax dark red, elytra reddish-brown, abdomen with the 1st visible segment yellow, 2nd brownish-yellow, the following black. Antennæ yellowish-red. Legs reddish-yellow. Length 4 mm.

In build very like bituberculatus, except that the head is not dilated behind and is as broad as the thorax. Head very finely, moderately closely punctured, finely collaceous Antennæ with the 3rd joint a little longer than the 2nd, 4th slightly longer than broad, the following about as long as broad, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax shaped as in bituberculatus, narrowly impressed along the middle of the posterior two-thirds, before the scutellium with a transverse fovea, the sides distinctly impressed along their whole extent, the puncturation moderately fine, rather close and asperate, ground-sculpture absent. Elytra closely, moderately finely, roughly punctured. Abdomen with the first two visible segments very finely, moderately closely punctured, the 3rd much less, the following nearly impunctate

Dehra Dun (Beeson), 12 vm 23 Å single specimen, apparently Q

2023 Astilbus gracilicornis.

Mys medonia gracilicornis Bernh , D E Z 1902, p 20

Yellow, shining, antennæ slender, thorax subquadrate, sparingly and very finely punctured like the elytra, abdomen

almost impunctate Length 3 mm (11 ln)

Of uniform light yellow colour (perhaps immature?), the fore-parts a little, the abdomen more strongly shining, very sparingly and extremely finely pubescent. Head narrower than the thorax, transverse, more than a half broader than long, extremely finely shagreened, with dull lustre, scarcely visibly, very sparingly punctured, the eyes moderate, the temples almost as long and not bordered below. Antennæ long and slender, the 3rd joint longer than the 2nd, 4th only slightly broader than the 3rd, as long as broad, the following gradually becoming shorter and broader, the penultimate only slightly transverse, the 11th shorter than the 9th and 10th together. Thorax narrower than the elytra, broader than long, straightly and slightly narrowed behind, the anterior angles almost rectangular, with rounded apex,

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the posterior rounded, in the middle with distinct broad impression, between it and the side-margin with a rather deep, curved, longitudinal impression, the median impression enlarged both before the base and the anterior margin to form a fovea, the disc is finely and sparingly punctured, extremely finely shagreened. Elytra as long as the thorax, widened behind, finely and sparingly punctured, more shining than the thorax, abdomen slightly narrowed backwards, shining, in front extremely finely and sparingly, behind scarcely punctured, smooth

Sexual characters unknown

Ceylon Anuradhapura Unique (ex Bernhauer)

The absence of an infra-temporal border would place this species in the genus Ashibus as at present constituted.

2024 Astilbus opacipennis.

Myrmedonia opacipennis Bornh, D E Z 1902, p 19

Reddish-testaceous, shining, elytra dull, the 5th to 7th abdominal segments very black, the 7th with the apex testaceous, head, thorax and abdomen nearly impunctate, elytra very closely, finely rugulose, thorax subcordate, with

a fovea at the base Length 38 mm (15 lin)

An elegant species, easily distinguished by the colour and the dull elytra Head transverse, scarcely twice as broad as long, reddish-yellow, very shining, sparingly, scarcely visibly punctured and exceedingly finely and sparingly pubescent Eyes moderately large, placed on the upper surface of the head and entirely visible from above, the temples about half as long as their length seen from above, not bordered below Antennæ rather long and slender, the 3rd toint not much longer than the 2nd, the 4th half as long but scarcely broader than the 3rd, as long as broad, the following gradually becoming shorter and broader, the penultimate only slightly transverse, the 11th asymmetrically pointed, as long as the preceding two together Thorax a little broader than the head, transversely cordate, about a half broader than long, strongly narrowed behind, the base gently arcuately produced, bright yellow, very shining, extremely finely, scarcely visibly and very sparingly punctured, very sparingly, extremely finely pubescent, before the scutellum with a distinct fovea Elytra distinctly shorter than the thorax, twice as broad as long, completely dull, extremely finely, closely and longitudinally rugose, fine rugæ run obliquely from the shoulders to the suture, around the scutellum and the posterior angles, the rugæ are irregular Abdomen very strongly shiring, the bases of the first three visible dorsal segments strongly transversely impressed, entirely smooth and of bright yellow colour, the 5th to 7th deep black, the latter with the posterior margin narrowly yellow, the basal part also of the raised lateral margins of the individual segments with a black spot Secondary sexual characters not apparent

Ceylon Nalanda Unique (ex Bernhauer)

The absence of an infra-temporal ridge would exclude this species from the genus Zyras, and I place it in Astilbus, but from the position of the eyes etc it would appear to constitute an undescribed genus

2025 Astilbus opacicollis

Myrmedonia opacicollis Cam, E M M Ivi, 1920, p 98

Shining rufo-castaneous, the thorax opaque, impunctate with the disc infuscate, the elytra obscurely infuscate,

antennæ and legs reddish-testaceous Length 3 mm

A small robust form, with a dull, impunctate and densely coriaceous thorax (which has in certain lights a somewhat purplish "bloom") and very shining head, elytra, and abdomen, which are destitute of ground-sculpture Head large, transverse, subtriangular, the eyes moderately large, the temples rounded and a little dilated behind, not bordered below, the upper surface with a few setiferous punctures, otherwise practically impunctate Antennæ moderately long and stout, the 1st joint rather stout, grooved above throughout its length, the 2nd and 3rd shorter, subequal, the 4th a little longer than broad, the 5th to the 10th transverse, gradually increasing in breadth, the penultimate about twice as broad as long, the 11th elongate, gradually pointed, longer than the preceding two together Thorax wider than the head, one-half broader than long, gently rounded at the sides, more narrowed behind than in front, the posterior angles depressed, obtuse, completely opaque (except the extreme anterior and lateral borders and anterior and posterior angles, which are shining), impunctate, corraceous, the sides each with four setæ as long as and a little broader than the thorax, transverse, very finely and very sparingly punctured and pubescent, not emarginate postero-externally Abdomen parallel, the lateral margins moderately elevated, 7th segment studded with small granules, the rest, except for a few fine setæ, glabrous and impunctate First joint of posterior tarsi shorter than the last, slightly longer than the 2nd

Ceylon Bogawantalawa, alt. 4900-5200 feet (G Lewis)

Unique

This species will probably form a new genus, although with strong affinities to Astilbus and Zyras, the sulcate 1st antennal joint and the comparatively short 1st joint of the posterior tarsus differentiate it from either

Genus ORPHNEBIUS Motsch

Orphael my Morsch Bull Soc Nat Mose xxxi 1875 m, p 263, Sharp B C V 1, 2 1852-57 (1853) p 209 Fentes Ger Ins 174 n 1920 p 281 Scheerp Kol Bundsch xs, 1929 p 19, Bernh Zool Arreng Ixxvi 1929 (Wasmann Festband pp 113 146

Homogram Mutsch, Lt. Ent. viii 1879 p. 86 (ex parte), Cam,

I M Mars 1931 p 210 Subgan Introduc colors Birnh Zool Arrieg Ixxxii, 1929, p 147

Subgra Messee plat base Bonh Lep 146 Subgra Messee plate for Bonh Lep 146 Subgra Messee plate for Bonh Lep 147 Subgra Organise see Bonh Lep 147

Subject Service Bomb Rev Food By Mr Sym 1929, p 22%

Subgen TI me to a Booth. Food Angely Issua 1929 (Wa-mann Indian p 147

Head broad trans-In faces very smaller to Letralethrus Buccal smus only Temples not bordered below

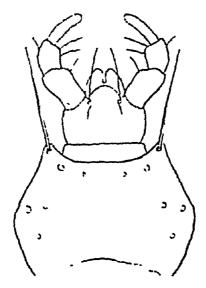


Fig. 121 -Orpl nebius hausers, labium

narrowly separated from the eye in front, not reaching the level of its posterior border behind. Neck narrow, about a third as broad as the head Gular sutures parallel Antenna usually with the penultimate joints transverse Labrum transverse, membranous in front and rounded, in the middle of the anterior border with a small triangular emargination. Mandibles short, stout, curved and pointed, edentate.

Maxillary palpi with the 1st joint small 2nd slightly curved and slightly thickened towards apex, 3rd as long as the 2nd but a good deal thicker at the apex, 4th subulate, half as long as the 3rd Outer lobe of maxilla rather broad. extending beyond the apex of the inner, chate at apex, inner lobe narrow, pointed, with several fine curved spines below the apex, chate elsewhere Mentum transverse, the sides rounded and dilated behind, narrowed towards the front. the anterior border almost truncate. Labial palpi short, 3-jointed, the 1st joint short, 2nd shorter and narrower 3rd narrower than the 2nd and a little longer than the 1st Tongue short and broad, subtriangular, scarcely as long as the Ist joint of the labial palpi with a narrow triangular excision reaching nearly to the base and dividing it into two triangular lobes rounded at the apices Paraglos-æ feeble extending to the base of the 1st joint of the labial palpi. Thorax somewhat variable in shape, the pronotal epipleura visible from the side, without median sulcus Prosteinum transverse. trapezoidal, without deflexed posterior part, truncate behind and without keel Mesosternal process broad, truncate behind, extending about half the length of the coxe, metasternal process broad and truncate meeting the mesosternal process, the coxe widely separated Elytra not emarginate posteroexternally Abdomen more or less scaphoidal, only the Ist visible segment transversely impressed at the base Legs moderate Tibiæ ciliate Tarsi 4, 5, 5, the anterior with the 1st joint a little shorter than the 2nd, 3rd as long as the 1st, 4th as long as the preceding three together, middle similarly constructed, but with the joints a little longer, the 4th as long as the 3rd, 5th shorter than the preceding three together, posterior with the 1st joint moderately long, a little longer than the 2nd, 3rd and 4th shorter, subequal, 5th as long as the 2nd. Claws simple, slightly curved Differs from Deroleplus in the broader neck, different tarsi, the 1st joint of the posterior shorter, the antennæ usually stouter, and the shorter and stouter maxillary and labial palpi. The genus is divided into several subgenera characterized by the comparative breadth of the head and thorax The characters given are taken from O. hauseri

Only two of the subgenera are so far known in our Fauna, and are differentiated as follows —

As this character is not particularly well defined I have not used it in the Key to the Species

Key to the Species

- 1 Antenna with the penultimate joints strongly transverse Antenna with the penultimate joints not or moderately transverse 2 Ferrugmous red species the 4th visible segment infuscate inficentrie Upp., p. 485 Fore parts black abdomen red 3 Abdomen clear red or reddish vellow sometimes with the 4th or 4th and 5th visible segments infuscate Abdomen otherwise coloured or brown 10 4 Foreparts entirely black entirely red ٩ Fore parts otherwise 5 Penultimate joints of antenny distinctly transcese 6, Penultimate joints of antenna distinctly longer than broad
- 6 Logs entirely vellowish red 6163 1612 large occupying nearly the whole side of the head

Femora dark brown eyes moderate

7 11th joint of antenny as long as the preceding three together more robust species elytra with very fine punctures 11th joint of antenne only as long as the preceding two together, nairower species elvtra with less fine punctures

8 Head and thorax black civira reddish, 3rd and 4th visible segments pitchy Head and thorax ferrugmous red or reddish yellow

4 Eyesvery large elytra with long black setre at the sides Eyes moderate, elytra without black

10 Head and thorax black, legs pitchy-

Head and thorax reddish brown or reddish-yellow, legs reddish-yellow

Luquius Kr. p 486

9

bumanus sp n.p 484 hausert Epp p 483

flat itentris Champ, p 484

indicus sp n. p 486 cingulatus Cam, p 489

termitis Motsch, p 487 ferruquieus, sp n.p 487

bryanti Cam, p 489 mualilensis sp n.p 488

2026 Orphnebius (str) hauseri (Plate II, fig 8)

Orphnebius hauseri Epp. W E Z xiv, 1895, p 54

Shining, head, thorax and elytra black, abdomen red Antennæ black, the first four joints red Femora black, the tibiæ and tarsi red. Length 3 3 mm

Head transversely suborbicular, distinctly narrower than the thorax, the eyes rather large but not prominent, about as long as the post-ocular region, with a few extremely fine scattered punctures at the sides, otherwise impunctate and without ground-sculpture Antennæ moderate, the 3rd joint a little longer than the 2nd, 4th a little longer than broad, 5th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate twice

as broad as long, the 11th laterally compressed, longer than the 9th and 10th together. Thorax transverse (6.5.5), convex, widest behind, the sides almost straight, a little retracted towards the front and with five setiferous punctures, otherwise practically impunctate and glabrous. Elytra a fifth longer and a good deal broader than the thorax, widest behind, convex, with a few very fine setiferous punctures. Abdomen as broad as the elytra, a little narrowed behind, the side-margins strongly raised, the 7th segment closely and coarsely punctured, the punctures more or less elongate, posteriorly with longitudinal ruge, 8th with the posterior margin broadly rounded behind and with a row of small granules, elsewhere practically impunctate and glabrous, the sides with some black setæ

Simila Hills Chakrata and Mussooree districts Darjeeling district Ghum W Almora, Sunderdhunga In company with Myrmica smythiesi Forel and often carried about by this insect

2027 Orphnebius (Mesocephalobius) flaviventris

Orphnehus flaviventris Champ, E. M. M. Ivii, 1921, p. 179

Shining, head, thorax and elytra black, abdomen yellowished Antennæ black Femora black, tibiæ brown, tarsi

vellow Length 35 mm

Broader than hausers and similarly coloured, except that the antennæ are black and the tibiæ brown. Head a little narrower than the thorax, with a few fine setiferous punctures. Antennæ long and slender, 3rd joint longer than 2nd, 4th to 10th all longer than broad, gradually decreasing in length, the 11th as long as the preceding three together. Thorax more transverse than in hausers, with a few fine setiferous punctures. Elytra a little longer and a good deal broader than the thorax, with a few setiferous punctures as in hausers. Abdomen parallel, practically impunctate, the raised lateral margins broad, the 7th segment very feebly striate behind, 8th broadly rounded, practically impunctate, sides with some black setæ 1st joint of posterior tarsi scarcely longer than 2nd.

Kumaun W Almora, alt 5500 feet (H G Champion)

Unique British Museum

2028 Orphnebius (Mesocephalobius) birmanus, sp n

Shming, head, thorax and elytra black, the latter sometimes obscurely reddish in the basal half, abdomen red Antennæ black, the first four joints reddish-yellow Legs reddish-yellow Length 3.75 mm

Except for the legs scarcely differs in colour from hausers,

the antennæ are similarly constructed except that the 4th joint is shorter, scarcely longer than broad, but the head is broader, very little narrower than the thorax, almost impunctate, eyes much larger, longer than the post-ocular region transverse (55 45), wider in front than behind, the sides almost straight and retracted from before backwards, all the angles broadly rounded and, except for four or five setiferous punctures at the sides, impunctate Elytra distinctly broader and slightly longer than the thorax, with a few very fine setiferous punctures as in hauseri. Abdomen as broad as the elytra, gradually narrowed towards apex, the sides strongly elevated, the 7th segment much less coarsely, less closely, more obsoletely punctured than in hausen and scarcely striate posteriorly, but with an distinct keels near the posterior margin, 8th segment less broadly rounded than in hausers, at the middle of the posterior margin with two little tubercles and a few scattered ones elsewhere, the rest of the abdomen glabrous and impunetate

Burma Tenasserim, Tavoy (Doherty)

2029 Orphnebius (Mesocephalobius) ruflventris

Myrmedonia rufii entris Epp., D E Z 1895, p 388

Very shining, black, the abdomen red. Antennæ black, the first three joints and legs yellow, the femora darker Length 3.75 mm

Of short, robust build Head broad, a little narrower than the thorax, transversely suborbicular, impunctate, the front convex Antennæ stout, extending to the middle of the elytra, strongly thickened towards the apex and with rather long, sparing black hairs, the 3rd joint twice as long as the 2nd, 4th and 5th a little longer than broad, 6th transverse, 7th to 10th much more strongly, 11th almost longer than the preceding two together Thorax more than twice as broad as long, shorter than the head, truncate in front, gently rounded behind, the sides strongly rounded, retracted behind, the anterior angles blunt and depressed, the posterior broadly rounded, convey, in the middle of the disc on each side with a puncture, along the anterior border with a few more Elytra broader and longer than the thorax, wider behind, dehiscent at the sutural angle, with very sparing, scarcely visible punctures and fine depressed hairs Abdomen broad, with strongly elevated side-margins, a little narrowed behind, somewhat concave above, the 7th segment entirely covered with close, fine, longitudinal striæ, 8th with two curved rows of fine sparing granules, one at the posterior margin, the other across the middle

Burma Pegu Unique (ex Eppelsheim)

2030 Orphnebius (Mesocephalobius) lævigatus.

My-medonic lateigns Kr.*, Arch. Naturg. xxv. 1859, p. 26

Shining, ferruginous-red, the 4th visible abdominal segment slightly infuscate, the last yellowish. Antennæ reddish the first two joints and legs yellow. Length 3 75 mm.

Head as broad as the thorax, transverse, the neck about a third its width, the eyes very large and prominent, much longer than the post-ocular region, impunctate and glabrous and without ground-sculpture. Antennæ very short and clavate, the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd 4th to 10th transverse. the 5th and following very strongly so, four times as broad as long, the 11th narrower than but about as long as the preceding two together. Thorax very slightly transverse convex, the sides straight, retracted in front, all the angles rounded. without sculpture and almost glabrous Elytra slightly longer and a good deal broader (5:3) than the thorax. transverse wider behind, internal to the humeral angle with an impression, impunctate and glabrous. Abdomenscaphoidal. narrowed at base and apex. flat, the first three visible segments with normal, transverse, basal impressions, impunctate and glabrous. First joint of posterior tarsus a little longer than the 2nd.

Although much resembling Tetrabothrus in facies, and included in that genus in the Cat Col. pars 82, p. 688 the absence of deep excavations of the anterior abdominal segments characteristic of this genus excludes it.

· Ind. Port." (Helfer).

2031. Orphnebius (Mesocephalobius) indicus, sp. n.

Snining: head and thorax black, elvers pitchy-black: abdomen red. Antennæ with the first five joints shining, yellowish-red, the following dull reddish-brown. Legs yellowish-red. Length 3 5 mm.

Head strongly transverse, as broad as the thorax, the postocular region rounded and retracted to the neck, a little shorter than the length of the large eye: practically impunctate and without ground-sculpture Antenna with the 3rd joint slightly longer than the 2nd, 4th a little longer than broad. 5th and following laterally compressed, the 5th to 10th (seen on the fiat slightly transverse) gradually increasing in breadth. the 11th as long as the preceding three together in the 9. scarcely longer than the 10th in the o. Thorax convex. slightly transverse (4-5:4), widest behind at the broadly rounded posterior angles, the sides practically straight and a little retracted to the rounded anterior angles, practically without sculpture. Elytra a fourth longer and nearly twice as broad as the thorax, in the 5 with a tubercle at the junction

Smaller and of a more yellow colour than ferrugineus, with larger eyes and shorter antennæ, thorax more transverse, a third broader than long, more like that of bryants in shape. the sides being strongly retracted behind, the eyes, however, are much larger than those of that species Head transversely subquadrate, as broad as the thorax, the eyes large, much longer than the temples, almost impunctate and glabrous. and without ground-sculpture Antennæ rather short, the 3rd joint a little longer than the 2nd, 4th small, about as long as broad, 5th slightly, 6th to 10th more strongly transverse, the penultimate about a half broader than long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax a third broader than long, the sides gently rounded, rather strongly retracted behind, the disc sometimes with a pair of small setiferous punctures behind the middle and four others on either side, otherwise glabrous and practically impunctate Elytra as long as but a good deal broader than the thorax, very finely and very sparingly punctured, each puncture with a long yellow hair, the sides with two or three long black setæ Abdomen a little narrowed at the base and apex, the sides gently rounded, the 7th segment coarsely and closely punctured on the basal, structe on the posterior half, the 8th broadly rounded, the other segments glabrous and impunctate, the sides with long yellow setæ

Cevlon Kandy (Bryant) The unique specimen is probably

somewhat immature

2034 Orphnebius (Mesocephalobius) siwalikensis, sp n

Shining, head reddish-brown, thorax yellowish-red, elytra yellow, a little infuscate postero-externally, abdomen brown, the posterior margins of the segments narrowly rufescent Antennæ reddish-brown, the first three joints and the legs

reddish-vellow Length 33 mm

Near termitis, but larger and with different antennæ, thorax shorter, more transverse (45 3), the elytra a third longer than the thorax and with a little tubercle externally just about the middle, abdomen gradually narrowed from base to apex, 7th segment coarsely and closely punctured in front, closely striate behind, the 8th with a few small granules, the posterior margin rounded and closely and finely denticulate. Head broad and subquadrate, nearly as broad as the thorax, the eyes large as in flavescens. Antennæ with the 3rd joint twice as long as the 2nd, 4th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate twice as broad as long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Puncturation extremely fine and sparing throughout and without ground-sculpture.

Siwaliks Kheri Rau Unique

2035 Orphnebius (Mesocephalobius) cingulatus.

Orphudaus camillatus Cam., P. M. M. (vz. 1920. p. 96

Black, shining; disc of the elvtra obscurely rufescent, abdomen red, the 5th and 6th segments pitchy, anterior pair of legs and first four joints of the antenna reddish-testaceous, middle and posterior legs pitchy-testaceous. Length 23 mm

Head large, transverse, as broad as the thorax, subquadrate, the posterior angles briefly rounded, the disc with a row of three moderately large but superhead punctures on either side, otherwise impunctate and glabrous and without groundsculpture, the eves large, not prominent Antenna with the 1st joint laterally compressed, the 2nd much shorter than the 3rd, the 4th as long as broad, the 5th to the 10th transverse, gradually increasing in breadth, the penultimate joints twice as broad as long, the 11th short, oval, as long as the preceding two together. Thorax one third as broad again as long. the sides gently rounded, a little more retracted behind, the posterior angles obtuse, disc with a single moderately large puncture on either side and two or three others close together in front of and external to these, otherwise impunctate and Elytra scarcely longer but much broader than the thorax, the dire obscurely reddill, extremely finely and very sparingly punctured and pulsecent at the sides, the disc nearly impunetate but with a very fine ground sculpture Abdomen scaphoidal, the lateral margins strongly rused, 7th dorsal regment corrects and reguests panetured, except on the posterior third, which is longitudinally striggese, the other segments impunctate, smooth, shining and glabrous

3 supera posterior angle of the 2nd ventral plate produced backwards parallel and external to the lateral margin of the abelomen to the level of the posterior margin of the 5th dorsal segment as a narrow, triangular, pointed plate, superoposterior angles of the 3rd and 4th ventral segments a little prominent. Sth dorsal segment with a small blunt tooth on either side of the posterior margin, produced and much narrowed in the middle line, the apex rounded

Ceylon Kandy (Bryant)

2036. Orphnebius (Mesocephalobius) bryanti.

Orphnebius briganti Cam., E. M. M. Ivi, 1920, p. 97.

Shining, black, the clytra brownish-yellow, infuscate postero externally. Antenna blackish, the 2nd and 3rd joints reddish Legs pitchy-brown, the tarm yellow Length 2 75-3 5 mm

Differs from cingulatus in the larger size, colour, smaller eyes, shorter thorax (3.5 4.75), with the sides more strongly retracted behind, the clytra more uniformly but very sparingly

punctured and without ground-sculpture. The abdomen with a row of six small setiferous granules near the posterior margin of the 6th segment, the sculpture of the 7th as in cingulatus.

3 supero-posterior angle of the 2nd ventral segment only slightly prominent, 8th dorsal segment with the posterior margin gently rounded, scarcely produced in the middle, and with a row of eight tubercles parallel to it

Ceylon Kandy (Bryant)

Genus DEROLEPTUS Bernh

Deroleptus Bernh , W Z B lxv, 1915, p 150 , id , Zool Anzeiger, lxxxii, 1929 (Wasmann Festband), p 143
Orphnebiota Cam , E M M lvi, 1920, p 97

Head broad, transverse, temples not bordered below Neck narrow, only about a fourth or fifth as broad as the head Maxillary palpi 4-jointed, the 1st joint small, the 2nd elongate. scarcely thickened towards apex, the 3rd as long as the preceding and but little thickened, the 4th subulate, one-half as long as the preceding Labial palpi 3-jointed, the 1st joint rather short, the 2nd a little shorter and narrower than the 1st, the 3rd longer and narrower than the 2nd Inner lobe of maxilla long and narrow, feebly pectinate internally in front, outer lobe long and narrow, densely chate Thorax without median sulcus Pronotal epipleura visible from the side Mesosternum truncate posteriorly, extending but little between the middle coxe, which are widely separated, metasternal process gradually narrowed, produced, the apex rounded, not meeting the mesosternum Tarsi 4, 5, 5, anterior pair with first three joints moderately stout, subequal, the fourth as long as the preceding three together, the middle pair with the first four joints elongate, gradually decreasing in length, the posterior pair elongate, with the 1st joint as long as the following two together, the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th gradually shorter Elytra not sinuate Abdomen scaphoid, the sides strongly elevated Wings present

Closely allied to *Orphnebius*, but differs in the narrower neck, slender antennæ, longer palpi and longer tarsi, the 1st joint of the posterior pair as long as the two following together.

Key to the Species

- 1 Elytra covered with rather large granules
 Elytra finely and asperately punctured
- 2 Black species
 Ferruginous-red species, the elytra
 brownish-yellow
- ceylonicus, sp n, p 491.
- 2 mger, sp n, p 492
- [p 491 rufocastaneus Cam,

2037 Deroleptus rufocastaneus.

Orphnebiota rufocastanea Cam, E M M Ivi, 1920, p 98

Shining, reddish-chestnut, the elytra brownish-yellow, with the sides obscurely darker, first four joints of the antennæ and legs testaceous, the apices of the middle and

posterior femora a little infuscate Length 3 75 mm

Head transverse, nearly as broad as the thorax, very finely and very sparingly punctured, the eyes large, the temples gradually and broadly rounded Antennæ elongate, the 2nd joint shorter than the 3rd, 4th to the 8th longer than broad, gradually decreasing in length, 9th and 10th about as long as broad, the 11th elongate, pointed, nearly as long as the preceding two together Thorax as long as broad, rounded at the sides anteriorly, slightly narrowed and feebly sinuate in front of the obtuse posterior angles, impunctate, glabrous Elytra as long as and considerably broader than the thorax, transverse, finely, not very closely and asperately punctured, finely pubescent, the ground-sculpture very fine and obsolete Abdomen scaphoid, the lateral margins much elevated, 7th dorsal segment coarsely and rugosely striate for the anterior two-thirds, much more finely so posteriorly, and less shining also, the other segments impunctate, shining and glabrous

3 7th dorsal segment with a small flat tubercle immediately in front of the posterior margin in the middle, 8th dorsal segment with a deep triangular excision, supero-posterior angles of the ventral segments prominent

Ceylon Kandy (Bryant) Unique

2038 Deroleptus ceylonicus, sp n (Plate II, fig 9)

Shining, dark reddish-brown Antennæ with the first three joints reddish-yellow, the following blackish with reddish-yellow bases, the 10th and 11th entirely reddishyellow Legs reddish, the apical half of the femora black,

tarsı reddish-yellow Length 45 mm

head suborbicular, slightly transverse, the eye a little shorter than the post-ocular region, practically impunctate and without ground-sculpture. Antennæ rather long and slender, setiferous, the 3rd joint nearly twice as long as the 2nd, 4th to 10th all longer than broad, decreasing in length, narrowed at the bases and so somewhat clavate, the 11th as long as the 10th. Thorax slightly longer than broad (5.45), convex, the sides strongly rounded in front and with a black seta, simuately retracted behind, the posterior angles briefly rounded, with a few extremely fine, scarcely visible punctures and a little behind the middle on each side with a small

setiferous puncture Elytra as long as but a good deal broader than the thorax, with a smooth depressed area postero-externally, elsewhere with not very close setiferous granules Abdomen scaphoidal, practically glabrous and impunctate, the sides with black setæ, the 7th segment coarsely and closely striate and with a large flat keel along the middle, 8th with small scattered granules, the posterior margin with a blunt median tooth and on each side a smaller one separated from

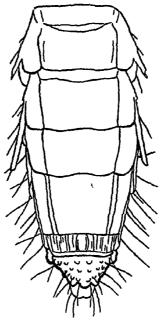


Fig 122 -Deroleptus ceylonicus, 3, abdomen

it by a small arcuate emargination. The supero-posterior angles of the 1st and 2nd ventral segments produced upwards and backwards as flattened spiniform processes, the 2nd the longer, the edges of the 4th and 5th also a httle produced backwards but not spiniform

Q unknown Ceylon Kandy (Bryant)

2039. Deroleptus niger, sp. n.

Shining, black. Antennæ yellowish-red, the last three joints blackish Legs reddish, the femora brown Length 55-575 mm

A robust species of head transverse, suborbicular, nearly as broad as the thorax, the eyes large, almost as long as the

post-ocular region, the punctures very small and very few. Antennæ with the 3rd joint nearly twice as long as the 2nd, 4th to 8th slightly longer than broad, slightly compressed, gradually decreasing in length, somewhat clavate, the 9th and 10th about as long as broad or slightly transverse, the 11th as long as the preceding two together Thorax convex, as long as broad, the sides almost straight, slightly retracted behind, the posterior angles broadly rounded, on each side of the middle a little behind the centre with a small setiferous puncture, the puncturation extremely fine and extremely scanty Elytra scarcely longer but a good deal broader than the thorax, postero-externally broadly impressed and practically impunctate, elsewhere with small, not very close, asperate and setiferous punctures Abdomen scaphoidal, its lateral margins explanate, the 7th segment very closely and very coarsely punctured, at the posterior margin with a row of six or seven small granules, the 8th with numerous granules of varying size, its posterior margin deeply and broadly emarginate, the middle of the emargination with a strong blunt tooth, the abdomen otherwise glabrous and impunctate The postero-superior angle of the 1st ventral plate somewhat prominent, that of the 2nd forming a bifid plate, its outer division longer and narrower than the inner, pointed and directed backwards, downwards and outwards, the inner division shorter and directed backwards and inwards, 3rd produced as a short spine upwards, backwards and outwards, 4th with the angle a little prominent, like the 1st Assam Sudiya, Patkai Mountains (Doherty)

PHEIDOLOGITONETES, gen n

In facies somewhat resembling Astilbus rufobrunnea Head transverse, eyes moderate, the post-ocular region very slightly dilated and rounded to the neck, which is much narrower than the head, temples not bordered below Buccal sinus separated only by a narrow space from the eye in front Gular sutures parallel, narrowly separated Antennæ rather long and stout, the joints cylindrical Labrum transverse, arcuately emarginate, the emargination filled in by membrane Mandibles moderate, curved, pointed, edentate Maxillary palpi 4-jointed, the 1st joint small, 2nd elongate, slightly thickened towards apex 3rd longer and more thickened than the 2nd, 4th very small, subulate, scarcely a fourth as long as the 3rd lobe of maxilla narrow, pointed, extending beyond the inner, chlate at apex, inner lobe broader, at the inner margin in front with a few fine close spines, elsewhere closely ciliate Mentum slightly transverse, the sides rounded behind, a little retracted in front, the anterior border broadly and very deeply arcuately

emarginate, the anterior angles acute and prominent Labial palpi 3-jointed, the 1st joint cylindrical, 2nd half as long as the 1st and but little narrower, cylindrical, 3rd narrower and a little shorter than the 2nd Tongue much shorter than the 1st joint of the labial palpi, broad at the base, narrowed towards apex, and split into two very small triangular lobes Paraglossæ fine, not extending much beyond the base of the labial palpi. Thorax with the pronotal epipleura visible from the side. Prosternum transverse, broadly rounded behind, more or less carinate and divided by a fine transverse arcuate line. Mesosternal process short and broad, broadly rounded behind, extending nearly half the length of the coxe, the metasternal

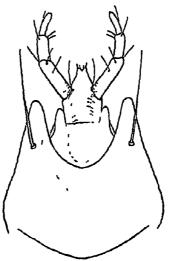


Fig 123 -Pheidologitonetes schifer, labium

process long, bluntly pointed, separated by a short intersternal piece from the mesosternal, coxe widely separated Elytra scarcely emarginate. Abdomen narrowed at the base, more strongly towards apex, scaphoidal, the first three visible segments transversely impressed at the base, the penultimate with close cribriform sculpture. Legs rather long. Thise chiate. Tarsi 4, 5, 5, the anterior with the 1st joint elongate, slightly longer than the 2nd, 3rd slightly shorter, 4th shorter than the preceding two together, middle with 1st joint elongate, a little longer than the 2nd and 3rd together, 3rd a little shorter than 2nd, 4th a little shorter than the 3rd, 5th shorter than the preceding two together, posterior with the 1st joint long, as long as the 2nd and 3rd together, 2nd to 4th gradually decreasing in length, 5th a little longer than the 4th Claws slightly curved, simple

2040. Pheidologitonetes setifer, sp n (Plate II, fig 10)

Shining, head and abdomen black, thorax and elytra dark ferruginous-red, the latter more or less extensively infuscate, sometimes (7 immature) with the fore-parts entirely bright ferruginous-red and the abdomen with the first two visible segments more or less yellow Antennæ yellowish-red Legs yellowish-red, with the apical third of the femora infuscate Length 4 mm

Head transverse, as broad as the thorax, the eyes moderate, the post-ocular region rounded, very slightly dilated and retracted to the stout neck, convex, without inter-antennal tubercle but with two small setiferous punctures, smooth in front and along the middle, elsewhere extremely finely, sparingly punctured, and with a few long black setæ, groundsculpture absent Antennæ rather long, the 3rd joint twice as long as the 2nd, 4th and following all longer than broad, 5th to 10th scarcely differing amongst themselves, cylindrical, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax very slightly transverse, the sides rounded in front, almost straight and distinctly retracted to the briefly rounded posterior angles, convex, with fine median impressed line and basal fovea, very finely, closely punctured and without ground-sculpture. the sides with a few long black setæ Elytra as long as but broader than the thorax, extremely finely and less closely punctured, at the sides with five or six long black setæ and one or two shorter ones on the disc, ground-sculpture absent Abdomen a little narrowed at the base, more strongly towards apex, the sides rounded, the 7th segment rather coarsely and very closely punctured, cribriform, elsewhere except for about six setiferous punctures at the posterior margins of the segments practically impunctate and glabrous, the sides with numerous long black setæ, 8th dorsal segment rounded in all the specimens seen Pubescence of the fore-parts very fine In the sculpture of the 7th abdominal segment this species resembles many of the genus Orphnebius

Nilguri Hills (Andrewes) In company with Pheidologian affinis, January 1906

Genus JACOBSONELLA Silv

Jacobsonella Silv, Boll Labor Zool Scuola Agric Portici, v, 1910, p 59, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 276, Franssen, Tijdschr Ent lxxv, 1932, pp 170-71 (figs) (Supplement)

Fore-parts narrow, abdomen broader, either scaphoidal or greatly dilated, with the membranous parts much developed, the chitinous sometimes reduced to transverse median plates and lateral discs Head a little longer than broad, narrower than the thorax, subparallel, the angles rounded, eyes rather

small, the temples not bordered below Antennæ rather long, not much thickened towards apex, 11-jointed more than twice as broad as long, the anterior border feebly rounded, the anterior angles rounded Mandibles rather long, curved, pointed, edentate, produced beyond the labrum. Maxillæ long, the inner lobe a little shorter than the outer the apex pointed and curved inwards, with a subapical row of stout setæ internally, outer lobe broader, its apex rounded and furnished with several setæ Maxillary palpi rather long. 4-jointed, the 1st joint small, 2nd slightly curved and a little thickened towards apex, 3rd much longer and a little broader, scarcely thicker at the apex, 4th subulate, about a third as long as the preceding Gular plate long, arcuately constricted in the middle, widened in front, with the sides rounded Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, truncate in front Labial palpi 3-jointed, rather long, the 1st and 2nd cylindrical, the 2nd a little shorter and narrower than the 1st, 3rd subulate, a little longer than the 1st Tongue small, about as long as the 1st joint of the labial palpi, rounded in front and with a small excision in the middle, paraglossæ short Thorax very slightly transverse, the pronotal epipleura visible from the Prosternum transverse, trapezoidal, the anterior and posterior parts indistinctly separated by a fine transverse keel. Mesosternum short, feebly obtusely produced behind in the middle and extending but little between the coxe, metasternum with short pointed process the middle coxal cavities large, the intersternal piece long and narrow, the middle coxe The exposed part of the scutellum small short, transverse, broader than the thorax, wider behind Wings present or absent Abdomen scaphoidal or physogastrous Legs rather long, coxæ long, femora sulcate in the apical half internally, tibiæ sparingly ciliate Tarsi 4, 5, 5, the anterior with the first three joints short, gradually decreasing in length, 4th as long as the preceding three together, middle with 1st joint elongate, as long as the two following together, these subequal, 4th a little shorter, posterior with the 1st joint as long as the three following together, these gradually decreasing m length, 5th as long as the 3rd and 4th together Claws curved and pointed, between their bases with a long seta. The species are found in the nests of termites

2041 Jacobsonella flavescens, sp n (Plate II, fig 11, 3, fig 12, \(\bar{Q} \).)

Shining, head, thorax and abdomen pale ferruginous-red, elytra and sometimes the head pale yellow Antennæ and legs yellow Length 3 mm

Differs from termitobia Silv in the pale colour and more

transverse thorax Head a little longer than broad, narrower than the thorax, subparallel with a few fine setiferous punctures Antennæ rather long, the 3rd joint longer than the 2nd, 4th to 10th all longer than broad, gradually decreasing in length, the 11th as long as the preceding two together Thorax transverse (3 5 · 2 75), the sides very feebly rounded, equally but slightly retracted in front and behind, the angles rounded, with a few fine setiferous punctures Elytra as long as but broader than the thorax, wider behind, with a few fine asperate setiferous punctures, in the 2 pushed up into a nearly vertical position by the inflated abdomen. Abdomen in the & scaphoidal, finely and moderately closely punctured on the first three visible segments, much more sparingly on the following, the 8th segment truncate, in the 2 strongly dilated, oval, not much longer than broad, the side-margins of the first four visible segments explanate, disciform, surrounded by white conspicuous membrane, the rest of the abdomen as in the & but with the intersegmental membranes white and distinctly visible, the posterior margin of the last segment very slightly emarginate

Burma Insem (T B Fletcher)

This species I formerly regarded as termitobia Silv (Cat Ind. Ins part v1, 1925, Staphylinidæ, p 94) Franssen (Tijdschr. Ent lxxv, 1932, Suppl p 170) regards termitobia as repiesenting two species, one with scaphoidal abdomen (termitobia), the physogastrous form being distinct (oudemansi) However this may be, it appears to me that flavescens, as described above. represents the sexes of a single species, they were taken in the same nest at the same time

Genus ZYRAS Steph

Zyras Steph, Ill Brit Ent Mandib v, 1832, p 430, Blatchley, Col Indiana, 1, 1910, p 358, Fenyes, Gen. Ins 173 B, 1920, p 293, Bernh, Arch Naturg Abt A, xcu, 1926 (1928), pp 19—22, Portevin, Encycl Ent A, xu, 1929, 1, p 254, Scheerp, Kol Rundsch xv, 1929, p 19, id, Tierwelt Mitteleur v, 2, 1930,

p 76

Myrmedoma Er, Kåf Mark Brand 1, 1837-39, p 286, 1d, Gen.
Spec Staph 1839-40, p 35, Lacord, Gen Col 11, 1845, p 29,
Redtb, Faun Austr ed 1, 1849, p 648, ed 11, 1858, p 119, and
ed 11, 1874, p 142, Kraatz, Naturg Ins Deutschl Col 11,
1856-58, p 113, Jacq du Val, Gen Col d'Eur. 11, 1857-59,
p 9, Fauv, Faun Gallo-Rhén 111, 1872, p 653, Fowler, Col
Brit Isl 11, 1888, p 55, Ganglb, Kåf Mitt-Eur 11, 1895, p 116,
Everts, Col Neerl 11, 1898, p 191, Johansen, Danmarks Rovbiller,
1914, p 93, Cam, Trans Ent Soc Lond 1920 (1921), pp 360,
397, Everts, Col Neerl 11, 1922, p 91
Subgen Camacopalpus Motsch, Bull Soc Nat Mosc. (3) xxxx,
1858, p 231 (ex parte)

1858, p 231 (ex parte) Subgen Grateodoma Bernh, Arch Naturg Abt A, xcu, 1926 (1928), pp 22, 68

Subgen. Glossacantha Gemm et Har, Cat Col 11, 1868, p 519, Fauv, Rev d'Ent xiv, 1895, p 12, Wasm, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2) xvi, 1896, p 619, id, D E Z 1899, p 150, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 s, 1920, p 276, Bernh, Arch Naturg Abt A, xcii, 1926 (1928), pp 20, 36, 40 (Acanthoglossa), Motsch, Et Ent viii, 1859, p 88 (præoc)
Subgen Pella Steph, Ill Brit Ent Mandib v, 1832, p 434, Ganglb, Käf Mith-Eur 11, 1895, p 122, Reitt, Faun Germ 11, 1909, p 42, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 s, 1920, p 296
Subgen Rhynchodoma Wasm, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2) xvi, 1896, p 620, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 s, 1920, p 295
Subgen Zyras, s str, Steph, Ill Brit Ent Mandib v, 1832, p 430, Thoms, Skand Col 11, 1860, p 258, Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brévip Aléoch 11, 1873, p 35, Ganglb, Käf Mitt-Eur 11, 1895, p 119, Reitt, Faun Germ 11, 1909, p 42, Johansen, Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p 94, Fenyes, Gen. Ins 173 s, 1920, p 296, Portevin, Encycl Ent A, xii, 1929, 1, p 254

An extremely large and polymorphic group, very closely related to Astilbus, from which indeed it is doubtfully separable now that a wider knowledge of tropical forms is available. The post-ocular region is, however, more or less bordered below, and typically the 3rd joint of the labial palpi is as long or longer than the 2nd, whereas in Astilbus it is shorter, amongst the tropical forms considerable variation occurs in the relative proportions of these joints, and it can scarcely be regarded as a valuable character. Authors indeed appear often to have referred their species to either Zyras or Astilbus, according to which genus the general facies most corresponded. The species here included have an infra-orbital border at least behind.

DC	Key to the Subgenero	z†
1	Antennæ with the 4th and following joints laterally compressed and more or less serrate, usually with long sparing pubescence, the 3rd joint much longer	
	than the 2nd, which is very small	2
,	Antennæ with the joints not laterally	
	compressed or serrate	<u>5</u> [p 516
2	Sculpture of the fore-parts granular	TAPRODONIA, nov,
	Sculpture of the fore-parts otherwise	3
3	Thorax with broad continuous impres-	[p 517
-	sion along the sides and base	TERMITELIA, nov,
	Thorax without such impression, head	
	much produced in front	4
4	Thorax broadly flattened along the	_ [p 515
-	middle	CRATEODONIA Bernh,
	Thorax not flattened	RHYNCHODONIA Wasm,
5	7th to 11th joints of antennæ forming a	[p 499
٠	stout club	RHOPALODONIA, nov,
	Antennæ not clavate	6 [p 546
6	to it is a second a fear military	[et Har, p 518
J	shorter than the 3rd	GLOSSACANTHA Gemm

[†] The subgenus of Myrmedonia trisulcata Wasm (p 547) is uncertain and is not included in the Key

7	2nd joint of antenne as long as or not much shorter than the 3rd Antenne with long sparing hairs, shining	7.
••	species	ZYRAS, 8 str , p. 532.
_	cence	8
સ	Sculpture of the fore-parts rugose; thorax as long as broad .	[p 546 Zyrastilbus, nov,
	Sculpture of fore-parts not rugose, thorax strongly transv-rse	PELLA Steph, p 544

Subgenus RHYNCHODONIA Wasm

Rhimchodonia Wasm. Ann Mus Civ Gen. (2) xvi, 1896, p 620;
Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 295, Bernh, Arch Naturg.
Abt A, xcii, 1926 (1928), p 21, note
Camacopalpus Motsch, Bull Soc Nat Mosc (3) xxxi, 1858, p 231 (ex parte)

Moderate to large subparallel species The labrum and front of head considerably produced. Temples nearly completely bordered below Antennæ with the 1st joint stout, deeply emarginate at the apex, 2nd very small, much shorter than the 3rd, 4th and following laterally compressed, more or less serrate and furnished with long sparing hairs. Thorax not flattened along the middle, the sides with or without an oblique impression.

Type, fex Wasm

Key to the Species on General Characters

	~ 4	
1	Thorax with an oblique impression adjacent to the lateral margin Thorax convex, without lateral impres-	2
	sion .	10
2	Thorax closely and regularly punctured on the disc	3
	Thorax irregularly punctured, on each side of the middle with an irregular	
	impunctate space	stevensi, sp n, p 506
3	4th to 10th joints of antennæ distinctly	[p 502.
	longer than broad	termstophilus Wasm,
	4th to 10th joints of antennæ transverse	4.
4		sıwalılensıs, sp n., p. 513
	Elytra dark, often lighter at the base and	
_	shoulders	5
-5	Thorax red or brown	6.
_	Thorax reddish-yellow	9 [p 503
6	Thorax strongly transverse	termilarius Wasm.,
_	Thorax moderately transverse	7.
7	110.01.10	8
	Thorax dark brown	agulus, ap. n., p 505
-8	Larger (9 mm), thorax much more	
	finely and sparingly punctured at the	
	Smaller (7-7 5 mm), thorax closely	mysorensus, sp n., p 504
		bicalor Em n 504
	and regularly punctured all over	bicolor Epp, p 504

9	Thorax uniformly punctured	termiticolus Gestro, p 501
••	Thorax almost impunctate towards the anterior angles	mgriceps Kr, p 512
10	Smaller (45 mm), thorax and elytra nearly impunctate	fulvus Motsch , p 514
	Larger (7-10 mm), thorax and elytra distinctly punctured	11
11	Abdomen scarcely perceptibly punctured on the anterior segments	bidentatus Bernh, p 512
	Abdomen distinctly punctured on the anterior segments	12
12	Elytra distinctly corraceous in both	
10	seves Elytra not corraceous	13 14
13	Elytra strongly corraceous, greasy lustrous	[Scheerp, p 508. motschulsky: Bernh &
14	Elytra less strongly corraceous, shining Elytra very closely, subrugosely punc-	feæ Wasm, p 506 [p 509
	tured Elytra less closely, not at all rugosely	nigripennis Bernh,
15	punctured Thorax less closely punctured, with	15
	larger impunctate spaces Thorax more closely punctured, with	16
16	smaller impunctate spaces Head moderately finely, distinctly punc-	17
10	tured Head extremely finely, obsoletely punc-	indorum Fauv, p 507
7.00	tured	gestroi Wasm, p 505
17	Thorax red, abdomen black, elytra less finely punctured	waageni Epp, p 511
	Thorax and abdomen reddish-yellow, elytra more finely punctured	simulans, sp n, p 511
	Key based on the Male Ch	haracters
1	3rd segment of abdomen furnished	
٠	with three spines	2
	4th segment furnished with spines or lamella	4
2	4th segment with a median keel at the base broken by transverse grooves	
	into five or six little tubercles 4th segment with uninterrupted median	mysorensis, sp n, p 504-
3	keel Well developed, 7th with strong	3
	median keel, 8th bicarinate Keel feeble, 7th with feeble median	termsticolus Gestro, p 502.
	keel, 8th with tubercle at the middle of the posterior margin	siwalikensis, sp n, p 514.
4	4th segment produced backwards in the middle as a broad plate	5
5		6 [Scheerp, p 509 motschulsky: Bernh &
6	Elytra feebly corraceous, shining 4th segment with four spines, one of	feæ Fau, p 506
,	which arises from the lateral margin	indorum Fauv., p 507
	4th segment with two spines .	7

7 Spines of the 4th segment arising from the lateral margin itself Spines of the 4th segment arising from the posterior margin

8 Spines close together, only narrowly separated from each other Spines distant from each other, arising near the lateral margin

 Elytra strongly corraceous Elytra not corraceous

10 5th segment with a tubercle at the middle of the base, thorax less closely punctured 5th segment without tubercle, thorax very closely punctured gestroi Wasm, p 503

8

bidentatus Bernh , p 513.

9 [Scheerp , p 50%] mot*chulsky: Bernh & 10

waageni Epp p 511 [p 509 nigripennis Bernh

2042 Zyras (Rhynchodonia) termiticolus

Myrmedonia termiticola Gestro, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2) vi. 1886, p 110 (fig)
Myrmedonia (Rhynchodonia) termitobia Wasm, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2) xvi, 1896, p 622, and xviii 1897 p 30 (fig 4)

d head greasy lustrous, pitchy-black, the front and mouthparts yellowish-red, thorax elytra and abdomen shining,

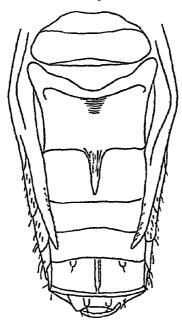


Fig 124 - Zyras (Rhynchodonia) termiticolus, 5, abdomen

the thorax reddish-yellow, the elytra blackish, with the base and apex reddish-yellow, abdomen black, the lateral margins and posterior margins of the last two segments reddish-vellow. Antennæ reddish-brown, the first three joints and legs reddish-

yellow Length 6-8 mm.

d. head transverse, almost as broad as the thorax, the eyes large, much longer than the post-ocular region, between the insertion of the antennæ with a smooth tubercle, very finely, moderately closely punctured, distinctly corraceous Antennæ rather short, extending a little beyond the base of the thorax, the 2nd joint very small, much shorter than the 3rd, 4th and following laterally compressed, the 4th slightly longer than broad, 5th to 10th scarcely differing amongst themselves, about as long as broad and subtriangular when seen on the flat, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax slightly transverse (11 9), the sides slightly, almost straightly retracted behind, feebly rounded in front, the posterior angles rounded, before the base with a small fovea and a fine impressed line in the posterior half, towards the sides with an oblique impression, finely and moderately closely punctured and without ground-sculpture Elytra broader but scarcely longer than the thorax, less finely and more closely punctured, ground-sculpture absent Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, the 1st visible segment finely and rather closely punctured, the middle of the posterior margin with a long strong spine, the side-margin itself prolonged as a longer spine directed backwards and slightly inwards, but sometimes rudimentary, 2nd with a few small punctures near the sides and sometimes with a median keel, 5th with a strong median keel, 6th lightly emarginate, with two parallel keels close together Apart from the first two segments the rest of the abdomen is practically impunctate

In the form described by Wasmann as termitobia the colour, except for the head, is entirely reddish-yellow, the size smaller (6 mm), the lateral spines of the lst visible segment scarcely developed and the 2nd without median keel. In a co-type before me the colour, apart from the head, is entirely reddish-yellow, the spines of the lst visible segment strongly developed and the 2nd with a well-developed median keel concealed by the spine of the preceding segment, it is 75 mm in length

Burma Bhamo (Fea), vin 1885 With Termes gestron Wasm

2043 Zyras (Rhynchodonia) termitophilus.

Myrmedoma (Rhynchodoma) termutophila Wasm, Ann Mus. Civ Gen (2) xviii, 1897, p. 28 (figs.)

Pitchy-black, shining, punctured, head black, antennæ, thorax, legs and base of the abdomen reddish-brown, near termiticolus Gestro, of the same size, colour, and sculpture,

but with the antennæ much more slender, more strongly serrate, red, not thickened towards the apex, but becoming thinner, joints 4 to 10 oblong-conical, a third longer than broad, thorax deeply longitudinally sulcate and near the side longitudinally impressed, more strongly punctured, the elytra more closely punctured Length 8 mm

head shining, abdomen without sexual characters,

the last dorsal segment emarginate at apex

In spite of its great similarity to termiticolus it is distinguished from it by the much more slender antenne, the 4th to 9th joints long and triangular, a third longer than broad, and by the deep median sulcus, which extends the whole length of the thorax, and the complete absence of 3 characters on the abdominal tergites. In termiticolus the antennæ are much thicker, the 4th to 9th joints almost quadrate, the thorax has only an elongate fovea at the base in both sexes. From few, which it also somewhat resembles in the structure of the antennæ and thorax, it is distinguished by the length of the antennæ, which extend beyond the base of the thorax, and the much more slender build

Burma Rangoon (Fea), 1887 A single specimen found in a series of termiticolus, but it is quite different in the antennal structure, also all the species of termiticolus come from Bhamo (ex Wasmann)

The shining head and absence of spines or tubercles etc on the abdomen would appear to indicate that the above specimen is a 2, which sex has often an emarginate last abdominal segment

2044 Zyras (Rhynchodonia) termitarius

Myrmedonia (Rhynchodonia) termitaria Wasm., Ann. Mus. Giv. Gen. (2) xviii, 1897. p. 30 (fig.)

Pitchy, shining, punctured, with the thorax and humeral angles of the elytra rufescent, antennæ and legs red. Very like termiticalus in colour and sculpture, but a little larger, the antennæ shorter, with the penultimate joints distinctly transverse, thorax much broader, more than a half broader than long, the posterior angles rounded, scarcely obtuse, abdomen more strongly but just as sparingly punctured Length 8.5 mm

d thorax more strongly punctured, longitudinally sulcate, the sides longitudinally impressed, last abdominal segment slightly emarginate, antennæ more strongly serrate

thorax more finely punctured, scarcely sulcate, convex, scarcely impressed at the sides, antennæ less strongly serrate

One 3, Burma, Teinzo (L. Fea), May 1886, and one Q, Carin Cheba (L. Fea), v-vii 1888, in the Mus. Civ. Gen. That

the above are distinct from termiticolus, the build of the thorax being different and d sexual characters being absent I have no doubt, whether the two above described of and 2 are really one species is only probable, the difference in the sculpture of the thorax and structure of the antennæ are such as are found between the males and females of many Myrmedonias of the same species, the Q, however, is differently coloured, the thorax, shoulders and suture being of a brighter red than in the o (ex Wasmann)

I should think it highly probable that the above represent two females of different species the absence of any of the of characters found in the subgenus Rhynchodonia would be

quite unusual

2045 Zyras (Rhynchodonia) bicolor.

Myrmedonia bicolor Epp *, D E Z 1895, p 388

shining, head, elytra and abdomen black, thorax red Antennæ reddish-brown Legs reddish-vellow Length 7-7.5 mm

In size build and antennal structure scarcely differing from termiticolus, but of different colour, the thorax regularly and more closely punctured, the median impressed line more distinct and longer, the elytra rather more coarsely and closely punctured Head sparingly punctured, finely but Thorax closely and rather finely distinctly coriaceous punctured, foveate at the base and with fine impressed median line extending nearly to the anterior margin, the lateral impression distinct, very finely and indistinctly corraceous Elytra less finely and more closely punctured than the thorax and without ground-sculpture Abdomen finely and rather closely punctured on the first visible segment, much more finely on the 2nd and 3rd, the following almost impunctate

o unknown Punjab. Palampur, Kangra Valley, Calcutta 4500 feet, vii 1899 (Dudgeon).

2046 Zyras (Rhynchodonia) mysorensis, sp n

3 · shining, head and abdomen black, the latter with the lateral and posterior margins of the last three segments reddish, thorax red, elytra brown the base and humeral angles reddish Antennæ reddish, the first two joints and

legs reddish-yellow Length 9 mm.

In build and antennal structure very similar to termiticolus, but of different colour, the head more finely and more sparingly punctured and very feebly coriaceous, thorax with the median impressed line shorter and finer, the puncturation finer and less close, especially at the sides, the ground-sculpture very feeble, elytra more finely punctured, the abdomen practically

impunctate, 3rd segment produced backwards in the middle as a strong spine, the lateral margin itself produced into a more slender but equally long spine, 4th keeled along the middle, the keel interrupted by transverse grooves forming five or six small tubercles as in scrraticornis, 7th with a fine median keel in the posterior half, 8th feebly emarginate, the angles dentiform, along the middle with a keel which projects a little beyond the posterior margin

Bangalore Unique British Museum

2047 Zyras (Rhynchodonia) gestroi.

Myrmedonia (Rhynchodonia) gestroi Wasm., Ann. Mus. Civ. Gen. (2) xvi, 1896, p. 622

5 head and abdomen black, the former dull, the latter shining with the apex and side-margins pitchy, thorax and

elytra shining reddish-brown Length 9 mm

Head narrower than the thorax, dull, densely alutaceous Antennæ scarcely longer than the head and thorax, stout, compressed, somewhat serrate, distinctly widened towards apex, 2nd joint very small, 5th to 10th transverse, 11th ovate, obtusely pointed. Thorax subquadrate, moderately convex, the posterior angles obtuse, coarsely punctured, longitudinally sulcate. Elytra a little longer than the thorax, scarcely a half broader, strongly and closely punctured, yellow pubescent. Abdomen parallel, finely and rather densely punctured, 3rd [4th] segment with an erect spine on each side in the margin itself, 4th and 5th [5th and 6th] with the posterior margins finely granulate, 6th [7th] with a tubercle at the middle of the posterior margin, 7th [8th] with the posterior margin serrulate.

♀ unknown

Alhed to termiticolus and hoplonotus, differs from both in the of characters and the antennie distinctly widened towards ape. The head is less elongate in front than in these species, the puncturation of the thorax is much coarser than in termiticolus, that of the abdomen much finer

Burma Bhamo (Fca), vin 1885 With Termes gestroi

Wasm (ex Wasmann)

Both termiticolus and hoplonotus have an oblique impression on each side of the thorax near the lateral margin, this character not mentioned by Wasmann in his account of termiticolus,

although shown in the figure

2048 Zyras (Rhynchodonia) agilis, sp n

Q build and lustre of bicolor Q, the antennæ similarly constructed, but with the thorax dark brown, more finely and more obsoletely punctured, the puncturation of the elytra

and abdomen soarcely differing from that species Length 7.5 mm

ð unknown

Kumaun. Haldwani, Seljam (H. G. Champion) Unique. British Museum

2049 Zyras (Rhynchodonia) feæ.

Myrmedonia (Rhynchodonia) few Wasm, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2) xvi, 1896, p 620 (figs)

Head black, in the δ dull, in the Q shining, thorax, elytia and abdomen shining, the thorax red, the elytra and abdomen reddish-brown Antennæ and legs reddish Length 10–12 mm

Head transverse, suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, the eyes large, much longer than the post-ocular region, extremely finely, rather sparingly punctured, in the d strongly corraceous and dull, in the 2 less corraceous and shining Antennæ rather short, reaching about the middle of the thorax, the 2nd joint very small, 3rd elongate, 4th and following strongly compressed, the 4th to 9th seen on the flat triangular, a little longer than broad, differing but little amongst themselves, the 11th shorter than the preceding two together Thorax very slightly transverse, convex, the sides rounded in front, retracted and slightly sinuate behind, the posterior angles obtuse, along the middle narrowly sulcate, moderately coarsely and moderately closely punctured, less closely towards the anterior angles and the base, finely corraceous Elytra broader and very slightly longer than the thorax, with similar but much closer puncturation and less corraceous Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, the first three visible segments very finely and rather closely punctured, the following much more sparingly. The whole insect with a fine yellow pubescence

3 4th segment produced backwards in the middle as a broad, somewhat elevated plate, its posterior border deeply arcuately emarginate in its whole breadth, so that its angles are dentiform, 7th with a strong median keel, 8th slightly

arcuately emarginate

Burma Carın Cheba, alt 900-1100 m, v-xii 1888 (Fea)
With Termes feæ Wasm This species is the type of the subgenus Rhynchodonia.

2050 Zyras (Rhynchodonia) stevensi, sp n.

Q shining, dark reddish brown, the sides and posterior margins of the abdominal segments lighter Antennæ reddish-brown Legs reddish-yellow Length 7 5 mm

In size and build scarcely differing from serraticorms, but with shorter, less serrate antennæ and different sculpture. Head very finely rather sparingly punctured, very finely conaceous. Antennæ rather short, the 4th to 10th joints distinctly transverse and but slightly serrate. Thorax with a fovea at the base and fine impressed median line extending nearly to the anterior border, the sides obliquely impressed, finely, not closely, and irregularly punctured, with small impunctate space on each side of the middle, very finely conaceous. Elytra more coarsely punctured than in serraticorms, the ground-sculpture very feeble. Abdomen finely and rather closely punctured on the 1st visible segment, more sparingly on the 2nd, the following almost impunctate.

ರ unknown

Darjeeling Gopaldhara, alt 4720 feet, 21 viii 16 (Steiens) Unique British Museum

2051 Zyras (Rhynchodonia) indorum.

Zyras indorum Fauv *, Rev. d'Ent. xxii. 1903, p. 162

Head black, dull in the 3, shining in the 2, the rest shining, lighter or darker reddish-brown, the lateral and posterior margins of the abdominal segments lighter. Antennæ and

legs reddish Length 10 mm

Head transverse, suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, the eyes large, longer than the post-ocular region, moderately finely and moderately closely punctured, in the o strongly coriaceous, dull, in the 2 shining and without ground-sculpture Antennæ rather slender, reaching to the base of the thorax, the 2nd joint very small, 3rd three times as long, 4th to 10th laterally compressed, somewhat serrate, differing but little amongst themselves, scarcely longer than broad when seen on the flat, 11th a little longer than the 10th Thorax slightly transverse (7 6), convex, the sides gently rounded in front, retracted and slightly sinuate behind, the posterior angles briefly rounded, along the middle sulcate, more deeply in the 3 than in the Q, moderately coarsely, closely punctured in the sulcus and immediate vicinity, more sparingly elsewhere, and with three irregular impunctate areas, one about the middle towards the side, another near the anterior angle, and another at the base, ground-sculpture absent in both seves broader but scarcely longer than the thorax, transverse, moderately coarsely and rather closely punctured, groundsculpture absent Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex. in the 3 with the first two visible segments finely and rather closely punctured except at the sides, in the 2 with the first four segments closely and finely punctured The whole insect sparingly yellow pubescent

3 4th abdominal segment with the posterior border on each side at the lateral margin with a strong spine directed backwards, outwards, and a little upwards, with the margin itself also produced into a spine, the middle of the posterior margin arcuately emarginate, sometimes with the segment raised along the middle and produced a little backwards and then arcuately emarginate, 5th broadly impressed at the base, in the middle with a semi-erect spine, sometimes reduced to a tubercle or ridge, 7th with a tubercle at the middle of the

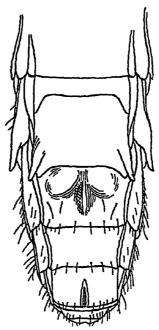


Fig. 125 -Zyras (Rhynchodonia) indorum, d., abdomen

posterior margin or carinate along the posterior half, 8th truncate. The development of these characters varies considerably in different specimens, the 4th segment sometimes being truncate between the spines and the 5th without basal impression or keel

Coonoor Kanara Nilgiri Hills.

2052 Zyras (Rhynchodonia) motschulskyi.

Zyras motschulsky: Bernh & Scheerp, Cat Col Pars 82, 1926, p 702
Zyras laminatus Motsch*, Et Ent vui, 1859 (Jan.), p 87 (præoc.), Cam., E. M. M. lxix, 1933, p 220
Myrmedoma procera Kr*, Arch Naturg xxv, 1859 (Sept.), p 20

Head black, reddish in front, in the & dull, in the & shining;

thorax red, in the 3 dull, in the 2 shining elytra brownish-red more shining in the 3, abdomen shining dark reddish-brown, the last two segments lighter—Antennæ reddish, the first two joints reddish-vellow—Legs reddish—Length 9 5 mm

In size and colour differing but little from indorum Faux. but with longer and more slender antennæ, longer, rather more finely and more closely punctured thorax, more finely punctured and distinctly corraceous elytra, also very like few, but with more finely punctured thorax and elytra, the latter corraceous, the abdomen more strongly punctured Head transverse, suborbicular, almost as wide as the thorax, the eyes large, much longer than the post-ocular region, with rather sparing, small, flat, obsolete punctures in the distrongly, in the 2 feebly, corraceous. Antennæ long and slender, reaching beyond the base of the thorax, more slender in the d. the 2nd joint very small, 3rd more than twice as long, 4th and following laterally compressed, obconical, the 4th and 5th a little longer than broad, 6th to 10th about as long as broad, slightly decreasing in width, 11th longer than the 10th Thorax very slightly transverse, the sides rounded in front, a little retracted and slightly sinuate behind, the posterior angles rounded, narrowly sulcate throughout the middle in the 3, in the posterior half only in the Q, the sulcus deeper in the 3, with small, irregularly scattered punctures, duller and distinctly corraceous in the &, more shining and more feebly Elytra as long as but broader than the corraceous in Q thorax, closely, moderately finely punctured, distinctly corraceous in both sexes but more shining in the 3. Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, finely and densely punctured on the first four visible segments, the following with a few scattered punctures, distinctly corraceous

3 4th segment either produced backwards in the middle as a plate or with a strong, inwardly curved spine on each side near (but not on) the lateral margin, 7th with a tubercle at the middle of the posterior margin, 8th truncate and very indistinctly crenulate, on each side with a triangular tooth

Ceylon Madulsıma Motschulsky's type is a 3 from Nuwera Eliya

2053 Zyras (Rhynchodonia) nigripennis

Zyras nigripennis Bernh Col Rundsch iv, 1915, p 59

Head black, in the 3 dull, in the 2 moderately shining, thorax and elytra moderately shining, the former dark red, the latter black, abdomen rather more shining, black, with the base, elevated side and posterior margins of the segments reddish, sometimes entirely dark reddish-brown Antennæ and legs yellowish-red Length 75 mm

In build scarcely differing from motschulsky, but with entirely different sculpture. Head in the 3 quite dull, only with a minute shining spot on the front in the middle, strongly corraceous, with small, flat, obsolete, moderately close punctures, in the \$\mathbb{Q}\$ moderately shining, much less corraceous, the puncturation more evident. Antennæ rather slender, a little thickened towards apex, the 3rd joint twice as long as 2nd, 4th to 10th laterally compressed, somewhat serrate, seen on the flat subtriangular and moderately transverse, the 11th as long as the preceding two together, laterally compressed

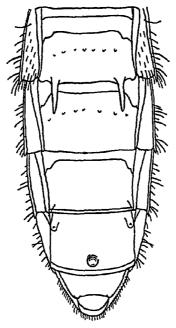


Fig 126 —Zyras (Rhynchodonia) nigripennis, d, abdomen

Thorax formed as in *motschulskyi*, very slightly transverse, convex, sulcate along the middle, coarsely and closely punctured, the ground-sculpture very feeble in both sexes. Elytra slightly longer than the thorax, as coarsely and yet more closely punctured. Abdomen closely punctured on the first five visible segments, the puncturation much coarser and rugose on the basal ones, gradually finer behind, the last with a few fine asperate punctures.

4th dorsal segment on each side near the lateral margin with the posterior border furnished with a long, stout spine directed backwards, 7th with a large tubercle at the middle

ZYRAS 51I

of the posterior margin, Sth slightly emarginate, the angles a little prominent

2. 8th dorsal segment slightly emarginate, the angles

promment

Dehra Dun, 28 in 1912 (Imms), 28 n 35 (J C M Gardner), 22 xi 35 (Balicant Singh)

2054 Zyras (Rhynchodonia) simulans, sp n

2 shining, head black thorax and abdomen reddishyellow, elytra brownish-yellow. Antennæ reddish, the first

two joints and legs reddish-rellow Length 9 mm

Near indorum and nigripennis, the thorax not so broad as in indorum, more like that of nigripennis, its sculpture as coarse as in the former but distinctly closer, a little coarser and distinctly less close than in the latter, elytra more finely and more closely punctured than in indorum, more finely and less closely than in nigripennis, the puncturation of the head and abdomen scarcely differing from that of the latter species. The antennæ as in indorum

d unknown

Nilgiri Hills (H. L. Andrewes).

2055 Zyras (Rhynchodonia) waageni

Myrmedonia waagem Epp *, D E Z 1895, p 386

Shining (except for the head in 3), head, elytra and abdomen black, the latter with the lateral margins distinctly, the posterior narrowly and obscurely reddish. Antennæ and

legs reddish-yellow Length 7-8 mm

Colour of indorum and nigripennis, the thorax a little narrower and the puncturation closer and less irregular than in the former a little broader than in the latter, with the puncturation less close and more irregular, the abdominal puncturation as in nigripennis. Head rather sparingly, superficially punctured, without frontal tubercle, in the 3 dull and strongly corraceous, in the 2 shining and very feebly corraceous. Antennæ as in nigripennis. Thorax narrowly sulcate along the middle, rather coarsely and, on the disc, rather closely punctured, towards the sides and anterior angles more sparingly and irregularly; ground-sculpture absent. Elytra as long as the thorax, more finely and more closely punctured. Abdomen closely, moderately finely punctured on the first four visible segments, more sparingly on the following.

of 4th abdominal segment on each side near but not contiguous to the side-margin, with the posterior margin produced into a strong spine directed backwards and upwards, sometimes with the posterior margin in the middle very slightly obtusely produced, 5th with a small tubercle in the middle of the base (usually concealed), 7th with a pointed tubercle at the middle of the posterior margin, 8th practically truncate, the angles a little prominent

Pegu (type) Bengal Kalimpong, Samsingh, alt 1800 feet

The type is immature

2056 Zyras (Rhynchodonia) nigriceps.

Myrmedonia nigriceps Kr *, Arch Naturg vxv, 1859, p 22

shining, head pitchy-black, thorax reddish-yellow, elytra and abdomen reddish-brown, all the margins of the former and the posterior and lateral margins of the segments of the latter lighter. Antennæ reddish, the first two joints

and legs reddish-yellow Length 8 mm

In colour very like obscura $\check{\mathbf{F}}$, but a little larger, the thorax not quite so transverse and obliquely impressed on each side, more finely and much more sparingly punctured, abdomen more finely and much more sparingly punctured, almost impunctate on the last four segments Head almost as broad as the thorax, the eyes large, much longer than the postocular region, on the front with a median tubercle, behind it with a short, scarcely visible impressed line, finely, sparingly punctured, very feebly corraceous Antennæ with the 2nd joint very short, much shorter than the 3rd, 4th to 10th slightly transverse, laterally compressed but scarcely serrate, 11th as long as the preceding two together Thorax a fourth broader than long, the sides rounded in front, retracted and a little smuate behind, the angles rounded, before the scutellum with a fovea and a short, fine impressed line, at the sides broadly obliquely impressed, puncturation rather fine, almost absent towards the anterior angles, moderately close elsewhere Elytra broader and about a fourth longer than the thorax, moderately finely and moderately closely punctured Abdomen moderately finely and moderately closely punctured on the first two visible segments, more finely and much more sparingly on the third, almost impunctate on the following

d' unknown "Ind Port" (Helfer) Unique Probably somewhat immature

2057 Zyras (Rhynchodonia) bidentatus.

Zyras bidentatus Bernh, W Z B lxiv, 1914, p 108

Colour, size and build of obscurus, very like sauteri Bernh from Formosa, but larger, the head broader, nearly as broad

as the thorax, the antennæ rather strongly compressed laterally, the thorax more sparingly, the abdomen much more finely, scarcely visibly punctured, the 3 characters somewhat similar Length 8 5 mm

3 4th segment more narrowly transversely excavated, in the middle not flat, but raised above the rest of the surface, the teeth on the posterior margin shorter and blunter and near together, only separated by a small emargination. 5th retracted and concealed by the 4th, so that its characters are obscure, 6th and 7th similar, somewhat concave, 8th emarginate in the middle, the angles blunt

Burma Pegu Unique (after Bernhauer)

2058 Zyras (Rhynchodonia) siwalikensis, sp n

Head black, thorax yellowish-red, elytra reddish-yellow, abdomen reddish-brown, in the 2 entirely shining, in the

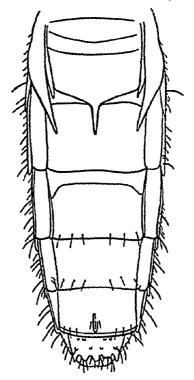


Fig 127 -Zyras (Rhynchodonia) siwalilensis, 3, abdomen

d with the head dull. Antennæ reddish, the first two and legs reddish-yellow Length 8 mm.

The Q of this species is extremely like nigriceps Q, and only differs in the sides of the thorax being straighter behind. the impressed median line more marked and produced forwards nearly to the anterior border, and the elytra a little more finely and more closely punctured

d head strongly corraceous, greasy lustrous, with a few fine obsolete punctures, in all other respects the fore-parts, are similar to those of the Q, 3rd abdominal segment with a spine at the middle of the posterior margin, the lateral margin itself prolonged backwards and inwards as an equally long spine, 7th with a sharp median keel in the posterior half, 8th with the posterior margin furnished with five teeth, the centre one the broadest

8th dorsal segment truncate and closely serrate, on each side with a larger triangular tooth

Sıwalıks Nakraunda

2059 Zyras (Rhynchodonia) fulvus.

Camacopalpus fulvus Motsch *, Bull Soc Nat Mosc (3) xxxi, 1858, p 231, Cam, E M M lan, 1933, p 219

Shining, head and thorax light chestnut-red, elytra and abdomen brownish-yellow Antennæ reddish Legs reddish-

vellow Length 45 mm

Head transverse, as broad as the thorax, the eyes large, occupying the whole lateral aspect, practically impunctate and without ground-sculpture Antennæ with 2nd joint much shorter than the 3rd, this clavate, 4th and following distinctly compressed, the 4th and 5th slightly longer than broad, the following, viewed on the flat, about as long as broad, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (5 4), trapezoidal, convex, the anterior angles deflexed and rounded, the sides retracted and almost straight behind, the posterior angles obtusely rounded, in the middle before the scutellum with a shallow indistinct impression, practically impunctate and without ground-sculpture Elytra a little broader but scarcely longer than the thorax, towards the sides and on the reflexed margin itself with a few very fine punctures, otherwise without sculpture Abdomen impunc-

One specimen, doubtless 2 "Ind or," without further indication ZYRAS. 515

Subgenus CRATEODONIA Bernh

Grateodoma Bernh, Arch Naturg Abt A, Neu, 1926 (1928), pp 22, 68

Characters of Rhynchodonia, but with the thorax flattened along the middle in addition to being sulcate, and also with the sides obliquely impressed as in some Rhynchodonia. The type of the subgenus is the African species schoutedeni Bernh. It is represented only by one species in our Fauna, serraticomis Kr.

2060 Zyras (Crateodonia) serraticornis.

Myrmedonia serraticornis Kr *, Linn Ent xi, 1857, p 48, id, Arch Naturg xxi, 1859, p 20, Bernh, Arch Naturg. Abt A, xeii, 1926 (1928), p 68

Myrmedonia serricornis Walk, Ann Mag Nat Hist 1859, p 52

d head black, shining, thorax dark reddish-brown, the disc extensively infuscate, greasy lustrous, elytra dark reddish-brown, greasy lustrous, abdomen shining, black, the side-margins reddish. Antennæ reddish, the first three joints and the legs reddish-yellow. Length 7-7 5 mm

similarly coloured but with the head and thorax more Head very slightly narrower than the thorax, the eyes large, much longer than the post-ocular region, the vertex broadly but slightly impressed, at least in the &, before the base with a pair of small punctures, impunctate along the middle, the sides extremely finely and sparingly punctured, distinctly corraceous in the d, much less strongly in the 2 Antennæ with the 2nd joint very small, much shorter than the 3rd, 4th and following laterally compressed, subtriangular, serrate, seen on the flat with the 4th joint a little longer than broad, 5th to 10th as long as broad, differing but little amongst themselves, the 11th as long as the preceding two together, in the 2 with the antennæ a little Thorax very slightly transverse, the sides rounded for a short distance in front, practically straight and retracted to the rounded posterior angles, along the middle with a fine impressed line and small fovea at the base, the disc a little flattened, towards the sides lightly impressed, extremely finely, rather sparingly punctured, strongly coriaceous in the &, less strongly in the Q Elytra broader but very slightly longer than the thorax, moderately finely, deeply and rather closely punctured, distinctly corraceous Abdomen slightly narrowed towards the apex, in the 3 with the 1st visible segment moderately finely but rather deeply punctured, the 2nd more finely and less deeply, the following almost impunctate, in the Q with the first two segments more finely and more sparingly punctured

3 ard segment sometimes with a little tooth or tubercle at the middle of the posterior margin, the lateral margin itself with a long sharp spine directed backwards and slightly inwards, 4th carinate along the middle, the keel divided transversely into six to eight little transverse ridges, gradually decreasing in width, 6th sometimes with a minute tubercle at the middle of the posterior margin, 7th with two small tubercles in the middle line, one behind the other, 8th truncate, the angles acute, along the middle with a keel

Ceylon Madulsıma.

TAPRODONIA, subgen. n

Head transversely suborbicular, not much produced in front, temples bordered behind. Antennæ with rather long sparing hairs, the 2nd joint much shorter than the 3rd, 4th and following somewhat compressed laterally, but less so than in Rhynchodonia, obconical. Thorax slightly transverse, with fine but deep impressed median line, the sides obliquely impressed. Sculpture of the fore-parts granular. Abdomen practically glabrous and impunctate

2061 Zyras (Taprodonia) nietneri.

Myrmedoma metneri Kr *, Linn Ent xi, 1857, p 52

Shining, head and abdomen black, thorax and elytra pitchy-black, the latter sometimes obscurely reddish at the base. Antennæ yellowish-brown, the 1st joint pitchy, the 11th yellowish. Legs reddish-yellow. Length 45 mm

Head as broad as the thorax, transversely suborbicular, the eyes large and prominent, convex, in the & with median sulcus, rather closely covered with small asperate punctures except in front, which is smooth and with the usual interantennal tubercle; ground-sculpture absent moderate, the 3rd joint much longer than the 2nd, 4th to 10th gradually decreasing in length, the penultimate scarcely transverse, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax slightly transverse (3 25), trapezoidal, the sides in front very slightly rounded, in the posterior half sinuately retracted to the rounded posterior angles, convex, finely sulcate along the middle and with median basal fovea, at the sides lightly, longitudinally impressed, in the o closely, in the 2 more sparingly covered with small asperate punctures, ground-sculpture absent Elytra slightly longer and distinctly broader than the thorax, rather closely covered with similar asperate punctures and without ground-sculpture Abdomen practically impunctate and glabrous, the fore-parts with an extremely fine and extremely scanty pubescence

3 8th dorsal segment lightly arcuately emarginate Ceylon Negambo Kandy With a Termite zyras 517

TERMITELIA, subgen n

Temples bordered behind Antennæ with the 1st joint clavate, deeply emarginate at apex, the 2nd small, much shorter than the 3rd, the following laterally compressed and subserrate, furnished with rather short scanty hairs Thorax transverse, the sides and base rather broadly and continuously impressed

2062 Zyras (Termitelia) insignis, sp n

& head and elytra pitchy-black, moderately shining, thorax and abdomen yellowish-red, the former greasy lustrous,

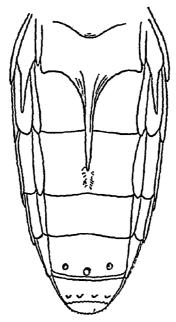


Fig 128 — Zyras (Termitcha) insignis, d, abdomen

the latter shining Antennæ reddish-brown, the first two joints and legs reddish-yellow Length 6.5 mm

Head strongly transverse, a little narrower than the thorax, the eyes rather large, a little longer than the post-ocular region, very finely, moderately closely punctured, each puncture with a very short depressed hair, finely coniaceous Antennæ with the 3rd joint much longer than the 2nd, 4th and following laterally compressed and subserrate, the 4th a little longer than broad, the 5th to 10th slightly transverse, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (10 7), the sides rounded in front, nearly straight and rather

strongly retracted behind, the posterior angles obtusely rounded, along the side-margins and base broadly and continuously impressed, so that the lateral margins and base appear elevated, before the scutellum with a short, scarcely perceptible impression, the puncturation and pubescence as on the head, but with the ground-sculpture stronger and less shining Elytra broader and longer (9 7) than the thorax, not emarginate postero-externally, the lateral margin subcarmate in the posterior half, more closely and much less finely punctured than the thorax, the pubescence similar, the ground-sculpture finer, more like that on the head Abdomen a little narrowed towards the apex, extremely finely, moderately closely punctured on the basal segments, much more sparingly on the following, and with a fine corraceous ground-sculpture, 3rd segment with a long strong spine at the middle of the posterior margin, the lateral margins themselves produced backwards into a spine shorter than the median, 4th with a tubercle at the middle of the posterior margin, 5th keeled along the middle, 7th with three tubercles along the posterior margin, 8th with four tubercles along the posterior margin, which is finely but not closely denticulate

Ceylon Unique British Museum

Subgenus GLOSSACANTHA Gemm et Har

Glossacantha Gemm et Har, Cat Col 11, 1868, p 519, Faux, Rev d'Ent xiv, 1895, p 12, Wasm, Ann Mus Civ Gen (2) xvi, 1896, p 619, id, D E Z 1899, p 150, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 276, Bernh, Aich Naturg Abt A xcii, 1926 (1928), pp 20, 36, 40

Acanthoglossa Motsch, Ét Ent viii, 1859, p 88 (præoc)

Temples only bordered behind Antennæ with the 1st joint deeply emarginate at apex, 2nd very small, much shorter than the 3rd, the following not laterally compressed, the pubescence rather short and sparing, much shorter than in Rhynchodoma

Type, badius Motsch *=affinis Kr *

1 Elytra reddish-yellow, with distinct

Key based on general characters

_	curved black fascia	fascialus, sp 11.	p oza
	Elytra otherwise	Z E	
2	Elytra uniformly coloured	ð	
	Elytra with the base and shoulders more or less extensively lighter	3 malabarensıs, sp	[p 329. n.
3	Thorax yellowish-red	4	•
	Thorax pitchy-black or brown	•	_ ~~
4	Alicounte (except, sales)	humerosus Motsch	[p 522-

	Antennæ reddish-brown, 3rd joint of	
	palpi pitchy, elytra more coarsely punctured	sordidus Kr., p 521
5	Thorax distinctly impressed near lateral	out to the contract of the con
	margin	6
_	Thorax not so impressed	10
6	Thorax with fine but distinct ground-	=
	sculpture Thorax without trace of ground-sculp-	7
	ture	9
7	Thorax with fine median impressed	•
	line	8
_	Thorax without impressed median line	hoplonotus Kr, p 524
8	Thorax moderately finely, closely pune tured	fraterness en n n 590
	Thorax finely, less closely punctured	fraternus, sp n, p 530 Lumaonensis, sp n,
9	Thorax and elytra less finely and less	[p 530
	closely punctured	heimi Wasm, p 527
	Thorax and elytra more finely and	
30	more closely punctured	peraffinis, spn, p 529
10	Thorax with a fine but distinct median sulcus throughout	II
	Thorax with median sulcus absent or	••
	limited to base	13
11	Elytra reddish-brown or pitchy	12
12	Llytra yellow	laidlaui, sp. n., p. 526
12	Antenne with intermediate joints longer than broad	forticornis Faut , p 532
	Antennæ with intermediate joints dis-	jornomic z uno , p ouz
	tinctly transverse	armifrone Epp, p 523
13	Penultimate joints of antenne not or	
	Scarcely transverse	badius Motsch , p 520
	Penultimate joints of antennæ distinctly transverse	14
14	Antenne with the 11th joint as long	••
	as the preceding three together	excisus Kr., p 524
	Antenna with the 11th joint shorter	15
15	Abdomen rather coarsely punctured, at least at the base	16
	Abdomen extremely finely punctured	reiersus, sp n, p 530
16	Thorax and elytra reddish-yellow, the	rocasio, ap 12, p 000
	former slightly transverse	obscurus F, p 527
	Thorax red, elytra blackash, the former	1 -27 - 77 230
	as long as broad	rubricollis Kr, p 522
	Key based on the ♂ cha	racters
1	Only the 8th abdominal segment modi-	
	fied	12
	The 3rd segment also modified	2
2		3
	on the posterior border 3rd segment otherwise	3 10 [p 529
3		malabarensis, sp n,
-	3rd segment with three spines	4
4	4th segment with a median keel some-	
	times broken up into a row of small	K
	tubercles . 4th segment without keel .	5 7
	THE AND PROPERTY AND PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY	-

5 Keel uninterrupted Keel limited to the base and broken into a row of small tubercles

6 Keel extending to the posterior margin of the segment, thorax much less finely punctured, ground-sculpture stronger

Keel limited to the base, thorax very finely punctured, the ground-sculpture feeble

7 7th segment with a tubercle7th segment with three tubercles

8 4th and 5th segments broadly flattened along the middle 4th and 5th segments normal

 8th segment tricarinate, head distinctly corraceous
 8th segment quadricarinate, head feebly

corneceous
10 3rd segment with strong median spine

3rd segment with a lamella posteriorly
11 4th segment with a little keel at the
base broken into a row of four or five
little tubercles

4th segment with a dull, oval, corraceous plaque in the middle

12 8th dorsal segment irregularly denticulate on the posterior margin 8th dorsal segment finely and regularly denticulate

13 lith joint of antenne as long as the preceding three together lith joint of antenne as long as the precoding two together

6

reversus, sp n, p 731

fraternus, sp n, p 530

[p 530 Lumaonensis, sp n , 8 laidlawi, sp n p 526

obscurus F, p 528

heimi Wasm, p 527

peraffinis, sp n, p 529 forticornis Fam, p 532

hoplonotus Kr, p 526

armifrons Epp, p 524

badrus Motsch, p 521

13

excisus Kr, p 524

rubricollis Kr, p 523

2063 Zyras (Glossaeantha) badius.

Acanthoglossa badra Motsch *, Ét Ent vm, 1859 p 89 (Jan), tab 1, fig 5, Cam, E M M lxx, 1933, p 220 Myrmedona affins Kr *, Arch Natung xxv, 1859, p 23 (Sept)

Shining, dark reddish-brown, the abdomen black, the posterior margins of the segments narrowly reddish. Antennæ reddish-brown, the 2nd joint and apex of the last reddish-

yellow Legs reddish-yellow Length 6-6 75 mm

Head suborbicular, as broad as the thorax, the eyes large, much longer than the post-ocular region, the disc with a small smooth space, elsewhere moderately finely, rather closely punctured and without trace of ground-sculpture Antennæ stout, extending a little beyond the base of the thorax, 2nd joint very small, 3rd elongate, 4th slightly longer than broad, 5th to 10th as long as broad, 11th a little longer than the preceding two together, stout and conical Thorax as long as broad, convex, the sides rounded in front, almost straight and retracted behind, the posterior angles obtuse, without basal fovea, the median sulcus very indistinct, the puncturation closer and less fine than on the head, ground-

ZYRAS 52I

sculpture absent Elytra broader and slightly longer than the thorax, more closely and more coarsely punctured and without ground-sculpture. Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, the first two visible segments rather coarsely and moderately closely punctured, 3rd more finely and more sparingly, 4th to 6th with a few scattered punctures, the ground-sculpture very fine and only present on the last three segments

3 8th dorsal segment a little narrowed, in the middle of the posterior margin with a narrow arcuate emargination variable in depth and on each side with closely placed sharp teeth varying in number and size; 6th ventral segment

rounded and closely and finely denticulate

Ω 8th dorsal segment almost truncate, in the middle with a small arcuate emargination, on each side irregularly denticulate, 6th ventral segment closely and finely denticulate

Ceylon Nuwera Eliya; Kandy

Both the types of Motschoulsky and Kraatz are probably immature Kraatz has overlooked the denticles on the 8th dorsal segment

2064 Zyras (Glossacantha) sordidus.

Myrmedonia sordida Kr *, Arch Naturg xxv, 1859, p 23

3 (?) moderately shining, brown, thorax and elytra infuscate, the base of the latter brownish-yellow, the posterior margins of the abdominal segments brownish-yellow. Antennæ brown, the 1st and 2nd joints reddish. Palpi reddish-yellow, the 3rd joint pitchy. Legs reddish-yellow. Length 5.5 mm

Very similar to badius but a little smaller, less shining and differently coloured Head as broad as the thorax, not very closely, moderately finely, superficially punctured. Antennæ longer than the head and thorax, the 2nd joint much shorter than the 3rd, 4th slightly longer than broad, the following scarcely broader but shorter, the 11th as long as the preceding two together Thorax fully as long as broad, somewhat narrowed towards the base, the posterior angles nearly rectangular, somewhat convex, superficially sulcate in the middle behind, closely and deeply punctured Elytra as long as but broader than the thorax, closely and strongly punctured (but not quite so strongly as in badius), and without ground-sculpture Abdomen rather finely and sparingly punctured on the first two visible segments, the 4th and 6th practically impunctate, the latter obtusely angulate in the middle, feebly arouately emarginate on each side

Ceylon (Nietner) Unique

The head and abdomen in the unique type are now wanting

2065 Zyras (Glossacantha) humerosus.

Acanthoglossa humerosa Motsch *, Ét Ent vin, 1859, p 90, Cain , E M M lvix, 1933, p 220

Shining, pitchy-black, the base of the elytra and posterior margins of the abdominal segments yellowish-red Antennæ black, the first three joints red Legs reddish-yellow Length 5 mm

Build of badius, and apart from the size and colour differs in the following respects—the eyes are smaller and the post-ocular region correspondingly longer, the puncturation of the head finer, antennæ shorter but similarly constructed except that the 11th joint is only as long as the 9th and 10th together, the thorax along the posterior half of the middle has a distinct impressed line, the puncturation is closer, the clytra more finely and rather less closely punctured, the abdomen less closely punctured at the base

 $\vec{o}(i)$: 8th dorsal segment with the posterior margin bisinuate, so forming three broad subtriangular teeth, 6th ventral segment broadly rounded

Cevlon Nuwera Eliya Two examples

2066 Zyras (Glossacantha) fasciatus, sp n

Shining; head and abdomen black, thorax red, elytra reddish-yellow, with a curved black fascia extending from the scutellary region across the middle to the middle of the reflexed margin. Antennæ red, the first two joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 6 mm

Build of badius but rather narrower, with smaller eyes, shorter antennæ with the joints much more transverse, the lith not longer than the preceding two together, the thorax differently punctured, the elytra less closely and the abdomen more finely punctured. Head rather coarsely, moderately closely punctured, without frontal tubercle or ground-sculpture. Thorax with moderately broad impunctate area along the middle, on either side moderately finely and irregularly punctured, the antero-external and basal regions impunctate, external to the median punctured area with an oval impunctate space, between this and the lateral margin with a few punctures. ground-sculpture absent. Elytra moderately coarsely, not very closely punctured and without ground-sculpture. Abdomen finely, moderately closely punctured throughout.

o. unknown.

Burma . Ruby Mines Unique. British Museum

2067 Zyras (Glossacantha) rubricollis.

Myrmedonia rubricollis Kr Linn Ent vi, 1857, p 51 Shining, head pitchy-black, thorax red; elytra blackishZYRAS 523

brown, abdomen black Antennæ reddish-brown, the first two jomts and legs reddish-yellow Length 6-7 mm

of extremely like badius but with the thorax shorter and broader, as long as broad, the median impressed line more evident and rather more finely punctured. Antennæ shorter, the penultimate joints more transverse, the 11th as long as the preceding two together. At once distinguished by the abdominal puncturation, which is much closer on the first three visible segments, whilst the 4th and 5th are finely and rather closely punctured, whereas in badius these segments are practically impunctate. The 8th (6th visible) segment a little narrowed, its posterior margin rounded, very finely and evenly denticulate, in the middle with a rather deep, narrow, arcuate excision.

Ceylon Negambo, Kandy

2068. Zyras (Glossacantha) armifrons.

Myrmedonia armifrons Epp *, W E Z ix, 1890, p 274

Shining (3 and 2), black, the thorax red Antennæ brown, the first two joints red Legs reddish-yellow Length 8 mm In build and antennal structure scarcely differing from

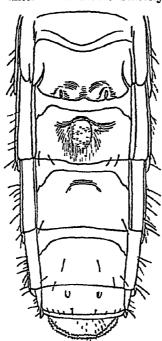


Fig 129 —Zyras (Glossacantha) armifrons, &, abdomen

rubricollis, the puncturation also is very similar, but the head is finely corraceous and furnished with an inter-antennal tubercle in both sexes, larger and crateriform in the 3. Thorax without basal fovea but with a fine impressed median line throughout, the puncturation as in rubricollis and without ground-sculpture. Elytra rather more coarsely punctured than in that species. Abdomen on the first three visible segments moderately finely and closely rugosely punctured,

the 4th to 6th more sparingly

3rd segment with the posterior border raised and with three arcuate emarginations, the lateral ones larger than the median, the border is thus trilobed, the lateral lobes rounded, 4th with an oval, densely and finely coriaceous dull median plaque extending nearly the whole length of the segment, the posterior margin feebly produced backwards in the middle, 7th with a rather large tubercle on each side near the base, 8th broadly rounded and finely and closely denticulate, its upper surface with fine asperate punctures, 6th ventral segment broadly rounded and closely denticulate

2. 8th dorsal segment broadly rounded, finely and closely

denticulate

Nagpore (type) Dehra Dun Haldwani Bombay

Eppelsheim omitted to mention the peculiar corraceous plaque on the 4th segment

2069 Zyras (Glossacantha) excisus.

Myrmedonia excisa Kr *, Linn Ent xi, 1857, p 50

Extremely like badrus, of practically the same colour, but a little smaller (55 mm) and with the antennæ distinctly shorter and stouter, the 4th to 10th joints distinctly transverse, the 11th as long as the preceding three together, the puncturation of the first two visible abdominal segments is rather closer

8th dorsal segment rounded and closely denticulate, in the middle with a deep subtriangular emargination,

6th ventral segment rounded and finely serrated

 $\$ 8th dorsal segment rounded and denticulate, in the middle with a rather broad arcuate emargination , 6th ventral segment rounded and finely serrated

Ceylon Wadduwa (Kannegieter)

Kraatz has failed to note the fine serrated edges of the 8th dorsal and 6th ventral segments

2070 Zyras (Glossacantha) hoplonotus.

Myrmedonia hoplonota Kr *, Linn Ent xi, 1857, p 49

Head black, in the 3 greasy lustrous, in the \mathcal{Q} more shining, thorax red, more shining in the \mathcal{Q} , elytra reddish-brown,

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rather shining, abdomen black, shining, the side-margins reddish. Antennæ reddish-brown, the first two joints and

legs reddish-yellow. Length 65 mm

Head broad, transverse, almost as broad as the thorax, the eyes large, much longer than the post-ocular region, extremely finely, sparingly punctured, in the 3 with a small median tubercle in front, distinctly corraceous and less shining in the 2 without tubercle or ground-sculpture and more shining. Antennæ extending to the base of the thorax, the 2nd joint very short, 3rd elongate, 4th to 10th distinctly

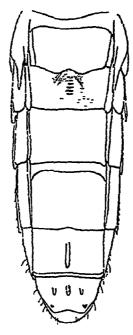


Fig 130 -Zyras (Glossacantha) hoplonotus, o, abdomen

transverse, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax a fourth broader than long, the sides rounded in front, practically straight and retracted behind, the posterior angles rounded, convex, before the scutellum with a small fovea, towards the sides lightly longitudinally impressed, extremely finely, rather sparingly punctured, distinctly coriaceous and less shining in the 3, more shining and without ground-sculpture in the 2 Elytra very slightly longer but distinctly broader than the thorax, finely, rather closely punctured, distinctly coriaceous in the 3, less distinctly in the 2 Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, in the 3 very finely and sparingly

punctured on the first three visible segments, in the Q less finely and more closely, the last three segments practically

impunctate in both sexes

d. 3rd abdominal segment a little produced backwards in the middle and arcuately emarginate, the lateral margin itself produced backwards and inwards as a spine, 4th with a median longitudinal impression, its fundus with five or six very small, closely placed tubercles one behind the other as in serraticornis, 5th broadly, superficially flattened in the middle of the basal half, 7th with a fine keel along the middle, 8th feebly emarginate, finely carinate along the middle, on each side between it and the lateral margin with a fine and much shorter keel and near the posterior angles with a very small keel or tubercle

Ceylon Colombo

2071 Zyras (Glossacantha) laidlawi, sp n

Head dark reddish-brown, dull in 3, shining in 2, thorax, elytra and abdomen shining, the thorax and abdomen yellowish-red, the elytra reddish-yellow Antennæ reddish-brown, the first joint and legs reddish-yellow Length 6 5-7 mm

In build scarcely differing from hoplonotus, the antennæ thinner, the joints shorter and so more transverse, the puncturation of the fore-parts much stronger Head moderately finely and moderately closely punctured, in the d strongly cornaceous and with a V-shaped impression on the disc, obscurely raised along the front but without distinct tubercle, in the 2 without ground-sculpture or impression. Thorax with small fovea at the middle of the base, the impressed median line fine and indistinct, the lateral impressions very superficial and obsolete, scarcely visible in the Q, the puncturation rather finer but about as close as in obscurus, the groundsculpture extremely fine and scarcely visible Elytra more closely and more coarsely punctured than the thorax and without ground-sculpture Abdomen except for a few fine scattered punctures on the first two visible segments practically impunctate

3rd segment with a long backwardly directed spine at the middle of the posterior margin, the lateral margin itself prolonged into a slightly curved spine directed backwards and a little inwards and nearly as long as the median one, 7th with a group of three tubercles, the central one at the posterior margin, the lateral ones a little more remote, 8th truncate, in the middle of the posterior margin with a large tubercle, on each side with a stout tooth from which a keel extends forwards towards the base

Ranchi Nankum, 1928 (Laidlaw) British Museum

2072 Zyras (Glossacantha) heimi.

Myrmedonia (Glossacantha) heimi Wasm D E Z 1899, p 150

Shining, the head less so in 3 than in the 2, black, thorax and elytra red, abdomen black, the posterior margins of the last four segments sometimes narrowly reddish-yellow Antennæ reddish-brown Legs reddish-yellow Length 5-7 mm

In build and antennal structure scarcely differing from hoplonotus, but with different sculpture and more brightly coloured Head finely, rather sparingly punctured, in the of with the disc lightly impressed and distinctly corraceous, in the Q without trace of ground-sculpture and more shiring Thorax as in hoplonotus, at the sides lightly obliquely impressed, before the scutellum with a fovea, in the & with a fine impressed median line also, the puncturation fine, moderately close on the disc, more sparing towards the sides, finer and less close than in obscurus, and rather finer in the Q, groundsculpture absent in both sexes Elvtra closely and less finely punctured than the thorax and without ground-sculpture Abdomen with the first two visible segments in the & finely and moderately closely punctured, in the 2 with the first four segments punctured, elsewhere glabrous and practically impunctate

3rd segment with the posterior margin produced backwards in the middle as a short sharp spine, the lateral margin itself produced backwards into a similar spine on each side; 7th with a little tubercle in the middle, 8th emarginate, the external angles prominent, along the middle and on each side with a keel

Ahmednagar, Sangamner, Belgaum

2073 Zyras (Glossacantha) obscurus.

Staphylinus obscurus F, Syst Elcuth 11, 1801, p 595, Er, Gen Spec Staph 1839-40, p 41 (Myrmedonia), Faur, Rev d'Ent xxii 1903, p 163 Myrmedonia hauseri Epp, W E Z ix, 1890, p 275 Myrmedonia semirufa Bernh, D E Z 1902, p 18 Myrmedonia tricuspidatus Kr, Linn Ent xi, 1857, p 49 Myrmedonia (Glossacantha) tridens Wasm*, D E Z xliii, 1899, p 141

Head black, dull in 3, shining in 2 thorax shining, yellowish-red, elytra shining reddish-yellow, abdomen shining pitchy-black, the posterior margins and often the elevated sides narrowly rufescent, sometimes with the first two visible segments reddish-brown. Antennæ reddish-brown, the first two joints and the legs reddish-yellow. Length 6-7 mm

In build and antennal structure scarcely differing from hoplonolus, but much more coarsely punctured and with

lighter elytra Head transverse, almost as broad as the thorax, the eyes large, much longer than the post-ocular region, in the 3 dull, strongly corraceous, at the sides finely and sparingly punctured, in the 2 shining, without ground-sculpture, moderately finely and rather closely punctured all over Antennæ extending to the base of the thorax, stout, 2nd joint scarcely half as long as the 3rd, 4th slightly, 5th to 10th more strongly transverse and differing but little from each other, about twice as broad as long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax slightly transverse (5 5 4 5), trapezoidal, the sides nearly straight behind, the

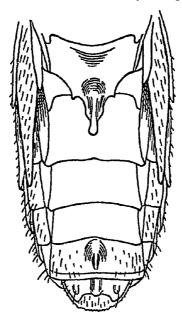


Fig 131 -Zyras (Glossacantha) obscurus, &, abdomen

posterior angles rounded, rather coarsely, moderately closely punctured and without ground-sculpture in either sex, in the 3 with impressed line along the middle. Elytra slightly longer and distinctly broader than the thorax, more coarsely and more closely punctured, ground-sculpture absent Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, in the 3 with the first three visible segments rather coarsely and rather sparingly punctured, the following practically impunctate, in the 2 with the 4th and 5th segments sparingly but rather coarsely punctured also

3rd segment produced backwards in the middle as a long spine, the lateral margin itself produced backwards as a yet

8th segment being without a central tubercle, but with two little keels close together instead. In the 2 the median basal impression of the thorax is less distinct and the vertex of the head is not impressed.

Dehra Dun

2076 Zyras (Glossacantha) kumaonensis, sp. n

d size, colour, and build of peraffinis, the antennæ similarly constructed, but the head and thorax present a fine but distinct ground-sculpture, the thorax more finely punctured on the disc, more sparingly towards the sides, elytra less finely punctured, 3rd abdominal segment with three long spines, the lateral arising from the lateral margin itself, 4th with a fine median keel on the anterior half, 7th with a median keel on the posterior half, 8th with two parallel keels close to the middle behind and another at the lateral margin. Differs from heims in the more finely punctured thorax and the ground-sculpture both on it and the elytra, the much longer spines of the 3rd segment, the keel at the base of the 4th, etc.

Kumaun Haldwani (H G Champion) At a broken termitarium († T obesus) Unique British Museum

2077 Zyras (Glossacantha) fraternus, sp n

on size, colour, build and antennal structure similar to peraffinis, but differing in the oral characters and in the following respects—the head is less shining and strongly corraceous, the thorax as closely but much less finely punctured and distinctly corraceous, the elytra obviously less finely punctured, the abdomen punctured as in peraffinis, 3rd segment with three long spines, the lateral ones arising from the side-margin itself and directed backwards and inwards, 4th with a fine keel along the whole of the middle line, 7th with a fine median keel along the posterior half, 8th with two fine keels united behind to form a U at the posterior border which is slightly emarginate

♀ unknown

Kumaun Haldwani, iii 1923 (H G Champion)

2078 Zyras (Glossacantha) reversus, sp n

Shining (3 and 2) Head black, thorax and elytra vellowishred, abdomen reddish-brown, the last three segments pitchyblack Antennæ red Legs reddish-yellow Length 6 mm

Build of heims, colour more like obscurus, antennæ shorter than in the former Head finely corraceous in both seves, but more distinctly in the \mathcal{Q} , finely and spanngly punctured, the front obtusely raised in the middle Antennæ with the



2079 Zyras (Glossacantha) forticornis.

Zyras forticorms Faux, Rev d Ent axin, 1904, p 64

Shining, head and abdomen black, the base of the latter often reddish-brown, thorax red, elytra dark reddish-brown Antennæ reddish-brown, the first two joints and legs reddish-

yellow Length 7 mm

Head transversely suborbicular, slightly narrower than the thorax, the eyes large, much longer than the post-ocular regions, the front with a small fovea in the 3, very finely, 1ather closely punctured, finely but distinctly corraceous in Antennæ rather long and stout, the 2nd joint small, scarcely half as long as the 3rd, 4th to 9th longer than broad, decreasing in length, the 10th as long as broad, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax very slightly transverse (5 475), convex, the sides rounded in front, retracted and a little sinuate behind, the posterior angles obtuse, narrowly sulcate along the whole of the middle line, rather closely, moderately coarsely punctured, finely corraceous Elytra as long as but broader than the thorax. more closely and less coarsely punctured, finely corraceous Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, finely and closely punctured on the first two visible segments (less finely in the 2), more sparingly on the 3rd, the following two practically impunctate, the last with a few small asperate punctures

 $\hat{\mathbf{d}}$ 3rd abdominal segment with a strong tooth at the middle

of the posterior margin, 8th slightly emarginate

 $\mathfrak Q$ 8th dorsal segment rounded and closely denticulate Nilgiri Hills

Subgenus ZYRAS, s str

Zyras Steph, Ill Brit Ent Mandib v, 1932, p 430, Thoms, Skand Col u, 1860, p 258, Muls et Rey, Nat Hist Col Fr Brevip Aléoch III, 1873, p 35, Ganglb, Käf Mitt-Eui II, 1895, p 119, Reitt, Faun Germ II, 1909, p 42, Johansen, Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p 94, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 296, Poitevin, Encycl Ent A, XII, 1929, I, p 254

Shining species, the head not greatly produced in front. Antennæ with the 2nd joint not or but little shorter than the 3rd, the following not laterally compressed and furnished with long sparse hairs

Key to the Species

1 Black, the fore-parts with strong greenishblue reflex nugroæneus, sp n, p 543.
Otherwise coloured 2
Entirely black species 3
Otherwise coloured 4

3	Abdomen with long close pubescence at the sides, antennæ entirely black Abdomen with long scanty pubescence	hireutwentne Kr., p. 542.
	at the sides; antennæ with the 11th joint sometimes dark red.	pindaræ Champ., p. 542.
4	Sth or 7th and Sth abdominal segments bright red, the rest black	5
5	Abdomen otherwise Only the 8th segment red The 7th and 8th segments red	6 ruficauda sp n., p 543. kraatz: Schub., p 536
6	Elytra black or pitchy Elytra otherwise	7 11.
7	Thorax impressed at the sides Thorax not impressed	distinctus sp. n. p. 540. 8
8	Base of abdomen only red, the rest black, elytra not asperate.	9
	Base and apex of abdomen yellowsh- red, elytra asperately punctured.	[p. 736. cxasperatus Schub,
	Head ferrugmous-red Head black	ferrugineus, sp. n., p. 541.
10	Antennæ entirely black; elytra coarsely and rather sparingly punctured. Antennæ brown, the last three joints	op.unus sp. n , p 534
	reddish-yellow; elytra finely, rather	
11	closely punctured Elytra entirely yellow or reddish-	geminus Kr. p 549
	yellow Elytra bicolorous	12 13
1.2	Larger (65 mm), closely pubescent; intermediate joints of antennæ trans-	Ira T" 50"
	Smaller (3 5 mm), normally pubescent,	hirtus Kr., p. 535
19	intermediate joints of antennæ longer than broad	rusescens, sp n, p 534.
19	Head and thorax ferruginous-red; ely- tra red, the postero-external region black	castaneus Motsch , p 539.
14	Head and thorax black Elytra black, the scutellary and sutural	14
	regions with a narrow triangular red marking extending nearly to the	
	apex Elytra otherwise	hastatus Fauv , p. 539 15
15	Elytra black, with a transverse reddish- yellow humeral spot	perforatus Champ , p 535
	Elytra yellow, with the postero-external region black or infuscate	16
	Abdomen black Abdomen bicolorous	proximus, sp n, p 538 17
17	segments red, the rest black, antennæ	
	except base black Abdomen otherwise	nilgiriensis, sp n., p 537. 18
18	Abdomen red, the 3rd and 4th visible segments black, antennæ black.	champiori, sp n. p. 537.
	Abdomen black, the lst visible segment and the last red; antennæ black, the last three joints pale yellow	gardners, sp n., p 538.
	the last three joints pale yellow	Acres of well and

2080 Zyras (s str) optimus, sp n (Fauvel, in litt)

Shining, head, elytra, 4th and 5th visible abdominal segments black, thorax, first three visible abdominal segments and the last red. Antennæ black, the last joint obscurely

reddish Legs reddish-yellow Length 5 75 mm

In build scarcely differing from fulgidus Gr, but differently coloured and with shorter antennæ Head transverse, with a few small scattered punctures, ground-sculpture absent Antennæ rather short, the 3rd joint a little longer than the 2nd, 4th slightly longer than broad, 5th as long as broad, 6th to 10th about a half broader than long, 11th as long as the preceding two together Thorax transverse (9 5 8), before the scutellum foveate, on each side of the middle in the anterior half with a somewhat irregular row of five or six moderate punctures, towards the sides with seven or eight more, otherwise impunctate and without ground-sculpture, the sides with a few short setæ Elytra coarsely and rather closely punctured Abdomen with a few punctures in the basal impressions, otherwise glabrous and impunctate Pubescence rather long, sparing on the head and thorax, closer on the elvtra

Nilgiri Hills (H L Andrewes). Unique The author's

collection

2081 Zyras (s str) rufescens, sp n

Shining, head, thorax and abdomen yellowish-red, elytra yellow. Antennæ reddish-yellow, the 4th to 9th joints blackish

Legs reddish-yellow Length 3 5 mm

In build resembling fulgidus Gr., but much smaller, the eyes much larger, differently coloured, etc Head transverse, only a little narrower than the thorax, the eyes large, much longer than the post-ocular region, practically impunctate and without ground-sculpture, but with a few long black setæ Antennæ moderate, the 3rd joint a little longer than the 2nd, 4th to 9th a little longer than broad, decreasing in length, the 10th as long as broad, the 11th scarcely as long as the preceding two together Thorax transverse (5 5 4), the sides rounded in front, retracted behind, the posterior angles rounded, convex, about the middle of the disc, with a pair of small, rather widely separated punctures, otherwise practically impunctate and without ground-sculpture, the sides with some long black setæ Elytra broader and about a half longer than the thorax, extremely finely, very sparingly punctured and with scanty long yellow hairs Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, the 5th, 6th and 8th segments with long black setæ on their posterior margins, the sides also with similar setæ, practically impunctate

Ceylon Unique British Museum

ZYRAS 535

2082 Zyras (s str) hirtus

Myrmedonia hirta Kr *, Arch Naturg xxv, 1859, p 25, tab 1, fig 8

Shining, head, thorax and abdomen ferruginous-red, the elytra yellowish-red. Antennæ red, the first two joints and the last yellowish-red. Legs reddish-yellow. Length 5.5 mm

Readily recognized by the close yellow pubescence, especially noticeable at the sides of the abdomen, in build not unlike fulandus Er Head transverse, a good deal narrower than the thorax, eyes moderate, in front lightly transversely impressed, at the sides with a fine, sparing puncturation and long hairs, ground-sculpture absent Antennæ with the 2nd joint moderate, the 3rd a little longer, 4th about as long as broad, 5th to 10th moderately transverse, 11th small, shorter than the preceding two together Thoiax a fourth broader than long, convey, the sides rounded in front, retracted and straighter behind, the anterior angles rounded, the posterior obtuse, before the scutellum with a fovea, very finely, sparingly punctured, pubescence long, and without ground-sculpture Elytra a little broader and a fourth longer than the thorax. very finely, sparingly punctured, closely covered with long yellow hairs Abdomen parallel, practically impunctate along the middle, towards the sides with moderately fine scattered punctures and long hairs, the sides with a long close, yellow pubescence

Ceylon (Nietner) Unique

2083 Zyras (s str) perforatus

Myrmedonia (Zyras) perforata Champ*, E M M hn, 1921, p 176

Very shining, head and thorax black, elytra black, with transverse reddish-yellow humeral marking, abdomen red, the 6th and 7th segments black. Antennæ black, the 1st, 2nd, base of the 3rd, and 11th joints orange-red Legs reddish-yellow Length 7.5 mm

In build very similar to hauorth: Steph, but with less transverse thorax. Head transverse, much narrower than the thorax, with fine scattered setiferous punctures and without ground-sculpture. Antennæ moderate, thickened towards apex, the 3rd joint a little longer than 2nd, 4th to 7th slightly longer than broad, decreasing in length, 8th as long as broad, 9th and 10th slightly transverse, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax distinctly transverse, convex, before the base in the middle with a large fovea, the sides rounded in front, retracted and slightly sinuate behind, with moderately fine, scattered, setiferous punctures

Elytra as long as but a good deal broader than the thorax, with small scattered punctures and fine sparing pubescence, without long setæ at the sides. Abdomen a little narrowed towards apex at the bases of the segments with a few small punctures, otherwise glabrous and precically impunctate the sides with some fine setæ

Kumaun Swal River, in 1919 (H. G Champion) (type). Nami Tal

The small form treated as a variety by Champion is quite distinct, as will be seen from the description of champions (p. 537).

2084 Zyras (s str) kraatzi.

Zyras kraatsi Schub *, D E Z 1908, p 609 Myrmedonia (Zyras) ignicauda Champ *, E. M M lxni, 1927 p 245

Very shining, black, the 7th and 8th abdominal segments bright red. Antennæ black the 1st 2nd and 11th joints reddish. Legs reddish-yellow. Length 5-5 75 mm

In build very like perforatus, but with smaller, more orbicular Head small, slightly transverse a good deal narrower than the thorax, the eyes moderate, at the sides with a few small setiferous punctures, without ground-sculpture tennæthickened towards apex, the 3rd joint a little longer than 2nd, 4th, and 5th slightly longer than broad 6th to 7th as long as broad. Sth to 10th slightly transverse the 11th as long as the preceding two together Thorax slightly transverse, convey, the sides rounded a little retracted behind before the scutellum with a large fovea almost smooth along the middle, elsewhere with a few small scattered punctures. broader than the thorax, slightly widened behind, with a few small scattered punctures except along the posterior margin and a small space behind near the side which are impunctate Abdomen a little narrowed behind, in the basal impressions with a few small punctures otherwise practically impunctate and glabrous Sth dorsal segment rounded behind

Kulu (Rost) Chakrata district . Jaunsar, viii 1919 (H. G. Champion)

2085 Zyras (s str) exasperatus.

Zyras exasperatus Schub*, D E Z 1908, p 610

Shining; head and elytra dark brown the latter obscurely reddish at the base, thorax reddish-brown; abdomen with the 1st visible segment reddish, 2nd to 4th pitchy, 5th and 6th red Antennæ black, the 11th joint red. Legs reddishvellow Length 5 5 mm

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Near kraatzi, but a little less robust, the colour brighter Antennæ longer, thorax less transverse, the elytra with distinctly asperate punctures Head transversely suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, impunctate along the middle, elsewhere with a few small scattered punctures Antennæ with the 2nd and 3rd joints of equal length, 4th to 7th a little longer than broad, gradually decreasing in length, 8th as long as broad, 9th and 10th a little transverse. 11th as long as the preceding two together Thorax slightly transverse, convex, the sides rounded in front, retracted and straighter behind, before the scutellium with a large rounded fovea, its fundus with two or three fine punctures. elsewhere with scattered small or very small punctures Elytra as long as but broader than the thorax, with coarse. moderately close, distinctly asperate punctures in the basal half, towards the apex more finely and much more sparingly punctured, almost impunctate behind Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, practically impunctate, but the 7th segment with four small quadrately placed asperate punctures, the 8th with a few similar ones irregularly placed, its posterior border with a shallow arcuate emargination. Pubescence throughout rather long and scanty

Kulu, alt about 3000 m (Rost)

2086 Zyras (s str) championi, sp n

Closely allied to perforatus, but differing from it in the colour-pattern of the elytra and abdomen, the former more closely punctured, the elytra are bright reddish-yellow with a large black sharply defined marking occupying the region from the middle of the external margin to the sutural angle; the abdomen is red, with the 5th (except for a small red spot adjacent to the side-margin in front) and 6th segments black, whereas in perforatus the 6th and 7th segments are black. The antennæ entirely black Length 6 mm

Sımla Hılls Theog, alt 7000 feet Kumaun Namı Tal

2087 Zyras (s str) nilgiriensis, sp n

Shining, head and thorax black, elytra yellowish-red, with the postero-external region from the middle of the outer margin to the apex of the suture indeterminately blackish Abdomen with the first three visible segments red, the following black. Antennæ black, the first two joints reddish. Anterior femora entirely, middle and posterior with the apical half only, black, tibiæ and tarsi reddish-yellow. Length 6 mm

Robust Thorax less convex and slightly broader than in champions, the sculpture entirely different, the black elytral

marking much less definite, the abdomen with different colour-pattern. Head broad, transverse, narrower than the thorax, almost impunctate, finely pubescent. Antennæ as in perforatus. Thorax transverse (9 5 8), the sides retracted and a little sinuate behind, before the scutellium with a fovea, extremely finely, moderately closely punctured, and with long, rather close yellowish pubescence. Elytra as long as but broader than the thorax, the puncturation and pubescence very similar. Abdomen with the first three visible segments practically impunctate, 4th and 5th closely, moderately finely punctured except behind, the 6th more sparingly, the pubescence long.

Nilgiri Hills (A K Wells-Dowding) Unique The author's

collection.

2088 Zyras (s str) gardneri, sp n (Plate III, fig 1)

Shining, head and thorax black, elytra yellowish-red, the postero-external angles infuscate, abdomen with the 1st visible segment and apex of the last red, the following black, the transverse basal impressions of the 2nd and 3rd red. Antennæ black, the last three joints pale yellow. Legs reddish-yellow. Length 7 mm

In build scarcely differing from nilgiriensis, but with the thorax less finely but about as closely punctured, the pubescence very similar Elytra much less finely and more closely punctured, the pubescence shorter, the 6th and 7th segments of the abdomen less punctured Antennæ a little longer, the 4th and 5th joints longer In other respects like nilgiriensis

Darjeeling, alt 6000 feet, ix 29 (J C M Gardner). Unique The author's collection

2089 Zyras (s str) proximus, sp n

Shining, head, thorax and abdomen black; elytra yellowish-red, with the postero-external region from the middle of the outer margin to the apex of the suture indeterminately black. Antennæ black. Legs reddish-yellow. Length 4.5 mm

Of the same build as championi, but smaller, the colour of the fore-parts as in nilguriensis, but with black abdomen and different sculpture, the antennæ as in the latter species but with the 11th joint almost as long as the preceding three together. Head with a few small punctures at the sides. Thorax with the usual basal fovea and towards the middle of the sides with another, smooth along the middle, and on each side with a very irregular row of about seven or eight

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small punctures, towards the sides with four or five others irregularly placed; the elytra much less finely and more closely punctured than in nilgiriensis. Abdomen except for a few punctures in the basal impressions glabrous and impunctate. Pubescence much shorter and more sparing than in nilgiriensis, more like that of champion:

Nilgiri Hills (Wells-Dowding) Unique The author's

collection

2000 Zyras (s str) hastatus.

Zyras hastatus Faux *, Rev d Ent xxm, 1904, p 64

Shining head and last three abdominal segments black, thorax and first three visible segments red, elytra black, the scutellary and sutural regions nearly to the apex narrowly and triangularly red. Antennæ black, the first three joints and the last obscurely reddish. Legs reddish-yellow. Length 3.75 mm

Head broad, transversely subquadrate, a little narrower than the thora, sparingly and finely punctured at the sides, ground-sculpture absent. Antennæ a little thickened towards apex, the 3rd joint scarcely longer than 2nd, 4th slightly longer than broad, 5th and 6th as long as broad, 7th to 10th transverse, the penultimate a half broader than long, the 11th as long as the preceding four together. Thorax transverse (6.5 5.5), convex, the sides straightly retracted behind, foveate before the scutellum, very sparingly and irregularly punctured, the punctures varying from fine to moderate, ground-sculpture absent. Elvtra a little longer and distinctly broader than the thorax, moderately coarsely and moderately closely punctured. Abdomen with some punctures in the basal impressions, elsewhere impunctate and glabrous. Pubescence throughout rather long, more evident on the clytra.

Belgaum

2091 Zyras (s str) castaneus.

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Hydropiera castanea Motsch *, Et Ent. vin, 1859, p 86, Cam., L.M M lxix, 1933, p 219

Shining, ferruginous-red, the postero-lateral region of the clytra black. Antennæ black, the first three joints reddishyellow. Legs reddish-yellow, the anterior and middle femora infuscate. Length 4 mm

Larger and more robust than hastatus and differently coloured Head transversely suborbicular, a little narrower than the thorax, the eyes rather large but not prominent, practically impunctate and without ground-sculpture, with a few stiff hairs. Antennæ moderate, the 3rd joint a little

longer than 2nd, 4th and 5th scarcely differing, about as long as broad, 6th to 10th slightly transverse, scarcely increasing in width, the 11th elongate, as long as the preceding three together. Thorax convex, slightly transverse, the sides gently rounded, more retracted behind, the posterior angles rounded, before the scutellium with a small fovea, practically impunctate, but with a few stiff hairs. Elytra about as long as but a good deal broader than the thorax, rather finely, sparingly punctured and pubescent. Abdomen gradually and slightly narrowed from base to apex, the basal impressions of the first two visible segments each with a transverse row of very fine punctures, otherwise practically impunctate and glabrous.

Ceylon Mt Patannas

2092 Zyras (s str) geminus.

Myrmedoma gemma Kr *, Arch Naturg xxv, 1859, p 27

Shining, head, elytra and last three abdominal segments black, thorax and first three segments red Antennæ yellowish-brown or blackish, the last three joints yellow Legs reddish-yellow, the apices of the femora a little infuscate

Length 4 mm

Somewhat resembling collaris Payk, but with broader head and larger eyes, longer and thinner antenne, etc. Head transversely subquadrate, the eyes large, narrower than the thorax, very finely and very sparingly punctured. Antenne rather long, thickened towards apex, 3rd joint a little longer than the 2nd, 4th to 7th all a little longer than broad, decreasing in length, 8th to 10th a little transverse, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax transverse (7–6), the sides behind retracted and a little sinuate, foveate before the base, smooth along the middle, elsewhere finely and sparingly punctured and pubescent. Elytra as long as but broader than the thorax, finely and moderately closely punctured, and with long pubescence. Abdomen with a few punctures in the basal impressions, the 6th and 7th rather closely and moderately finely punctured at their bases.

Ceylon India Mysore, Anantapur Also in Sumatra

and Java

2093 Zyras (s str) distinctus, sp n

Shining, head and thorax reddish-brown, more or less extensively infuscate, elytra pitchy-black, abdomen lighter, chestnut-brown, with the 6th and 7th segments darker Antennæ dark brown, the first two joints and the 11th reddish

ZYRAS 541

Legs reddish-yellow, the apices of the femora a little infuscate.

Length 6 75 mm

Of the build of geminus, but much larger and differently coloured, the antennæ longer Head broad, transversely suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, the eye about as long as the post-ocular region, with a few very small scattered punctures at the sides and some long hairs Antennæ rather long, a little thickened towards the apex, the 3rd joint a little longer than the 2nd, 4th to 7th longer than broad, decreasing m length, 8th to 10th about as long as broad, 11th scarcely as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (8 · 7), the sides rounded in front, retracted and sinuate behind, the posterior angles rounded, deeply foveate before the scutellum, broadly impressed on each side behind, smooth along the middle and before the base, the impressions finely and closely punctured, elsewhere with a few fine scattered punctures, the pubescence sparing, the sides with some long black setæ Elytra as long as but broader than the thorax, rather closely, moderately coarsely punctured, finely pubescent, the sides setiferous Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, with a few punctures in the basal impressions and along the posterior margins of the segments, otherwise glabrous and impunctate, the sides with tufts of setæ

Chakrata district Manjgaon, alt 6500 feet

2094 Zyras (s str) ferrugineus, sp n

Shining, ferruginous-red, the elytra and 5th to 8th abdominal segments black. Antennæ with the first five joints reddishyellow, the rest black. Femora reddish-yellow, the apices infuscate, tibiæ pitchy, tarsi reddish-yellow. Length 45 mm.

Head transverse, suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, the eye about as long as the post-ocular region, extremely finely, sparingly punctured and finely pubescent, ground-sculpture absent. Antennæ rather long, a little thickened towards apex, 3rd joint distinctly longer than the 2nd, 4th to 8th all longer than broad, decreasing in length, 9th and 10th as long as broad, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax transverse (7 2 6), convex, the sides rounded in front, retracted but not sinuate behind, without trace of basal fovea, the sculpture and pubescence as on the head. Elytra scarcely longer but broader than the thorax, finely, moderately closely punctured and pubescent, without lateral setæ Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, very finely and very sparingly punctured, a little more closely on the penultimate segments

Burma . Ruby Mines (Doherty) Unique British Museum.

2095 Zyras (s. str.) hirsutiventris.

Mymrefonia (Zyme Firedibertrie Champ.*, E.M.M. Inf. 1927 p. 245.

Shining, black, Antennæ black: palpi pitchy, Lege reddish-yellow, the apical half of the femora blackish. Length 6-5 mm

Robust. Head rather small, transverse, narrower than the thorax, the eyes moderate, almost as long as the post-ocular region, almost smooth on the disc, at the sides very finely and sparingly punctured the pubescence stiff, black and sparing. Antenne moderate, thickened towards apex, with long, scenty hairs, 3rd joint slightly longer than 2rd, 4th to 6th slightly longer than broad, decreasing in length. 7th as long as broad. Sth to 10th about a half broader than long. 11th small shorter than the preceding two together. Thorax slightly transverse, convex, the sides rounded in front, sinuately retracted behind the posterior angles briefly rounded, before the scutellum with a fores almost smooth along the middle very finely and very sparingly punctured elsewhere, finely pubescent and, like the head, without ground-sculpture, the sides with black setse. Elytra as long as but a good deal broader than the thorax, as finely but much more closely punctured, finely pubescent. Abdomen a little narrowed towards apex, very finely and very sparingly punctured. more closely at the bases of the 6th and 7th segments, sparingly pubescent, the sides with rather long, close setæ: Sth segment gently rounded. The yellow terminal segment referred to by Champion is the 9th and usually concealed, all the six visible segments being black.

Central Almora: Kumann. vii. 1920 (H. G. Champion).

Unique.

2023. Zyras (s. str.) pindaræ.

Mymrdmia (Zyme) pindare Champ.*. E. M. II. Wil. 1921. p. 179.

Robust, shiring, black. Antennæ black, the 11th joint sometimes dull reddish. Femora black, tibiæ and tarsi brownish-vellow. Length 6-5 mm.

In size and build much resembling hieralizentris, but with the sides of the thorax a little more retracted behind and not sinuate, the whole insect less pubescent. The 6th joint of the antennæ is as long as broad 7th to 10th less transverse than in hieralizantris, the 11th as long as the preceding two together: sculpture of the thorax different, narrowly smooth along the middle, and on each side with an irregular row of small, close punctures towards the sides sparingly and irregularly punctured. Elytra moderately finely and moderately ZYRAS. 543

closely punctured Abdomen practically glabrous and impunctate Pubescence throughout rather sparing, the sides with longer hairs

Kumaun, Pindar Valley, alt 8000-11,000 feet, vii 1920

(H G Champion)

2097 Zyras (s str) rusicauda, sp n

Shining, black, the 8th segment of the abdomen red. Antennæ black, the first two joints pitchy, the 11th reddish. Femora pitchy, tibiæ and tarsi reddish-yellow Length 9 mm.

Head rather small, narrower than the thorax, with a few small, scattered punctures Antennæ moderate, a little thickened towards the apex, 3rd joint longer than 2nd, 4th to 6th slightly longer than broad, 7th and 8th as long as broad, 9th and 10th transverse, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax as long as broad, convex, the sides rounded in front, retracted and distinctly sinuate behind, the posterior angles briefly rounded, before the scutellium with a large fovea, smooth along the middle, elsewhere with small scattered punctures, each with a stiff hair, ground-sculpture absent, sides with two or three setæ. Scutellium coarsely punctured at the base, smooth at apex. Elytra as long as but a little broader than the thorax, finely, moderately closely punctured, each puncture with a stiff hair. Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, almost impunctate and glabrous

Ghum district Tiger Hill, alt 8000-10,000 feet

2098 Zyras (s str) nigroæneus, sp n

Shining, black, the fore-parts with strong greenish-blue reflex. Abdomen black Antennæ black, the first two joints and base of the third reddish-yellow Femora pitchy-black, tibiæ and

tarsı pale yellow Length 6 mm

Head nearly orbicular, narrower than the thorax, the eye about as long as the post-ocular region, with a few small scattered punctures at the sides, ground-sculpture absent Antennæ moderate, a little thickened towards apex, the 3rd joint a little longer than the 2nd, 4th to 6th slightly longer than broad, decreasing in length, 7th as long as broad, 8th to 10th transverse, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (6 5 6), the sides rounded and rather more retracted in front, the posterior angles broadly rounded, before the soutellum with a large fovea, smooth along the middle, elsewhere sparingly and irregularly punctured, the punctures rather small and each with a yellow hair, each side with three black setæ, two in front and one behind Scutellum coarsely punctured Elytra slightly longer and distinctly broader than the thorax, by no means closely punctured.

the punctures like those of the thorax, each with a vellow hair. Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, practically glabrous and impunctate, the sides without sets.

Simla Hills. Narkanda, alt 9230 feet,

Subgenus PELLA Steph

Pella Steph , Ill Brit Ent Mandib v. 1832 p 430 Ganglb ,
 Käf Mitt -Eur n. 1895, p 122 , Reitt Laun Germ n 1900,
 p 42 , Lenyes, Gen Ins. 173 B, 1920 p 296

Antennæ with 2nd joint of moderate length, as long or not much shorter than the 3rd, the following not compressed leterally and without or with a short scanty pubescence, the 11th joint not longer than the preceding three together Anterior abdominal segments simple in the 3

Key to the Species

1 Dark species
Brightly coloured species, shining
2 Shining black, the fore-parts without
ground sculpture
Greas lustrous, pitchy black, the foreparts strongly coraceous

2 coloratus, sp n, p 545
I uluensis, sp n, p 545
ceylonicus, sp n, p 545

2099 Zyras (Pella) ceylonicus, sp n

Head, thorax and elytra pitchy-black, greasy lustrous, the elytra with the base, shoulders, sutural and posterior margins narrowly and indeterminately reddish-yellow, abdomen shining black. Antennæ and legs brown. Length 5.5 mm

In build somewhat resembling functus Gr, but with the fore-parts less shining, the antennæ much shorter and thicker Head transverse, suborbicular, a good deal narrower than the thorax, the eyes moderate, about as long as the post-ocular region, very finely, not very closely punctured, strongly Antennæ stout, the 3rd joint about twice as long as the 2nd, 4th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate three times as broad as long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (4 3 5), the sides almost straight, strongly retracted backwards, the posterior angles rounded with the base, before the scutellum with a minute fovea and sometimes with a short impressed line posteriorly along the middle, scarcely perceptibly impressed towards the sides, the sculpture as on the head. Elytra as long as but a little broader than the thorax, finely and closely punctured, less strongly corraceous. Abdomen parallel, extremely finely, sparingly punctured on the basal segments, much more sparingly on the following, the last truncate

545 ZYRAS

and with a few asperate punctures, 6th ventral segment broadly rounded

Cevlon Kandy

The sex of the two specimens before me is uncertain

2100 Zyras (Pella) kuluensis, sp n

Black, shining, the base of the thorax very narrowly reddish-yellow. Antennæ brown, the first two joints red Femora pitchy, tibiæ and tarsi red Length 5 mm

In size and build somewhat resembling similis Mark a good deal narrower than the thorax, the eyes moderate, a little longer than the post-ocular region, very finely, moderately closely punctured and without ground-sculpture Antennæ rather short, the 3rd joint a little longer than the 2nd, 4th slightly, 5th to 10th more strongly transverse, the penultimate three times broader than long, the 11th fully as long as the preceding three together Thorax transverse, (3.75 2.75), convex, the sides evenly rounded with the base, the sculpture as on the head Elytra a little longer and broader than the thorax, less finely and more closely punctured. Abdomen parallel, and except for some very fine punctures along the posterior margins of the segments practically im-The fore-parts with a fine, scanty, yellowish punctate pubescence

of (2) 8th dorsal segment rounded, in the middle with six or seven small teeth, on each side with two larger ones, the surface with small, scattered, asperate punctures

Naggar, alt 5000 feet (H G Champion). Unique.

British Museum

2101 Zyras (Pella?) coloratus, sp n (Plate III, fig 2)

Shining, head and elytra dark reddish-brown, thorax and first two visible segments of the abdomen bright reddishyellow, the rest of the abdomen black. Antennæ red Legs reddish-yellow Length 4 mm

Head a little narrower than the thorax, eyes moderate, about as long as the post-ocular region, smooth along the middle, the disc with a little impression, the puncturation rather coarse, umbilicate and moderately close, ground-sculpture absent Antennæ short and stout, the 3rd joint a little longer than the 2nd, 4th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate three times broader than long, 11th slightly longer than the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (55 · 45), convex, the sides rounded in front, retracted and almost straight behind, the posterior angles rounded, before the scutellum with a fovea, along the middle narrowly impunctate, elsewhere with a similar but closer puncturation than on the head; ground-sculpture absent Elytra broader

and about a fourth longer than the thorax, the puncturation similar but closer Abdomen parallel, very finely and very sparingly punctured on the anterior segments, less finely and more closely on the last two

Sexual differences unknown

Debra Dun.

ZYRASTILBUS, subgen n

Facies recalling Astilbus canaliculatus F Head rounded, temples finely bordered below Antennæ with the 2nd and 3rd joints of equal length, the following furnished with a short. rather close pubescence Fore-parts dull, rugosely punctured Thorax as long as broad

2102 Zyras (Zyrastılbus) almorensis, sp n (Plate III, fig 3)

Entirely black, the fore-parts dull, the abdomen shining Antennæ black, the 2nd joint reddish, the 11th reddishyellow Femora pitchy-black, tibiæ and tarsi reddish-

vellow Length 4 mm

In facies, except for the broader thorax, somewhat like Astilbus canaliculatus F Head slightly transverse, suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, eyes rather small, shorter than the post-ocular region, very closely rugosely punctured except the front, which is a little shining and with larger umbilicate punctures. Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate twice as broad as long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax as long as broad, convex, the sides rounded in front, rather strongly retracted and a little sinuate behind, the posterior angles obtusely rounded, before the scutellum with a small superficial impression, very closely rugosely punctured Elytra as long as but a little broader than the thorax, feebly emarginate postero-externally, very closely and rugosely punctured Abdomen parallel, finely, moderately closely punctured and pubescent throughout

W Almora Kumaun (H G Champion) British Museum

RHOPALODONIA, subgen n

Antennæ clavate, the 7th to 11th joints forming a club; 3rd abdominal segment modified in the of

2103 Zyras (Rhopalodonia) clavicornis.

Myrmedonia clavicornie Kr *, Arch Naturg xxi, 1859, p 24, tab 1, fig 7

Moderately shiring, ferruginous-red, the elytra scarcely

ZYRAS. 547

infuscate postero-externally. Antennæ brown, the first three joints reddish. Legs reddish-yellow Length 4 75 mm

In the build of the fore-parts somewhat like rigidus Er. Head transversely suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, the eyes moderate, very finely, obsoletely and rather sparingly punctured and without ground-sculpture Antennæ short and stout, the 3rd joint a little longer than the 2nd, 4th to 6th transverse, scarcely differing amongst themselves, 7th to 10th distinctly broader but differing but little from one another, the 11th stout, as long as the preceding two together a third broader than long, the sides rounded in front, straighter and retracted behind the posterior angles rounded, conver, along the middle narrowly sulcate, the groove extending nearly to the anterior and posterior margins, the disc closely, moderately finely granular, towards the sides more finely and more sparingly, ground-sculpture absent Elytra a little longer and broader than the thorax, closely, moderately finely punctured. Abdomen parallel, the 1st visible segment with a few obsolete punctures, the following with a few asperate punctures placed transversely. The fore-parts with a fine, moderately close, vellow pubescence, the abdomen nearly glabrous

3. 3rd segment with a small tooth at the middle of the posterior margin, 7th with a fine short median keel near the base, 8th truncate

Ceylon (Nietner) Unique

Species of doubtful systematic position

2104 Zyras trisulcatus.

Myrmedonia trisulcata Wasm, Ann Mus Cn. Gen (2) xvi, 1896, p 623

"Pitchy-black, mouth-parts, coxe and legs, base and ventral surface of the abdomen testaceous Head as broad as the thorax, somewhat shining, very finely alutaceous, eyes large, prominent Antennæ longer than the head and thorax, the 3rd joint twice as long as broad, much longer than the 2nd, 4th a little longer than broad, 5th to 10th gradually becoming shorter but scarcely broader, 9th and 10th distinctly transverse, 11th ovate, acuminate Thorax shining, sparingly and very finely granulate, transversely quadrate, a half broader than long, trisulcate, the lateral sulci near the reflexed margin and entire, the median abbreviated near the base, the posterior angles obtuse, the posterior margin rounded Elytra longer and more than a half broader than the thorax, densely and roughly granular, scarcely shining Abdomen distinctly narrowed towards the apex, depressed, the lateral margins considerably elevated Length 35 mm

"& head lightly depressed in front, 3rd dorsal segment of the abdomen with a short tooth at the middle of the posterior margin, 4th subcarinate behind in the middle, 6th with strongly elevated median keel. Of entirely different build from the preceding [termitobia], in the broad, coarsely granular ely tra and the narrowed, almost excavated abdomen resembles camura Er and granulata Wasm, in the form of the thorax somewhat like frontolis Ei and impressicollis Kr. At first sight looks like an Astilbus, but I take it for a Myrmedonia on account of the & characters

"Burma, Carin Cheba, alt 900-1100 m, v, xii 1888 (Fea) In nests of Termes few Wasm One specimen in the Museo Civico of Genoa" (ex Wasmann)

ACANTHASTILBUS, gen n

Somewhat resembling *Porus* in build, but at once distinguished by the long antennæ, all the joints being cylindrical, and the much longer legs, the tibiæ and tarsi much longer and not compressed laterally. From *Astilbus* it differs in build and the anterior and middle tibiæ furnished with spines, in other respects, so far as can be seen without dissection, the characters are those of *Astilbus*.

2105 Acanthastilbus andrewesianus, sp n

Shining, head black, thorax and elytra dark reddish-brown, abdomen lighter Antennæ red Legs reddish-yellow Length 7 mm

Head suborbicular, almost as broad as the thorax, the eyes moderate, not prominent, impunctate along the middle, very finely, sparingly punctured elsewhere, ground-sculpture absent Antennæ long, a little thickened towards the apex, the 1st'joint long, sulcate for the apical half, 3rd a little longer than the 2nd, 4th to 10th longer than broad, decreasing in length, the 11th as long as the 10th Thorax as long as broad, the sides almost straight, retracted behind, the posterior angles rounded, along the middle throughout with a fine sulcus, the puncturation fine, umbilicate, rather close along the middle, much more sparing at the sides, an almost impunctate space between these two areas, ground-sculpture absent Elytra as long as but a little broader than the thorax, finely, moderately closely punctured and without ground-sculpture Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, rather sparingly punctured, especially on the 5th and 6th segments, the 7th with some larger, elongate punctures at the base, 8th segment truncate, finely and closely crenulate, on each side with a small tooth

Nilgiri Hills (H 'L Andrewes) Unique The author's

collection

PORUS 549

Genus PORUS Westw

Porus Westw, in Royle, Ill Bot Himal Mts 1, Introd 1839, p 55, Er, Gen Spec Staph 1839-1840, p 36 Kraatz, Linn Ent vi, 1857, p 21, Fauv, Rev d'Ent viii 1889, pp 35, 285, id, xiv, 1895, p 10, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 283

Elongate, parallel species Head nearly as broad as the thorax, the neck stout, eyes rather large, not prominent, temples bordered behind Antennæ short and stout, the joints strongly compressed laterally. Labrum transverse, truncate Mandibles rather prominent, slender, pointed, the right with a small tooth about the middle Maxillary palpi 4-jointed, in construction similar to Zyras Maxillæ with the inner lobe short and broad, densely ciliate internally, the outer much longer, narrow, chate at apex Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, truncate in front Tongue short and broad, with deep rectangular excision in the anterior margin Labial palpi rather long, the 1st joint elongate, 2nd about half as long, scarcely narrower, 3rd much narrower and a little shorter than the 2nd Paraglossæ feeble Pronotal epipleura visible from the side Mesosternal process short, truncate, extending about a third of the length of the coxe, metasternal process narrow and elongate, separated by short intersternal piece from the mesosternum, coxæ moderately separated Elvtra not emarginate postero-externally Abdomen parallel, normally margined at the sides, only the 1st visible segment transversely impressed at the base Legs moderate, femora flattened internally, scarcely sulcate, tibiæ laterally compressed, strongly spinose 4, 5, 5, spinose, rather short, the anterior with the first three joints gradually decreasing in length, middle and posterior with the first four joints decreasing in length, the posterior with the 1st joint scarcely as long as the 2nd and 3rd together Distinguished at once from Zyras by the shorter legs and the tibiæ and tarsi being strongly spinose, the tooth of the right mandible and truncate labrum

2106 Porus ochraceus.

Porus ochraceus Westw, m Royle, Ill Bot Himalay Mts 1, Introd 1839, p 55, tab 9, fig 10, Er, Gen Spec Staph 1839-40, p 43, Fau, Rev d'Ent vvin 1899, p 35

Shining, reddish-yellow Antennæ red Legs yellowishred Length 7 5 mm

Parallel, head transverse, a little narrower than the thorax, with moderately coarse, not very close punctures, the front impunctate, ground-sculpture absent. Antennæ short and stout, the 3rd joint shorter than the 2nd, 4th to 10th strongly

transverse, the penultunate joints (seen on the flat) three times broader than long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax transverse (55.45), the sides gently rounded, a little retracted behind, the posterior angles rounded with the base, more finely and more sparingly punctured than the head and without ground-sculpture. Elytra a little longer and broader than the thorax, more coarsely and more closely punctured than the head. Abdomen rather finely, moderately closely punctured, the punctures on the last two segments somewhat asperate, the last one broadly rounded. The whole insect with sparing yellow pubescence.

Nepal Assam Bengal Also in the Sudan

Genus PSEUDOPORUS Wasm

Pseudoporus Wasm D E Z, 1893, p 206 Fentes Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 284

Somewhat resembling Porus in facies Elongate, subparallel. Head rounded and slightly widened behind, eyes very small and placed anteriorly, post-ocular region not bordered below. Antennæ long 11-jointed, 1st joint elongate, sulcate above for most of its length Labrum longer than broad, oblong, the anterior margin rounded in the middle with a small triangular emargination Maxillary palpi elongate, the 3rd joint a little thickened towards apex, the 4th minute, subulate Outer lobe of maxilla long and narrow, longer than the inner, ciliate Pronotal epipleura visible from the side Middle coxe distinctly separated Femora sulcate, tibiæ spinose, the posterior more finely. Tarsi 4, 5, 5; the anterior with the first three joints short, subequal 4th as long as the preceding three together, middle with the 1st joint nearly as long as the following two together, these rather short, the 4th shorter, posterior similarly constructed but with all the joints longer Claws simple, lightly curved Elytra scarcely emarginate Abdomen very slightly narrowed before the apex, the side-margins narrow and flattened

2107 Pseudoporus furcifer.

Pseudoporus furcifer Wasm * D E Z 1893 p 206, tab v fig 3

3. elongate, subparallel, reddish-brown, head, elytra and abdomen more shining than the thorax. Antennæ reddish-brown Legs reddish-yellow. Length 6 mm

Head nearly as broad as the thorax, convex, transverse the eyes very small and situated anteriorly, the post-ocular region rounded and dilated, very finely, obsoletely, moderately closely punctured, finely corraceous Antennæ long, the 1st point elongate, thickened towards apex, sulcate, 2nd

shorter than the 3rd, 4th to 10th all longer than broad, gradually decreasing in length, the 10th only slightly longer than broad, 11th as long as the 10th Thorax slightly transverse (5.2 45), the sides feebly rounded in front, straighter and retracted behind, the posterior angles briefly rounded, along the middle broadly impressed throughout, the fundus with a fine impressed line, about the middle of the disc on each side with a small shining tubercle, the puncturation very obsolete, scarcely visible, confused with the strong corraceous ground-sculpture Elytra as broad as but a little shorter than the thorax, closely, moderately finely, roughly punctured, finely corraceous Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, the 1st visible segment finely and rather closely punctured, 2nd much more sparingly, the following almost impunctate, 2nd visible segment on each side with a long and very stout spine extending to the level of the posterior margin of the 3rd segment, which is impressed at the middle of the base, 5th with a median spine posteriorly which projects a little beyond the posterior margin and without membranous border; 6th truncate Pubescence of the fore-parts very fine and very short, abdomen practically glabrous

Q unknown Darjeeling (Christie)

Genus DORATOPORUS Wasm

Doratoporus Wasm, D E Z 1893, p 207 Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 267

Narrow, elongate, parallel, convex, nearly glabrous. Head globular, eyes flat, much shorter than the post-ocular region which is not bordered below. Antennæ 11-jointed, the 1st joint long and sulcate in the apical half Labrum transverse, membranous, rounded in front and with a small triangular emargination in the middle Mandibles long, stout, falciform. edentate Maxillary palpi very long, 3rd joint much longer than the 2nd, slightly thickened towards apex, 4th minute, subulate Maxilla long and narrow Thorax with the pronotal epipleura plainly visible from the side Tibiæ somewhat compressed, the anterior and middle spinose, the posterior without spines Tarsi 4, 5, 5, the anterior with the first three joints rather short, subequal, the 4th as long as the preceding three together, middle with the first four joints gradually decreasing in length, posterior similarly constructed, the 1st joint a little longer than the 2nd, as long as the 5th. Abdomen with the first two segments transversely impressed at base, the side-margins narrow and flattened Apparently allied to Porus Westw

2108 Doratoporus mendax.

Doratoporus mendax Wasm*, D E Z 1893, p 207, tab τ_{\star} fig 4

3 shining, head black, thorax and elytra dark, abdomen lighter reddish-brown Antennæ reddish-brown, the first two joints and legs ieddish-yellow Length 8 mm, breadth 15 mm

Head globular, a little narrower than the thorax, the eves rather small, flat, much shorter than the post-ocular region. extremely finely, sparingly, scarcely perceptibly punctured. towards the front with a very fine corraceous ground-sculpture which elsewhere is much interrupted and vermicular or absent in places, practically glabious Antenne with the 1st joint long, as long as the 2nd and 3rd together, sulcate in the apical half, 2nd and 3rd long, equal, 4th to 7th about as long as broad, 8th to 10th shorter, slightly transverse, 11th absent in the unique example Thorax convex, as long as broad. the sides feebly rounded in front, straight and retracted behind, the posterior angles rounded with the base, on the middle of the disc with four small quadrately placed punctures. external to them on each side with another, extremely finely. scarcely perceptibly, moderately closely punctured, groundsculpture absent, glabrous Elytra slightly longer and slightly broader than the thorax, parallel, obliquely truncate to the suture and without postero-external emargination, along the suture with four very small punctures, near the lateral margin with two others, the disc itself with another, otherwise practically impunctate, towards the base and apex with a very fine corraceous ground-sculpture, scarcely perceptible or entirely absent elsewhere, almost glabrous, only with a few very short hairs Abdomen parallel, practically impunctate and glabrous, the segments elongate, the 3rd on each side adjacent to the lateral margin with a long, stout spine which extends back nearly to the level of the posterior margin of the following segment, 4th transversely impressed near the base, elsewhere globularly inflated and convex throughout, 5th with very large convex tuberosity at the base, the posterior margin broadly and feebly arcuately emarginate, 6th with a small boss at the middle of the base; 7th with a strong keel along the middle of the posterior half; 8th rounded behind and with a row of small sharp tubercles just before the posterior margin (the rest of the segment concealed)

♀ unknown

Darjeeling (Christie) Wasmann collection.

PEDINOPLEURUS Cam

Pedinopleurus Cam, Rev Franç d'Ent vi, 1939, p 24 Bernh in hit

Broad robust species Head a good deal narrower than the thorax, transverse, the eyes large, the post-ocular region rounded and retracted to the stout neck, not bordered below Buccal sinus narrowly separated from the eye in front, extending slightly beyond the level of its posterior margin behind. Antennæ with the 4th and following joints laterally compressed, with scanty, rather long hairs. Mouth-parts not produced. Labrum transverse, the anterior margin

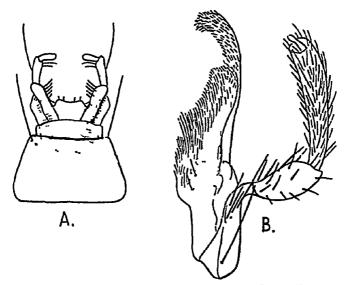


Fig 133 — Pedinopleurus indicus A, labium, B, maxilla

broadly arcuately emarginate Mandibles not prominent, rather stout, curved and pointed, the right with an obtuse tooth about the middle Maxillary palpi elongate, very like those of Zyras, the 1st joint small, 2nd curved, slightly thickened towards apex, 3rd elongate, fully twice as long as the preceding, scarcely thickened, 4th very small, subulate Outer lobe of maxilla long and narrow, much longer than the inner, ciliate at apex, inner lobe broad, membranous and closely ciliate internally Mentum very slightly transverse, the sides rounded behind, straight and retracted in front, the anterior margin truncate Labial palpi rather long, the 2nd joint a little shorter than the 1st, 3rd narrower and a little shorter than the 2nd Tongue very short and broad, its anterior

border emarginate Paraglossæ broad and well developed. extending to the level of the apex of the 1st joint of the labial palpi Thorax strongly transverse, the pronotal epipleura not visible from the side, fused with the under surface Prosternum transverse, convex, gently rounded behind, articulated at some distance from the anterior angles of the thorax Mesosternum short, truncate behind, extending about a third of the length of the coxæ, metasternal process elongate, rounded at apex and separated by a short intersternal piece from the mesosternum, the coxe rather widely separated Legs moderate, the femora compressed and sulcate along the posterior margin, tibiæ compressed, finely spinose 4, 5, 5, finely spinose, the anterior with the first three joints rather short, subequal, the 4th as long as the preceding three together, middle with the first four joints subequal, moderate in length, the 5th as long as the 3rd and 4th together, posterior with the 1st joint a little longer than the 2nd, 3rd and 4th shorter, subequal, 5th as long as the 3rd and 4th together Claws slender, slightly curved Elytra slightly emarginate postero-externally Abdomen broad, somewhat scaphoidal, the first two visible segments transversely impressed at base This genus would appear to connect Zyras and Myrmechusa and is doubtless termitophilous

Type, chapmani Cam, from Tong-king.

Key to the Species

Colour chestnut-red, fore-parts with fine ground-sculpture, setæ shorter, pubescence absent
Colour yellow, fore-parts without ground-sculpture, setæ longer, pubescence fine and yellow

ındıcus, sp. n , p 554

birmanus, sp n, p 555

2109 Pedinopleurus indicus, sp n

Shining, the head dark chestnut-brown, the rest chestnutred Antennæ red. Legs reddish-yellow Length 8 mm

In build much resembling Zyras gravidula Per., broad and robust, moderately convex, the head broad, transverse, much narrower than the thorax, the eyes large, the disc broadly and extensively impressed in both sexes, but more deeply in the 3, with a few small punctures each with a short erect hair, the ground-sculpture fine, close, and wavy Antenne moderate, the 1st joint clavate, 2nd half as long as the 3rd, 4th and following laterally compressed, the 4th slightly longer than broad, 5th to 10th (seen on the flat) as long as broad, the 11th nearly as long as the preceding three together Thorax transverse (9 5 · 5 5), truncate in front, the sides evenly rounded, the posterior angles broadly rounded with the

slightly bisinuate base, the anterior angles rounded, the disc convex in the 3, broadly impressed along the middle, in the 2 with a fine impressed line, towards the sides broadly impressed throughout, the sculpture as on the head. Elytra slightly longer than the thorax, a little widened behind, at the base narrower than the thorax, behind a little wider, the sculpture similar. Abdomen oval, very sparingly asperately punctured, the punctures each with a short stiff seta, finely corraceous Except for the short setæ the species is without pubescence

3 5th segment very broadly and very slightly emarginate, 8th with large transverse tubercle at the middle of the posterior margin

Madras Travancore, Cocanada

2110 Pedinopleurus birmanus, sp n

In size and build similar to *indicus*, but the head yellowishred, the rest yellow, the elytra with a longitudinal impression adjacent to the posterior half of the lateral margin, the setæ throughout are distinctly longer, and there is, moreover, a fine yellow scanty pubescence, whilst ground-sculpture is absent except on the abdomen. The antennæ are similarly constructed

👌 unknown

Burma Insein, 2 i 28 (D J Athinson) Unique The author's collection

Tribe 12 HOPLANDRIINI Fenyes

Hoplandrum Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 306

Characterized by the tarsal formula 4,5,5, the maxillary palpi of five and the labial of four joints. Some of the genera recall the facies of Aleochara and others Atheia, s. str., Taxicera, etc. The genus Hoplandria Kr. does not, so far as I know, occur in the Oriental region, the species from there being referable to Pseudoplandria Fenyes, the anterior tarsi being 5-jointed

Key to the Genera

Pronotal epipleura not visible from the side, mesonotum carinate, facies of Aleochara Pronotal epipleura distinctly visible from the side, mesosternum not carinate, facies of Taxicera

Tivorus Sharp, p 556

ATACTA, nov , p 360

Genus TINOTUS Sharp

Tenotus Sharp, B C-A 1, 2, 1882-87 (1883), p 170.
Blatchley, Col Indiana, 1, 1910, p 345, Fenyes, Gen Ins
173 H, 1920, p 311, Notman, Bull Amer Mus Nat Hist
xlii, 1920, p 719, Scheerp, Kol Rundsch xv, 1929, p 20,
10, Tierwelt Mitteleur v, 2, 1930, p 76

Exaleochara Keys, E M M xlii, 1907, p 102, Fowler &
Donisthorpe, Col Brit Isl vi, 1913, p 40, Fenyes, Gen Ins
173 H, 1920, p 306, Notman, Bull Amer Mus Nat Hist
xlii, 1920, p 720

Facies of a small Aleochara Head suborbicular, more or less inserted in the thorax, eyes moderate, the post-ocular region entirely bordered below Antennæ 11-jointed Gular

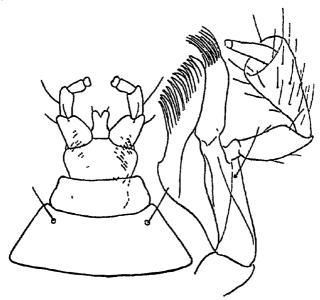


Fig 134 -Tinotus indicus, labium and maxilla

sutures parallel, widely separated Labrum transverse, feebly, broadly emarginate, the emargination closed by a feebly bisinuate membrane Mandibles rather short, stout, curved and pointed, the right with a feeble tooth about the middle Maxillary palpi 5-jointed, the 1st joint small, 2nd elongate, slightly curved, and a little thickened towards the apex, 3rd distinctly longer and more thickened apically, 4th subulate, about half as long as the 3rd, 5th minute, narrower than the 4th, about as long as broad Outer lobe of the maxilla extending a little beyond the inner, moderately broad, the apex chate, mner lobe broader than the outer, membranous internally, the apex pointed and incurved, with a few fine TINOTUS 557

spines internally, elsewhere ciliate Mentum strongly transverse, trapezoidal, broadly feebly emarginate in front Tongue rather broad, about as long as the 1st joint of the labial palpi, split to the middle into two small, subtriangular, diverging lobes Labial palpi 4-jointed, the first three joints of equal length, but decreasing in width, 4th minute, narrower than the 3rd, about as long as broad Thorax transverse, convex the pronotal epipleura not visible from the side Prosternum very short Mesosternum and its process strongly keeled along the middle, extending nearly the whole length of the coxæ, truncate behind Metasternal process very short truncate, meeting the mesosternum, the coxe rather widely separated Elytra emarginate postero-externally Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, the first three visible segments transversely impressed at their bases. Legs moderate. the anterior and middle tibiæ finely spinose. Tarsi 4, 5, 5; the anterior with the first three joints short, subequal, the 4th fully as long as the preceding three together, middle with the first four joints rather short, subequal, the 5th as long as the 2nd to 4th together, posterior with the 1st joint as long as the following two together, 2nd to 4th gradually decreasing in length, the 5th as long as the 3rd and 4th together Claws simple, lightly curved The genus is distributed also in the Palæarctic, Nearctic, Neotropical and Palæotropical regions

Key to the Species

1 Black or pitchy species Otherwise coloured 2 Abdomen with the basal impressions finely indicus, sp n., p 557 longitudinally striate Abdomen normally punctured 3 Larger (15-3 mm) and blacker, more [p 559. closely punctured
Smaller (1-13 mm), more pitchy, less lashmiricus, sp n., minutissimus Kr, p 559. closely punctured 4 Entirely light castaneous red castaneus, sp n., p 559 Black, the elytra and last two abdominal rufipennis, sp n, p 558 segments red

2111 Tinotus indicus, sp n

Shining, black, the elytra pitchy-black. Antennæ black, the first two joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 1.5—3 mm

In build, average size and structure of the antennæ scarcely differing from morion Gr, but more shining, the ground-sculpture of the thorax much less distinct, the sculpture of the abdomen different, otherwise the puncturation scarcely differs. Also extremely like japonicus. Cam, but the elytra

less strongly punctured Head much narrower than the thorax, slightly widened behind the eyes, finely, moderately closely punctured, the ground-sculpture extremely fine Antennæ with the 3rd joint a little longer than the 2nd, 4th as long as broad or slightly transverse, 5th to 10th slightly increasing in width, the penultimate twice as broad as long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (45 33), convex, the sides gently rounded. a little more retracted in front, the posterior angles obtuse, more finely and rather more closely punctured than the head, very finely corraceous Elytra scarcely longer but distinctly broader than the thorax, distinctly emarginate postero-externally, rather strongly, moderately closely, asperately punctured and with a fine ground-sculpture Abdomen a little narrowed towards the apex, the bases of the segments finely, closely, longitudinally striate, elsewhere finely and sparingly punctured, more closely on the last two segments Pubescence throughout fine and short

Dehra Dun Chakrata, Sımla and Ghum districts In

dung

2112 Tinotus rufipennis, sp n

Rather shining, head and thorax black, the margins of the latter very narrowly and obscurely reddish, elytra red, sometimes infuscate externally, abdomen black, the posterior margins of the first four visible segments narrowly red, the 5th (except base) and whole of the 6th red. Antennæ black, the first two joints reddish-yellow. Femora brown, tibiæ red, tarsi yellow. Palpi with the 3rd joint infuscate. Length 35-4 mm

Build of *indicus*, but larger, differently coloured, the antennæ longer and thinner. Head finely, moderately closely punctured, very finely coriaceous. Antennæ with the 3rd joint longer than the 2nd, 4th a little longer than broad, 5th as long as broad, 6th to10th gradually more transverse, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax with sculpture as on the head, in the 3 with a pair of small, more shining tubercles on the middle of the disc, the surface between them flattened, behind this flattened area with a small flat elevation. Elytra finely, not very closely punctured, finely coriaceous. Abdomen with the bases of the segments very finely and closely longitudinally striate, elsewhere very finely and very sparingly punctured. Pubescence throughout yellow, fine, short and depressed.

3. 8th dorsal segment truncate 6th ventral segment

produced, slightly narrowed and rounded behind.

Chakrata district · Manjgaon, alt 6500 feet

TINOTUS 559

2113 Tinotus kashmiricus, sp n

Build and size of *indicus* but blacker, less shining, the ground-sculpture of the thorax much more distinct, the puncturation coarser, as is also that of the elytra, pubescence much coarser, stiff and semi-erect, especially visible at the sides of the elytra, abdomen closely punctured throughout, more sparingly on the last two segments. Antennæ with the basal joints darker, black or pitchy, legs more infuscate

Kashmir Gulmarg Simla Hills Matiana

2114 Tinotus castaneus, sp n

Shining, light chestnut-red, the head a little darker Antennæ reddish-brown, the first three joints and legs reddish-yellow

Length 2 75 mm

In size, build and antennal structure differing but little from indicus, but at once recognized by the colour, the puncturation of the head is finer and more superficial than in that species, with the ground-sculpture less distinct, the thorax is as closely but more finely punctured than in that species, the ground-sculpture similar, the elytra have an asperate puncturation as in indicus, but the punctures not so close and the ground-sculpture rather stronger the abdomen has the sculpture as in indicus

Chakrata district Manjgaon, alt 6500 feet

2115 Tinotus minutissimus.

Aleochara minutissima Kr *, Arch Naturg xxv, 1859, p 19

Shining, black, the thorax pitchy, the elytra brownish-yellow, the posterior margins of the abdominal segments narrowly reddish. Antennæ black, the first three joints brownish-yellow. Legs reddish-yellow. Length 1-1 3 mm

Head nearly a third narrower than the thorax, eyes rather large, the post-ocular region a little widened, with a few flat obsolete punctures, very finely coriaceous. Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate about three times broader than long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax transverse (3 2), the sides gently rounded, the posterior angles obtuse, the sculpture much as on the head. Elytra as long as and slightly broader than the thorax, slightly emarginate postero-externally, rather close and for a small species rather coarsely and asperately punctured. Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, finely, moderately closely punctured on the basal segments, more sparingly behind. Pubescence throughout fine and sparing

Ceylon Also in Penang

ATACTA, gen n

In build somewhat resembling Taxicera, but with different mouth-parts Parallel, head narrower than the thorax, eyes moderate, temples finely bordered below, the border evanescent in front Labrum transverse, in the middle with a small projection with rounded apex Mandibles rather long, curved, pointed, edentate Outer lobe of maxilla longer than the inner, densely ciliate at apex, the inner pointed, with six or seven spines along the inner margin anteriorly, more finely spined behind Maxillary palpi 5-jointed, the 1st joint very small, 2nd much longer, moderately thickened towards apex, 3rd a little longer and slightly more thickened, 4th subulate, nearly half as long as the 3rd, 5th slightly narrower than the 4th and a little longer than broad, truncate

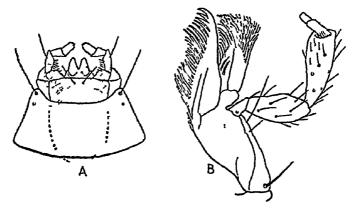


Fig 135 — Atacta floralis A, labium, B, maxilla

at apex Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, broadly and feebly emarginate in front. Labial palpi 4-jointed, the 1st joint short, stout, cylindrical, 2nd much narrower and slightly shorter, 3rd shorter than the 2nd, 4th conical, as long and, at the base, as broad as the preceding Tongue broad, as long as the 1st joint of the labial palpi, a little narrowed towards the front and acutely emarginate for nearly half its length. Paraglossæ fine, not extending beyond the apex of the tongue Thorax transverse the pronotal epipleura visible from the side Mesosternum simple, its process short, extending about half the length of the coxæ, its apex narrowly rounded, the coxæ contiguous behind Elytra not emarginate postero-externally Abdomen parallel, the first four visible segments transversely impressed at their bases Legs moderate, anterior and middle

ATACTA 561

tible strongly spinose, the posterior with closely placed sete, scarcely spinulose. Tarsi 4, 5, 5, the anterior with the first three joints short and subequal, the 1th a little longer than the preceding three together, middle with the first four joints rather short, subequal, the 5th as long as the preceding three together, posterior with the 1st joint distinctly longer than the 2nd the 2nd to 4th gradually decreasing in length, 5th a little longer than the 3rd and 4th together. Claws simple, lightly curved.

Type, floralis Bernh

2116 Atacta floralis (Plate III, fig 5)

Ithen (Tancera) floralis Bernh , Col. Rundsch. v., 1915, p. 31

Parallel, moderately shining, the head black or pitchy, thorax yellowish-red elvira brownish-yellow, abdomen with the first two or three visible segments yellow, the following pitchy. Antenna black, the first three joints and legs reddish-

Sellow Langth 28-35 mm

Head in both sexes a little narrower than the thorax, but broader in the 3 than in the 2 and with the disc broadly impressed in its whole length, puncturation close, moderately fine, the ground sculpture very feeble. Antenna rather slender, the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, the 4th to 10th gradually more transserse, the penultimate joints nearly twice as broad as long the 11th about as long as the preceding two Thorax transverse (5-4), the sides gently rounded in front straighter and retracted behind, the posterior angles rounded, in the o broadly impressed along the middle in the whole length, the sides with several long sette, in the 2 convex. with a forea before the scutellum, the lateral setm shorter and weaker, the puncturation much like that on the head except in the 3, where the impressed area is almost impunctate, ground-sculpture very feeble. Elytra a little broader and a fourth longer than the thorax, rather closely and more finely punctured than the head, the ground-sculpture feeble, the sides in the 3 with three setm. Abdomen parallel, very finely and very sparingly punctured, the sides with long seta in the d Pubescence of the fore-parts fine, moderately close, very sparing on the abdomen

3 8th dor-al segment broadly, arcustely emarginate, on each side with a little tooth, 6th ventral segment produced,

slightly narrowed and broadly truncate

Burma Tenasserim, Meetan, iv 1887 (Fca)

Tribe 13 PHLŒOPORINI, nom n

Aleocharını Ganglb (ex parte), Käf Mitt-Eur 11, 1895, p 21
Bernh, W Z B 11, 1901, p 431, Casey, Trans Acad Sci
St Louis, xvi, 1906, p 127, Reittei, Faun Germ 11, 1909, p 17
Blatchley, Col Indiana, 1, 1910, p 360, Cam, Trans Ent Soc
Lond. 1920 (1921), pp 349, 361, Portevin, Encycl Ent A,
xii, 1929, 1, p 227, Scheerp, Tierwelt Mitteleur v, 2, 1930
p 76
Aleocharına Sharp, B C -A 1, 2, 1882-87 (1883), p 146, Johansen,
Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p 14
Aleocharres Muls et Rey (ex parte), Nat Hist Col Fr Brévip
Aleoch 11, 1874, p 1
Dinardaires Muls et Rey, 1 c 1, 1873, pp 6, 17

This tilbe consists of genera of variable facies, but distinguished by the tarsal formula of 5, 5, 5, the maxillary palpi of four and the labial of three joints. The name Oxypodini, used by Fenyes to designate this, was preoccupied by Bernhauer in 1901

Oxypodini Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 315 (præoc)

Key to the Genera

1	lst joint of antennæ with the apical	[p 573
	third sulcate	AMAROCHARA Thoms,
	1st joint of antennæ normally emar-	•
	ginate at apex	2
2		2 3
~	Temples at least bordered behind	4
3	Claws normally curved, thorax strongly	*
บ		DINUSA Sauley, p 580
	transverse, abdomen pointed Claws angulate near the base, thorax	DINUSA Badloy, p 600
	scarcely transverse, abdomen paral-	Damagness a mar 21 571
		PARAPIMELA, not p 571
4	Pronotal epipleura not visible from	=
	the side	5
	Pronotal epipleura visible from the	~
_	aide	7
ō		Nr TZ 031
	normally punctured	MICROGLOTTA Kr, p 621
_	Tongue bilobed	6
6	lst joint of posterior tarsi short, not	
	or scarcely longer than the 2nd,	
	abdomen normally punctured and	- ~
	pubescent	IRMARIA Cam, p 592
	lst joint of posterior tarsi as long or	
	longer than the 2nd and 3rd together,	04
	abdomen usually densely punctured	[p 594
	and pubescent	Oxypoda Mannerh,
7	Mesosternum keeled, 1st joint of	
	posterior tarsi as long as the 2nd	
	and 3rd together	Ocalea Er, p 575
	Mesosternum not keeled	8
8	lst joint of posterior tarsi as long as	
	the three following together	CHILOPORA K1, p 567
	1st joint of posterior tarsi at most	
	as long as the 2nd and 3rd together	9
9		
_	tinctly constricted at base, tongue	

parrow and divided

10

finely, rather closely punctured, finely but distinctly corraceous Antennæ with the 3rd joint a little shorter than the 2nd, 4th slightly, 5th to 10th more strongly transverse, the penultimate about twice as broad as long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax as long as broad, the sides almost straight and but little retracted behind, less finely but as closely punctured as the head, finely corraceous. Elytra broader and slightly longer than the thorax, as closely but less finely punctured. Abdomen rather shining, finely and closely punctured, less closely on the last two segments. The whole insect finely and moderately closely yellow pubescent.

3 8th dorsal segment truncate 6th ventral segment

triangularly produced, the apex rounded

Simla Hills Gahan, alt 7000 feet Kashmir Gulmarg, alt 8000 feet

2118 Phlœopora montana, sp n

Parallel, shiming, black, the posterior part of the elytra more or less extensively reddish. Antennæ black, the first two or three joints reddish. Legs reddish-yellow. Length 2.75—3 mm

In build, colour and lustre very like latens Er, but the antennæ are a little longer, not so stout, the penultimate joints less transverse, the puncturation of the thorax not quite so fine, that of the elytra rather finer and closer, the abdomen less finely punctured Head subquadrate, the posterior angles rounded, as broad as the thorax, the vertex sometimes with a small impression, very finely, not very closely punctured, feebly corraceous Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th as long as broad or slightly transverse, 5th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate scarcely twice as broad as long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax as long as broad, the sides gently rounded in front, straight and retracted behind, the posterior angles obtuse, very finely but more distinctly and closely punctured than the head, the ground-sculpture similar Elytra broader and slightly longer than the thorax, finely, rather closely punctured Abdomen closely, finely and rather roughly punctured Pubescence throughout fine, moderately close

3. 7th and 8th segments with small, moderately close granules, the 8th with a small arcuate emargination

Q 8th dorsal segment rounded Chakrata district Mundalı (ex Betula utilis) Konain, Kanasar Simla Hills, Theog (ex Pinus excelsa) Maxillary palpi with small 1st joint, 2nd slightly thickened towards apex, 3rd a little longer and slightly more thickened apically, 4th subulate, about a third as long as the 3rd Outer lobe of maxilla broader than the inner, ciliate at apex, inner pointed, finely spinose along the inner margin Mentum short. transverse, trapezoidal the anterior margin feebly emarginate Labial palpi rather short, the 1st joint cylindrical, 2nd much narrower and about half as long, 3rd narrower than the 2nd and about twice as long Tongue about as long as the 1st joint of the labral palpi; divided to about the middle into two narrow Thorax moderately or scarcely transverse, the pronotal epipleura visible from the side Prosternum with the posterior deflexed part more or less carmate and pointed behind Mesosternal process acute, extending beyond the middle of the coxe and meeting the metasternal process, coxe narrowly separated Elytra rather strongly emarginate posteroexternally Abdomen parallel, the first three visible tergites deeply transversely impressed at their bases, the 2nd and 3rd sternites also transversely impressed Legs rather short, tibiæ ciliate Tarsi 5, 5, 5, the anterior with the first four joints short and subequal, middle longer, the first four joints rather short and subequal, posterior with the 1st joint a little longer than the 2nd, 2nd to 4th gradually decreasing Claws simple

The species are subcortical and are widely distributed

Key to the Species

 Elytra black, the posterior part more or less extensively red
 Elytra more or less yellow or smokybrown

2 Thorax as long as broad, elytra smokybrown Thorax slightly transverse, elytra vellow

or brownish-yellow

Fore-parts more finely and more sparingly

punctured, elytra yellow
Fore-parts less finely and more closely
punctured, elytra brownish-yellow

montana, sp n, p 565

himalayica, sp n, p 564

ceylanensis Kr, p 566 [p 566 granulicauda, sp n,

2117 Phlœopora himalayica, sp n

Fore-parts greasy lustrous, head black, thorax and abdomen pitchy, the posterior margins of the segments narrowly rufescent, elytra smoky-brown Antennæ reddish-brown, the first three joints and legs reddish-yellow Length 3-3 5 mm

In colour and lustre very like testacea Mannerh, but with the thorax less transverse, with straighter sides, the sculpture throughout is very similar and the antennæ similarly constructed Head quadrate, narrower than the thorax, very finely, rather closely punctured, finely but distinctly corraceous Antennæ with the 3rd joint a little shorter than the 2nd, 4th slightly, 5th to 10th more strongly transverse, the penultimate about twice as broad as long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax as long as broad, the sides almost straight and but little retracted behind, less finely but as closely punctured as the head, finely corraceous. Elytra broader and slightly longer than the thorax, as closely but less finely punctured. Abdomen rather shining, finely and closely punctured, less closely on the last two segments. The whole insect finely and moderately closely yellow pubescent.

3 8th dorsal segment truncate 6th ventral segment

triangularly produced, the apex rounded

Simla Hills Gahan, alt 7000 feet Kashmir Gulmarg, alt 8000 feet

2118 Phleopora montana, sp n

Parallel, shining, black, the posterior part of the elytra more or less extensively reddish. Antennæ black, the first two or three joints reddish. Legs reddish-yellow. Length 2.75—3 mm

In build, colour and lustre very like latens Er, but the antennæ are a little longer, not so stout, the penultimate joints less transverse, the puncturation of the thorax not quite so fine, that of the elytra rather finer and closer, the abdomen less finely punctured Head subquadrate, the posterior angles rounded, as broad as the thorax, the vertex sometimes with a small impression, very finely, not very closely punctured, feebly corraceous Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th as long as broad or slightly transverse, 5th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate scarcely twice as broad as long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax as long as broad, the sides gently rounded in front, straight and retracted behind, the posterior angles obtuse, very finely but more distinctly and closely punctured than the head, the ground-sculpture similar Elytra broader and slightly longer than the thorax, finely, rather closely punctured Abdomen closely, finely and rather roughly punctured Pubescence throughout fine, moderately close

of 7th and 8th segments with small, moderately close granules, the 8th with a small arcuate emargination

Sth dorsal segment rounded

Chakrata district Mundali (ex Betula utilis). Konain, Kanasar Simla Hills, Theog (ex Pinus excelsa)

2119 Phlæopora ceylanensis.

Phlæopora ceylanensis Kr *, Arch Naturg xxv, 1859, p 41

Parallel, shining, head black, thorax and abdomen pitchyblack, elytra reddish-yellow, infuscate around the scutellum. Antennæ reddish-brown, the first three joints and legs reddish-

yellow Length 25 mm

In size, build, colour and lustre scarcely differing from angustiformis Baudi, but with the antennæ more slender, the penultimate joints less transverse, the puncturation of the thorax, elytra and abdomen finer; the ground-sculpture of the head, thorax and elytra is similar, but the abdomen with a fine ground-sculpture also, which is not present in angustiformis Head subquadrate, as broad as the thorax, eyes moderate, the disc with a small median longitudinal impression, very finely, not very closely punctured, finely corraceous Antennæ with the 3rd joint a little shorter than the 2nd, 4th about as long as broad, 5th to 10th transverse, the penultimate scarcely twice as broad as long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax very slightly transverse, the sides rounded in front, straight and retracted behind, the posterior angles obtuse, before the scutellum with a small transverse fovea, along the middle in front sometimes with a fine impressed line, very finely, moderately closely punctured, finely corraceous Elytra broader and slightly longer than the thorax, very finely, rather closely punctured, very finely corraceous Abdomen closely, finely, somewhat asperately punctured, much less closely on the last two segments, finely corraceous Pubescence throughout fine, moderately close

8th dorsal segment with several small granules, its

posterior margin rounded and slightly thickened

Cevlon Bogawantalawa, alt 4900-5200 feet (Lewis)

2120 Phlœopora granulicauda, sp n

Moderately shining, black, the abdomen pitchy, the elytra brownish-yellow, scarcely infuscate at the scutellary region tennæ reddish Legs reddish-yellow Length 2 75-3 mm

In build, lustre and antennal structure scarcely differing ceylanensis, but the whole insect is more closely and less finely punctured and the elytra more obscurely coloured The 3 characters are similar in the two species

Siwaliks Asarori

Genus CHILOPORA Kr.

Chilopora Kr., Naturg Ins Deutschl Col. 11, 1856-58, p. 146
Redtb, Faun Austr ed 11, 1858, p. 159 (note), ed 11, 1874, p. 147, Muls et Rey, Nat Hist Col. Fr. Brevip Aleoch 11, 1874, p. 505, Fowler, Col. Brit. Isl. 11, 1888, p. 50, Ganglb, Käf Mitt-Eur 11, 1895, p. 94, Everts, Col. Neerl 1, 1893, p. 184, Bernh, W. Z. B. 11, 1901, p. 435 hi. 1902, p. 257, Reitt Faun Germ 11, 1909, p. 21, Johansen, Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p. 75, Fenyes, Gen. Ins. 173 B. 1929, p. 331, Everts, Col. Neerl 11, 1922, p. 87, Portevin, Encycl. Ent. A, xii, 1929, i. p. 232, Scheerp, Tierwelt Mitteleur, v. 2, 1930, p. 77
Subgen Tetralaucopora Bernh, Kol. Rundsch. xiv, 1928, p. 20

Rather slender, subparallel species with rather slender Head suborbicular, exserted, neck moderate moderate, the temples bordered below Labrum transverse, truncate in front, the anterior angles rounded Mandibles moderate, curved, pointed, the right with a small sharp tooth Outer lobe of maxilla chiate at apex, the inner pointed and furnished with closely placed slender spines Maullary palpi with small 1st joint, 2nd slightly curved and a little thickened towards apex. 3rd a little longer and a little thicker apically, 4th subulate, scarcely half as long as the 3rd Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, truncate in front Labial palpi with the 1st joint stout, cylindrical, 2nd much narrower and about half as long, 3rd much narrower than the 2nd and about as long as the 1st Tongue small, about as long as the 1st joint of the labial palpi, a little widened towards the front, split nearly to the middle, the two lobes obliquely truncate and furnished with a small teat-shaped appendage Paraglossæ scarcely extending beyond the base of the tongue Thorax as long as broad or slightly transverse, the pronotal empleura visible from the side Prosternum rounded behind Mesosternal process acute, extending beyond the middle of the coxe and separated from the metasternum by a short intersternal piece, the coxe narrowly separated. Elytra emarginate postero-externally. Abdomen almost parallel, the first three visible segments transversely impressed at their bases (Chilopora, s str) or the first four similarly impressed (Tetralaucopora), the first three sternites lightly, transversely impressed at their bases also Legs rather long, the tibiæ finely ciliate Tars: 5, 5, 5, the anterior with the first four joints short and subequal, the 5th as long as all the preceding together. middle with the 1st joint as long as the 2nd and 3rd together, 2nd to 4th gradually decreasing in length, posterior with the 1st joint almost as long as the following three together, the 5th a little shorter than the 1st Claws slightly curved. simple. The species are found in damp places

slightly moist soil 9 iv 31 Four specimens (Hem Singh Pruth) Types in the Indian Museum, Calcutta (No $\frac{271 \text{ s}}{4}$) and one specimen in the author's collection

2122 Chilopora (s str) ripicola, sp n

Moderately shining, head, thorax, and abdomen black, the posterior margins of the segments very narrowly reddish, thorax sometimes pitchy, elytra smoky-brown Antennæ blackish, the first two joints and legs reddish-yellow Length 3 3 mm

Of the lustre of longitarsis Er, but smaller, the elytra lighter, the antennæ thinner, puncturation throughout not so fine Head suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, the eyes rather large, extremely finely, rather closely punctured and without ground-sculpture. Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th to 6th a little longer than broad, 7th to 9th slightly transverse, 10th a little longer, about as long as broad, 11th elongate, longer than the preceding two together Thorax very slightly transverse the sides rounded in front, retracted and slightly sinuate behind, the posterior angles obtuse, before the scutellum with a small impression. sometimes slightly impressed along the posterior half, the puncturation as close but not so fine as on the head sculpture absent Elytra broader and longer (5 3 5) than the thorax, a little more closely and not quite so finely punctured Abdomen very slightly narrowed at apex, at the bases of the segments closely and moderately finely punctured, elsewhere much more finely The whole insect rather closely covered with a fine greyish pubescence

Mussooree district Dhobi Ghat, Mossy Falls Tehri Garwhal, Aglar River W Almora, Kumaun, Khaula On stream banks

2123 Chilopora (s str) germana, sp n

Moderately shining, black, the elytra dark brown blackish, the first two joints and legs reddish-yellow Length 3 3-3 5 mm

Very near ripicola, but with smaller head, the thorax narrower and longer, as long as broad, more finely and more closely punctured and with a fine but distinct ground-sculpture, elytra a fourth longer than the thorax, more finely punctured than in ripicola, the abdomen is much more finely and closely punctured than in that species, the basal impressions not more coarsely punctured than the rest of the surface. The head is very finely corraceous and extremely finely punctured. The antennæ as in ripicola

Dehra Dun W Almora, Kumaun.

2124 Chilopora (s str) subcyanea, sp n

Fore-parts black, shining, with distinct greenish-blue reflex abdomen pitchy-black Antennæ blackish, the first two joints brownish-yellow Legs reddish-yellow Length 3 75 mm

Slightly larger than germana, but of similar build, the thorax as long as broad, the antennæ longer, the penultimate joints fully as long as broad, head less finely punctured, thorax distinctly impressed along the middle of the posterior half, the puncturation close, much coarser than in germana and asperate, ground-sculpture absent Elytra fully a fourth longer than the thorax, closely, finely and roughly punctured. Abdomen coarsely punctured in the impressions, very finely and closely elsewhere The whole insect covered with a rather close, fine, greyish pubescence

W Almora Sunderdhunga Valley, alt 8000-12,000 feet (H G Champion) Unique British Museum

2125 Chilopora (s str) fuscobrunnea, sp n

Head and thorax slightly shining, elytra and abdomen scarcely so Head black, thorax dark brown, elytra yellowishbrown, the posterior margin narrowly and obscurely lighter, abdomen pitchy-black, the posterior margin of the 7th segment and whole of the 8th yellowish Antennæ black, the first two joints reddish-yellow Legs brownish, the bases of the tibiæ and the tarsi yellow Length 3 3 mm

In build very similar to germana but differently coloured, different antennæ, and smaller eyes Head small, suborbicular, eyes small, finely and rather closely punctured, feebly corraceous Antennæ with the 3rd joint scarcely shorter than the 2nd, 4th to 6th slightly longer than broad, decreasing in length, 7th to 10th as long as broad, the 10th larger than the 9th, 11th shorter than the preceding two together Thorax very slightly transverse, convex, the sides gently rounded, the posterior angles obtuse, the sculpture as on the head Elytra broader and slightly longer than the thorax, less finely, more closely, rather roughly punctured Abdomen slightly narrowed before the apex, closely and finely punctured and pubescent throughout

Ghum district

2126 Chilopora (Tetralaucopora) championi, sp n

Moderately shining, head black, thorax bright red, elytra yellowish-red, slightly infuscate externally, abdomen pitchy-black, the posterior margins of the segments nairowly rufescent Antennæ red, the first three joints and legs reddish-yellow Length 35 mm Head

Build of germana, but different in all other respects

extremely finely, rather sparingly punctured and without ground-sculpture. Antennæ with the penultimate joints slightly transverse, the 11th longer than the 9th and 10th together. Thorax as long as broad, the sides a little sinuate behind, before the scutellum with a fovea, finely moderately closely punctured, more finely and more sparingly towards the sides, and without ground-sculpture. Elytra broader and a fourth longer than the thorax, very finely, rather closely punctured. Abdomen coarsely and closely punctured in the impressions, extremely finely and by no means closely elsewhere. Pubescence yellow.

W Almora, Kumaun (H G Champion) British Museum

PARAPIMELA, gen n

Parallel, subdepressed, somewhat resembling Atheta, subgenus Traumæcia, in facies Head suborbicular, eyes rather Temples not bordered below Mandibles rather stout, curved, pointed, edentate Maxillary palpi with the 3rd joint longer and at the apex stouter than the 2nd, 4th subulate, scarcely a fourth as long as the 3rd Outer lobe of maxilla extending a little beyond the inner, ciliate at apex, the inner pointed and with seven or eight moderately long, curved spines along the inner margin at the apex, the basal part Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, truncate in front Labial palpi 3-jointed, the 1st joint cylindrical, 2nd shorter and a little narrower, 3rd narrower and a little longer than the 2nd, but shorter than the 1st Tongue oblong, about as long as the 1st joint of the labial palpi, divided at the apex into two rounded lobes Thorax not or but slightly transverse, the pronotal epipleura visible from the side Mesosternum simple. its process acute and extending about half the length of the coxe, these very narrowly separated Elytra not emarginate postero-externally Abdomen parallel, the first four visible tergites transversely impressed at their bases, the 5th longer than the 4th, the 1st in the of with a median tubercle Legs moderate, tibiæ ciliate, tarsi short, 5-jointed, the anterior with the first two joints very short, subequal, 3rd and 4th stouter, subequal, 5th about as long as the 3rd and 4th together. tumid; middle with the first four joints short, subequal, 5th a little longer than the 4th, tumid, posterior with the first three joints rather short, subequal, 4th and 5th a little shorter. subequal the 5th tumid All the claws sharply angulate Differs from Apimela Muls et Rey in the larger at the base eyes, the 4th visible tergite transversely impressed and the first of them furnished in the 3 with a median tubercle. The species are found on the shingly banks of swiftly flowing streams.

Key to the Species

- 1 Elytra clear yellow, head a little narrower than the thorax Elytra yellowish-brown, head as broad as thorax
- 2 Larger (3-3 5 mm) and more robust Smaller (2 5 mm) and narrower

assamensis, sp n, p 573 indica, sp n, p 572 persimilis, sp n, p 572

2127 Parapimela indica, sp n (Plate III, fig 6)

Shining, head black, thorax and abdomen reddish-brown, the last segment of the latter reddish-yellow, elytra yellow Antennæ black, the first three joints and legs reddish-yellow Length 3-3 5 mm

Parallel, subdepressed, head a little narrower than the thorax, subquadrate, the posterior angles rounded, the eyes rather large, the disc with a small median impression, finely, rather closely, obsoletely punctured and without groundsculpture Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th to 7th slightly longer than broad, equal in length but increasing in width, 8th to 10th about as long as broad, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax slightly longer than broad (4 375), the sides rounded in front, straightly retracted behind, the posterior angles obtuse, before the scutellum sometimes with an impression, on the disc finely and closely punctured like the head, towards the anterior angles much more finely and much more sparingly punctured, sometimes with four quadrately placed, obsolete punctures Elytra longer (5 4) and broader (5 3 75) than the thorax, extremely finely, rather closely but obsoletely Abdomen parallel, almost impunctate in the impressions, finely and moderately closely punctured elsewhere on the first four visible segments, very sparingly on the following Pubescence fine, short and yellow, rather close on the foreparts, much more scanty on the abdomen

3rd segment obtusely produced backwards in the middle, and along the centre obtusely carinate, 7th and 8th segments with a few scattered granules, the posterior margin of the latter truncate

Mussooree district Municipal Gardens, Mossy Falls Simla Hills and Chakrata districts, alt 6000-8000 feet. Haldwani district, Kumaun (*H. G. Champion*)

2128 Parapimela persimilis, sp n

Extremely like *indica* but smaller (2.5 mm) and distinctly narrower, the antennæ similarly constructed but thinner, the sculpture scarcely differing. The 3 characters are also

the same, except that the 7th and 8th segments have only a few fine asperate punctures Perhaps only a small race of *indica*, which is found at higher altitudes

Dehra Dun Siwaliks Lachiwala.

2129 Parapimela assamensis, sp n

Shining, head black thorax and abdomen reddish-brown, elytra yellowish-brown Antennæ black, the first three joints

and legs reddish-yellow. Length 35 mm.

Very like *indica*, but at once distinguished by the darker elytra, moreover the head is broader, as broad as the thorax, the eyes larger, the antennæ stouter, the 4th joint as long as broad, the 5th to 10th a little longer than broad, decreasing in length, the penultimate only slightly so The sculpture scarcely differs in the two species

ð unknown

Assam Naga Hills alt 9000 feet

Genus AMAROCHARA Thoms

Amarochara Thoms, Œfi Vet-Akad Förh 1858, p 32; Skand Col 11, 1860, p 303, Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brevip Aléoch 11, 1874, p 524, Fowler, Col Brit Isl 11, 1888, p 45 (ex parte), Gangib, Kāf Mitt-Eur 11, 1895, p 99, Everts Col Neerl 1, 1898, p 186; Bernh, W Z B h, 1901, p 435, li1, 1902, p 249 (Beiheft), Reitt, Faun Germ 11, 1909, p 19, Blatchley, Col Indiana, 1, 1910, p 361, Johansen, Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p 81, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 325, Portevin, Encycl Ent A, xii, 1929, 1, p 230, Scheerp, Tierwelt Mitteleur v, 2, 1930, p 77

Nastrema Cas, Ann New York Acad vii, 1893, p 307, Fenyes,

Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 338

Subgen Lasiochara Ganglb, Käf. Mitt-Eur ii, 1895, p 100,
 Bernh, W Z B lii, 1902, p 251 (Beiheft), Reitt, Faun Germ
 in 1909, p 19, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 326, Portevin,
 Encycl Ent A, Mi, 1929, i, p 230

Readily distinguished by the stout antennæ, the first joint of which has the apical fourth or fifth distinctly emarginate for the reception of the base of the 2nd joint. Head suborbicular, neck moderate, the temples bordered below (Lasiochara, Mmobates), immarginate (Amarochara, s. str.). Labrum transverse, the anterior angles rounded, arcuately emarginate in front, the emargination closed by a membrane. Mandibles rather long, narrow, acute, without distinct tooth, but both more or less bi-emarginate internally. Maxillary palpi with small 1st joint, 2nd curved and slightly thickened towards apex, 3rd longer, moderately or strongly thickened apically, 4th subulate, about half as long as the 3rd. Outer lobe of maxilla broad, ciliate at apex, inner lobe narrow, acute and incurved at apex, with about five or six spines. Mentum

transverse, trapezoidal, the anterior border slightly emarginate Labial palpi 3-jointed, 1st joint moderate, cylindrical, 2nd short, much narrower than the 1st, 3rd much longer and narrower than the 2nd Tongue narrow, almost as long as the 1st joint of the labial palpi, split nearly to the base into two narrow parallel lobes Thorax with pronotal epipleura visible from side Mesosternal process broad, truncate behind, extending fully half the length of the coxe and separated by a short intersternal piece from the long metasternal process, the coxe rather widely separated Elytra not or but slightly emarginate postero-externally. Abdomen more or less parallel, the first three visible segments transversely impressed at their base (Amarochara, s str, Lassochara Ganglb, the first four in Mniobates Muls et Rey) Legs moderate; tibiæ ciliate. Tarsi 5 5, 5; the anterior with the first four joints short and subequal, the 5th as long as all the preceding together; middle with 1st joint a little longer than 2nd, 2nd to 4th short, subequal, posterior with the 1st joint a little longer than the 2nd and 3rd together, 2nd to 4th rather short, subequal, 5th about as long as the 1st Claws slender, lightly The species are found in damp places and often in Only one subgenus is so far found association with ants in our Fauna, Lasiochara Ganglb, which is distinguished by the margined temples and the first three visible tergites only with transverse basal impression.

Key to the Species.

sororcula, sp n, p 575

segments

Elytra brown; antennæ entirely black, the 3rd joint as long as 2nd

Elytra yellowish, antennæ with the first two joints brownish-yellow, the 3rd joint shorter than 2nd

sımlaensis, sp n, p 574

heterogaster, sp n, p 575.

2130. Amarochara (Lasiochara) simlaensis, sp n

Shining, black, the posterior margins of the abdominal segments narrowly and obscurely reddish; elytra brown. Antennæ black Legs reddish-yellow. Length 2.75 mm.

In lustre, colour and sculpture very like umbrosa Er, but larger and more robust, with broader head and stouter but similarly constructed antennæ Head suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, the eyes rather large, a little shorter than the post-ocular region, extremely finely, sparingly punctured, indistinctly coriaceous Antennæ long and stout, the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th to 10th transverse, the 6th to 10th scarcely differing amongst themselves Thorax

575 OCALEA.

slightly transverse (3 5 3), the sides gently rounded in front, straight and retracted behind to the obtuse posterior angles, very finely, moderately closely punctured, the ground-sculpture scarcely visible Elytra a little longer and a little broader than the thorax, as finely but rather more closely punctured, somewhat transversely rugulose Abdomen parallel, moderately finely, closely punctured especially at the bases of the segments, the last two more finely and sparingly Pubescence throughout very fine and yellow.

Simla Hills Fagu, alt 8000 feet

2131 Amarochara (Lasiochara) heterogaster, sp n

Of the size, colour and lustre of sororcula, but with the head more retracted behind the eyes, less orbicular, the antennæ thicker, as in simlacusis, but with the first two joints brownish-yellow, the elytra are less finely and less closely punctured than in sororcula, whilst the puncturation of the abdomen is very similar to that of simlaensis, being evidently coarser and closer at the bases of the segments than elsewhere. Length 23 mm

Ghum district Rongdong Valley, alt 8000 feet

2132 Amarochara (Lasiochara) sororcula, sp. n

Smaller and narrower than simlaensis, the thorax reddishbrown, the elytra of a lighter brownish-yellow colour, the antennæ not so stout, but similarly constructed, and with the first two joints brownish-yellow, the thorax and elytra rather more finely punctured, the abdomen much more finely, uniformly punctured, the punctures not coarser and closer at the bases of the segments as in simlacisis Length 23 mm.

Dehra Dun.

Genus OCALEA Er

Oculeu Er, Kāf Mark Brand 1, 1837-39, p 298, 1d, Gen. Spec. Staph 1839-40, p 60, Redtb, Faun Austr ed 1, 1849, p 552, ed 11, 1858, p 148, and ed 11, 1874, p 132, Lacord, Gen Col. vii, 1854, p 36; Kraatz, Naturg Ins Deutschl II, 1856-58, p 49, Jacq du Val, Gen Col d'Eur II, 1857-59, p 15, Thoms, Skand Col III, 1861, p 41, Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brevip Alcoch II, 1874, p 458, Fowler, Col Brit Isl II, 1888, p 43, Ganglb, Kāf Mitt-Eur II, 1895, p 99, Everts, Col Neerl I, 1898, p 183, Bernh, W Z B II, 1901, p 435, III, 1902, p 237 (Beiheft), Reitt, Faum Germ II, 1909, p 19, Johansen, Danmarks Rov biller, 1914, p 72, figs 23, 24, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 340, Portevin, Encycl Ent A, xii, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 340, Portevin, Encycl Ent A, xu, 1929, 1, p 229, Scheerp, Tierwelt Mitteleur v, 2, 1930, p 78

Isoglossa Casey, Ann New York Acad Sci vu, 1893, p 304; 1d, Mem Col 11, 1911, p 54

Moderately large species, some resembling the subgenera Aloconota and Metaxya, but with the abdomen very sparingly

punctured Head prominent, more or less suborbicular, the neck moderate, the post-ocular region distinctly and entirely bordered below (Ocalea, s str) or only bordered behind (Tetrocalea, nov) Antennæ rather long and slender Labium short, strongly transverse, the anterior border gently rounded or truncate Mandibles rather stout, pointed, the right with a little tooth at the middle of the inner boider Maxillary palpi with small 1st joint, 2nd elongate, slightly thickened towards apex, 3rd not or but slightly longer than the 2nd but thicker at the apex, 4th subulate, fully a third as long as the preceding Outer lobe of maxilla shorter and broader than the inner, truncate and chiate at apex, inner lobe pointed and furnished with rather long closely placed spines below the apex Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, broadly and feebly arcuately emarginate in front Labial palpi 3-jointed, the 1st joint thicker and about twice as long as the 2nd, 3rd about half as long again as the preceding and narrower Tongue narrow, extending somewhat beyond the level of the apex of the 1st joint of the labial palpi and split for nearly half its length Thorax slightly transverse, the pronotal epipleura visible from the side Prosternum with the posterior deflexed part keeled along the middle Mesosternum acute, extending beyond the middle of the coxe, keeled, the keel sometimes obsolete towards the base. the coxe narrowly separated Elytra emarginate posteroexternally Abdomen parallel or a little narrowed before the apex, the first three visible tergites transversely impressed at base (Ocalea, s str) or the first four (Tetrocalea, nov), the first three sternites transversely constricted at base Legs long and slender, tibiæ ciliate Tarsi 5, 5, 5, the anterior with the first four joints rather short, subequal, the 5th as long as the 2nd to 4th together, middle with the 1st joint longer than the 2nd, 2nd to 4th subequal, 5th as long as the preceding three together, posterior with the 1st joint fully as long as the 2nd and 3rd together, 2nd to 4th subequal, 5th almost as long as the 1st Claws slender, lightly curved species are found near water and are recorded from most parts of the world except tropical and southern Africa

The two subgenera are distinguished as follows —

First three visible tergites transversely impressed at base, post-ocular region entirely bordered below

First four visible tergites transversely impressed, post ocular region only bordered behind

...

Ocalea, s str, p 577

[p 579.

TETROCALEA, nov,

577 OCALEA.

Key to the Species of Ocalea (s str) Er

1 Brightly coloured species with red

Black species, sometimes with slight brassy reflex, antennæ except base black

2 Penultimate joints of antennæ a little longer than broad Penultimate joints as long as broad or

slightly transverse 3 Head with a small tubercle on the disc.

elytra with fine asperate puncturation Head without tubercle

4 Elytra and abdomen with slight brassy reflex, elytra with fine rough puncturation

Elytra and abdomen without metallic reflex elvtra with fine simple puncturation

badia Er p 577

championi, sp n, p 579.

3

simlaensis, sp n, p 578

submetallica sp n,p 579.

himalayica, sp n, p 578

2133 Ocalea (s str) badia

Ocalea badia Er, Kaf Mark Brand i 1837-39, p 300, id, Gen Spec Staph 1839-10, p 61, Redtb, Faun Austriaca, ed 1, 1849, p 652 ed 11, 1858, p 149, and ed 111, 1874, p 133, Kr, Naturg Ins Deutschl Col n, 1856-58, p 52, Jacq du Val, Gen. Col. d Eur n, 1857-59, tab 2, fig 8, Muls et Rey, Val, Gen. Col. G. Eur n., 1851-39, tab 2, ng 8, nuis et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brévip Aleoch n., 1874, p 473, Fowler, Col Brit Isl n., 1888, p 45, tab 40, fig 5; Ganglb, Kāf. Mitt-Eur n., 1895, p 92, Everts, Col Neerl n., 1898, p 114; Bernh, W Z B ln, 1902, p 239 (Benheft), Reitter, Faun. Germ n., 1909, p 19, tab 42, fig 7, Johansen, Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p 73, Everts, Col Neerl n., 1922, pp 86, 87; Portevin, Encycl Ent A, xn., 1929, n., p 230, fig 250 Coalea agris Sahlb, Act Soc En Flor Fenn. 1, 1876, p 124 Oralea dubia Motsch, Bull Soc Net Mose XXXIII, 1860, n.

Ocalea dubia Motsch, Bull Soc Nat Mosc xxxiii, 1860, ii, p 586, Hochh, Bull Soc Nat Mosc xxxiv, 1861, u, p 7
Ocalea indica Kr*, Arch Naturg xxv, 1859, p 12, Fauv.,
Rev d'Ent xvu, 1898, p 91

Ocalea intermedia Heer, Faun Helv 1, 1838-42, p 349 Ocalea parvula Baudi, Berl Ent Zeitschr xm, 1869, p 369; Muls et Rey, Ann Soc. Linn Lyon, xxi, 1874, p 314, Ganglb, Käf Mitt -Eur. n. 1895, p 92

Ocalea prolixa Gyll, Ins Skand Coll 1861, p 42 Suec 1, 4, 1827, p. 484. Thoms,

Shining, head black or reddish-brown, thorax reddishbrown, elytra brownish-yellow, abdomen pitchy, the posterior margins of the segments and apex reddish-yellow. Antennæ red Legs reddish-yellow. Length 3 5-4:5 mm.

Head suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, with small, obsolete, rather sparing punctures, finely corraceous Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as 2nd, 4th to 7th longer than broad, decreasing in length, 8th to 10th as long as broad. 11th shorter than the preceding two together. Thorax very slightly transverse, convex, the sides rounded in front, straight and retracted behind, the posterior angles obtuse, before the scutellum with a small impression, on the disc rather closely covered with flat superficial punctures, elsewhere more finely and more sparingly punctured, the ground-sculpture as on the head Elytra broader and slightly longer than the thorax, more deeply and not very closely punctured, the ground-sculpture scarcely visible Abdomen very finely and very sparingly punctured, the pubescence long, sparing and yellow, closer on the fore-parts

"Ind Port" (Helfer)

According to Fauvel this record is incorrect. The species is found in Europe, Asia Minor, and northern Africa.

2134 Ocalea (s str) simlaensis, sp n

Shining, black Antennæ black, the 1st or 1st and 2nd joints and the legs reddish-yellow Length 3 75-4 mm

In size and build very similar to badia Er but differently coloured, elytra more finely and closely punctured, etc Head suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, the eyes moderate, the post-ocular region rounded and retracted to the neck, on the middle of the disc with a small tubercle, moderately finely, rather sparingly and obsoletely punctured and without ground-sculpture Antennæ with the 3rd joint a little longer than 2nd, 4th to 7th longer than broad, decreasing in length, 8th to 10th as long as broad or very slightly transverse, 11th shorter than the preceding two together Thorax slightly transverse (5 45), the sides rounded in front, retracted and sinuate behind, the posterior angles obtuse, before the scutellum with a rather large impression and a short median impressed line continuous with it, the puncturation on the disc moderately fine, superficial and lather close, towards the sides finer and much more sparing, ground-sculpture absent Elytra broader and longer (6 45) than the thorax, finely, closely and roughly punctured and with a very fine corraceous ground-sculpture Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, very finely and very sparingly punctured, very sparingly pubescent

Simla and Chakrata districts

2135 Ocalea (s str) himalayica, sp n

Very like simlaensis, and only differing in the following respects the head is without a tubercle, and both it and the thorax have a very fine ground-sculpture, the elytra are pitchy-black and the puncturation, which is fine and rather close, is not at all asperate, and ground-sculpture is absent; the abdomen is not quite so sparingly punctured

OCALEA 579

Simla and Chakrata districts Kashmir Gulmarg Punjab Naggar NW. Frontier, Hazara, Upper Kagan Valley, Naddi, alt 8000 feet

2136 Ocalea (s str) championi, sp n

Black, the fore-parts moderately, the abdomen more shining Antennæ black, the 1st joint pitchy Legs brownish-red Length 4.5 mm

Larger and more robust than himalayica, but similarly built, the fore-parts less shining, the antennæ thinner, the penultimate joints a little longer than broad, the legs darker, puncturation of the head finer, the ground-sculpture very fine, thorax and elytra more finely and more closely punctured and without ground-sculpture, abdomen less sparingly punctured

Burphu, Gori Valley, alt 11,500 feet (H G Champion) Unique British Museum

2137 Ocalea (s str) submetallica, sp n

Very similar to simlaensis, but the head without tubercle, the elytra and abdomen with slight brassy reflex, the antennæ a little shorter, the 6th to 10th joints slightly transverse, the elytra more finely and more closely asperately punctured, the abdomen not quite so sparingly punctured

Ghum district.

2138 Ocalea (Tetrocalea) rufobrunnea, sp n (Plate III, fig 7)

Shining, reddish-brown, the head sometimes black. Antennæ black, the first two or three joints and the legs reddish-yellow Length 4 mm

Head suborbicular, very slightly narrower than the thorax, with moderately large, deep and moderately close punctures, ground-sculpture absent. Antennæ with all the joints longer than broad, decreasing in length, the penultimate only slightly longer than broad, the 11th shorter than the preceding two together. Thorax very slightly longer than broad, the sides rounded in front, sinuate and retracted behind, before the scutellum with a small fovea and short impressed line, the puncturation on the middle similar to that of the head but closer, elsewhere with finer and much less close puncturation, ground-sculpture absent. Elytra broader and a fifth longer than the thorax, impressed at the base between the shoulders and scutellum, the puncturation rather close, finer than on the thorax, and feebly asperate.

narrowed at the apex, more shining than the fore-parts, almost impunctate, the first four visible segments deeply transversely impressed at their base, in the middle of each impression with a short keel, pubescence long and very sparing, closer on the fore-parts.

Ghum district

Genus DINUSA Saulcy

Dinusa Saulcy, Ann Soc Ent Fr (4) iv, 1864, p 433, Abeille de Perrin, Miscell Ent iv 1896, p 129, Bernh, W Z B li, 1901, p 433, lii, 1902, p 100 (Beiheft) Fenyes Gen Ins 173 B 1920, p 386

Convex species, broad in front and strongly narrowed behind Head small, much narrower than the thorax and somewhat retracted therein, not constricted behind Eves moderate, flat, the temples not bordered below 11-jointed, variable in length, usually more or less compressed laterally, especially the last joint Labrum transverse, the angles rounded Mandibles short and stout, pointed, the right with a distinct tooth at the middle of the inner border, the left angulate at the middle internally Maxillary palpi long, the 3rd joint slender, only slightly thickened towards the apex, much longer than the 2nd, 4th very narrow, parallel, cylindrical, a quarter of the length of the 3rd Outer lobe of maxilla densely ciliate at apex, inner lobe with long, slender, closely placed spines along the inner margin towards apex, less close behind, ciliate towards base Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, feebly arcuately emarginate in front Labial palpi 3-jointed, the 1st joint rather stout, as long as the 2nd and 3rd together, 2nd much narrower and about a third as long as the 1st 3rd narrower and about twice as long as the 2nd Tongue rather narrow, much shorter than the 1st joint of the labial palpi, split to beyond the middle. Thorax strongly transverse, convex, as broad or broader behind than the elytra, the pronotal epipleura not visible from the side Prosternum short, not carmate Mesosternum acute, extending nearly the whole length of the coxe, narrowly separated from the metasternum, coxe narrowly separated. Elytra not longer than the thorax, distinctly emarginate postero-externally Abdomen short, strongly pointed, the segments without transverse basal impression Legs slender, rather long, the tibiæ ciliate Tarsi 5, 5, 5, the anterior with the first four joints rather short, subequal, 5th almost as long as the preceding four together, middle with 1st joint longer than 2nd, 2nd to 4th rather short, subequal, 5th longer than the 1st, posterior with the 1st joint almost as long as the following three together, 5th almost as long as the 1st genus is associated with ants.

2139 Dinusa heimi.

Dinusa heimi Wasm , Zeitschr Wiss Zool ei, 1912, p 97

Length 22 mm (somewhat contracted 2 mm)

Shining brown, the antennæ and legs of similar colour, only the head and indeterminate triangular scutellary marking Very broad, strongly convex, pointed behind, finely, rather closely covered with a long yellow pubescence, the pubescence on the abdomen thicker, vellow. Antennæ moderately long, extending to the middle of the elytra, the 1st and last joints stouter, 2nd joint narrower than the 1st but distinctly thicker than the 3rd, a little longer than broad, the following a little longer than broad and gradually increasing in breadth to the thickest, 11th joint, which is long and conical, as long as the preceding three together. Head and thorax very finely and sparingly punctured. The strongly convex thorax is about three times as broad as long, towards the base strongly widened almost in a straight line, the posterior angles rounded, not prominent, the posterior border straight. Elytra finely but more coar-ely and closely punctured than the thorax The abdomen is moderately thickly punctured, the penultimate segment also coarsely and closely punctured Easily distinguished from all the known species by the structure of the antennæ and the thick puncturation of the terminal segments of the abdomen

Found with Triglypothrix walshi For

Wallon, Ahmednagar district (Heim) Unique (ex Was-

PSEUDOMEOTICA, gen n

In facies very like Meolica Muls et Rey, but distinguished by the post-ocular region being finely and completely bordered below, different mouth-parts, and only the first two visible tergites impressed at base. Narrow, parallel, subdepressed. head large, suborbicular, slightly widened behind the small eyes, the post-ocular region finely and entirely bordered below. the neck moderate Labrum transverse, arouately emarginate in the middle, the emargination filled in by a membrane rounded in front and with a small median notch Mandibles short and stout, pointed, the right with a small tooth at the middle of the inner border, the left edentate palpi with small 1st joint, 3rd longer and much thicker at apex than the 2nd (as in Mcotica), 4th subulate, nearly half as long as the preceding Outer lobe of maxilla shortly culiate at apex, the inner pointed and with five or six rather short spines along the inner border at the apex Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, truncate in front Labial palpi with the 1st joint short and stout, 2nd narrower and slightly

shorter, 3rd narrower and longer than the 2nd, a little thickened towards the apex. Tongue short and broad, scarcely as long as the 1st joint of the labial palpi, rounded in front and with a small arcuate emargination in the middle. Thorax transverse, the pronotal epipleura visible from the side. Mesosternum acute, extending half the length of the coxe, these very narrowly separated behind. Elytra not emarginate postero-externally. Abdomen parallel, only the first two

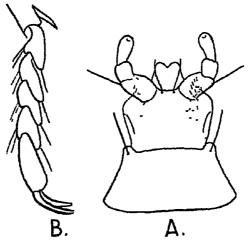


Fig 136 —Pseudomeotica colorata A, labium, B, anterior tarsus

visible tergites transversely impressed. Legs rather short, tibize ciliate. Tarsi 5, 5, 5, the anterior and middle with the first four joints short and subequal, the posterior with the first four joints a little longer, subequal. Claws slender, lightly curved. The species are found on stream banks

Type, colorata

Key to the Species

Reddish-brown or pitchy-brown species lincola Ki, p 582
Yellowish-red species, the head, elytra and
6th and 7th abdominal segments darker . colorata, sp n, p 583

2140 Pseudomeotica lineola.

Oxypoda lineala Kr *, Aich Naturg xxv, 1859, p 27 Homalola exiqua Kr , 1 c p 36 Atheta (Drahca) picea Cam , Trans Ent Soc Lond 1920, p 256

Greasy lustrous, reddish-brown or pitchy-brown, the head and 6th and 7th segments blackish, the elytra obscurely lighter at the base Antennæ blackish, the first two joints, mouth-parts and legs reddish-yellow. Length 1-14 mm

Head transverse, a little narrower than the thorax, the temples very slightly dilated, the eyes moderate, their diameter

ocyusa 583

less than the length of the post-ocular region, exceedingly finely and rather closely punctured and finely pubescent, very finely coraceous. Antennæ moderately long and stout, the first two joints subequal, the 3rd shorter than the 2nd, the 4th to the 10th transverse, gradually increasing in width, the penultimate two and a half times as broad as long, the 11th stout, longer than the preceding two together, rounded at the apex. Thorax a little transverse and of the shape of that of Meotica indocilis Heer, exceedingly finely and closely punctured and pubescent. Elytra scarcely longer but a little broader than the thorax, slightly transverse, exceedingly finely and closely punctured and pubescent, not sinuated Abdomen parallel, exceedingly finely and moderately closely punctured and pubescent, less so on the 7th segment

Ceylon Also in Singapore

2141 Pseudomeotica colorata, sp n (Pl III, fig 8)

Narrow, linear, somewhat shining, head black, thorax and abdomen yellowish-red, the 6th and 7th segments infuscate, elytra smoky-brown, narrowly and obscurely lighter at the base. Antennæ blackish, the first three joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 1 4 mm

In build and antennal structure very like lineola, but more brightly coloured and with rather smaller eyes. Head nearly as broad as the thorax, rounded and a little dilated behind the eyes, the disc sometimes with a small median impression, the puncturation close, not quite so fine as in lineola, very finely corraceous. Thorax slightly transverse, the sides gently rounded in front, straighter and a little retracted behind, the sculpture very like that of the head Elytra a little broader and slightly longer than the thorax, the puncturation as fine but rather closer. Abdomen parallel, a little narrowed at the apex, extremely finely, rather closely punctured, less closely on the 7th segment. The whole insect with a very fine, rather close, yellow pubescence.

Siwaliks. Mohan Rau, Kheri Rau Dehra Dun. Nim

Nadı Kumaun Haldwanı district

Genus OCYUSA Kr

Ocyusa Kr., Naturg Ins Deutschl Col 11, 1856-58, p 156, Redtb, Faun Austr ed 11, 1858, p 147 (note), ed 111, 1874, p 150, Thoms, Skand Col 111, 1861, p 10, Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brévip Aléoch 11, 1874, p 447 (ex parte), Fowler, Col Brit Isl 11, 1888, p 40, Ganglb, Käf Mitt-Eur 11, 1895, p 84, Bernh, W Z B 11, 1901, p 434, lin, 1902, p 221 (Beiheft), Newbery, E M M xl, 1904, p 251, Reitt, Faun Germ 11, 1909, p 29, Fowler & Donisthorpe, Col Brit Isl vi, 1913, pp 42, 43, Johansen, Danmarks Roybiller, 1914, p 69, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 353, Portevin, Encycl

Ent A, $\mbox{\sc ni},\ 1929,\ \mbox{\sc i},\ \mbox{\sc p}\ \ 241$, Scheerp , Tierwelt Mitteleur v, 2, 1930, p $\mbox{\sc 79}$

Subgen Cousya Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brévip Aleoch in, 1874, p 420, Ganglb, Kaf Mitt-Eur in, 1895, p 84, Bernh, W Z B lin, 1902, p 225 (Beiheft), Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 354, Scheerp, Sitz-Ber Akad Wiss Wien, Abt i, ext, 1931, p 450

This genus complises species of various facies, some resembling Calodera Mannerh and having the mesosternum carinate, others Atheta Thoms and Oxypoda Mannerh, with simple mesosternum. The only Indian species are referable to the subgenus Cousya Muls et Rey, and these lesemble Atheta in facies. Head narrower than the thorax, suborbicular,

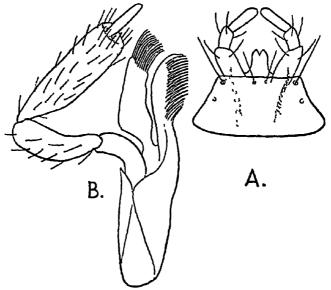


Fig 137 -Ocyusa beesoni A, labium, B, maxilla

neck moderate, temples finely bordered Antennæ with the penultimate joints transverse. Labrum transverse, feebly, broadly emarginate in front, the emargination filled in by a membrane Mandibles rather stout, pointed, the right with a small tooth at the middle of the inner border, the left edentate Maxillary palpi with small 1st joint, 2nd elongate, a little thickened towards apex, 3rd longer than the 2nd and more thickened at apex, 4th subulate, about a third as long as the preceding Outer lobe of maxilla obliquely truncate and chiate at apex, inner acute, along the inner margin with fine closely placed, slender spines Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, feebly, broadly emarginate in front Labial palpi 3-jointed, rather slender, the 1st joint cylindrical,

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about twice as long as broad, 2nd narrower and much shorter, 3rd narrower than the 2nd and about as long as the 1st, truncate Tongue small, shorter than the 1st joint of the labial palpi, with a small triangular excision in the middle of the rounded anterior margin Thorax slightly transverse, the pronotal epipleura visible from the side Mesosternum acute, simple, extending a little beyond the middle of the coxæ, these very narrowly separated Elytra emarginate postero-externally. Abdomen parallel, a little narrowed before the apex, the first three or four visible tergites transversely impressed at their base. Legs rather slender, tibiæ finely pubescent Tarsi 5, 5, 5, the anterior with the first four joints short and subequal, middle longer than the anterior, the first four joints rather short, subequal, posterior with the 1st joint distinctly longer than the 2nd, 2nd to 4th subequal, 5th as long as the 1st Claws simple, lightly curved The species are found in various damp localities

Key to the Species

Black species, the elytra at most brownish
 Otherwise coloured, the elytra at least
 reddish- or brownish yellow
 First four visible tergites transversely

impressed Only the first three visible tergites trans-

versely impressed

Abdomen a little widened behind

Abdomen not widened behind
4 Puncturation of abdomen moderately fine

and deep
Puncturation of abdomen fine, superficial

5 Entirely reddish-yellow Otherwise coloured

6 Thorax strongly transverse, this and base and apex of abdomen bright reddishyellow

Thorax less transverse
Thorax reddish-yellow, abdomen pitchy
Thorax lighter or darker reddish-brown

8 Penultimate joints of antennæ three times broader than long

Penultumate joints of antennæ about a half broader than long

9 Less shining, ground sculpture distinct, more closely and less finely punctured More shining, ground sculpture absent, less closely and more finely punctured 5 qvadrisulcata Bernh , *

ajmonis Bernh, p 586

goriensis, sp n, p 585

himalayica, sp n, p 587 indica Cam, p 589

læta, sp n, p 587 7 muscicola, sp n, p 589 8

[p 590 crassicornis, sp n,

9

2

beesoni, sp n, p 588

colorata, sp n, p 588

2142 Ocyusa (Cousya) goriensis, sp n

Shining, black Antennæ black, the 1st joint and legs reddish-brown, tarsi lighter. Length 3 mm

In build somewhat like nigrata Fairm but larger and more robust, with the puncturation of the head and thorax much less distinct, less developed 11th antennal joint etc Head suborbicular, a little narrower than the thorax, the eves distinctly shorter than the post-ocular region, with small, very obsolete, flat, moderately close punctures and feeble ground-sculpture Antennæ with the 2nd and 3rd joints of equal length 4th as long as broad, 5th to 10th transverse, the penultimate about twice as broad as long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax scarcely a third broader than long, convex, the sides feebly rounded, a little retracted behind, the posterior angles rounded, the sculpture scarcely differing from that of the head Elvtra a little broader but scarcely longer than the thorax, moderately finely, closely, subasperately punctured Abdomen moderately finely and rather closely punctured throughout whole insect with a fine grevish pubescence

Gori Valley Milam, Burphu, alt 11,500 feet (H G

Champion)

2143 Ocyusa (Cousya) ajmonis

Ocyusa (Cousya) ajmonis Bernh, Att Mus Civ Stor Nat Trieste, xii, 1934, p 88

Very near laticollis Thoms, but readily distinguished by the dark colour of the antennæ and legs, broader, shorter head, broader, shorter thorax, which is less narrowed in front, and much shorter elytra. Black, the antennæ and legs pitchy-black. Head not longer than broad, the antennæ rather short, the penultimate joints about a half broader than long. Thorax in front only moderately narrowed, a good deal broader than long. Elytra only a little longer than the thorax and in the strong and close puncturation scarcely differing from laticollis. The abdomen is somewhat widened behind, very closely, behind less closely, punctured. Length 28-3 mm

Chota Deosai, alt 3850 metres (ex Bernhauer)

2144 Ocyusa (Cousya) quadrisulcata.

Ocyusa (Cousya) quadrisulcata Bernh , Att Mus Civ Stor. Nat Trieste, xii, 1934, p 87

This species is very distinct from its allies in the 6th tergite being as deeply transversely impressed as the preceding From araxis Bernh, to which it is nearest, it is distinguished as follows. smaller and narrower, more parallel, the thorax broader relatively to the elytra, only a little narrower than these, shorter, less narrowed in front, without trace of median impression, the puncturation less distinct, elytra not so

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long, scarcely more than a fourth longer than the thorax, rather more closely punctured antennæ distinctly shorter, the 4th joint strongly transverse, the penultimate nearly twice as broad as long. Length 2.2-2.5 mm. The colour is black, the elvtra often brownish, the legs reddish- to pitchy-brown

Kashmir Balturo, Mundu, alt 1300 metres, Urdukas, alt 1000 metres, Lopsang Bransa, alt 4500 metres, Laligo, alt 3500 metres, Biaho-Tal, Paju, alt 3500 metres (ex Bernhauer)

2145 Ocyusa (Cousya) himalayica, sp. n

Moderately shining, black, the clytra pitchy-black. Antennæ black, the first two joints brown Legs brownish-vellow. Length 2.5-2.75 mm

In build very similar to Atheta meridionalis Rev suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, with flat, rather close, superficial punctures and a fine but distinct groundsculpture. Antennæ rather slender, 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th about as long as broad, 5th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate moderately so, the 11th as long as the preceding two together. Thorax transverse (3.5.3), the sides rounded in front, more retracted and straighter behind, the posterior angles obtusely rounded, before the scutchim with a small impression, the puncturation similar in character to that of the head but finer, the ground-sculpture similar Elytra broader and a third longer than the thorax, closely, much more deeply and less finely punctured and with fine corraceous ground sculpture. Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, finely and rather closely and obsoletely punctured, a little more sparingly behind. The pubescence throughout fine and grevish

Chakrata and Mussoorce districts, alt. 6000-8000 feet

2146 Ocyusa (Cousya) læta, sp n

Rather shining, head black, thorax reddish-yellow, elytra vellow, the scutellary and postero-external region more or less infuscate, abdomen with the first two visible tergites and the apex reddish-yellow, the others black with rufescent posterior margins. Antennæ black, the first three joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 3 mm

This species has the broad thorax of Mniusa, but the tooth of the mandible is small as in Cousya Head broad but narrower than the thorax, the eyes rather large, the puncturation flat, superficial and rather close, the ground-sculpture fine Antenne with the 3rd joint as long as the

2nd, 4th small, transverse, 5th to 10th gradually more strongly so, the penultimate about a half broader than long Thorax transverse (4 25 3 25), the sides very gently rounded and a little retracted in front, before the scutellum with a small transverse impression, the posterior angles obtusely rounded, the puncturation finer and closer than on the head, subasperate, but the ground-sculpture similar Elytra broader and longer (4 3 25) than the thorax, less finely, more closely and roughly punctured Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, finely and rather closely punctured on the first three visible tergites, more sparingly behind Pubescence of the fore-parts fine, short and suberect, longer and depressed on the abdomen

Mussooree district Keyarkuli, Mossy Falls, Aglar River

2147 Ocyusa (Cousya) beesoni, sp n

Amarochara indica Bernh, in litt

Moderately shining, head and abdomen black, the last segment reddish-yellow, thorax reddish-brown, elytra yellowish-red, more or less infuscate externally Antennæ black, the first two joints yellowish-brown Legs reddish-

yellow Length 2 5-2 75 mm

Head a little narrower than the thorax, eyes moderate, finely and rather closely punctured, finely corraceous Antennæ stout, the 3rd joint a little shorter than the 2nd, 4th small, transverse, 5th to 9th more strongly so, differing but little amongst themselves, 10th a little longer than the 9th and so less transverse, 11th stout, as long as the preceding two together. Thorax very slightly transverse, the sides gently rounded, a little retracted behind, before the scutellum with a fovea, the sculpture as on the head. Elytra slightly broader and slightly longer than the thorax, finely, closely, somewhat roughly punctured. Abdomen parallel, moderately finely and closely punctured, more sparingly on the last two segments.

This species has the 1st joint of the posterior tarsi longer than is usual in the genus, it is as long as the 2nd and 3rd together, the structure of the tongue and mesosternum agree with Ocyusa, and the 1st joint of the antennæ is only

normally emarginate at the apex

Dehra Dun W Almora, Kumaun

2148 Ocyusa (Cousya) colorata, sp n

Shining, head black, thorax brownish-red, elytra brownish-yellow, abdomen pitchy-black, the first two visible segments

OCYUSA 589

with the posterior margins broadly, the following narrowly rufescent. Antennæ reddish-brown, the first two joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 2.75 mm

Size and build of beesons, but more brightly coloured and more shining, the antennæ thicker, the 4th to 10th joints more transverse, the 11th stout, longer than the 9th and 10th together, head and thorax distinctly more finely and not quite so closely punctured and without ground-sculpture, the elytra also more finely, less closely and less roughly punctured, abdomen more finely punctured

Dehra Dun

2149 Ocyusa (Cousya) indica.

Apimela indica Cam, E M M ki, 1920, p 99

Elongate, parallel, depressed, shining reddish-yellow, the head reddish Antennæ reddish, the first three joints and

legs reddish-yellow Length 2 2 mm

Originally described as an Apimela, this species must be removed from that genus, the type of which it somewhat resembles in facies, as the temples are bordered below and the claws not angulate near the base Head round, narrower than the thorax, slightly widened behind, the eyes small, their length much shorter than the post-ocular region, the disc with a small impression, rather closely covered with very small, flat, obsolete punctures and without ground-sculpture Antennæ with the 3rd joint a little shorter than the 2nd, 4th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate twice as broad as long, the 11th stout, as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax slightly transverse, the sides gently rounded in front, retracted and almost straight behind to the obtuse posterior angles, very finely, closely and indistinctly punctured, ground-sculpture absent Elytra slightly longer and broader than the thorax, as finely but rather more closely Abdomen parallel, the first three visible segments very finely, moderately closely punctured, the following much more sparingly Pubescence yellow, fine, short and rather close on the fore-parts, longer and more sparing on the abdomen

Ceylon Bogawantalawa, alt 4800-5200 feet (Lewis) British Museum

2150 Ocyusa (Cousya) muscicola, sp n

Moderately shining, head black, thorax reddish-yellow; elytra brownish-yellow, abdomen pitchy, the posterior margins of the segments more or less broadly flavescent.

Antennæ blackish, the first three joints and legs reddish-

yellow Length 2 mm

Head rather small, suborbicular, the vertex sometimes with a fovea, finely and moderately closely punctured except along the middle, ground-sculpture feeble. Antennæ with the 3rd joint a little shorter than the 2nd, 4th slightly, 5th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate about twice as broad as long, the 11th a little longer than the 9th and 10th together. Thorax transverse (3 2 5), the sides evenly and very slightly rounded, sometimes with a small feeble impression before the scutellum, finely, rather closely punctured, the ground-sculpture feeble. Elytra broader and slightly longer than the thorax, finely and closely punctured. Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, very finely and closely punctured throughout, the ground-sculpture reticulate.

Ghum district

2151 Ocyusa (Cousya) crassicornis, sp n

Moderately shining, head black, thorax brown, elytra and abdomen brownish-yellow, the 4th to 7th segments infuscate Antennæ black, the 1st joint brownish-yellow Legs reddish-

vellow Length 25 mm

Head nearly as broad as the thorax, eyes moderate, postocular region distinctly rounded and dilated, closely covered
with small, flat, somewhat obsolete punctures except in front,
which is almost smooth, ground-sculpture feeble. Antennæ
short and stout, the 3rd joint a little shorter than the 2nd,
4th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate
about three times broader than long, the 11th as long as the
preceding two together. Thorax transverse (3 25), formed
as in Pseudocyusa kashmirica, very finely, moderately closely
punctured and without ground-sculpture. Elytra a little
longer and broader than the thorax, more closely and more
finely punctured. Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex,
extremely finely, rather closely punctured on the first three
visible segments, gradually more sparingly on the following,
the ground-sculpture reticulate

Ghum district Mangpu.

PSEUDOCYUSA, gen n

Related to Ocyusa but differing in the form of the labrum and the slender mandibles, both of which are furnished with a sharp, slender tooth behind the middle Facies somewhat like Atheta depressicollis Fauv but with shorter elytra Head with stout neck, eyes moderate, the temples strongly and completely bordered below Labrum transverse, the anterior

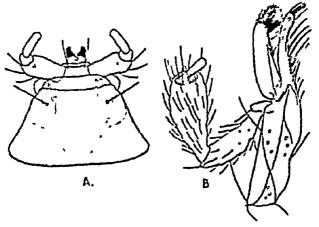


Fig. 138-Perudocyura Lachmirrea A, labium , B, maxilla

short, almost square, shorter than the 1st joint of the labial pulpi, triangularly emarginate to the middle, and more chitimized than is usual in the subfamily. Thorax slightly transverse, the pronotal emploid visible from the side Missisternum simple, acutely pointed, extending about half the length of the middle coxe, the intersternal piece long and narrow, the coxe contiguous. Elytra moderately emarginate postero-externally. Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, the first three visible tergites narrowly transversely impressed at the base. Legs moderate, tiblic cluste. Tarsi 5, 5, 7, the anterior and middle with the first four joints rather short and subequal, the posterior with the 1st joint as long as the 2nd and 3rd together, 2nd to 4th subequal, 5th as long as the 1st. Claws lightly curved.

Type, kashmirica

2152 Pseudocyusa kashmirica, sp n

Black, moderately shining Antennæ black Legs brownish-

yellow Length 2 75 mm

Head rather broad, narrower than the thorax, suborbicular, a little widened behind the moderate eyes, very finely, moderately closely punctured, finely corraceous. Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th square or slightly transverse, 5th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate about a half broader than long, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax transverse (3.5.3), the sides gently rounded, retracted behind, the posterior angles rounded, along the middle with a superficial impression posteriorly, sometimes extending nearly to the anterior border, the sculpture as on the head. Elytra a little longer and a little broader than the thorax, very finely and closely punctured, finely corraceous. Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, very finely, closely punctured and pubescent throughout.

Kashmir Gulmarg, Khelanmarg, alt 8000-10,000 feet

Genus IRMARIA Cam

Irmaria Cam, Ann Mus Civ Gen lu, 1925, p 48

Facies somewhat resembling Myrmedonia laticollis Mark Antennæ loosely jointed and furnished with long hairs, temples strongly bordered below, maxillary palpi 4-jointed,

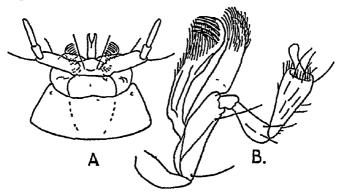


Fig 139 -Irmaria assamensis A, labium, B, maxilla

the 1st joint very small, 2nd elongate, curved and thickened towards the apex, 3rd a little longer and thicker apically than the 2nd, 4th subulate, quite half as long as the 3rd, inner lobe of maxilla with three or four spines on the inner margin towards the apex the rest ciliate, outer lobe simply ciliate, mandibles

as on the head Elytra a little longer (3 25) and broader than the thorax, less finely and more closely punctured, the ground-sculpture feeble Abdomen parallel, the 8th segment a good deal narrower than the 7th, very finely, sparingly punctured, the punctures asperate, the pubescence long and sparing, somewhat closer on the fore-parts

Assam Also in Sumatra in the fungus Dictyophora

phalloidea

2154 Irmaria assamensis, sp n

In build, colour, and antennal structure scarcely differing from parva, but on the average larger (2-3 5 mm) and at once distinguished by the sculpture, which on the fore-parts consists of a flat, superficial, rather close puncturation and a distinct corraceous ground-sculpture, the puncturation of the abdomen is fine and sparing as in paria

Assam Patkai Mountains

Genus OXYPODA Mannerh

Oxypoda Mannerh, Mem Acad St Petersb 1, 1830. p 483, Er, Kaf Maik Brand 1, 1837–39, p 342, 1d, Gen Spec Staph 1839–40, p 141, Redtb, Faun Austr ed 1, 1849, p 664 ed 1, 1858, p 142, and ed 11, 1874, p 150, Lacord, Gen Col 11859 p 35, Kraatz, Naturg Ins Deutschl Col 11, 1856–58 p 158, Jacq du Val, Gen Col d'Eur 11, 1857–59, p 13 Thoms Skand Col 11, 1861, p 17, Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col F Brévip Aleoch 11, 1874, p 225, Fowler, Col Brit Isl 11 1888 p 25, Ganglb, Käf Mitt-Eur 11, 1895, p 57, Everts, Col Neerl 1, 1898, p 174, Bernh, W Z B li, 1901, p 434, li 1902, p 128 (Suppl), Reitter, Faun Germ 11, 1909, p 31 Blatchley, Col Indiana, 1, 1910, p 361, Johansen, Danmarks Roybiller, 1914, p 46, fig 18, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920 p 363, Portevin, Encycl Ent A, xii, 1929, 1, p 242, Scheerp, Therwelt Mitteleur 1, 2, 1930, p 79, Donisthorpe, E M M lavin, 1932, p 5 lavin, 1932, p 5

BIOLOGY —Rey, Ann Soc Linn Lyon, (2) xxxiii, 1886, p 159, id, Ess d'études cert Lary Col 1887, p 29, Ganglb, Kaf Mitt Eur 11, 1895, p 58, Xambeu, Echange, 12, 1893, p 80, 1d, Rev d'Ent xvn, 1898, p 26, id, Échange, xxv, 1909, p 10, Wasm, D E Z 1894, p 273, Rupertsb, Biol Lit Kāf Eur 1894 p 116, Poppius, Meddel Soc Faun Flor Fenn xxxx, 1908, pp 113, 206

Of somewhat variable build, but usually with convex thorax and sericeous abdominal pubescence, and for the most part resembling certain Atheta Head inserted in the thorax. more or less suborbicular, the eyes variable in size, the temples sharply bordered below Antennæ 11-jointed, variable in structure Labrum transverse, the anterior angles rounded, truncate or feebly emarginate, the anterior border narrowly membranous Mandibles stout, curved and pointed, the

right with a small tooth at the middle of the inner border, the left edentate Maxillæ with the outer lobe broader and shorter than the inner, densely cliate at the apex, the inner pointed, with slender, closely placed spines along the distal half of the mner border Maxillary palpi 4-jointed, the 1st joint very small, 2nd moderate a little thickened towards apex, 3rd either a little longer than the 2nd and more strongly thickened apically or much longer and very slightly thickened, 4th subulate, not more than half the length of the 3rd transverse, trapezoidal, truncate or feebly and broadly emarginate in front Labial palpi 3-jointed, the 1st joint rather short and stout, 2nd much narrower and about half as long, 3rd narrower and much longer than the 2nd, sometimes a little widened towards apex Tongue rather narrow, about as long as the 1st joint of the labial palpi and divided nearly to the middle into two narrow lobes Thorax more or less transverse, the sides more or less rounded and more retracted in front, the pronotal epipleura in most not visible from the side Prosternum short, the posterior deflexed part carmate along the middle and pointed Mesosternum simple, its process acutely pointed and extending nearly the whole length of the coxæ, there very narrowly separated or contiguous behind Elytra variable, shorter or as long or longer than the thorax, distinctly and usually strongly emarginate postero-externally Abdomen either nearly parallel or strongly narrowed towards the apex or intermediate, the first two or three visible tergites transversely impressed at their bases, usually very finely and densely punctured with sericeous pubescence, sometimes more sparingly and with normal pubescence Legs moderate, rather slender, tibiæ ciliate, without long setæ Tarsi 5, 5, 5, the anterior and middle somewhat variable, the posterior with the 1st joint as long as the 2nd and 3rd together, sometimes as long as the 2nd to 4th together

The genus is widely distributed throughout the world and found usually in damp places, moss, fallen leaves, fungus, etc, but a few are myrmecophilous, it is divided into several subgenera, some of which, as in Atheta, are by no means clearly defined, and only some of them are so far known in India

Key to the Subgenera

I Antennæ rather long and slender, the 3rd joint fully as long as the 2nd, the penultimate joints not or but slightly transverse

Antennæ shorter and less slender, the 3rd joint usually shorter than the 2nd, the penultimate distinctly or strongly transverse

2 3rd joint of maxillary palpi normally thickened towards the apex, not much longer than the 1st antennal joint, abdomen distinctly acuminate

3rd joint of maxillary palpi scarcely thickened towards apex, slender, twice as long as the 1st antennal joint,

abdomen only slightly narrowed before the apex

3 Elytra shorter than the thorax

Elytra at least as long as the thorax

4 Thorax broader than the elytra, these as long or slightly longer

Thorax at most as broad as the elytra

5 3rd joint of the maxillary palpi of normal
length, distinctly thickened at apex
3rd joint of maxillary palpi elongate,
about twice as long as the 1st antennal

joint, scarcely thickened towards apex 6 Abdomen more or less narrowed behind, the penultimate joints of antennæ moderately transverse or as long as broad Abdomen almost parallel, the penultimate joints of antennæ strongly trans-

verse

7 Elytra as long or slightly longer than the thorax

Elytra distinctly longer than the thorax

[et Rey, p 596 Oxypoda (s str), Muls

[P 597 PAROXYPODA Gangib, BESSOFORA Thoms, 4 [D 616

SPHENOMA Manneth, 5 [p 614

6

[p 598 Podoxya Muls et Rey,

[p 615 Demosoma Thoms , [p 609 Bægglena Thoms ,

MYCETODREPA Thoms, [p 611

Subgenus OXYPODA (s str) Muls et Rey

Oxyopda Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brévip Aleoch II, 1874, p 228, Fowler, Col Brit Isl II, 1888, p 26, Ganglb, Käf Mitt-Eur II, 1895, p 61, Bernh, W Z B III, 1902, p 143 (Suppl), Reitter, Faun Germ II, 1909, p 32, Johansen, Danmarks Roybiller, 1914, p 49, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 365, Portevin, Encycl Ent A, XII, 1929, I, p 243

Rather large species with slender antennæ, the penultimate joints not or but slightly transverse, the 3rd joint as long or longer than the 2nd Maxillary palpi with the 3rd joint of normal length and distinctly thickened towards apex Elytra at least as long as the thorax Abdomen narrowed towards apex Only one species in our Fauna is at present referable to this subgenus

2155 Oxypoda (s str) himalayica, sp n

Only slightly shining, head black, thorax pitchy-brown, the posterior angles and more or less of the adjacent sides and base yellowish-red elytra pitchy-brown with a more or less extensive oblique reddish-yellow fascia from the humeral angles to the posterior margin at the suture, the posterior margin itself narrowly reddish-yellow, or entirely brownish-yellow, the darker markings scarcely indicated

OXYPODA 597

Abdomen pitchy-black, the posterior margins of the segments distinctly reddish-yellow. Antennæ black, the first two or three joints and the legs reddish-yellow. Length 4.5 mm

Very near longines Muls et Rey, but differs in the more brightly coloured thorax and abdomen and more transverse penultimate antennal joints, the puncturation of the elytra is also a little finer Head narrower than the thorax, finely and closely punctured, finely corraceous Antennæ with the 3rd joint longer than the 2nd, 4th and 5th slightly longer than broad, 6th as long as broad, 7th to 10th slightly transverse, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (6 45), convey, the sides gently rounded, more retracted in front, the posterior angles obtuse, the base near them feebly emarginate before the scutellum with a small round impression, the sculpture as on the head. Elytra broader and longer (6 4 5) than the thorax, finely and closely punctured Abdomen gradually narrowed from base to apex, very finely and very closely punctured and pubescent, 1st joint of the posterior tarsi as long as the following two together

Chakrata and Mussooree districts, alt 6000-8000 feet W Almora, Upper Gumti Valley Simia Hills, Kotkai, alt 5500 feet (Becson) Punjab, Jibhi, Seraj, alt 6000 feet;

Jhatingri, Mandi, alt 6000 feet (H G Champion)

Subgenus PAROXYPODA Ganglb

Paroxypoda Ganglb, Käf Mitt-Eur n. 1895, p 64, Bernh, W Z B ln, 1902, p 149 (Suppl), Fenyes Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 366, Portevin Encycl Ent A, vn, 1929, 1, p 245

Antennæ long and slender, the penultimate joints longer than broad Maxillary palpi with the 3rd joint clongate, scarcely thickened towards apex Abdomen almost parallel

2156 Oxypoda (Paroxypoda) morosa, sp n

Only slightly shining, black, elytra brownish-black. Antennæ black, the first two joints yellowish-brown. Legs reddish,

tarsı reddish-yellow Length 45 mm

Colour and lustre of lugubris Kr but narrower, the antennæ as slender but shorter, the sculpture of the fore-parts scarcely different, but that of the abdomen not quite so fine and close. Parallel, the abdomen only slightly narrowed before the apex Head a good deal narrower than the thorax, finely, closely and superficially punctured, finely corraceous Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as 2nd, 4th to 10th longer than broad, decreasing in length, the penultimate joints only very slightly so, the 11th shorter than the 9th and 10th together Thorax

transverse (6 5), convex, a little narrowed in front, the posterior angles rounded, before the scutellum with a feeble impression, as finely and closely but more deeply punctured than the head Elytra as broad as the thorax and very slightly longer, finely and more closely punctured, the puncturation rougher Abdomen only slightly narrowed before the apex, finely and densely punctured and pubescent throughout, sericeous 1st joint of the posterior tarsi fully as long as the following three together

N Kumaun, Laptel, alt 15,000 feet (H G Champion).

British Museum Unique

Subgenus *PODOXYA* Muls et Rev

Podoxya Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brévip Aleoch II, 1874, pp 229, 297, Fowler, Col Brit Isl II, 1888, p 29, Ganglb, Kaf Mitt-Eur II, 1895, p 64, Bernh, W Z B III, 1902, p 152 (Suppl), Reitter, Faun Germ II, 1909, pp 33, 35, Johansen, Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p 54, Fenyes, Gen Ins. 173 B, 1920, p 367, Portevin, Encycl Ent A, xII, 1929, I, p 245, Scheepen Ster Ber Aled Wiss Wess, Abt., cel 1921, p 455 Scheerp, Sitz-Ber Akad Wiss Wien, Abt i, cxl, 1931, p 455

Antennæ thickened towards apex, the penultimate joints at most as long as broad, the 3rd joint usually shorter than the Maxillary palpi with normal 3rd joint Elytra at least as long as the thorax, abdomen sometimes parallel, sometimes more or less narrowed towards the apex

Key to the Species

1 Abdomen extremely finely and densely punctured and pubescent, sericeous Abdomen very finely, rather closely punctured and pubescent, not sericeous 14 2 Posterior margins of the tergites fur-nished with several long black setm, penultimate joints of antennæ scarcely transverse Posterior margins of the segments without long setse, usually with a fringe of closely placed hairs heterogaster, sp n, p 607. 3 Pubescence of the fore-parts depressed Pubescence of the fore-parts short, erect simlaensis, sp n, p 602. 4 Entirely black species, at most with the posterior margins of the tergites narrowly rufescent Not entirely black, the elytra at least yellowish-brown 5 Penultimate joints of antennæ slightly transverse Penultimate joints of antennæ strongly transverse 6 More robust, less shining, the head and nigra, sp. n , p 600 thorax distinctly certaceous Narrower, more shining, head and thorax

with only feeble ground-sculpture

uniformis, sp n, p 601.

		
	Antennæ reddish-brown, the base reddish-yellow, abdomen less closely punctured Antennæ black, abdomen more closely punctured Antennæ black, the base usually reddish-	mgrita, sp n, p 602 [nov, p 603 subsericea v kashmirica,
	y ellow Antennæ yellowish red	g tenus, spn, p605
9	Thorax with short, semi-erect pubescence Thorax with depressed pubescence	10 11
10	Antennæ entirely black, fore-parts closely and roughly punctured Antennæ with reddish-yellow base, fore-parts more finely, less roughly	masuriana, sp n, p 602
11	punctured 11th joint of antennæ as long as the preceding three together, thorax	decipiens, sp n, p 605
	preceding three together, thorax yellowish-red lith joint not longer than the pre-	atriceps G & H., p 608
12	ceding two together Thorax convex, without trace of	12
	impressed median line Thorax flatter, with distinct median	13
13	impressed line Larger (3.75 mm) and more robust,	subsericea, sp n, p 603
	darker, 4th and 5th joints of antennæ longer than broad Smaller (2 75 mm), narrower, brighter,	montuaga, sp n, p 600
	4th and 5th joints of antennæ trans- verse	beesoni, sp n, p 604
14	Black species, the posterior margins of the tergites at most rulescent	15
l5	More brightly coloured species	17
-	Antennæ, except base, black	16 atrata, sp n, p 603
16	Larger (3 75 mm), antennæ thick, the 11th joint longer than the 9th and 10th together, the 10th less trans- verse than the 9th	nigrolucens, sp n , p 601
	Smaller (2 75-3 mm), antennæ thinner, 11th joint not longer than the 9th and 10th together, the 10th subequal to	myromound, up 11, p out
17		proxima, sp n, p 603
	broad, the penultimate joints only slightly transverse Antennæ with 4th joint at most as long	18
10	as broad, the penultimate joints dis- tinctly transverse	19
18	Posterior margins of the tergites with long black setæ, darker Posterior margins of tergites without	dohertys, sp n, p 606
19	such setæ, more brightly coloured Abdomen black, the posterior margins	mıxta, sp n, p 608
	of the tergites rufescent Abdomen yellow	20 21
20	Head broader, more than half the breadth of the thorax, penultimate joints of antennæ about a half broader than long, more brightly coloured	snuda on n ~ 201
	tone, more ariginity colonied	rıvıda, sp n, p 604

ip 647.

Head narrow, only slightly more than half the breadth of the thorax: penultimate joints of antenne twice as broad as long - co'our darker s. Forforris sp. n. 21. Antenne longer, the 4th joint as long as broad 11th as long as the preceding three together. An'enne sucreet the 4th joint disfarrern sp n. p. 847. tire'ly transverse, the 11th short and fraina sp n., p 606

2157. Ovypoda (Podovya) nigra, so n.

Black, not very shining. Antennæ brown, the first two

joints and legs reddish-yellow. Longth 4-4-5 mm.

In general facies and antennal structure very like for epric Kr., but with rougher, less fine puncturation of the fore-parts and finer, denser puncturation of the abdomen the 1st joint of the posterior tarsi much longer. Head round, the eves rather small very finely, rather closely, superficially punctured. distinctly coriaceous. Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long es the 2nd. 4th to 7th longer than broad, decreesing in length 8th to 10th not or but slightly transverse. 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax transverse (6:4-5), convex. as broad as the elytra at the base finely, closely and roughly punctured, the ground-sculpture as on the head Elytte slightly longer than the thorax, the sculpture similar. Abdomen gradually and slightly narrowed from base to apex. extremely finely and densely punctured and pubescent. sericeous. Ist joint of the posterior tarsi very long, longer than the following three together.

Simla Hills: Gahan, Tneog, Kotgarh, alt. 7000 feet.

2158 Oxypoda (Podoxya) montivaga, sp n.

Greasy lustrous: head black: thorax and abdomen pitchyblack, the posterior margins of the first five visible segments narrowly rufescent, the 6th more broadly: elytra either smokybrown, with the humeral angles and posterior margin narrowly and obscurely lighter, or yellowish-brown, with the disc extensively infuscate Antennæ black, the first two or three joints reddish Legs reddish-yellow. Length 3.75 mm.

In build, colour, lustre and antennal structure very similar to ricing Kr., but with the antennæ shorter and less stout. the head much more superficially punctured, the sculpture and pubescence elsewhere scarcely differing. Head suborbicular, closely, finely and superficially punctured, finely coriaceous. Antennæ with the 3rd joint slightly longer than the 2nd, 4th and 5th very slightly longer than broad 6th to 10th slightly transverse. 11th scarcely as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax transverse (5.5:43). convex.

OXYPODA 601

the sides rounded, more retracted in front, the posterior angles rounded, finely, very closely, more deeply punctured than the head, the ground-sculpture similar Elytra at base as broad as the base of the thorax but a little longer, very finely, closely and roughly punctured Abdomen gradually narrowed to the apex, extremely finely and densely punctured and pubescent, senceous

Chakrata district, Binal Gad, Konain, Deoban, alt 70%-9330 feet W Almora, Kumaun Punjab, Jalori Pass.

alt 10,800 feet

2159 Oxypoda (Podoxya) umformis, sp n

Only slightly shining, black, the posterior margin, of the abdominal segments narrowly and obscurely rufescent Antennæ black, the first two joints brownish-yellow Leg-reddish-yellow, the femora a little infuscate Length 4 mm (abdomen well extended)

Very similar to montivaga but blacker, rather more shining, the antennæ longer and thinner, the penultimate joints very slightly transverse, the head similarly punctured, but with the ground-sculpture less distinct. Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as 2nd, 4th and 5th slightly longer than broad 6th and 7th as long as broad, 8th to 10th very slightly transverse, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax less transverse (5-4) than in montivaga, closely and finely but less superficially punctured, and with indistinct ground-sculpture. Elytra very slightly longer than the thorax, the sculpture as in montivaga. Abdomen narrowed from base to apex, extremely finely and densely punctured and pubescent throughout, sericeous. Pubescence of fore-parts fine and depressed.

Kashmir · Gulmarg, alt 8000-9000 feet

2160 Oxypoda (Podoxya) nigrolucens, sp n

Rather shining, black, the elytra brownish-black. Antennae reddish-brown, the first two joints and legs reddish-yellow

Length 3 75 mm

In build very similar to monticaga, but blacker and much more shining, the antennæ much stouter, the thorax a little more narrowed in front, very similarly punctured but without ground-sculpture, elytra less finely punctured, abdomen much less finely punctured, more sparingly on the last two segments, the pubescence less close, not sericeous. Antennæ stout, the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th to 9th gradually more transverse, the 9th about a half broader than long, the 10th longer than the 9th, only slightly transverse, 11th distinctly longer than the 9th and 10th together

Ghum . Tiger Hill

2161 Oxypoda (Podoxya) simlaensis, sp n

Moderately shining, head black, thorax dark brown, elytra yellowish-brown, abdomen pitchy-black, the posterior margins of the first five visible segments narrowly, the 6th broadly rufescent. Antennæ reddish-brown, the 1st joint

and the legs reddish-yellow Length 3 mm

In the comparatively narrow thorax resembles induta Rey. but differs from that species by the much longer and thinner antennæ, shorter elytra, coarser and rougher puncturation of the fore-parts, and finer puncturation of the abdomen Head suborbicular, much narrower than the thorax, closely, finely but roughly punctured and without ground-sculpture, the pubescence short and partly erect Antennæ slender, the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th to 7th as long as broad, subequal, 8th to 10th very slightly transverse, 11th as long as the preceding two together Thorax transverse (4 5 3 5) the sides gently rounded, distinctly retracted in front, the posterior angles rounded, the puncturation and pubescence as on the head but closer Elytra as long as the thorax and at the base scarcely narrower, the sculpture similar but with the pubescence depressed Abdomen narrowed from base to apex, extremely finely and closely punctured and pubescent, sericeous

Simla Hills Gahan, Theog, alt 7000-7600 feet

2162 Oxypoda (Podoxya) masuriana, sp n

In build and colour scarcely differing from umbrata Gyllh, but more shining, the head finely, closely and roughly punctured, the antennæ entirely black and obviously thinner, the penultimate joints less transverse, thorax and elytra more coarsely and more roughly punctured, with semi-erect pubescence, the abdomen as densely but rather more finely punctured than in that species, the pubescence sericeous as in the allied form From subscricea it differs in being more shining, the antennæ more slender, with less transverse penultimate joints, the much more coarsely and roughly punctured fore-parts Length 2.75 mm

Mussooree district Arni Gad Kumaun, Ranikhet

2163 Oxypoda (Podoxya) nigrita, sp n

Greasy lustrous, entirely black, antennæ reddish-brown, the first two joints and legs yellowish-red Length 2 75-3 mm.

Near umbrata Gyllh but rather narrower, blacker and more shining, antennæ shorter and stouter, the penultimate joints more transverse, puncturation of the thorax finer, closer and not rough, abdomen a little less densely punctured and

pubescent Head extremely finely, rather closely, superficially punctured, very finely corraceous. Antennæ short and stout, the 3rd joint scarcely shorter than the 2nd, 4th slightly, 5th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate strong so Thorax transverse (4 5 3 5), convex, the posterior angles rounded, more closely and more deeply punctured than the head, the ground-sculpture similar Elytra at the base as broad as the base of the thorax and but little longer very finely, closely and roughly punctured Abdomen slightly narrowed towards apex, very finely, closely punctured and pubescent, sericeous

Simla Hills, alt 7000-7900 feet Chakrata district; Khedar Khud, Deoban, alt 7500-7900 feet Punjab, Jalori Pass, alt 10,800 feet, Jibhi, Seraj, alt 6000 feet Kashmir, Gulmarg, alt 8000-10,000 feet Kumaun Upper Gumti

Valley

2164 Oxypoda (Podoxya) proxima, sp n

Exactly similar in size, build and antennal structure to nigrita, but not so black, the posterior margins of the abdominal segments narrowly but distinctly rufescent, the puncturation throughout less fine, less close and rougher, the abdominal pubescence less close, not sericeous, the antennæ reddish

Kashmir Gulmarg Kumaun Nami Tal; Dudhatoli

Punjab Jalon Pass, alt 10,800 feet

2165 Oxypoda (Podoxya) atrata, sp n

Extremely like nigrita, and only differs from that species in the following respects the 10th joint of the antennæ is a little longer than the 9th and so less transverse, the puncturation throughout distinctly coarser, that of the abdomen is less close also, especially on the 7th segment, and its pubescence is not sericeous, and so more shining than in the allied species

Chakrata district Korawa Khud, Kanasar, Khedar Khud, alt 7000-9000 feet Simla Hills, Narkanda, alt 9230 feet

2166 Oxypoda (Podoxya) subsericea, sp. n

Greasy lustrous; head black, thorax darker or lighter reddish-brown, abdomen pitchy, the posterior margins of the first two visible segments more or less distinctly rufescent, the last two segments more broadly; elytra brownish-yellow more or less infuscate externally. Antennæ black, the first two or three joints and the legs reddish-yellow. Length 2–25 mm

Var kashmırıca, nov Entirely black, the femora and tibiæ sometimes infuscate

Of exactly the build of sericea Heer, but on the average a little larger, the antennæ stouter, the elytra and thorax more brightly coloured, these more finely punctured, the head more finely and not roughly punctured Head suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, very finely, moderately closely, not roughly punctured, finely corraceous Antennæ with the 3rd joint slightly shorter than the 2nd, 4th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate about twice as broad as long, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax rather more than a third broader than long, the sides gently rounded, more retracted in front, the posterior angles rounded, before the scutellum with a feeble impression, along the middle with a distinct impressed line, very finely, closely and roughly punctured Elytra at base as broad as the base of the thorax and a third longer, the sculpture similar but closer Abdomen narrowed towards the apex, densely and finely punctured and pubescent, sericeous The pubescence on the fore-parts depressed 1st joint of the posterior tarsı as long as the following three together

Dehra Dun Bombay Kanara Mussooree, Chakrata and

Simla Hills Kashmir, Gulmarg

2167 Oxypoda (Podoxya) beesoni, sp n

A little shining, head black, thorax darker, elytra lighter reddish-brown, abdomen brown, the posterior margins of the segments distinctly rufescent. Antennæ blackish, the first three joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 2.75 mm

Size and build of subsericea, the antennæ similarly constructed, but at once distinguished by the brighter coloration and clear reddish-yellow basal joints of the antennæ, the puncturation on the fore-parts is coarser and rougher, on the abdomen not quite so fine though equally close, with sericeous pubescence. Extremely like the lighter forms of umbrata Gyllh, but with smaller, rounder head and with the fore-parts more finely punctured.

Chakrata district Dodora Khud, Konain, alt 8000 feet.

Sımla Hills Gahan, Kotgarh, alt 7000 feet

2168 Oxypoda (Podoxya) vivida, sp n

Moderately shining, head black, thorax light reddish-brown, elytra bright yellowish-red, abdomen pitchy, the posterior margins of the first four visible segments narrowly and distinctly, the posterior half of the 5th and whole of the 6th yellowish-red Antennæ reddish-brown, the first three joints and legs reddish-yellow Length 25 mm

Size and build of subsericea, but at once distinguished by the brighter colour, differently formed antennæ, much more coarsely punctured thorax and elytra, and much less densely OXYPODA 605

punctured abdomen Head finely, closely and somewhat roughly punctured and without ground-sculpture. Antennæ with the 3rd joint a little shorter than the 2nd, 4th to 9th gradually more transverse, the 9th scarcely a half broader than long, the 10th longer and very slightly transverse, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax convex, transverse (45 3), narrowed towards the front, finely, closely and roughly punctured and without ground-sculpture. Elytra a third longer than the thorax, less finely, more closely and more roughly punctured. Abdomen narrowed towards the apex, finely, moderately closely punctured on the first four visible segments, much more sparingly on the last two, the pubescence not sericeous. The pubescence of the fore-parts fine, yellow and depressed

Chakrata district Khedar Khud, alt 7500 feet

2169 Oxypoda (Podoxya) decipiens, sp n

Greasy lustrous, head black thorax smoky-brown, the margins narrowly lighter, elytra brownish-yellow abdomen pitchy-black, the last segment and posterior margins of the others reddish-yellow. Antennæ black, the first two or three joints and the legs reddish-yellow. Length 2-25 mm

Size and build of subscricea, differs in the colour of the thoral and elytra, longer and thinner antenne, the 4th joint a little longer than broad, the penultimate less transverse, about a half broader than long, thorax without median impressed line or fovea before the scutellum, the puncturation not quite so fine, the pubescence short and semi-erect, elytra less finely punctured

Chakrata district Bodyar Mussooree district Mossy and Woodstock Falls, alt 6000-8300 feet

2170 Oxypoda(Podoxya) tenuis, sp n

Slightly shining, head lighter or darker brown, thorax light chestnut-brown, elytra yellow, abdomen brown, the apex and posterior margins of the segments reddish-yellow Antennæ yellowish-red, the penultimate joints sometimes a little infuscate, the first two or three joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 25 mm (abdomen extended).

Much narrower than sericea Heer, the thorax less narrowed in front, the abdomen more pointed, very like præcox Er in build, but with longer elytra. Head round, closely, very finely and obsoletely punctured and without ground-sculpture. Antennæ with the 3rd joint shorter than the 2nd, 4th scarcely, 5th to 10th more transverse, the penultimate about twice as broad as long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax transverse (3 5 2 5), the sides gently rounded, a little

retracted in front, the posterior angles rounded, very finely, closely, somewhat roughly punctured and without ground-sculpture. Elytra longer (3–25) than the thorax, as closely but less finely and more roughly punctured. Abdomen distinctly narrowed from base to apex, extremely finely and closely punctured and pubescent throughout, sericeous. The pubescence of the fore-parts fine, yellow and depressed.

Chakrata district Bangar, Manjgaon, alt 6000-6500 feet

2171 Oxypoda (Podoxya) fraterna, sp n

Somewhat shining, yellow, the head infuscate Antennæ and legs reddish-yellow, the former a little infuscate towards

apex Length 2 5 mm (abdomen extended)

Of the build of tenus but narrower, the colour yellow, the antennæ much shorter, the 4th to 10th joints transverse, the penultimate about twice as broad as long, puncturation of the thorax as fine but not quite so close, the ground-sculpture very similar, elytra a little less finely and a little less closely punctured than in tenus, abdomen less finely punctured, the pubescence not sericeous, in other respects resembling tenus

Chakrata district Bangar, alt 6000 feet

2172 Oxypoda (Podoxya) dohertyi, sp n

Rather shining, head black, thorax and elytra darker or lighter reddish-brown, abdomen brown, the apex and posterior margins of the segments rufescent. Antennæ reddish, the first two or three joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 2.75 mm

In colour and build very like subnitida Rey, but with shorter elytra and the penultimate joints of antennæ as long as broad, the puncturation of the fore-parts coarse and rough Head suborbicular, a good deal narrower than the thorax, closely, finely and roughly punctured and without ground-sculpture Antennæ rather long, the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th to 7th very slightly longer than broad, 8th to 10th as long as broad Thorax transverse (5 5 3 75), convex, the sides rounded, more retracted in front, the posterior angles rounded, closely, rather finely, roughly punctured; ground-sculpture absent, the pubescence yellow and depressed but also with a few short, semi-erect black hairs Elytra as long as but broader than the thorax, the sculpture similar Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, very finely and closely punctured and pubescent throughout but not sericeous, the sides and posterior margins of the segments with some long black setæ

Manipur (Doherty). United Provinces Nami Tal (H G.

Champion).

2173 Oxypoda (Podoxya) heterogaster, sp n

In build, colour and sculpture of the fore-parts exactly similar to doherty, but at once distinguished by the much more finely and densely punctured abdomen and distinctly sericeous pubescence, the black setæ at the posterior margins of the segments are also present and the antennæ are similar. Length 3 mm

Mussooree district Municipal Gardens

2174 Oxypoda (Podoxya) subconformis, sp n

Rather shining, head black; thorax chestnut-red, elytra either reddish-brown with the humeral angles, reflexed sides and posterior margin (very narrowly) yellowish-red or entirely yellowish-red. Abdomen brown, the apex and posterior margins of the segments reddish-yellow. Antennæ reddish, the first two joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 2.5 mm

In build scarcely differing from fusing Rey, but with the 3rd joint of the maxillary palpi of normal build, the antennæ stouter, etc Head narrow, only slightly more than hall the breadth of the thorax, finely and superficially punctured, the ground-sculpture scarcely visible. Antennæ short and stout, the 3rd joint shorter than the 2nd, 4th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate twice as broad as long, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (43 35), convex, the sides strongly retracted in front, the posterior angles briefly rounded, moderately closely, finely and rather indistinctly punctured, ground-sculpture Elytra as long as the thorax and at the base as broad as that of the thorax, as closely but more distinctly punctured. Abdomen distinctly acuminate, finely and closely punctured, more sparingly on the last two segments, the pubescence not sericeous Pubescence of the fore-parts vellow and depressed.

Ghum district In moss

2175 Oxypoda (Podoxya) flavescens, sp n

Moderately shining, reddish-yellow. Antennæ reddish, the base and legs reddish-yellow. Length 2.5 mm.

A very slender species with pointed abdomen, only about half the breadth of subconforms but similar in build and sculpture, the antennæ are more slender, the 4th joint as long as broad, but otherwise similarly formed but with the 11th joint as long as the preceding three together

Ghum district In fungus.

2176 Oxypoda (Podoxya) atriceps.

Oupoda atriceps Gemm et Har, Cat Col Eur II, 1868, p. 526 Oxypoda atricapilla Motsch *, Bull Mosc 1858 III, p. 244 (pricoc), Cam, E. M. M. Livy, 1933, p. 220

Moderately shining, head black, thorax, first three visible segments of the abdomen, posterior half of the 5th and whole of the 6th yellowish-red, the rest black, elytra yellow, very obscurely infuscate postero-externally. Antennæ black, the first three joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 35 mm

In colour scarcely differing from alternans Gr, but the elytra are much less distinctly infuscate, the antennæ longer and stouter, the thorax less transverse, puncturation of the fore-parts less fine and rougher. Head closely, finely and roughly punctured. Antennæ moderate, the 3rd joint a little shorter than the 2nd, 4th to 10th transverse, gradually increasing in width, the 11th as long as the preceding three together. Thorax a little transverse, the posterior angles obtuse, along the middle with a broad feeble impression, rather finely, closely and roughly punctured. Elytra a third longer than the thorax, similarly but rather more closely punctured. Abdomen gradually narrowed from base to apex, very finely and very closely punctured and pubescent throughout, sericeous

"Ind or "One example

2177 Oxypoda (Podoxya) mixta, sp n

A little shining, head black, thorax and elytra yellowishred, the latter scarcely infuscate postero-externally, abdomen brown, the apex and posterior margins of the segments distinctly rufescent. Antennæ black, the first four joints and

legs reddish-yellow Length 3 3 mm

Except for the rather longer clytra this species is exactly of the build of alternans Gr, and also somewhat similar in colour, but the 3rd joint of the maxillary palpi is not elongate and is distinctly thickened towards the apex, the antennæ also are longer and more slender Head round, a good deal narrower than the thorax, finely, rather closely, somewhat roughly punctured and without ground-sculpture Antennæ rather long and slender, the 3rd joint fully as long as the 2nd, 4th a little longer than broad, 5th as long as broad, 6th to 10th differing but little amongst themselves, slightly transverse, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together transverse (53.45), the sides gently rounded, moderately retracted in front, the posterior angles obtusely rounded, before the scutellum with a small impression, finely, rather closely and roughly punctured and without ground-sculpture Elytra longer (6 4.5) and broader than the thorax, more

closely and rather more finely and roughly punctured. Abdomen slightly narrowed before the apex, very finely, rather closely punctured and pube-cent throughout, not seriecous Pube-cence of the fore parts fine vellow and depressed.

Ghum district

Subgenus BAOGLENA Thoms

Broglesa Thoms Skand Col ix 1867, p 248 Fowler Col Brit 14 ii 1888, p 20 Gan; lb , Kaf Mitt 1 ur ii 1895 p 69 Bernh , W Z R lu 1902 p 178 (Supp.) Johansen Danmarks Roxbiller 1914 p 58 Fenxes Gen Ins. 173 n 1920 p 369

Head narrow, ovate, eyes small. Maxillary palps with the 3rd joint very clongate, about twice as long as the 1st joint of the antenne and scarcely thickened towards the apex Antenne with the 3rd joint shorter than 2nd, the penultumate strongly transverse. Thorax at most as wide as the clytra, these as long or slightly longer. Abdomen narrowed to the apex.

Key to the Species

1 Abdition extremely firely and densely purerured, sentencin

Abdomen finely, moderately check joine tured, not series is

2 Pubercenes of the fire parts close semierest Pubercenes of the fire parts depressed

3 Antenne dark with 11th 10 nt reddish yellow

Antenne with the last joint conciderous
4 More robust antenne ver staut
reddish brown
Narrower, actenne slender, blackish

cracilerta sp. n. p. 610 [p. 616 rufolerrumnea sp. n. 3

muencia, sp. n. p. 611

leurnes sp n, p 609 errorcula sp n, p 610

2178 Oxypoda (Bæoglena) brunnea, sp. n

Only a little shining, ferruginous red, the elytra, the apex of the abdomen and posterior margins of the segments reddishyellow. Antenne reddish brown, the first three joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 3.75 mm (abdomen extended)

In colour and build much resembling nota Bernh but larger, the antenna much stouter, puncturation of the foreparts not so fine. Head oval, narrow, only slightly more than half the width of the thorax, ever small, finely, rather closely, superficially punctured, finely corraccous. Antenna stout, the 3rd joint shorter than the 2nd, 4th about as long as broad, 5th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate twice as broad as long, the 11th stout, as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax transverse (5.5.4), strongly narrowed in front, convex, the posterior angles obtuse, as broad as the base of the elytra, finely, closely and roughly punctured

finely corraceous Elytra very slightly longer than the thorax, as closely but less finely punctured. Abdomen strongly narrowed from base to apex, very finely and closely punctured and pubescent throughout, sericeous, the posterior margins of the segments without setæ. Pubescence of the fore-parts fine and depressed.

Chakrata district · Patra Khud, alt 8000 feet

2179 Oxypoda (Bæoglena) sororcula, sp n

In build, colour and lustre similar to brunnea, but much smaller (2.75 mm), the antennæ darker, much more slender, but of similar structure, puncturation of the fore-parts equally close and rough but distinctly finer, the ground-sculpture less evident, puncturation of the abdomen similar, the pubescence sericeous

Chakrata district Kanasar, alt 7050 feet, Binal Gad, alt 7000-8000 feet

2180 Oxypoda (Bæoglena) rufoferruginea, sp n

Rather shining, entirely ferruginous-red Antennæ and legs

yellowish-red Length 2 75 mm

More shining and of darker colour than nova Bernh, and with shorter antennæ and less pointed abdomen, the pubescence of the fore-parts, moreover, is semi-erect. Head narrow, with a fine, rather close, rough puncturation and very fine ground-sculpture. Antennæ short and stout, the 3rd joint shorter than the 2nd, 4th slightly, 5th to 10th more strongly transverse, the penultimate fully twice as broad as long, the 11th as long as the preceding two together. Thorax slightly transverse, strongly narrowed in front, the sculpture as on the head. Elytra as long as the thorax and at the shoulders as broad as its base, the puncturation less fine and rougher Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, very finely and closely punctured throughout, the pubescence depressed, yellow, not sericeous. Pubescence of the fore-parts rather close, yellow and semi-erect.

Simla Hills Kotgarh, alt 7000 feet In fungus

2181 Oxypoda (Bæoglena) gracilenta, sp n

Shining, head black, thorax and elytra yellowish-red, abdomen blackish, the apex and posterior margins of the segments broadly rufescent. Antennæ and legs reddish-yellow Length 3 5 mm (abdomen extended)

Of the narrow elongate build of lurida Woll, the abdomen a good deal longer than the fore-parts but much more shining, the antennæ much stouter, etc Head suborbicular, narrower than the thorax finely, rather closely punctured and without

OXYPODA 611

ground-sculpture Antennæ short and stout, the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th to 10th transverse, the penultimate joints twice as broad as long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax scarcely a third broader than long, narrowed in front, finely, rather closely, somewhat roughly punctured, ground-sculpture absent. Elytra very slightly longer than the thorax, less finely and more roughly punctured. Abdomen narrowed from base to apex, very finely, moderately closely punctured, more sparingly behind, the pubescence not at all sericeous. Ist joint of the posterior tarsi as long as the following two together. In the lustre and comparatively sparingly punctured abdomen the species differs from Oxypoda, but agrees in such characters as can be seen without dissection.

Ghum district

2182 Oxypoda (Bæoglena) muscicola, sp n

Moderately shining, head black, thorax dark chestnutbrown, the base and sides narrowly lighter, elytra yellowishred, abdomen dark brown, the apex and posterior margins of the segments yellowish-red Antennæ brown, the first two or three joints and the last reddish-yellow Legs reddish-

yellow Length 3 2 mm (abdomen extended)

Except that the head is narrower scarcely differing in build Head a good deal narrower than the from recondita Kr thorax, finely, closely but not deeply punctured and without ground-sculpture Antennæ more slender than in recondita, the 3rd joint shorter than the 2nd, 4th about as long as broad. 5th to 10th transverse, differing but little amongst themselves, about a half broader than long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax about a half broader than long, the sides rounded, moderately retracted in front, the posterior angles rounded, finely and closely punctured and without ground-sculpture Elytra as long as the thorax, very finely, yet more closely punctured Abdomen narrowed from base to apex, very finely and closely punctured and pubescent throughout, sericeous Pubescence of the fore-parts fine. yellow and depressed

Ghum district In moss

Subgenus MYCETODREPA Thoms

Mycetodrepa Thoms, Skand Col III, 1861, p 28, Fowler, Col Brit Isl II, 1888, p 28, Ganglb, Kaf Mitt-Eur II 1895, p 182, Bernh, W Z B III, 1902, p 182 (Supp), Reitter, Faun Germ II, 1909, p 34, Johansen, Danmarks Roybiller, 1914, p 59, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 370, Portevin, Encycl Ent A, vii, 1929, i, p 247

Head transversely suborbicular Antennæ with the penultimate joints more or less transverse Maxillary palpi with the 3rd joint elongate, scarcely thickened apically, about twice as long as the 1st joint of the antennæ Thorax normal, narrower than the elytra, these distinctly longer Abdomen more or less narrowed towards apex

Key to the Species

1	Thorax black	marginalis, sp n, p 613
	Thorax yellowish-red or lighter or darker brown	9
2	Elytra uniformly brownish-yellow or	-
	reddish-yellow	3
	Elytra yellowish-red, the postero-external	
	region broadly black	almorensis, sp n, p 612.
3	Abdomen densely punctured and pubes-	, 1 ,1
	cent, sericeous	gardners, sp n, p 613
	Abdomen less densely punctured and	,
	pubescent, not sericeous	4
4	Head reddish, penultimate joints of	
	antennæ scarcely transverse	amabilis, spn, p613
	Head black, penultimate joints of an-	, , -, -,
	tennæ distinctly transverse	propingua, sp n, p 614.
	•	ZZ X

2183 Oxypoda (Mycetodrepa) almorensis, sp n

Moderately shiming, head black, thorax lighter or darker chestnut-red, elytra yellowish-red, the postero-external region from just behind the shoulders to the apex of the suture black, abdomen with the first two visible segments, the posterior margin of the 5th broadly, and the whole of the 6th reddish-yellow, the rest black Antennæ black, the first three joints and the last reddish-yellow. Legs reddish-

vellow Length 3 mm

In build and lustre similar to alternans Gr., the antennal structure differing but little, but the thorax is more finely and the abdomen less finely and less closely punctured Head transverse, suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, finely and moderately closely punctured, the ground-sculpture Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th scarcely, 5th to 10th more strongly transverse, the penultimate about twice as broad as long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (5 3 5), the sides rounded, retracted in front, the posterior angles obtuse, before the scutellum with a fovea, finely, rather closely punctured, the ground-sculpture very fine Elytra broader and longer (5 35) than the thorax, less finely, more closely and roughly punctured Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, finely, rather closely punctured and pubescent, a little more sparingly behind, not sericeous Pubescence of the fore-parts fine and depressed

W. Almora Kalı Valley, alt 9000 feet Ghum district:

alt 8000-9000 feet

OXYPODA 613

2184 Oxypoda (Mycetodrepa) gardneri, sp n

Only slightly shiming, head black, thorax light chestnutbrown, elytra brownish-yellow, abdomen yellowish-red. the 3rd to 5th visible segments blackish. Antennædark brown, the first two joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 2.75 mm

Build of formosa Gr but smaller and a little narrower, less brightly coloured, the antennæ thinner, puncturation of thorax and elytra a little finer and closer, that of the abdomen much finer and closer, the pubescence sericeous Head suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, very finely, rather closely, superficially punctured, finely corraceous Antennæ rather slender, the 3rd joint shorter than the 2nd, 4th as long as broad, 5th to 10th transverse, the penultimate about twice as broad as long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (4 3), moderately narrowed in front, very finely, closely and somewhat roughly punctured, finely corraceous Elvtra broader and a third longer than the thorax, as finely but more closely and more roughly punctured Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, extremely finely and densely punctured and pubescent, sericeous Pubescence of the fore-parts fine and depressed

Dehra Dun

2185 Oxypoda (Mycetodrepa) marginalis, sp n

Moderately shining, black, the elytra with the base, suture, and apical margin reddish-yellow, the posterior margins of the abdominal segments narrowly and obscurely reddish Antennæ black, the first two or three joints and sometimes more or less of the last reddish-yellow Legs reddish-yellow. Length 2 75-3 mm

In build resembling formosa Kr Narrower than almorensis and differently coloured, the antennæ not quite so stout but similarly constructed, thorax more finely and more closely punctured, less transverse (4 3), elytra a little more finely punctured Abdomen as in almorensis, not sericeous

Chakrata district alt 7000-9000 feet Mussooree, alt 6000 feet Punjab Naggar, alt 5000 feet Bhabhu Pass, alt 9000 feet

2186 Oxypoda (Mycetodrepa) amabilis, sp n

Only slightly shining, head reddish-brown, thorax and elytra reddish-yellow, abdomen red, the 4th and 5th visible segments black, with reddish posterior margins. Antennæ and legs yellowish-red. Length 3 mm

A little larger than gardners and of brighter colour, the thorax less narrowed in front, antennæ longer, the penultimate joints only slightly transverse, puncturation of abdomen

much less fine and much less close, the pubescence not sericeous Head finely, rather closely but superficially punctured, very finely conaceous. Antennæ moderate, the 3rd joint shorter than the 2nd, 4th to 10th transverse, the penultimate only slightly broader than long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax a third broader than long, the sides evenly rounded, scarcely more retracted in front than behind, very finely, closely and roughly punctured, very finely conaceous. Elytra broader and a third longer than the thorax, similarly but more roughly punctured. Abdomen only slightly narrowed behind, finely and closely punctured, the pubescence not sericeous.

Kumaun, W Almora (H G Champson). Unique British

Museum.

2187 Oxypoda (Mycetodrepa) propinqua, sp n

A little shining; head black, thorax red, elytra brownishyellow, more or less extensively infuscate, abdomen red, the 3rd to 5th visible segments black, with their posterior margins red. Antennæ red, the first two or three joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 3 mm

In build similar to amabilis, but more shining, the colour different, the antennæ much shorter, the penultimate joints fully a half broader than long, the thorax and elytra less closely punctured and without ground-sculpture, the abdomen is much less finely punctured and rather more sparingly on the last two segments, the pubescence not at all sericeous

Dehra Dun

Subgenus SPHENOMA Mannerh

Sphenoma Mannerh, Mem Acad Sci St Petersb 1, 1830, p 482, Ganglb, Käf Mitt-Eur 11, 1895, p 71, Johansen, Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p 60, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 370

Sphenomma Bernh, W Z B ln, 1902, p 184 (Suppl), Reitter,

Faun Germ 11, 1909, p 34
Thibbotera Thoms, Skand Col 111, 1861, p 34

Head transversely suborbicular. Antennæ more or less thickened towards the apex Maxillary palpi with normal 3rd joint Thorax convex, near the base wider than the elytra at the shoulders, these not or but slightly longer. Abdomen variable, more or less parallel or narrowed towards the apex

Key to the Species.

Larger (3 mm), abdomen very finely and densely punctured and pubescent, serrceous

Smaller (2 mm), abdomen less finely and less closely punctured and pubescent, not serreeous connexa, sp n, p 615

paria, sp n, p 615

OXYPODA 615

2188 Oxypoda (Sphenoma) connexa, sp n

Moderately shining, head black, thorax and elytra reddishbrown, the reflexed margin of the latter infuscate, abdomen pitchy-black, the last segment and the posterior margin of the others yellowish-red Antennæ blackish, the first three joints and the last reddish-yellow. Legs reddish-yellow.

Length 3 mm

Much resembles muscicola in build and colour, but with the 3rd joint of the maxillary palpi of normal form and the elytra much less finely punctured. Head narrow, oval, eyes small, closely, finely, superficially punctured, the ground-sculpture scarcely visible. Antennæ moderate, the 3rd joint only a little shorter than the 2nd, 4th as long as broad, 5th to 10th transverse, the penultimate about half as broad again as long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax transverse (4 3 3 5), convex, the sides rounded, moderately retracted in front, very finely, closely punctured and without ground-sculpture. Elytra as long as the thorax and at the base a little narrower, transverse (4 5 3 5), as closely but less finely and more roughly punctured. Abdomen narrowed from base to apex, very finely and closely punctured and pubescent, sericeous. The pubescence on the fore-parts fine, yellow and depressed.

Ghum district · Mangpu

2189 Oxypoda (Sphenoma) parva, sp n

In build and colour very like connexa, but much smaller (2 mm) and with the posterior margin of the elytra narrowly and distinctly reddish-yellow. Antennæ similarly coloured but much shorter, the 4th to 10th joints more transverse, the penultimate twice as broad as long, puncturation of the head and thorax finer, that of the abdomen distinctly less fine and less close, the pubescence coarser and not sericeous, the elytra scarcely as long as the thorax

Ghum district. Rongdong Valley In fungus

Subgenus DEMOSOMA Thoms

Demosoma Thoms, Skand Col 111, 1861, p 32, Fowler, Col Brit Is 11, 1888, p 34, Ganglb, Kāf Mitt-Eur 11, 1895, p 73; Bernh, W Z B ln, 1902, p 193 (Suppl), Johansen, Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p 63, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 371, Portevin, Encycl Ent A, xii, 1929, i, p. 248

More or less parallel species Head transversely suborbicular Antennæ with the 3rd joint shorter than the 2nd, the penultimate distinctly transverse Maxillary palpi with normal 3rd joint Thorax narrower than the elytra, these at least as long. Abdomen scarcely narrowed before the apex

Only one species is at present known from our Fauna

2190 Oxypoda (Demosoma) rubra, sp n

Rather shining, bright yellowish-red, the head and 6th tergite more or less infuscate. Antennæ and legs reddishvellow. Length 2.5 mm

In build scarcely differing from hamorrhoa Mannerh, but slightly narrower, the antennæ very similarly constructed Narrow, parallel, the head suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, the eyes small, very finely, rather closely punctured, with feeble ground-sculpture Antennæ rather short, the 3rd joint shorter than the 2nd, 4th to 10th transverse, the penultimate about twice as broad as long, the 11th stout, about as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (3 3 2 75), the sides gently rounded, more retracted in front, the posterior angles rounded, the puncturation as close but not quite so fine as on the head, the ground-sculpture feeble Elytra as long and as broad as the thorax, more coarsely punctured, more or less transversely rugulose Abdomen only slightly narrowed before the apex, finely, rather closely punctured, a little more sparingly on the last two segments, the ground-sculpture reticulate, the pubescence not sericeous Pubescence of the fore-parts fine, yellow and depressed

Sımla Hılls Fagu, Narkanda Chakrata dıstrıct, Kanasar,

alt 7050-9230 feet

Subgenus BESSOPORA Thoms

Bessopora Thoms, Skand Col III, 1861, p 30, Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brevip Aleoch II, 1874, p 360, Fowler, Col Brit Isl II, 1888, p 36, Ganglb, Kaf Mitt-Eur II, 1895, p 76, Bernh, W Z B III, 1902, p 204 (Suppl), Reitter, Faun Germ II, 1909, p 36, Johansen, Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p 66, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 372, Portevin, Encycl Ent A, vii, 1929, i, p 248

Rather parallel species Head small, ovate Antennæ with the 3rd joint shorter than the 2nd, the penultimate distinctly transverse Maxillary palpi with normal 3rd joint. Thorax as wide or wider than the base of the elytra, these shorter Abdomen not or but little narrowed before the apex

Key to the Species

Pubescence of fore-parts semi-erect, abdomen less densely punctured modesta, sp n, p 616

Pubescence of fore-parts depressed, abdomen densely punctured consimilis, sp n, p 617

2191 Oxypoda (Bessopora) modesta, sp n

Moderately shining, dark chestnut-brown, the elytra somewhat infuscate, the posterior margins of the abdominal segments narrowly rufescent Antennæ red, the first two or

three joints and legs reddish-yellow Length 3 mm

Very like partipennis Fauv in general facies, but of darker colour, the antennæ thinner, the puncturation of the abdomen much coarser and less close Head transverse, suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, the eyes very small, very finely, rather closely and roughly punctured, the ground-sculpture scarcely visible Antennæ rather slender, the 3rd joint shorter than the 2nd, 4th as long as broad, 5th to 10th transverse, the penultimate about twice as broad as long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (4 3 3), convex, the sides gently rounded, moderately retracted in front, very finely, closely and roughly punctured and without ground-sculpture Elytra a little shorter than the thorax and at the base narrower, posteriorly as broad, as closely but less finely punctured Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, very finely and closely punctured, scarcely sericeous The pubescence of the fore-parts fine, yellow and semi-erect

Simla Hills Gahan, alt 7000 feet Ghum

2192 Oxypoda (Bessopora) consimilis, sp n

Build colour and size of modesta, but less shining, the elytra less infuscate, the apex of the abdomen more broadly reddish, antennæ distinctly thicker but similarly constructed, puncturation throughout not quite so fine, the pubescence of the fore-parts depressed, that of the abdomen sericeous

Chakrata district Patra Khud, alt 8000 feet.

Genus STICHOGLOSSA Fairm et Laboulb

Stichoglossa Fairm et Laboulb, Faim Ent Fr. 1854, 1, 1854, p. 442, Kraatz, Berl Ent Zeitschr x, 1866, p. 416, Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Breuip Aleoch II, 1874, p. 396, Bernh, W Z B li, 1901, p. 433, and lii, 1902, p. 121 (Suppl.), Johansen, Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p. 43, Fenyes, Gen. Ins. 173 B, 1920, p. 379, Everts, Col Neerl III, 1922, p. 86; Portevin, Encycl Ent A, xii, 1929, 1, p. 242, Scheerp, Tierwelt Mitteleur, v. 2, 1930, p. 79
Subgen Stichoglossa (s. str.) Fairm et Laboulb, Fair Fr.

Mitteleur, v, 2, 1930, p
Subgen Stichoglossa (s str) Fairm et Laboulb, Faim Ent Fr
1854, 1, p
442, Redtb, Faim Austr in, 1874, p
133, Ganglb, Käf Mitt-Eur in, 1895, p
88, Bernh, W
Z
B ln, 1902, p
122 (Suppl), Johansen, Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p
43, Fenyes, Gen Ins
173 B, 1920, p
379, Everts, Col Neerl in, 1922, p
86, Scheerp, Tierwelt Mitteleur, v, 2, 1930, p
79
Stenoglossa Kr, Naturg Ins Deutschl Col in, 1856-58, p
55, Redtb, Faun. Austr ed in, 1858, p
149 (note); Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brevip Aleoch in, 1874, p
399; Reitt, Faun Germ in, 1909, p
30; Portevin, Encycl Ent A. Xil. 1929, i. p
242.

A, x11, 1929, 1, p 242.

The only species in our Fauna is referable to Stichoglossa. s str , this group consists of more or less robust parallel

species recalling the genus Silusa Head suborbicular, distinctly narrower than the thorax, the temples strongly and entirely bordered below. Labrum transverse, truncate or feebly bisinuate in front, the angles rounded. Mandibles rather short, pointed the right with a small, sharp tooth about the middle of the inner border. Maxillæ with the outer lobe broader and shorter than the inner, truncate and chate at apex; inner lobe narrow, pointed its inner margin distally furnished with long slender teeth Maxillary palpi with elongate 2nd joint curved and thickened towards apex, 3rd longer than the 2nd and thickened apically, 4th subulate, fully half as long as the 3rd Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, broadly emarginate in front Labial palpi 3-jointed, rather long, the 1st joint moderate, the 2nd a little narrower but not much shorter. 3rd narrower and about as long as the 1st. Tongue long and narrow, about as long as the 1st joint of the labial palpi and split at the apex. Thorax transverse the pronotal epipleura visible from the side Mesosternal process acute extending beyond the middle of the coxe, these very narrowly separated. Elytra longer than the thorax, distinctly emarginate postero-externally. Abdomen parallel only a little narrowed before the apex. the first three visible tergites transversely impressed at their bases. Tibiæ ciliate. Tarsi 5, 5, 5; the anterior with the first four joints short and subequal, middle with the first four joints rather short and subequal, posterior with the 1st joint longer than the 2nd, but shorter than the last. Claws simple, lightly curved

2193 Stichoglossa (s str.) lateralis, sp n

Rather shining, black the elytra yellow, with the scutellary region, posterior two-thirds of the reflexed lateral margins and postero-external angles infuscate, the posterior margin of the tergites narrowly rufescent. Antennæ black, the first two joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 3 75-4 mm

Head transversely suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, the eyes rather large, rather closely covered with flat obsolete punctures, the ground-sculpture feeble. Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th and 5th slightly longer than broad, 6th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate nearly twice as broad as long, the 11th conical, longer than the preceding two together, and with a transverse constriction about the middle. Thorax transverse (6:425), convex the sides and posterior angles gently rounded, before the scutellum with a small transverse impression, the sculpture as on the head. Elytra a little broader and longer (6.425) than the thorax, moderately finely, closely punctured and somewhat rugulose. Abdomen a little narrowed before the

apex, moderately finely, closely and asperately punctured. more sparingly on the last two segments Pubescence

throughout long and not very close

7th segment with a strong median keel in the posterior half, 8th closely covered with elongate granules, its posterior margin broadly rounded and furnished with seven or eight small sharp teeth

Siwaliks Lachiwala Mussooree, Mossy Falls Under

bark

Genus ISCHNOGLOSSA Kr

Isclinoglossa Kr., Naturg Ins Deutschl Col n, 1876-58 p 76: Redth, Faun Austr ed n 1858, p 145 (note), and ed n 1874 p 133. Thoms Skand Col n, 1860, p 273, Muls et Rev Hist Nat Col Fr Breup Aleoch n, 1874, p 300, Fowler Col Brit Isl n, 1888 p 39, Ganglb, Kaf Mitt-Eur n 1895 p 89, Everts, Col Neerl 1, 1898 p 183, Bernh W Z B ln, 1902, p 127 (Suppl), Reitt, Faun Germ n, 1909 p 31 Johansen, Danmarks Rovibler, 1914 p 44, Fenves, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 380 Everts, Col Neerl nn, 1922, p 86; Portevin Encycl Ent A, vn, 1929, 1, p 242, Scheerp., Tierwelt Vitteleur, 2, 2, 1930, p 79

Rather parallel species Head suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, neck moderate, eyes small, not prominent, temples strongly and entirely bordered below Labrum transverse, truncate in front, the anterior angles rounded Mandibles moderate, curved, pointed, the right with a small tooth Maxillæ with the outer lobe shorter and broader than the outer, truncate and ciliate at the apex, inner lobe narrow and pointed, its inner margin distally furnished with numerous closely placed spines Maxillary palpi with small 1st joint, 2nd elongate, curved, and a little thickened at the apex, 3rd longer than the preceding and similarly thickened. 4th subulate and of varying length Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, broadly but not deeply emarginate in front Mentum transverse, Labial palpi 3-jointed, the 1st joint stout, 2nd narrower and shorter, 3rd narrower than the 2nd, about as long as the 1st. Tongue narrow, about as long as the 1st joint of the labial palpi and split at the apex Paraglossæ fine, not extending beyond the level of the base of the tongue Thorax transverse. the pronotal epipleura visible from the side Mesosternum simple, its process acute and extending beyond the middle of the coxe, these narrowly separated Elytra broader than the thorax, moderately emarginate postero-externally Abdomen parallel, the first four visible tergites transversely impressed at their bases Tibiæ ciliate Tarsi 5, 5, 5, the anterior with the first four joints short and subequal, the 5th as long as all the preceding together middle with the first two joints short and subequal, 3rd and 4th a little longer,

subequal, posterior with the 1st joint longer than the 2nd but shorter than the last, 2nd to 4th subequal Claws simple, lightly curved

The only species so far known is found under the bark of

trees in the Palæarctic region

Key to the Species

Larger (5 mm) and more robust, 4th and 5th joints of antennæ longer than broad, ground-sculpture and puncturation of head and thorax more distinct

Smaller (3 5 mm), 4th and 5th joints of antennæ transverse, ground-sculpture and puncturation of head and thorax more obsolete

indica, sp n, p 620

kashmirica, sp n. p 620

2194 Ischnoglossa indica, sp n

Rather shining, black, the posterior margins of the tergites very narrowly and obscurely rufescent. Antennæ black, the first two joints and legs reddish-yellow, the femora a little

infuscate Length 5 mm

Head suborbicular, more than half the width of the thorax, eyes moderate, with close, flat, moderately fine, superficial punctures, finely but distinctly corraceous Antennæ with the 3rd joint a little longer than the 2nd, 4th slightly longer than broad, 5th and 6th about as long as broad, 7th to 10th slightly transverse Thorax transverse (6 45), the sides gently rounded, a little retracted in front, the posterior angles rounded, before the scutellum with a small transverse impression, the puncturation similar to that of the head but closer, the ground-sculpture similar Elytra broader and longer (55.45) than the thorax, closely, moderately finely, asperately punctured Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, rather closely, moderately finely, asperately punctured on the first four visible tergites, more sparingly on the following Pubescence long, moderately close, semierect on the fore-parts

& sculpture on the posterior half of the 7th segment consisting of small, rather close, elongate granules, 8th with rather larger but similar ones, its posterior border truncate and furnished with seven or eight small, sharp teeth

Chakrata district Kanasar, alt 7050 feet Simla Hills,

Matjana, alt 7900 feet Under bark

2195 Ischnoglossa kasfimirica, sp n

Colour and lustre of *indica*, differs from it in the smaller size (35 mm), the antennæ shorter, the 4th and 5th joints

transverse, but otherwise similarly constructed, the two basal joints brownish-yellow, the sculpture of the head and thorax of similar character but more obsolete, the groundsculpture much less distinct, the elytra and abdomen are punctured as in indica, but the granules on the 7th and 8th segments in the o are smaller, the teeth on the posterior margin of the latter smaller

Kashmir Gulmarg, alt 8000 feet

Genus MICROGLOTTA Kr

Microglotta Kr., Berl Ent Zeitschr vi, 1862 p. 100., Fenves, Gen Ins 173 n 1920, p 391 Scheerp, Tierwelt Mitteleur

v. 2, 1930 p 80

Haploglossa Kr., Naturg Ins Deutschl Col n 1856-58, p 78, id, Linn Ent xu 1557, p 16. Redtb l'aun Austr ed u 1858, p 158, and ed in 1874 p 136, Jacq du Val, Gen Col d'Eur n 1857-79 p 12 (ex parte) Thoms, Shand Col n, 1860 p 281 Microplessa Muls et Rey Hist Nat Col Fr Brevip Alcoch Gangle, Kaf Mitt-Eur n 1895, p 52, Everts Col Neerl 1898, p 173, Bernh, W Z B h, 1901 p 433, and h, 1902, p 106 (Suppl.), Rett., Faun Germ n 1909, p 28, Johansen, Danmarks Rochiller, 1914, p 35, fig 15, Portevin, Encycl Ent A xn, 1929, r p 240

Biology -Falcoz Bull Soc Ent Fr 1919, pp 296-301

Build of Alcochara Gr, but with different mouth-parts and only the anterior and middle tibiæ spinose, whereas in almost all the Alcochara all the tibiæ are furnished with spines Head more or less hexagonal, the neck stout and concealed by the thorax, eyes rather large, temples strongly and entirely Labrum transverse, broadly and slightly bordered below emarginate in front, the emargination filled in by a membrane Mandibles stout, curved, pointed, the right with a small tooth at the middle of the inner border Maxillæ with the outer lobe shorter and broader than the inner, truncate and ciliate at apex, the inner pointed, the apical half along the inner border furnished with long, slightly curved and closely placed spines Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, the anterior border broadly and slightly emarginate Labial palpi 3-jointed, short, the 1st joint only slightly longer than broad. 2nd shorter and narrower, 3rd narrower and slightly longer than the 2nd Tongue small, narrow, and undivided, teat-shaped, about as long as the 1st joint of the labial palpi Thorax transverse, as broad or nearly as broad as the base of the elytra, the pronotal epipleura not visible from the side Mesosternum simple, its process acute and extending nearly the whole length of the coxe and separated by a short intersternal piece from the rectangular aper of the metasternum. the coxe narrowly separated Elytra a little longer than the

thorax, emarginate postero-externally Abdomen nearly parallel, the first three visible tergites transversely impressed at their bases. Legs rather short, the anterior and middle table furnished with spines externally, the posterior simply ciliate. Tarsi 5, 5, the anterior with the first four joints short, subequal, the 5th as long as the preceding four together, middle with the first four joints rather short and subequal, posterior with the 1st joint as long as the 2nd and 3rd together, 2nd to 4th subequal, 5th longer than the 1st. Claws simple, lightly curved. The species appear to be found with ants or in the nests of birds and small mammals, and are distributed in the Palæarctic and Nearctic regions, only one being recorded from Mexico.

2196 Microglotta indica, sp n

Shining, black, the posterior margins of the tergites narrowly and obscurely reddish. Antennæ black, the first two joints reddish-yellow, the 11th obscurely reddish. Legs brownish-

yellow, the tarsi lighter Length 45 mm

In build scarcely differing from nidicola Fairm, but larger and shining, differently coloured, etc Head rather coarsely and closely punctured, the punctures feebly umbilicate, ground-sculpture absent, the eyes large Antennæ short, the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th about as long as broad, 5th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate fully twice as broad as long, the 11th short and conical. Thorax transverse (6 45), the sides gently rounded, only slightly retracted in front, the posterior angles rounded, the puncturation closer than on the head but otherwise similar, longer than the thorax, more closely and more coarsely punctured Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, closely but less coarsely punctured than the elytra, the punctures on the penultimate segment subasperate, on the last distinctly asperate, the ground-sculpture on these segments much more distinct than on the others (? 3) Pubescence throughout long and rather scanty

Mussooree district Arni Gad

Tribe 14 ALEOCHARINI Fenyes

Aleocharını Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 394.

Characterized by the 5-jointed maxillary and the 2-, 3-, or 4-jointed labial palpi. All the tarsi 5-jointed. In all the genera so far known in our Fauna the labial palpi are 4-jointed.

Key to the Genera.

- 1 lst joint of antennæ sulcate for the apical third lst joint of antennæ normally emarginate at apex
- 2 Thorax strongly transverse, posteroexternal angles of elytra broadly rounded Facies of Gyrophæna or Zyras laticollis Märk

Thorax very slightly transverse, posteroexternal angles of elytra rectangular Facies of Atheta

- 3 Pronotal epipleura visible from the side Pronotal epipleura not visible from the side
- 4 Mesosternum keeled at base, its process narrow
- Mesosternum not keeled

 5 Mesosternal process pointed, tarsal
 claws angulate near base
 Mesosternal process broad and truncate,
- tarsal claws normally curved

 Mesosternal process very short, extending
 but slightly between the coxe
 Mesosternal process extending more than
 half the length of the coxe

7 Tongue short and broad, bilobed Tongue long and slender, its apex with two small teat-shaped appendages

8 First two or three abdominal sternites trans ersely constricted, antennæ rather slender
Sternites not constricted antennæ rather stout

Tetrasticta Kr, p 659

[p 662 PARALEOCHARA Cam,

7

[p 675

[p 675 GONIONYCHA, nov,

ß

CREOCHARA, nov , p 653

MASEOCHARA Shp, p 657

[Fenyes, p 664 PSEUDOPLANDRIA

[Rey, p 651 RHEOCHARA Muls et

ALEOCHARA Gr, p 623

Genus ALEOCHARA Gr

Alrochara Gr., Col Micr Brunsw 1802, p 67, Mannerh, Mem Acad St Petersb 1, 1830 p 480, Er, Kāf Mark Brand 1, 1837-39, p 353, 1d, Gen Spec Staph 1839-40, p 158, Redtb, Faun Austr ed 1, 1849, p 668, ed 11, 1858, p 154, and ed 11, 1874, p 136, Lacord, Gen Col 11, 1854, pp 40, 59, Kraatz, Naturg Ins Deutschl Col 11, 1856-58, p 82, Jacq du Val, Gen Col d'Eur 11, 1877-59, p 12, Kraatz, Berl Ent Zeitsch 1859, p 10, Fauv, Bull Soc Linn Norm x, 1864-65 (1866), p 285, Harold Berl Ent Zeitsch 1884, p 124, Fauv, Rev d'Ent 11, 1884, pp 76, 304, Olliff, Proc Linn Soc N S Wales, (2) 1, 1886, p 455, Fowler, Col Brit Isl 11, 1888, p 10, Ganglb, Kāf Mitt-Eur 11, 1895, p 25, Everts, Col Neerl 1, 1898, p 165, Bernh, W Z B li, 1901, p 436 (Supp), Reitter, Faun Germ 11, 1909, p 22, Blatchley, Col Indiana, 1, 1910, p 363, Johansen, Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p 15, Dubois, Echange, 1916 p 22, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 396, Cam, Trans Ent Soc Lond 1920, pp 361, 397, Krasa, Casopis Spol Ent xix, 1922, pp 80-82, Everts Col Neerl 11, 1922, pp 74, 75 Portevin, Encycl Ent A vii, 1020, 1, p 234, fig 245 Scheerp, Tierwelt Mitteleur v, 2, 1930, p 80

Mecorhopalus Soher, in Gay, Hist Chile, Zool iv, 1849, p 347 Polystoma Des Gozis, Recherch l'esp typ 1886, p 12

Polystoma Des Gozis, Recherch l'esp typ 1886, p 12

Biology —Westwood, Zool Journ III, 1827-28, tab 2, fig 3, A, B, C, Id, Introd Class Ina 1839, I, p 166, fig 16, Sprague, Amer Ent Bot II, 1870, pp 302, 370, Coquillet, Ins Life, III, 1891, p 318, Riley, Proc Ent Soc Washington, II, 1893, pp 405-410, Slingerland, Bull Cornell Univ Agric Exper Stat Ithaca, 1894, pp 481-577, Ganglb, Kāf Mitt-Eur II, 1895, p 26, Id, W Z B xivii, 1897, p 567, Xambeu, Ann Soc Linn Lyon, xlv, 1898, p 184, Id, Rev d'Ent xiv, 1900, p 22, Id, Ann Soc Linn Lyon, xlviii, 1902, p 95, Id, Echange, xxx, 1909, p 11, Bickhardt, Ent Blätt Berlin, viii, 1912, p 187, Wadsworth, Journ Econ Biol x, 1915, pp 1-27, tab 1, II, Gibson & Treherne, Dept Agric Bull 12, Ottawa, 1916, Scott, E M M In, 1916, p 206, lvi, 1920, p 148, Lesne et Mercier, Ann Soc Ent Fr xci, 1922, pp, 51-58, Kemner, Ent Tidskr xlvii, 1926, pp 133-170, tab 6-10

A large genus which, except for the maritime species, none of which so far is known in our Fauna, is of rather characteristic build, narrower in front, rather convex and robust, with distinctly transverse thorax and with fine or moderately fine pubescence, usually depressed but sometimes semi-erect Head narrower than the thorax, the neck stout and concealed by it, the eyes variable in size, not prominent in any of our subgenera, the antennæ variable, sometimes short and stout, sometimes long and slender, usually, however, intermediate. Labrum transverse, truncate or more or less bisinuate in Mandibles stout, not prominent, pointed and usually edentate Maxillæ with the outer lobe broader than the inner, truncate and densely cliate at the apex, the inner narrow, pointed, the inner border distally furnished with long, slender, slightly curved and closely placed spines. Maxillary palpi 5-jointed, the 1st joint very small, 2nd elongate and a little thickened towards the apex, 3rd usually about as long as the 2nd and more thickened apically, sometimes short and stout and more thickened (Homæochara), 4th subulate, usually about half as long as the 3rd, 5th very small and subquadrate Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, broadly but not deeply emarginate in front Labial palpi 4-jointed, the 1st joint stout, rather long, 2nd narrower and usually shorter, 3rd distinctly narrower and usually shorter than the preceding, 4th very small, subquadrate Tongue broad and short, divided by an acute excision into two diverging lobes Paraglossæ not extending beyond the apex of the tongue Thorax transverse, convex, the pronotal epipleura not visible from the side Elytra a little broader than the thorax, sometimes shorter but usually about as long, rarely longer, more or less emarginate or completely rounded postero-externally Abdomen parallel or more or less narrowed behind, the first three visible tergites transversely impressed at their bases, the sternites not impressed Meso

sternum simple or entirely or partly carinate, its apex broadly rounded or more or less truncate, or narrow and bluntly pointed Legs usually moderate, sometimes rather long, the anterior and middle tibiæ usually more or less spinose, the posterior sometimes also, but more finely Tarsi all 5-jointed; the anterior with the first four joints short and subequal, the middle with the first four joints rather short, posterior sometimes as long as the tibia, usually shorter, the 1st joint fully as long as the 2nd and 3rd together, the 2nd to 4th subequal, of moderate length Claws simple, lightly curved The relative length of the posterior tarsus to the tibia has been used as a subgeneric character, but it appears to me to be only a specific one The species are found in carcases, dung, decaying fungi, and in the nests of burrowing mammals, and some are known to be parasitic on the puparia of certain flies, others have their habitat in decaying seaweed, but none of these has so far been recorded from our coasts Aleochara tubermentris Kr, a species of doubtful systematic position, is omitted from the key

Key to the Subgenera

1 Mesosternum keeled throughout Mesosternum simple or incompletely keeled 2 Thorax on each side of the smooth median zone with an irregular row of punctures Thorax without such punctures 3 Abdomen very densely punctured, at least on the anterior segments Abdomen only moderately closely punctured 4 Abdomen narrowed from base to apex Abdomen more or less parallel 5 Elytra emarginate postero externally Elytra not emarginate 6 3rd joint of the maxillary palpi short, strongly thickened towards apex, keel of mesosternum interrupted for a short space in the middle 3rd joint of the maxillary palpi normal, mesosternum either without keel or only keeled at the base 7 Mesosternum keeled at the base Mesosternum without keel 8 Mesosternal process broad, more or less truncate or broadly rounded behind Mesosternal process narrow and more or less pointed 9 Penultimate joints of antennæ very

as broad as long

transverse

[Rey, p 649. COPROCHARA Muls et [Rey, p 642. POLYCHARA Muls et Isochara Bernh, p 636. [Rey, p 632 XENOCEARA Muls et BARYODMA Thoms, [p 634 [Rey, p 640 HOMOCOCHARA Muls et Mesochara, nov., p 642 Aleochara, s str, p 626 9 strongly transverse, about three times [et Rey, p 629 HETEROCHARA Muls Penultimate joints of antennæ moderately

EURYODMA Reitt, p 631

Subgenus ALEOCHARA (s str) Muls et Rey.

Aleochara (s str.), Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brévip Aléoch ii, 1874, p. 14., Fowler, Col Brit Isl ii, 1888, p. 11., Ganglb, Kāf Mitt-Eur ii, 1895, p. 29., Bernh., W. Z. B. li, 1901, p. 448 (Supp.), Reitter, Faun Germ ii, 1909, p. 23., Johansen, Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p. 18., Fenyes, Gen. Ins. 173 ii, 1920, p. 399., Portevin, Encycl Ent. A., Xii, 1929, i, p. 235

Rather robust species, the antennæ stout, fusiform, the penultimate joints strongly transverse, eyes large, not prominent. Thorax transverse, convex, the pronotal epipleura not visible from the side. Mesosternum not keeled, its process rather broad, more or less truncate and extending nearly the whole length of the coxæ, which are rather widely separated. Elytra not emarginate postero-externally. Abdomen parallel, at most a little narrowed before the apex, the first three visible tergites transversely impressed. Anterior and middle tibiæ strongly, the posterior more finely spinose, posterior tarsi moderate, shorter than the tibia.

Key to the Species

1	Entirely black species	2
1	Not entirely black Base of thorax obliquely impressed	3
-	on each side, abdomen nearly impunctate along the middle, more	
	shining species	nigrolucens, spn, p 628
	Base of thorax not impressed, abdomen uniformly punctured, less	
	shining species	nıgra Kr., p. 626
3	Abdomen black, concolorous	4
	Abdomen black, with the last segment red	postrca Walk, p 627
4	Elytra bright yellowish-red, sometimes with black lateral marking	croceipennis Motsch , p. 629
	Elytra more obscurely coloured	5
5	Abdomen closely punctured	andrewest Fauv, p 627
	Abdomen sparingly punctured	hindustana Motsch, p 628.

2197 Aleochara (s str) nigra.

Aleochara nigra Kr *, Arch Naturg xxv, 1859, p 13

Moderately shining, entirely black Antennæ black, the first two joints sometimes brown Legs brown, the tarsi

reddish Length 5-7 mm

Of the size, build and colour of lata Gr, but not so shining, the head and thorax less finely and more deeply punctured, the elytra more finely, the abdomen more closely punctured Broad and robust, head suborbicular, moderately finely, rather sparingly and deeply punctured, the punctures umbilicate, the ground-sculpture extremely fine, the eyes large Antennæ

short and stout, the 3rd joint longer than the 2nd, 4th small, transverse, 5th to 10th about three times broader than long, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax transverse (7 5), the sides rounded, more retracted in front, the posterior angles rounded, before the scutellum somewhat flattened, the puncturation moderately fine, closer than on the head, finer towards the sides, the ground-sculpture scarcely visible. Elytra slightly broader and a little shorter than the thorax, more closely punctured. Abdomen parallel, a little narrowed before the apex, the first three visible segments more finely and more sparingly punctured than the following, which are distinctly less finely and more closely punctured. Pubescence of the fore-parts fine and short, that of the abdomen longer and more sparing

3 8th dorsal segment broadly and very feebly emarginate Ceylon Wadduwa India Dehra Dun Chakrata district. Kathian, alt 6960 feet Burma Ruby Mines Also in the Malay Peninsula and Sumatra

3700 ** -

2198 Aleochara (s str) andrewesi.

Aleochara andrewen Faux, Rev d Ent xxiii, 1904, p 66

Moderately shining, black, the elytra dark reddish-brown, broadly blackish externally. Antennæ black, the first two joints pitchy. Legs yellowish-red, the femora brown. Length

35-5 mm

Build of nigra, but smaller and with differently coloured elytra, the antennæ similarly constructed but not so stout, the puncturation finer, not so close on the last two segments of the abdomen Differs from postica in the colour, more rounded sides of the thorax, finer puncturation of the foreparts, coarser puncturation of the abdomen, which is, however, less close on the last two segments

5. 8th dorsal segment broadly and feebly emarginate, not crenulate

Nilgiri Hills Coonoor, alt 1500-2000 metres

2199 Aleochara (s str) postica.

Alcochara postica Walk*, Ann Mag Nat Hist (3) 11, 1858, p 205

Alcochara hæmatopyga Kr*, Arch Naturg xxx, 1859, p 15, Everta, Col Neerl 1, 1898, p 168

Shining, black, the last dorsal segment, mesosternum and posterior margins of the sternites red. Antennæ black, the first two joints and legs yellowish-red, the anterior angles of the thorax often indeterminately reddish. Length 4 6.5 mm

In build and antennal structure scarcely differing from curtuta Goeze Rather narrower and more parallel than nigra, more shining, the antennæ similar in structure, the puncturation of the head, thorax and elytra very similar, the thorax usually with four quadrately placed punctures on the disc, the puncturation of the abdomen a little finer but otherwise similar to that species

In both sexes the posterior margin of the 8th dorsal segment is feebly rounded and very finely and indistinctly crenulate

Ceylon Wadduwa

2200 Aleochara (s str) hindustana.

Aleochara hindustana Motsch*, Bull Soc Nat Mosc xxxi, 1858, 111, p 237, Cam, E M M lxix, 1933, p 220

Shining, head and thorax black, elytra and abdomen dark brown. Antennæ with the first three joints reddish-yellow, the 4th to 7th black, the rest absent. Legs reddish-yellow Length 4.5 mm

Build of postica, but differs in the colour, less fine and much less close puncturation of the head and thorax, the less close, less rough sculpture of the elytra, and the much more sparingly punctured abdomen The 4th to 7th joints of the antennæ are strongly transverse

. Q(2) 8th dorsal segment rounded behind

"Ind or," without further indication Two examples

2201 Aleochara (s str) nigrolucens, sp n

Shining, very black Antennæ and legs black, the tarsi

reddish Length 6-8 mm

Much more shining and blacker than nigra, the antennæ a little longer and less stout, the 4th joint as long as broad, the penultimate less transverse, head with very similar puncturation but without trace of ground-sculpture. Thorax not quite so transverse, on each side of the middle at the base with an impression and with a smooth ridge immediately in front and parallel to the posterior border, so that the postero-external region appears to be superficially and obliquely impressed, puncturation moderately fine and much less close than in nigra and with a narrow impunctate median line, elytra much less closely punctured than in that species, abdomen almost smooth along the middle, the puncturation much finer and much less close except at the bases of the last two segments, where it is equally close, pubescence much more sparing, almost absent on the abdomen

& (2) 8th dorsal segment very slightly emarginate and

furnished with eight or nine short blunt teeth

Chum district

2202 Aleochara (9 str.) crocelpennis.

Aleocham croceiprinis Motsch, Bull Soc Nat Mose xxxi, 1858, in, p 238, Cam Trans Ent Soc Lond 1920 (1921), p 398

Alcochara sanquinipennis Kr., Arch. Naturg. xxv., 1859, p. 17 Var. maculipennis Kr., l. c. p. 17

Shining, black, the sides of the thorax sometimes obscurely reddish; elytra bright yellowish-red. Antennæ black, the first three joints reddish-yellow, the apex of the 11th sometimes obscurely lighter. Legs reddish-yellow. Length 3.75-4.5 mm.

Var maculipennis Elvira externally with a more or less

distinct black spot

In build very like crasscorms Lac, but with more brightly coloured elytra, the antennæ thicker, the puncturation of the abdomen closer and more uniform. Head moderately finely, rather closely and distinctly punctured and without ground-sculpture. Antennæ with the 3rd joint slightly longer than the 2nd, 4th slightly, 5th to 10th much more strongly transverse, more than twice as broad as long, the 11th longer than the preceding two together. Thorax transverse (9 5 7), the sculpture as on the head. Elytra a little shorter and at the base narrower than the thorax, moderately finely, closely punctured. Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, closely punctured, rather more finely but scarcely less closely towards the apex. Pubescence throughout fine, short and yellow.

5 8th dorsal segment very feebly, broadly emarginate,

very finely and closely denticulate

Ceylon India Dehra Dun Also in the Malay Peninsula, Sumatra, Java, Philippines, and Hong-kong

Subgenus HETEROCHARA Muls et Rey

Heterochara Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brövip Aléoch 11, 1874, p 15. Ganglb, Kaf Mitt-Eur 11, 1805, p 31. Bernh. W 7 B 11, 1801, p 151 (Suppl.), Reitter, Faun Germ 11, 1909, p 24. Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 401. Scheerp, Kol Rundsch x, 1923, p 159. id., Neue Beitr syst Insektenk 11, 1929, p 140. Portevin, Encycl Ent A x1, 1929, 1, p 286

Antennæ strongly clavate, the penultimate joints three times as broad as long. Pronotal epipleura not visible from the side. Mesosternum not keeled, acutely pointed, extending nearly the whole length of the coxæ, these narrowly separated Elytra not emarginate postero-externally. Abdomen nearly parallel, very little narrowed before the apex, the first two visible tergites transversely impressed. Tibiæ more or less finely spinose, the posterior tarsi shorter than the tibiæ.

Key to the Species

More robust, head, thorax and abdomen black elytra red Narrower, thorax and abdomen reddishbrown, elytra reddish-yellow, broadly blackish externally

claucornis Redtb, p 630

brunnewentris Kr, p 630

2203 Aleochara (Heterochara) clavicornis.

Aleochara clancorms Redth, Faun Austr ed 1, 1849, p 822, ed 111, 1874, p 138, Kraatz, Naturg Ins Deutschl Col 11, 1856-58, p 108, Ganglb, Kaf Mitt-Eur 11, 1895, p 31, Bernh, W Z B h, 1901, p 455 (Suppl), Reitt, Faun Germ 11, 1909, p 24, Everts, Col Neerl 111, 1922, p 73, Scheerp, Kol Rundsch x, 1923, pp 158, 160, fig 2, 1d, Noue Beitr Syst Insektenk 11, 1929, p 142, Koch, Pub Mus Ent Pietro Rossi, xiv, 1936, p 118

Aleochara carinata Saulev, Ann Soc Ent Fr (4) 11, 1864, p 634

Aleochara crassicornis Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brévip Aléoch 11, 1874, p 36

Aleochara grenieri Fairm, Ann Soc Ent Fr (3) vii, 1859, p 38

Aleochara solida Hochh, Bull Soc Nat Mosc 1, 1849, p 71

Aleochara spiesicornis Redth, Faun Austr ed 11, 1858, p 155

Shining, black, the elytra red Antennæ black, the first three or four joints and legs reddish-yellow Length 25-35 mm

A small but robust species Head narrower than the thorax (45 7), very finely, rather sparingly punctured and without ground-sculpture. Antennæ short and stout, the first three joints slender, the 3rd as long as the 2nd, 4th to 10th transverse, the 4th a good deal narrower than the 5th, the penultimate three times as broad as long. Thorax transverse (7 5), convex, the puncturation as fine but rather closer than on the head, ground-sculpture absent. Elytra as long as but slightly broader than the thorax, not emarginate postero-externally, finely, not very closely, asperately punctured. Abdomen gradually and slightly narrowed from base to apex, on the first three visible segments finely and not very closely punctured, on the following distinctly less finely and more closely. Pubescence throughout fine, yellow, not very close

3 7th segment with a sharp median keel pointed behind in the posterior half, 8th arcuately emarginate and furnished with six or seven sharp teeth

Pondicherry (Maindron) Also in S Europe, North, East, and South Africa, Caucasus, and Syria

2204 Aleochara (Heterochara) brunneiventris.

Aleochara brunnewentris Kr , Arch Naturg axv, 1859, p 14

Shining . head black, thorax and abdomen reddish-brown, elytra reddish-yellow, the external region broadly blackish

Antennæ blackish, the first four joints and legs reddish-yellow Length 3-4 mm

In build and antennal structure very similar to bellonate Krasa, the abdominal sculpture very similar in character but not so close Head suborbicular, much narrower than the thorax, extremely finely and very sparingly punctured, the ground-sculpture scarcely visible. Antennæ short and stout the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th to 10th transverse, the penultimate three times as broad as long Thorax transverse (5 3 75), the sides rounded, more retracted in front, the posterior angles rounded, very finely, sparingly punctured. on the disc with four larger quadrately placed punctures. ground-sculpture wanting Elytra slightly longer and behind a little broader than the thorax, moderately finely, rather closely punctured Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, the first two visible segments almost impunctate at their bases, at the posterior margin with fine asperate punctures. the following moderately finely, moderately closely and asperately punctured except at their bases which are practically impunctate Pubescence throughout yellow and sparing.

8th dorsal segment truncate and with six to eight

small blunt teeth

Ceylon India · Nilgiri Hills

Subgenus EURYODMA Reitt

Euryodma Reitt , Faun Germ 11, 1909, p 24 , Fenyes Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 402 , Portevin, Encycl Ent A, Kii, 1929, 1, p 236

Eyes moderate Antennæ with the penultimate joints moderately transverse Pronotal epipleura not visible from the side Elytra not emarginate postero-externally Abdomen a little narrowed towards the apex, the first three visible tergites transversely impressed Mesosternum not carinate narrowly truncate at apex Posterior tarsi as long as the tibiæ.

2205 Aleochara (Euryodma) castanea

Aleochara castanea Motsch *, Bull Soc Nat Mosc xxx, 1858 u., p 239, Cam, E M M lxix, 1933, p 220

Shiming, head black, thorax, elytra, and abdomen dark brown, the suture of the elytra narrowly and obscurely reddish, the last abdominal segment entirely, the posterior margins of the others narrowly reddish. Antennæ with the first three joints reddish-yellow, the following reddish. Legs reddish-yellow. Length 3.75 mm

Very similar to brevipennis Gr in build, but narrower, the head and thorax more finely and more closely punctured, the abdomen much more finely and much more closely punctured throughout, equally closely on the posterior segments as on the anterior, as in trivialis, but rather finer than in that species, antennæ thinner and head and thorax more finely and more closely punctured. Head very finely and closely punctured. Antennæ a little shorter than in brevipennis, the 4th and following joints transverse, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax closely and finely punctured. Elytra as long as and slightly broader than the thorax not emarginate, rather strongly, closely and roughly punctured, as in brevipennis. Abdomen gradually and slightly narrowed to the apex, moderately finely and densely punctured throughout, the 8th tergite truncate

"Ind or," without further indication Two examples

Subgenus XENOCHARA Muls et Rey

Xenochara Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brevip Aléoch 11, 1874, p 60, Ganglb, Kaf Mitt-Eur 11, 1895, p 32, Bernh, W Z B 11, 1901, p 457 (Suppl), Casey, Trans Acad Sc St Louis, avi, 1906, pp 128, 146, Reitt, Faun Germ 11, 1909, p 24, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 403, Portevin, Encycl Ent A, an, 1929, 1, p 236

Eyes rather large, not prominent Antennæ with the penultimate joints moderately transverse. Pronofal epipleura not visible from the side. Elytra distinctly emarginate postero-externally. Abdomen distinctly narrowed towards the apex, very closely punctured, at least on the anterior segments, the first two transversely impressed. Mesosternum acutely pointed, carinate, extending nearly the whole length of the coxe, these narrowly separated. Posterior tarsi much shorter than the tibiæ

Key to the Species

Elytra red, with scutellary and lateral black markings, fore-parts without groundsculpture

Elytra red, with scutellary black marking only, fore-parts with distinct groundsculpture

puberula Klug, p 632

[p 633 motschulsky, nom n,

2206 Aleochara (Xenochara) puberula.

Aleochara puberula Klug, Abh Akad Wiss Berlin, 1832-33, p 139, Ganglb, Käf Mitt Eur 11, 1895, p 32, Everts, Col Neerl 1, 1898, p 167, Bernh, W Z B li, 1901, p 457 (Suppl), Reitter, Faun Germ 11, 1909, p 24, Cam, Trans Ent Soc Lond 1920 (1921), p 398, Portevin, Encycl Ent A, Ni, 1929, 1, p 236

Ent A, vn, 1929, 1, p 236

Aleochara analis M'Leay, Trans Ent Soc N S Wales, 1, 1871-73, p 135, Fauv, Ann Mus Civ Gen x, 1877, p 283, Lea, Proc Linn Soc N S Wales, alv, 1920, p 375

Aleochara armitagei Woll. Ins. Mader. 1854, p. 559
Aleochara badia. Motsch.*, Bull. Soc. Nat. Mose. xxxi, 1858, in, p. 237., Cam., F. M. M. Ixix, 1933, p. 220
Aleochara brunnescens Motsch. L. c. p. 243. Cam. L. c. p. 220
Aleochara decorata. Aubi. Ann. Soc. Ent. Fr. (2). viii, 1850, p. 311., Muls. et Roy, Hist. Nat. Col. Fr. Brévip. Aléoch. ii. 1874. p. 60
Aleochara deserta. Er., Gen. Spec. Staph. 1839-40, p. 173
Aleochara dubia. Faux. Ann. Soc. Ent. Fr. (4) iii. 1863, p. 428
Aleochara major. Fichelb. Berl. Ent. Zeitschr. lvi, 1910, p. 176
Aleochara sanguinolenta. Motsch., Bull. Soc. Nat. Mose. xxxi, 1878. iii. p. 241
Aleochara taga. Fr. Gen. Spec. Staph. 1839-40, p. 172., Boh., Ins. Caffer. i. 1848, p. 270

Not very shining, head and abdomen black, the 8th segment and posterior margin of the 7th yellowish-red, the posterior margins of the sternites rather broadly rufescent, thorax reddish-brown, the margins lighter, elvtra red, with a triangular black marking occupying the basal and sutural regions and an oval black spot externally. Antennæ blackish, the first three joints and apex of the last reddish-yellow Legs reddish-yellow. Length 3-4 mm

Head round, moderately finely and rather closely punctured and without ground-sculpture. Antenna with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th as long as broad, 5th to 10th moderately transverse, about a half broader than long, the 11th longer than the 9th and 10th together. Thorax transverse (7.75.55), the sides gently rounded and more retracted in front, more finely and more closely punctured than the head and without ground-sculpture. Elytra as long as the thorax, behind slightly broader, moderately finely, closely and asperately punctured. Abdomen narrowed towards apex, very closely, moderately finely punctured, rather more sparingly behind. Pubescence fine, yellow and rather close. Widely distributed in India. Cosmopolitan. In dung.

2207 Aleochara (Xenochara) motschulskyl, nom n (Plate III, fig 9)

Oxupoda plaquata Motech *, Bull Soc Nat Mose xxxi, 1858, m, p 242 Cam E M M Ixix, 1933, p 220

Near puberula, but larger (4.75-7 mm) and more robust, the fore-parts less shining, the colour similar, except that the lateral black spot of the clytra is absent, the antennæ similarly coloured and constructed but a little longer, the puncturation of the fore-parts finer and with a fine but distinct ground-sculpture, abdomen more shining, somewhat iridescent, less finely and less closely punctured and less pubescent than in puberula

3 8th doral segment with a narrow acute emargination "Ind or," without further indication One example

I have not seen specimens from India or Ceylon, but they are found in the Malay Peninsula, Cochin China, and Sumatra in dung

Subgenus BARYODMA Thoms

Baryodma Thoms, Œfv Svenska Vet-Akad Forh 1858, p 31, 1d, Skand Col 11, 1860, p 249, Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr, Brévip Aléoch 11, 1874, pp 44, 48, Fowler, Col Brit Is 11, 1888, p 11, Ganglb, Käf Mitt-Eur 11, 1895, p 33, Bernh W Z B li, 1901, p 459 (Suppl), Casey, Trans Acad Sci St Louis, xvi, 1906, pp 129, 150, 319, Reitt, Faun Germ 11, 1909, p 24, Johansen, Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p 20, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 404, Portevin, Encycl Ent A, xii, 1929, 1, p 236

Antennæ with the penultimate joints distinctly transverse, but not three times as broad as long. Eyes normal Elytra not emarginate postero-externally. Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, the first two visible tergites transversely impressed at base, very closely punctured on the anterior segments, sometimes less closely on the posterior. Posterior tarsi as long as the tibiæ. Mesosternum carinate, its process rounded behind, extending nearly the whole length of the coxæ, these moderately separated.

Key to the Species

1	Entirely black species Elytra at least in part reddish or reddish-	brunnipes, sp n, [p 634]
	yellow	2
2	Thorax very finely and closely punctured	3
	Thorax much less closely punctured	trivialis Kr, p 635
3	Larger (5-5 5 mm), abdomen less densely	· -
	punctured	indica, spn, p635
	Smaller (2 mm), abdomen very densely	
	punctured	parva, sp n, p 635

2208 Aleochara (Baryodma) brunnipes, sp n

Moderately shining, entirely black Antennæ black Legs dark brown, the tarsi reddish Length 45-55 mm

In size and build scarcely differing from intricata Mannerh, but of different coloui, the antennæ a little shorter, the intermediate joints more transverse, elytra and abdomen less finely punctured, the latter less closely also Head very finely, moderately closely punctured, without ground-sculpture Antennæ moderate, the 4th to 10th joints transverse, the penultimate twice as broad as long Thorax transverse (5 3 3 75), the sculpture as on the head Elytra as long as but a little broader than the thorax, closely, moderately finely, roughly punctured Abdomen a little narrowed towards the apex, closely and finely punctured, a little less closely behind

Pubescence throughout rather coarse, moderately close, brownish-yellow

Chakrata district Deoban, alt 9330 feet Manjgaon, alt 6500 feet Mussooree district, alt 6500 feet

2209 Aleochara (Baryodma) indica, sp n

Moderately shining, black, the elytra with narrow indeterminate red fascia extending from the shoulder to the sutural angle. Antennæ black, the first two joints and legs reddishvellow. Length 5-5 5 mm.

Differs from brunnipes in the colour, narrower build, and less transverse thorax (4 3), the sculpture and pubescence in the two species scarcely differing

Ghum district Tiger Hill, alt 8000-10,000 feet

2210 Aleochara (Baryodma) trivialis, Kr

Alcochara trivialis Kr *, Arch Naturg xxv, 1859, p 18

Moderately shining, black, the elytra blackish, with an indeterminate reddish-yellow spot near the sutural angle or reddish-yellow with the postero-external and scutellary regions more or less extensively infuscate. Antennæ black, the first two joints reddish or reddish-yellow. Legs reddish-yellow, the tibiæ sometimes infuscate. Length 2.75-3.5 mm. Build of indica but smaller, the antennæ similarly con-

Build of indica but smaller, the antennæ similarly constructed, the puncturation of the head and thorax less fine and on the latter much less close, and both with a feeble ground-sculpture. Elytra a little shorter than the thorax, less roughly and distinctly less closely punctured, abdomen as closely but more finely punctured than in indica

Ceylon Suduganga India Mahe, Dehra Dun Also in South China, the Malay Peninsula, Aden, and Somaliland

2211 Aleochara (Baryodma) parva, sp n

Moderately shining black, the elytra and last segment of abdomen reddish-yellow, the former obscurely infuscate externally Antennæ brown, the first two joints and legs reddish-yellow Length 2 mm

Of the build of *trivialis* and with similar short elytra, but considerably smaller, the antennæ thinner, the penultimate joints less transverse, head and thorax much more finely and much more closely punctured and without ground-sculpture, elytra roughly but more finely and closely punctured than in *trivialis*, the abdomen also more finely and closely punctured than in that species Much resembles the genus *Tinotus* in facies, but the anterior tarsi are 5-jointed

Siwaliks Kheri Rau

Subgenus ISOCHARA Bernh

Isochara Bernh, W Z B h, 1901, pp 440, 461 (Suppl), Reitter, Faun Germ II, 1909 p 25. Johansen Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914 p 21 Fenves Gen Ins 173 B, 1920 p 405; Scheerp, Sitz Math Nat Ak Wien CXXXIII, 1929 p 248 Portevin, Encycl Ent A XII 1929, 1 p 237 Scheerp Rev Suisse Zool Nh. 1934, p 142

A subgenus of doubtful validity and only differing from Baryodma in the more parallel-sided abdomen an equivocal character

Key to the Species

1 Thorax with four quadrately placed punctures on the disc, corraceous Flytra [p 638 denticulata Motsch, Thorax without such punctures [p 635 2 Thorax closely, strongly and deeply puncpunctiventris Kr Thorax more finely and superficially punctured 3 Head and thorax less shining and with distinct coriaceous ground-sculpture moesta Gr. p 637 Head and throax shining and without ground-sculpture 4 Elytra bright yellowish-red nutilipennis Kr. p 639 Elytra otherwise coloured 5 Each elytron with well-defined triangular reddish-yellow spot at the posterior tristis Gr p 636 margin

2212 · Aleochara (Isochara) tristis Grav

Elytra uniformly reddish-brown

Aleochara tristis Gr., Mon Col. Mier 1806, p 170 Kraatz, Naturg Ins Deutschl Col n, 1856-58, p 89, Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brevip Aleoch n, 1874 p 72, Fowler, Col Brit Is n, 1888 p 14, tab 37 fig 4, Ganglb, Kāf Mitt-Eur n, 1895 p 34 Everts Col Neerl 1, 1898, p 170, Bernh, W Z B h 1901, p 461 (Suppl.) Rentt, Faun Germ n 1909, p 25, Johansen Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p 21, Everts, Col Neerl m, 1922 p 71, Portevin, Encycl Ent A, xn 1929 1, p 237, Scheerp, Sitz-Ber Akad Wiss Wien, Abt 1, exxxvin, 1929, p 248

Aleochara bimaculata Steph Ill Brit Ent Mandib v 1832, p 158

qermana, sp n, p 640

Aleochara bipunctata Ol, Ent in 1895, no 42, p 31 Aleochara erectesetosa Jek Col Jekel 1, 1873, p 41

Aleochara flavomaculata Menetr Cat rais 1832 p 147 Fald, Faun Trans-Cauc i, 1836, p 133, Kolenati, Melet Ent iii, p 10

Aleochara geometrica Schrank, Faun Boica i 1798-1804 p 642

Aleochara nigripennis Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brevip

Aléoch u 1874 p 76

Aléoch ii 1874, p 76

Aléochara nigripes Miller, W. Z B ii, 1852, p 27, Krantz,

Katurg Ins Deutschl Col ii, 1856-58 p 90, Redtb Faun

Austr ed ii, 1858, p 155, and ed iii, 1874, p 138

Shining, black, the elytra with well-defined triangular reddish yellow spot with its base on the posterior border and the apex

extending towards the shoulder. Antennæ black, the first joint pitchs Legs brown, the tarsi reddish Length 35-រី រី mm

Head much narrower than the thorax, finely rather sparingly punctured, but less finely and more closely towards the base ground sculpture scarcely visible. Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as 2nd, 4th slightly, 5th to 10th more transverse the penultimate joints about twice as broad as long. Thorax transverse (5.75) the sides rounded and rather strongly retracted in front, finely, moderately closely punctured, more closely and less finely towards the base the ground-sculpture scarcely visible. Flytra scarcely as long as the thorax but a little broader, moderately coarsely and rather closely and roughly punctured, the ground-sculpture feeble Abdomen a little narrowed before the apex, coarsely and closely punctured, e-pecially at the bises of the segments on the penultimate regments more finely and more sparingly whole insect covered with a moderately close, stiff, yellowish, semi ercet pubescence Posterior tarsi distinctly shorter than the tibus

Simla Hills, Chakrata, and Mussooree districts, alt 7000-8300 feet Also in middle and southern Europe and Asia

2213 Alcochara (Isochara) moesta Grav

1lcochara mosta Gr. Col Mier Bruns. 1802 p. 96, Fowler, Col Brit Isl u. 1888 p. 17, tab 37, fig. 8. Everts, Col Neerl 1, 1898, p. 169, Bernh., W.Z. B. li. p. 462 (Suppl.), Restter, Faun Germ u. 1969, p. 25. Fowler & Donisthorpe Col Brit Isl vi. 1913, p. 39, Johansen Danmarks Roebiller, 1914, p. 24 figs. 9, 9 a. Everts, Col Neerl u. 1922 p. 71 Portevia, Enevel Ent. 1, xii, 1929, i. p. 237. Scheerp Sitz Ber Akad Wiss Wien, Ab. 1, exxxviii, 1929, p. 249 Peverimh, Wem Sor Hist Nat Afr. Nord, no. 2, 1931, p. 36 (Muss. Hopearl.) (Miss Hoggar)

Alrochara convexiuscula Kol., Melet But n. 1846, p. 10

Aleochara erasuuscula Sahlb , Ins Tenn 1, 1834, p 396 Muls ct Rey Hist Nat Col Ir Broup Alcoch ii, 1874, p 65; Ganglb, Kaf Mitt Eur ii, 1895, p 34, Everts, Col Neerl i 1898, p 170. Champ, E M M xliv, 1898 p 194, Fowler & Donisthorpe, Col Brit Isl vi, 1913, p 38, tab 3 fig 10. Johansen, Danmarls Roybiller, 1914, p 22, Everts, Col Neerl m, 1922, p 71

Aleochara scutellaris Lucas, Hist Nat Anim Art Algéric, 1, 1849, p 103, tab 11, fig 7

Aleochara trielis Er, Kaf Mark Brand 1, 1837-39, p 355, 1d Gen Spec Staph 1839-40, p 162, Kr, Naturg Ins Doutschl Col 11, 1856-58, p 89, Thoms, Skand Col 11, 1860. p 252

Moderately shining, black, the elytra reddish-yellow, with the sides and scutellary region more or less infuscate. Antennæ black, the first two joints and legs reddish Length 35-45 mm

In size and build serreely differing from trister and with similarly constructed antenne, but distinctly less damme and with less definite electral colour pattern, moreover the puncturation of the hard and thorax is fiver and closer and there is also a distinct ground scripture, the abdomen is more finely and density punctured, including the terminal security and the pulse center throughout is shown.

Dehra Dan Mo in Lurop , Mobile Curary Elinds,

North Min v, and Ardon

2211 Alcochara (Isochara) denticulata,

the Position of AMACA Bull No. Not More ANN 1878, and position of the Position

Moderately having, block the elyter and Antenna block, the up taken posterioral by reddesh vellor. Bright 3 4 non-

A small, robust specific are reserved, but vitheshorter, brooder thorex, etc. Herd very his ly, specially paracticed and vith the timet correspons ground inform. Antenno with the 3rd junt a long a 2rd of the to fight in very the juntition to two each board is board the 11th as board the who and 10th to juther. Thorex to very (1-3), convex, very high and permits purctured, distinctly correspond the dissipation from the er, quadrately placed personnel liberal a little shorter but slightly broader than the thorex, not consegnante postero extern fly, rather finely, closely, asperately punctured at twith a very line ground outputs. Abdomen healty pirallel, donors punctured, a little more spreagly on the last two expinents. Pulsescepes throughout yellow depressed, moderately close.

; bill does desement truncate, very finely and cheely

denticulate

* Ind. or ' without further indication. Also in the Carary Islands, British Somaliland, and Zanabar

2215 Alcochara (Isochara) punctiventris

Herefore from twenters Ke t, And Natury vac, 1850, p. 18

Black, shining, the clytra reddish vellow, more or less infuscate externally and at the scutchary region. Antenne black, the first three joints and less reddish yellow. Length 2.5-3 mm

Head suborbicular, a good deal narrower than the thorax, impunctate in front, at the sides and base rather closely, deeply, moderately finely punctured, the ground sculpture feeble Antenna rather slender, the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, the 4th to 10th gradually increasing in width, but with the penultimate joints only slightly transverse, the 11th stout, as long as the preceding two together. Thorax transverse

(5 5 4), convex, the sides rounded, moderately retracted m front, the posterior angles obtusely rounded, along the middle sometimes with an obsolete impressed line the puncturation moderately fine, deep but not close, the ground-sculpture feeble. Elytra as long and as broad as the thorax, rather closely moderately finely, somewhat roughly punctured and with a weak ground-sculpture. Abdomen parallel, less shining, densely and rather finely punctured throughout. Pubescence yellowish rather sparing and semi-

3 8th dorsal segment feebly broadly emarginate and scarcely perceptibly denticulate 6th ventral segment a little produced and broadly rounded

Ceylon Belligam India Dehra Dun Siwaliks, Rohatgaon Also in the Malay Peninsula, Borneo, and Hong-kong

2216 Aleochara (Isochara) rutilipennis

Alcochara ruthipennis Kr., Arch. Naturg XX. 1859 p. 17 Alcochara sarep'ana Solsky in Fedtschenko. Reise Turk. (5) n. 1874, p. 161. Bernh. W. Z. B. h. 1901 p. 476 (Suppl.) Alcochara semirubra Faux. Ann. Mus. Cn. Gen. x. 1877, p. 293

Moderately shining, black, the margins of the thorax usually very narrowly reddish, elytra bright red or reddish-yellow, the apex of the abdomen cometimes reddish. Antennæ blackish, the first four joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 35-45 mm

A somewhat abnormal species in the transverse head and large but not prominent eyes Head transversely suborbicular narrower than the thorax (5 75), the eyes large, distinctly longer than the post-ocular region, finely, moderately closely punctured and without ground-sculpture Antennæ rather long, slender, the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th and 5th longer than broad, 6th to 10th increasing in width, the penultimate slightly transverse, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (7 5 5), convex, the sides rounded and more retracted in front, finely and closely punctured and without ground-sculpture. Elytra slightly longer and a little broader than the thorax, not emarginate postero externally, less finely and more closely punctured Abdomen a little narrowed at the apex, in the basal impressions finely and closely elsewhere equally closely but more coarsely punctured, except on the last two segments, where the puncturation is finer and less close Fore-parts closely covered with a short, fine, depressed vellow pubescence Posterior tarsi nearly as long as the tibiæ

Ceylon India United Provinces, Dehra Dun, Siwaliks, Raniket, W Bhalkot, Sinni Gad, Chilla Malabar Also in Europe, Asia, Java, Australia, and Africa

2217 Aleochara (Isochara) germana, sp n

Shining, head and abdomen black, thorax darker, elytra lighter reddish-brown. Antennæ black, the first four joints

and legs reddish-yellow Length 3 mm

In the build and structure of the antennæ similar to ruthpennis, and with the same large eyes, differs in the coloui, less closely punctured thorax and elytra, and much less closely pubescent fore-parts, the sculpture of the abdomen scarcely differs from that of rutilipennis

Dehra Dun Song River

Subgenus HOMŒOCHARA Muls et Rey

Homcochara Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fi Brevip Alcoch n, 1874, p 130, Ganglb, Käf Mitt-Eui ii, 1895, p 41, Beinh, W Z B li, 1901, p 463 (Suppl) Johansen, Danmaiks Rovbiller, 1914, p 26, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1920, p 407, Portevin, Encycl Ent A, Ni, 1929, i, p 238

Eyes small or moderate, not prominent Antennæ moderately thickened towards the apex, the penultimate joints moderately transverse. Third joint of the maxillary palpi considerably thickened towards the apex, conical, the 4th long. Pronotal epipleura not visible from the side. Mesosternal process extending nearly the whole length of the coxæ, carinate, the keel interrupted in the middle, pointed, the coxæ narrowly separated. Elytra moderately emarginate postero-externally. Abdomen parallel, only a little narrowed at apex, the first three visible segments transversely impressed, usually closely punctured at the bases of the segments and very sparingly elsewhere, sometimes the bases only sparingly punctured. Tarsi moderate, shorter than the tibiæ.

Key to the Species

Black species, at most with the elytra brown, abdomen moderately finely and distinctly punctured in the impressions
Elytra yellow, abdomen in the impressions

with a transverse row of very fine punctures only sparsa Heer, p 640

[p 641 pallidipennis, sp n,

2218 Aleochara (Homœochara) sparsa.

Aleochara sparsa Heer, Faun Helv 1, 1838-42, p 317, Fairm et Laboulb, Faun Ent Fr 1, 1854, p 448, Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brévip Aléoch 11, 1874, p 138, Bernh, W Z B 1, 1901, p 463 (Suppl), Reitt, Faun Germ 11, 1909 p 25, Gridelli, Boll Soc Ent Ital 1, 1918, p 36, Portevin, Encycl Ent A, xii, 1929, 1, p 238, Lindroth, Insektenfaun Isl, Zool Bidr Uppsala, xiii, 1931, p 183 Aleochara intractabilis Heer, Faun Helv 1, 1838-42, p 318

Alcochara latipalpis Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brevip

Aleoch 11, 1874, p 131

Alcoch 11, 1874, p. 131

Alcochara succeola Thoms, Skand Col. 11, 1860, p. 216, Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col. Fr. Brevip Alcoch 11, 1874, p. 134, Ganglb, Kāf Mitt-Eur. 11, 1895, p. 41, Champ, E. M. M. Nain, 1897, p. 97, Everts, Col. Neerl. 1, 1898, p. 168, Fowler & Domsthorpe, Col. Brit. Isl. vi., 1913, p. 39, Johansen, Domestor Parkiller, 1914, p. 26, fig. 11, Everts, Col. Neerl. Danmarks Roy biller, 1914, p 26, fig 11, Everts, Col Neerl m, 1922, p 71

Aleochara pernigra Schub, D E Z 1906, p 378

Shiung, black, the elytra sometimes brown Antennæ black, sometimes with the 1st or 1st and 2nd joints reddish, maxillary palpi with 3rd joint black, sometimes reddish, legs black, the knees and tarsi reddish, sometimes entirely yellowish-red Length 2-45 mm

A widely distributed species in the Palæarctic region and varying considerably in size and closeness of the puncturation Head suborbicular, a good deal narrower than the thorax, finely, rather sparingly punctured, with a scarcely visible ground-sculpture, eyes moderate. Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate about twice as broad as long, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (53 4), convex, the sides rounded and moderately retracted in front, the posterior angles rounded, ground-sculpture absent Elytra as long as and slightly broader than the thorax, moderately finely and moderately closely punctured men parallel, a little narrowed at apex, closely punctured at the bases of the segments, very sparingly elsewhere cence rather long, semi-erect

Konain, alt 8000 feet Chakrata district Kashmır Songam

2219 Aleochara (Homœochara) pallidipennis, sp. n

Shining, black, the elytra yellow Antennæ blackish, the first four joints, maxillary palpi and legs reddish-yellow

Length 4 mm

Build of sparsa, but differently coloured and with shorter, stouter antennæ Puncturation of the head and thorax very fine and by no means close, ground-sculpture absent, elytra as long as the thorax but a little broader, as finely but a little more closely and roughly punctured, abdomen at the bases of the segments each with a row of fine punctures, elsewhere yet more fine and very sparing Pubescence on the fore-parts rather long and semi-erect

Chakrata district Deoban, alt 9330 feet.

MESOCHARA, subgen n

Eyes moderate Antennæ moderately thickened towards the apex Maxillary palpi with normal 3rd joint, the 4th nearly as long Thorax distinctly transverse, the pronotal epipleura not visible from the side Elytia scarcely emarginate postero-externally Abdomen nearly parallel, only a little narrowed before the apex, the first three visible tergites transversely impressed very sparingly punctured except at the bases of the segments Mesosternum only keeled at the base, its process narrow, extending nearly the whole length of the coxe, the apex narrowly truncate, coxe narrowly separated Posterior tarsi as long as or shorter than the tibiae

Key to the Species

Head and thorax with distinct groundsculpture antenne with the first two joints reddish-yellow, posterior tarsi shorter than the tible Head and thorax without ground-sculpture antenne with the first two joints pitchy,

posterior tarsi as long as the fibre

[p 642 almorenses, sp n,

inornata, sp n, p 643

2220 Aleochara (Mesochara) almorensis, sp n

Shining black, the posterior maigins of the abdominal tergites rufescent, the elytra dark brown Antennæ black, the first two joints and legs reddish or reddish-yellow Length 35 mm

A small, narrow species with ground-sculpture on the head and thorax very like that of moesta Gr. Head suborbicular, narrower than the thorax (4 6), eyes moderate, very finely, sparingly punctured and with a fine but distinct wavy groundsculpture Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th as long as broad, 5th to 10th transverse, the penultimate about twice as broad as long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax transverse (5.75 4.25), convex, a little less finely and distinctly more closely punctured than the head, the ground-sculpture similar Elytra a little longer (5 5 4 25) and broader than the thorax, less finely and more closely punctured, the ground-sculpture less distinct Abdomen parallel, a little narrowed at the apex, at the bases of the segments with a few small, rather close punctures, elsewhere very sparingly punctured Pubescence rather long, yellow and depressed

W Almora Kumaun (H G Champton).

2221 Aleochara (Mesochara) inornata, sp n

Shining, black Antennæ reddish, the 1st joint pitchy. Legs reddish-brown, the tarsi reddish-yellow Length 4 mm

Build of cuniculorum, the antennæ similarly constructed and with the posterior tarsi as long as the tibiæ, as in that species, the puncturation of the head and thorax scarcely differs, but there is no trace of ground-sculpture, the elytra more finely and less closely punctured, the puncturation of the abdomen is much finer and much more sparing, the elytra scarcely emarginate

Chakrata district Deoban alt 9330 feet Dehra Dun. Kumaun Naini Tal Weşt Bhalkot Punjab Jalori Pass.

alt 10,800 feet

Subgenus POLYCHARA Muls et Rev

Polychara Muls et Rev Hist Nat Col Fr Brunp Aleoch ii 1874, p 64, Ganglb, Käf Mitt-Eur ii, 1895 p 34, Bernh, W Z B li, 1901, p 465 (Suppl) Reitter Faun Germ ii 1909, p 25, Johansen Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p 22, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B 1920 p 408, Portevin, Encycl Ent A vii, 1929 i p 237

Eyes normal Antennæ moderately incrassate Maxillary palpi with normal 3rd joint Pronotal epipleura not visible from the side Mesosternum pointed, carinate, extending nearly the whole length of the coxæ, these narrowly separated Elytra either completely rounded postero-externally or more or less emarginate Abdomen parallel, only a little narrowed before the apex, the first three segments transversely impressed. Posterior tarsi variable

Key to the Species

nally Elytra not emarginate 2 Black species, with strong greenish-bronze Species without metallic reflex 3 Elytra black, at most with the posterior margin narrowly and obscurely reddishyellow, thorax without trace of groundsculpture Elytra black, the posterior margin and a distinct marking at the postero-internal angle, sometimes more or less extended forwards reddish-yellow thorax with a very feeble ground-sculpture 4 Entirely black, the pubescence depressed Not entirely black, the elytra either entirely red, or black with the humeral angle and more or less of the posterior region reddish-

yellow

I Elytra distinctly emarginate postero exter-

2 4 aerata, sp n, p 647.

[p 646. himalayıca, sp n ,

[p 647 cunreulorum Kr, dolertyn, sp n, p 645.

5 Elytia entirely bright red

Elytra otherwise

6 Antennæ black, the first two joints some-times pitchy, the pubescence on the foreparts semi-erect

Antennæ black, the first two or three joints bright reddish-yellow, pubescence of the

fore-parts depressed

7 Thorax less closely punctured, first two tengites very finely punctured at their bases, the following much less finely and more closely & 8th tergite rather deeply emarginate and finely crenulate Thorax more closely punctured, first two tergites scarcely less finely punctured at

their bases than the following & 8th

tergite with eight sharp teeth

beesom, sp n, p 646

confusa, sp n, p 645

7

asiatica Kr. p 644

viatica Fauv, p 645

2222 Aleochara (Polychara) asiatica.

Aleochara assatica Kr *, Arch Naturg xxv, 1859, p 15, Cam, Trans Ent Soc Lond 1920, p 398

Aleochara japonica Shp *, Trans Ent Soc Lond 1874, p 8

Moderately shining, black, the margins of the thorax very narrowly reddish, elytra red, the sides, scutellary and sutural regions more or less extensively black, sometimes black, with the humeral angles and posterior margin yellowish-red Antennæ black, the first two or three joints and the legs

reddish-yellow Length 3-5 5 mm

In build scarcely differing from brevipennis Gr Head small, suborbicular, finely, moderately closely punctured and without ground-sculpture Antennæ moderately thickened towards apex, the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th scarcely, 5th to 10th more transverse, the penultimate about a half broader than long, the 11th as long as the preceding two together Thorax transverse (5 4), convex, the sides rounded, more retracted in front, the posterior angles rounded, as finely but rather more closely punctured than the head, groundsculpture absent Elytra a little shorter and a little broader than the thorax, very closely, finely but roughly punctured, not emarginate postero-externally Abdomen only a little narrowed before the apex, at the bases of the first two visible segments very finely and closely punctured, at the bases of the following less finely and more closely Pubescence on the fore-parts yellow, fine, rather close and depressed, on the abdomen longer and more sparing

3 8th dorsal segment rather deeply arcuately emarginate

and finely crenulate

8th dorsal segment less deeply emarginate and not crenulate

Ceylon India Dehra Dun, Siwaliks Also in the Malay Peninsula, Borneo, Java, Sumatra, Philippines, China, and Japan

2223 Aleochara (Polychara) viatica.

Alcochara riatica Faux , Rev d Ent xxiii, 1914, p 67, Cam Trans Ent Soc Lond 1921, p 398

In build, size and colour similar to asiatica, but differs in the thorax being distinctly more closely and rather less finely punctured, the puncturation at the bases of the first two visible segments scarcely differs from that of the following, whereas in asiatica it is much finer the puncturation of the abdomen as a whole is not quite so close and the sexual characters are different

3 Sth dorsal segment in the middle of the posterior margin, with small, acute, triangular excision, and on each side with four sharp teeth, of which the external on each side is the largest.

2 Sth dorsal segment very feebly, broadly emarginate. India Nilgiri Hills Burma Schwego-myo Carin Asciun Ghécu, Carin Asciun Cheba Ceylon Belligam.

Wrongly recorded by me from Singapore in Trans Ent Soc Lond 1921, p 398

2224 Aleochara (Polychara) confusa, sp n

Moderately shining, black, the elytra with the humeral angle and an ill-defined spot on the posterior margin near the postero-external angle yellowish-red. Antennæ and palpi black, the first two joints of the former sometimes pitchy. Legs reddish-yellow, the tibiæ and posterior femora infuscate Length 5 mm

Somewhat like certain forms of asiatica in the colour of the elytra, but the thorax is narrower, the sides more retracted in front and entirely black, the antennæ are similarly constructed but not so stout, the puncturation of the thorax less fine and closer, its pubescence semi-erect, the elytra scarcely differ from asiatica in sculpture and, like it, are a little shorter than the thorax, the puncturation of the abdomen is finer and less close than in that species

3 8th dorsal segment with eight strong triangular teeth on the posterior margin, separated from each other by arcuate emarginations

Ghum district

2225 Aleochara (Polychara) dohertyi, sp n

Moderately shining, entirely deep black Antennæ black Legs reddish, the tarsi lighter Length 5 5 mm Build of asialica, but more robust, the antennæ similarly constructed, head and thorax more closely punctured, elytra less finely, more closely punctured, the punctures asperate as in that species, abdomen more finely and less closely punctured especially behind, 8th dorsal segment truncate

Manipur (Doherty) Unique British Museum

2226 Aleochara (Polychara) beesoni, sp. n

Shiming, black, the clytra bright red Antennæ black, the first two joints and legs reddish-vellow Length 5 mm

In build and antennal structure similar to asiatica, but at once distinguished by the colour of the elytra—the sculpture of the head and thorax scarcely differs from that species, but that of the elytra is not quite so close though equally fine and rough, whilst that of the abdomen is not quite so fine and rather closer, the 8th segment in the unique specimen is broadly and feebly emarginate and is probably a female

Businghpui, Reva (Breson)

2227 Aleochara (Polychara) himalayica, sp. n

Shining, black, the posterior margin of the elvira sometimes very narrowly and obscurely yellowish. Antennæ black, the flist two joints pitchy. Legs ieddish-brown, the tarsi lighter Length 3 75-5 mm.

Very like diversa Sahlb in build, except that the head is narrower, the antennæ also are not quite so stout and darker at the base, the head and thorax more finely and a little more closely punctured, the abdomen closely punctured at the bases of the segments Head suborbicular, much narrower than the thorax (5 75), eyes moderate, finely, moderately closely punctured and without ground-sculpture. Antennæ a little thickened towards the apex, the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th as long as broad, 5th to 10th transverse, the penultimate about a half broader than long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (7.5 6), convex, the sides and posterior angles rounded, a little more retracted in front, finely, moderately closely punctured and without ground-sculpture Elytra broader and a little longer than the thorax, emarginate postero-externally, less finely and more closely punctured Abdomen parallel, slightly narrowed at the apex, at the bases of the segments rather coarsely and closely punctured, elsewhere much more finely and much more sparingly Pubescence long, yellow, more or less depressed

3 8th dorsal segment with seven or eight very small teeth

on the posterior margin

Chakrata district Bodyar, Dodora Khud, Binal Gad Simla Hills Fagu, alt 7000-8000 feet W Almora Dhauh Ganga Kashmir Gulmarg In dung

2228 Aleochara (Polychara) aerata, sp. n

Shining, black, with distinct greenish-bronze ieflex, the posterior margin of the elytra very narrowly and obscurely yellowish, antennæ black, the first two joints brownish-yellow, legs reddish-yellow, the femora and tibue infuscate

Length 5 mm

In build similar to rufitars is Heer, the antennæ very similarly constructed, the abdomen rather less finely punctured in the impressions Head finely, rather closely punctured, the punctures flat and superficial, ground-sculpture absent Antennæ moderately thickened towards the apex, the 3rd joint a little longer than the 2nd, 4th as long as broad, 5th to 10th transverse, the penultimate about a half broader than long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (725 55), with punctures similar to but, at the base, closer than those of the head. ground-sculpture absent Elytra a little longer and broader than the thorax, rather finely but more closely and roughly punctured, emarginate Abdomen a little narrowed before the postero-externally apex, closely punctured at the bases of the segments, more finely and much more sparingly elsewhere Pubescence on the fore-parts rather long, yellow and semi-erect

Ghum district Lepchajagat

2229 Aleochara (Polychara) cuniculorum.

Aleochara cuniculorum Kr, Ann Soc Ent Fr (3) vi, 1858, Bull p 188, id, Berl Ent Zeitschr 1862, p 318, Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brevip Aleoch ii, 1874 p 93, Redtb, Faun Austr ed iii, 1874, p 140, Fowler, Col Brit Isl ii, 1888, p 15, Ganglb, Käf Mitt-Eur ii, 1895, p 40, Everts, Col Neerl ii, 1898, p 169, Bernh, W Z B li, 1901, p 487 (Supp), Reitt, Faun Germ ii, 1909, p 25, Everts, Col Neerl iii, 1922, p 69, Portevin, Encycl Ent A, xii, 1929, ii, p 237, Gridelli, Ann Mus Civ Gen liv, 1930, p 83

Biology -Heidenreich, D E Z 1902, p 156

Shining, black, the clytra with a yellowish-red spot at the postero-internal angle often extending a variable distance along the suture and along the posterior margin narrowly Antennæ black, the first two joints reddish Legs reddishyellow Length 3 5-4 5 mm

Head suborbicular, about two-thirds as broad as the thorax, eyes moderate, finely, rather sparingly punctured and without ground-sculpture. Antennæ rather long, a little thickened towards the apex, the 3rd joint a little longer than the 2nd,

4th as long as broad. 5th to 10th moderately transverse the penultimate about a half broader than long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax transverse (6 5:45), convex, the sides and posterior angles rounded, moderately retracted in front, finely and rather sparingly punctured like the head, but with a very feeble ground-sculpture. Elytra as long as but a little broader than the thorax, less finely and much more closely, somewhat roughly punctured. Abdomen a little narrowed towards the apex, finely and closely punctured at the bases of the first four visible segments much more finely and sparingly elsewhere. Pubescence yellow, rather long, moderately close. Posterior tarsi as long as the tibiæ

Dehra Dun and Mussooree districts. Also in Europe. North Africa, Russia, and Mongolia.

2230. Aleochara (Polychara?) incerta.

Alvochara i scerta Epp., W. E. Z. xiv. 1895 p. 53

Black, shining, finely and sparingly pubescent, elytra greenish-black, knees and tarsi reddish: thorax sparingly punctured, the elytra scarcely longer, a little more closely punctured, abdomen subparallel, not very closely punctured in front, sparingly and finely punctured behind. Length 2 lin

5 6th tergite truncate and obsoletely crenulate and furnished with black cilia. the 6th sternite somewhat triangularly produced

C. unknown.

In build and colour very like inconspicua, but larger and with more sparing and finer puncturation of the elvira and differently punctured abdomen: black, shining, with fine grey pubescence and dark metallic green elvira and reddish knees and tarsi. Head round, half as broad as the thorax. with fine scattered punctures. Palpi black. Antennæ black. stont, as long as the head and thorax, slightly thickened towards the apex, the 2nd and 3rd joints of equal length, 4th as long as the breadth at the apex. 5th obviously longer and broader. the following gradually becoming slightly broader and shorter. the penultimate slightly transverse, the 11th as long as the preceding two together, oviform, with blunt apex. Thorax about a half broader than long, as broad as the elytra, the sides lightly rounded, more retracted in front than behind. with feebly rounded posterior and blunt anterior angles. convex, sparingly and finely punctured and pubescent. Elytra scarcely longer than the thorax, more strongly and closely punctured. Abdomen subparallel, on the anterior segments rather finely and not closely punctured, on the 5th and 6th segments very sparingly.

Simla. A single 3 (ex Eppelskeim).

I do not know this species, and the subgenus to which it belongs is doubtful. In the Catalogue of Bernhauer and Scheerpeltz it is placed in *Dyschara*, but; as this subgenus is characterized by the 11th antennal joint in the 3 being as long as the preceding three together, it cannot, according to the description, belong to it

2231 Aleochara (s str ?) tuberiventris

Aleochara tubermentus Kr *, Arch Naturg xxx, 1859 p 14

Shining, dark reddish-brown, elytra vellowish-brown, infuscate towards the sides. Antennæ pitchy, the first three

joints and legs reddish-vellow Length 5 mm

Of doubtful systematic position, but the mesosternum is truncate and appears to be without a keel In size and build very similar to tenuicornis Kr, but in all other respects different Head round, much narrower than the thorax finely and sparingly punctured and without ground-sculpture Antennæ with the 3rd joint longer than the 2nd, 4th to 6th joints strongly the penultimate scarcely, transverse, the 11th as long as the preceding two together (the 6th and following joints are now absent in the type) Thorax a half broader than long, the sides rounded, more retracted in front, the posterior angles entirely rounded, moderately finely, rather sparingly punctured and without ground-sculpture. Elytra a little longer and a little broader than the thorax, not emarginate postero-externally, rather less finely and more closely punctured, but not at all rugose Abdomen finely and sparingly punctured throughout

3 5th tergite elevated in the middle as a jounded boss 8th with a strong median keel produced a little beyond the posterior margin as a tooth, on each side with a tooth separated

from the median one by an arcuate emargination

"Ind Port" (Helfer) Unique

Subgenus COPROCHARA Muls et Rey

Coprochara Vuls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brevip Aleoth in 1874 p 146, Ganglb Küf Mitt-Eur in 1895, p 41 Bernh W Z B li 1901 p 500 (Suppl.) Reitt, Faum Germ in 1909 p 27, Johansen, Danmarks Roybiller 1914 p 28, Fenves Gen Ins 173 B 1920, p 412 Porteym, Encycl Ent A, Ni 1929, 1, p 234

Eyes moderate Antennæ moderately thickened towards apex Maxillary palpi with normal 3rd joint Thorax on each side of the smooth median line with an irregular row of small punctures, pronotal epipleura not visible from the side Elytra not emarginate postero-externally Abdomen subparallel, only a little narrowed at apex, the first three

visible tengites transversely impressed Mesosternum carinate. its process extending the whole length of the coxe, its apex briefly rounded, the coxe moderately separated Legs moderate, the posterior tarsi as long as the tibiæ

Key to the Species.

Elytia each with a yellowish-red marking Elytra uniformly black

bipustulata L, p 650 bilineata Gyll, p 651

2232 Aleochara (Coprochara) bipustulata.

Staphylinus bipustulata L, Faun Suec ed 11, 1761, p 232, Bernh, W Z B II, 1901, p 502 (Suppl.) (Aleochara), Reitt, Faun Germ II, 1909, p 27, tab 41, fig 6, Blatchley, Col

Indiana, 1, 1910, p 366

Homalota biguttula Kolenati, Melet Ent 111, 1846, p 8

Homalota binotata Woll, Cat Col Ins Mader 1857, p 182 Homalota bipunctata Ol, Ent 111, 1795, no 42, p 31 Homalota cursor Steph, III Brit Ent Mandib v, 1832, p 159

Homalota dorsalis Steph, l c p 160

Homalota fusconotata Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brévip

Aleoch n, 1874, p 155, id, Opusc Ent xx, p 439

Homalota lætipennis Muls et Rey, l c pp 155, 439

Homalota nitida Grav, Col Micr Brunsv 1802, p 97, Er, Kät Iomalota miida Grav, Col Mier Brunsv 1802, p 97, Er, Kät Mark Brand 1, 1837–39, p 358 (ex parte), 1d, Gen Spec, Staph 1839–40, p 168 (ex parte), Redtb, Faun Austred 1, 1849, p 668, ed 11, 1858, p 154, and ed 11, 1874, p 137 (omn ex parte), Kraatz, Naturg Ins Deutschl Col 11, 1856–58, p 105, Thoms Skand Col 11, 1860, p 254, Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brévip Aléoch 11, 1874, p 151, Fowler, Col Brit Isl 11, 1888, p 18, tab 38, fig 2, a, b, Ganglb, Käf Mitt-Eur 11, 1895, p 42, Everts, Col Neerl 11, 1898, p 167, Johansen, Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p 28, Col Neerl 11, 1922, p 69 Col Neerl m, 1922, p 69

Homalota transita Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brévip Aleoch ii, 1874, p 155, Opusc Ent xx, p 439 Homalota velox Steph, Ill Brit Ent Mandib v, 1832, p 159

BIOLOGY -Riley, Proc Ent Soc Washington, 11, 1893, pp 405-410, Slingerland, Bull Cornell Univ Agric Exper Stat Ithaca, 1894, pp 481-577

Shining, black, the elytra behind near the suture with a large vellowish-red marking, usually well defined Antennæ and 3rd joint of the maxillary palpi black Legs dark brown with reddish tarsi Length 2-45 mm

Head with a few moderate, scattered punctures and without ground-sculpture Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th about as long as broad, 5th to 10th transverse, the penultimate twice as broad as long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (7 5 55), convex, the sides and posterior angles rounded, more retracted in front, with a median impunctate area and on each side of it with an irregular row of small punctures, towards the sides with a few others; ground-sculpture absent Elytra

a little broader and scarcely longer than the thorax, rather coarsely but not very closely punctured Abdomen rather finely and closely punctured at the bases of the segments, elsewhere much more sparingly, the last segment with a few asperate punctures Pubescence throughout yellow and scanty

Chakrata district Deoban, alt 9330 feet Simla Hills. Matiana, alt 7900 feet Mussooree district and Dehra Dun Widely distributed in the Palæarctic and Nearctic regions,

also at the Cape

2233 Aleochara (Coprochara) bilineata.

Aleochara bilineata Gyll, Ins Suec 1, 2, 1810, p 436, Redth, Faun Austr ed 11, 1858, p 154, and ed 11, 1874, p 137, Kr, Naturg Ins Deutschl Col 11, 1856-58, p 105, Thoms, Skand Col 11, 1860, p 254, Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brévip Aléoch 11, 1874, p 147, Fowler, Col Brit Isl 11, 1888, p 19, Ganglb, Kāf Mitt-Eur 11, 1895, p 41, Everts, Col Neerl 1, 1898, p 167, Bernh, W Z B h, 1901, p 500 (Suppl), Reitt, Faun Germ 11, 1909, p 27, Johansen, Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p 28, Portevin, Encycl Ent A, vii, 1929, 1, p 235, fig 254

Aleochara agulus Steph, Ill Brit Ent Mendib v, 1832, p 154

Aleochara alpicola Heer, Faun Helv 1, 1838-42, p 317

Aleochara alpicola Heer, Faun Helv 1, 1838-42, p 317

Aleochara ummaculata Steph, Ill Brit Ent Mandib v, 1832, p 154

Aleochara nigricornis Gredler, Käf Tirol, 1863, p 464, Redtb.

Faun Austr ed 111, 1874, p 139

Aleochara nutida var Er, Käf Mark Brand 1, 1837-39, p 358, id, Gen Spec Staph 1839-40, p 168

Antennæ black Legs dark brown, tarsı Shining, black reddish Length 25-45 mm

Differs from bipustulata in the uniform colour and the puncturation throughout distinctly coarser and deeper. In all other respects resembling bipustulata

From the same localities as the preceding Also in Europe

Genus RHEOCHARA Muls et Rey

Rheochara Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brévip Aléoch 11, 1874, p 163, Fowler, Col Brit Is 11, 1888, p 20, Ganglb, Kaf Mitt-Eur 11, 1895, p 42, Bernh, W Z B h, 1901, p 484 (Suppl), Reitt, Faun Germ 11, 1909, p 27, Johansen, Danmarks Rovbiller, 1914, p 29, Portevin, Encycl Ent A, XII, 1929, ı, p 239

Metalea Muls et Rey, Hist Nat Col Fr Brévip Aléoch n, 1874, p 461

Rheobioma Cas, Trans Acad St Louis, xvi, 1906, p 180 Rheocharella Cas, l c p 181

Head suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, the temples bordered below, the eyes small or moderate, not prominent. Mouth-parts as in Aleochara Antennæ with the penultimate joints moderately transverse. Thorax only slightly transverse, the pronotal epipleura not visible from the side. Elytra emarginate postero-externally. Abdomen nearly parallel, only a little narrowed at the apex, the first three visible tergites transversely impressed, the first two or three sternites also slightly transversely impressed at their bases. Mesosternum only keeled at the base, its process narrow, extending nearly the whole length of the coxe, its apex narrowly truncate, coxe narrowly separated. Posterior tarsi as long as or shorter than the tibie. In facies much resembling Ocalea Er, to which the type of the subgenus, spadicea Er, was originally referred.

Key to the Species

Elytra a little longer than the thorax bicolorous, posterior tars; shorter than the tibiæ simlaensis, sp n, p 652. Elytra as long as the thorax, unicolorous, posterior tars; as long as the tibiæ montivaga, sp n, p 652

2234 Rheochara montivaga, sp n

Shining, head and abdomen black, the posterior margins of the tergites broadly rufescent, thorax reddish-brown, elytra yellowish-brown Antennæ black, palpi pitchy

Legs reddish Length 5 mm

In build scarcely differing from spadicea Er but the eyes are larger, the antennæ shorter and stouter, the abdomen much less closely punctured Head suborbicular, narrower than the thorax (4.25 6), the eyes about as long as the postocular region, very finely and sparingly punctured and without ground-sculpture Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th to 6th as long as broad but increasing in width, 7th to 10th about a half broader than long, the 11th longer than the 9th and 10th together Thorax slightly transverse (6 5), the sides evenly rounded, scarcely more retracted in front than behind, the posterior angles rounded, finely, sparingly punctured and without ground-sculpture Elvtra as long as and a little broader than the thorax, moderately finely and moderately closely, asperately punctured Abdomen a little narrowed behind, very finely punctured, rather closely at the bases of the segments, much more sparingly elsewhere Pubescence yellow, rather sparing and depressed

Chakrata district. Manjgaon, alt 6500 feet

2235 Rheochara simlaensis, sp n

Shining, head and abdomen black, the latter with the posterior margins of the segments distinctly rufescent, thorax dark reddish-brown; elytra ferruginous red, more or

less extensively infuscate posteriorly. Antennie blackish, the first three joints apex of the last, maxillary palm, and

leg- reddish-vellow Length 5 mm

In build very like spadicea Er but with shorter, stouter antenne and shorter turn. Held suborbicular, narrower than the thorax (4.5-5.75), the eyes rather large as long as the post-ocular region, very finely, sparingly punctured and natious ground sculpture. Antenny moderately thickened towards the open, the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th as long as broad 5th to 10th transverse, the penultimate about a half broader than long, the 11th longer than the preceding two together. Thorax transverse (6.75-5.5), convex, the sides and posterior angles rounded, more retrieted in front, less finels and much more closels punctured than the head. ground-sculpture ab-cnt Elytra longer (7.5.55) and broader than the thorax, emarginate postero externally, less finely and more closely junctured and with a very fine groundsculpture. Abdomen gradually narrowed behind at the brees of the first four visible segments with a transverse row of closely placed, moderately course punctures, elsewhere very finely and very sparingly punctured. Pube-cence on the fore-parts rather long, vellow, depressed, and moderately

Simla Hills, Pagu, alt 8000 feet. In fungus. Kashmir. Gulmarg

CREOCHARA, gen n

This genus at first sight appears to belong to the polymorphic genus Zyras and the species on which it is founded was described as such both by Bernhauer and myself, it is, however, one of the Alcocharmi Head transversely suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, the neck stout and concealed by it, the eyes large, much longer than the postocular region but not prominent, temples finely and entirely bordered below. Antennæ with the 1st joint rather long, clavate, the distal half excavated for the reception of the 2nd Labrum transverse, a half broader than long, the anterior border and angles rounded, in the middle with a small arcuate emargination Mandibles rather stout, pointed, edentate Outer lobe of maxilla broader than the inner, den-cly cliate on the truncate apical margin, inner lobe narrow, pointed, very closely and finely spinose along the distal half of the inner border Maxillary palpi rather long, the 1st joint very small, 2nd clongate, lightly curved, and a little thickened towards the apex, 3rd a little longer but scarcely thicker at the apex than the preceding, 4th narrower and nearly half as long, 5th narrower, much shorter and conical Labial palpi rather long, 1st joint cylindrical, 2nd narrower and a little shorter, 3rd narrower and shorter than the preceding, 4th short and conical Tongue triangular, as long as the 1st joint of the labial palpi, its apex with an acute triangular notch and split to the middle Paraglossæ well developed, extending to the level of the apex of the tongue Thorax transverse, rather strongly narrowed behind, the pronotal epipleura visible from the side Elytra short, the postero-internal and postero-external angles rounded Abdomen a little narrowed backwards, the first three visible tergites transversely impressed at their bases Mesosternum simple, its process very short and broad, extending but little between the coxæ, truncate, metasternal process long, broad, and parallel, extending between the coxæ, truncate and separated from the mesosternum by a short, broad, shining intersternal

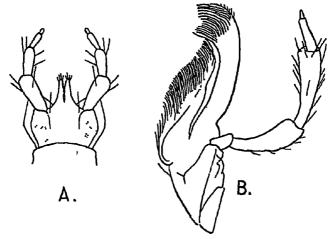


Fig 140 -Creochara brempennis A, labium, B, maxilla

piece, coxæ widely separated Legs moderate, all the tibiæ spinose Tarsi 5, 5, 5, the anterior with the first four joints short and subequal, middle with the 1st joint as long as the 2nd and 3rd together, the 2nd to 4th subequal, posterior with the 1st joint almost as long as the following three together, these subequal, 5th a little shorter than the 1st Claws simple, lightly curved

2236 Creochara brevipennis. (Plate III, fig 10)

Myrmedonia brevipennis Bernh, Stett Ent Zeit lxiv, 1903, p 21 Myrmedonia (? Pella) montana Cam, Ann Mus Civ Gen. li, 1925, p 46

Entirely black, rather shining, elytra shorter than the thorax Antennæ and legs black, tarsi ferruginous Length 6-75 mm

Head transverse, suborbicular, the eyes large, the temples short and completely rounded, moderately coarsely and moderately closely punctured except in front, where sculpture is nearly absent, in the middle anteriorly with a small fovea, finely but distinctly shagreened Antennæ with the 1st ioint long, moderately thickened apically, longitudinally sulcate from the middle to the apex, 2nd joint a good deal shorter than the 1st, twice as long as broad, 3rd longer than 2nd, 4th very short strongly transverse, 5th and following moderately transverse, longer and broader than the 4th and not increasing appreciably in width, 11th conical, shorter than the preceding two together Thorax wider than the head, transverse, widest a little before the middle, the sides rounded and narrowed m front, the anterior angles slightly obtuse, more strongly contracted but scarcely sinuate to the completely rounded posterior angles, all the margins strongly bordered, disc rather uneven, on either side of the middle line with a longitudinal impression, each with two large punctures, more externally, towards the sides with a similar large puncture, the rest of the surface uniformly but more coarsely punctured than the head except towards the anterior angles, which are more sparingly punctured, ground-sculpture as on the head Scutellum asperate Elytra shorter and broader than the thorax, strongly transverse, sutural angle strongly rounded, the posterior margins oblique, much more closely and more deeply punctured than the thorax, with obsolete ground-sculpture Abdomen gradually narrowed behind, very finely and sparingly punctured, the 7th segment moderately closely asperate, 8th closely granulate

5 8th dorsal segment much more coarsely granulate, more produced, its apical margin more distinctly crenulate

A number of specimens taken by the author at Matiana, Simla Hills, alt 7900 feet above the sea, in the carcase of a bird

Also in Tong-king and Sumatra

MYCETOCHARA, gen n

In general facies much resembling Ocalea Er Head sub-orbicular, narrower than the thorax, the neck stout, eyes rather large, longer than the post-ocular region, the temples completely bordered below Labrum transverse, feebly emarginate, the emargination furnished with a membrane. Mandibles not prominent, curved, pointed, edentate Outer lobe of maxilla not extending beyond the inner, its apex finely ciliate, inner lobe narrow, pointed, the distal half internally with long, slender, rather closely placed spines Maxillary palpi with 1st joint small, 2nd elongate, slightly curved, a little thickened towards the apex, 3rd as long as the

2nd but thicker apically, 4th much narrower, about half as long as the 3rd, 5th small, coincal, its base about as broad as the apex of the 4th Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, feebly broadly emarginate in front Labial palpi rather long, the 1st joint stout, cylindrical, twice as long as broad, 2nd narrower and a little longer, 3rd much narrower and about half as long as the 2nd, 4th small and coincal Tongue narrow, scarcely as long as the 1st joint of the labial palpi, split to the middle into two narrow parallel lobes. Thorax moderately transverse,

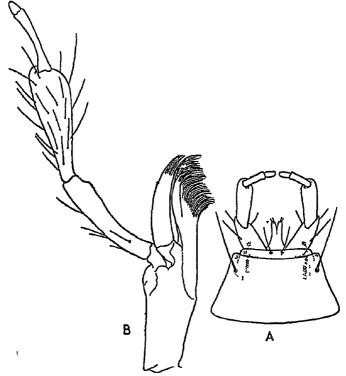


Fig 141 -Mycetochara basicentris A, labium, B, maxilla

the pronotal epipleura visible from the side. Elytra slightly longer and distinctly broader than the thorax, emarginate postero-externally. Abdomen gradually narrowed from base to apex, the first three visible tergites transversely impressed at their bases. Mesosternum keeled at the base, its process extending about three-fourths the length of the coxe, narrowly truncate at apex and meeting the rounded apex of the metasternum, the coxe moderately separated. Legs rather long, the antenor with the first four joints short and subequal

middle with the 1st joint shorter than the 2nd, 2nd to 4th of equal length, posterior with the 1st joint scarcely longer than the 2nd, 2nd to 4th decreasing in length, 5th longer than the 1st Claws simple, lightly curved

2237 Mycetochara basiventris, sp n

Shining, head and last three abdominal segments black, the first three red, usually infuscate in the middle, the 3rd sometimes extensively, thorax dark reddish-brown with the sides lighter, elytra dark brown, usually more or less extensively reddish at the base Antennæ black, the first three

joints and legs reddish-yellow Length 5 mm

Head finely, sparingly punctured, and with a fine wavy ground-sculpture Antennæ with the 3id joint a little longer than the 2nd, 4th small, about as long as broad, narrower than the 5th, 5th to 7th scarcely differing amongst themselves, about as long as broad, narrowed at their bases, 8th to 10th slightly transverse, scarcely differing from each other, 11th as long as the preceding two together. Thorax transverse (7 5 5), convex, the sides rounded and somewhat deflexed in front, straighter and more retracted behind, the posterior angles obtusely rounded, before the scutellum with a fovea, much less finely and more closely punctured than the head, the punctures asperate, ground-sculpture scarcely visible, meso- and metasterna yellow Elytra longer (6 5 5 5) and distinctly broader than the thorax finely, closely and roughly punctured and with a fine ground-sculpture Abdomen narrowed backwards, at the bases of the anterior segments with a few small punctures, the posterior margins with a few others, elsewhere practically impunctate, first three sternites red Pubescence of the fore-parts fine, short and depressed

Darjeeling Lepchajagat (Gardner) In fungus

Genus MASEOCHARA Sharp

Maseochara Sharp, B C A 1, 2, 1882-87 (1883), p 154; Casey, Trans Acad Sci St Louis, xvi, 1906, pp 130, 168, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 c, 1922, p 417

Tithanis Cases, Contrib Col N Amer 1, 1884, p 16

Biology -- Boving and Craighead, Ent Amer xi, 1931, tab 16, figs F G, H, I

Rather parallel in build Head narrower than the thorax, suborbicular, neck moderately stout, eyes moderate, the temples rather finely but completely bordered below Labrum transverse, broadly emarginate in front, the emargination closed by a membrane Mandibles rather short and stout, slightly curved, pointed, edentate Outer lobe of maxilla scarcely broader than the inner and not produced beyond it,

finely chate at the apex, the mner pointed and incurved at apex, with slender, closely placed spines along the inner border. which are longer towards the base, the basal half strongly culiate Maxillary palpi 5-jointed, the 1st joint small, 2nd curved and a little thickened towards apex, 3rd longer, but scarcely thicker apically than the preceding, 4th subulate, about half as long as the 3rd, 5th very small, narrower than the Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, broadly emarginate in front Labial palpi 4-jointed, short, 1st joint short and stout, 2nd shorter and narrower, 3rd as long as the 2nd but much narrower, 4th very small, conical, truncate Tongue short and broad, a little narrowed towards arex and split to the middle into two stout parallel lobes transverse, the pronotal epipleura visible from the side Elytra a little broader than the thorax, not emarginate postero-externally Abdomen parallel, only slightly narrowed behind, only the first two visible tergites transversely impressed Mesosternum simple, its process broad, extending more than half the length of the coxe, truncate and meeting the truncate apex of the metasternum, the coxæ rather widely separated. Legs rather short, the anterior and middle tibiæ spinose Tarsi 5, 5, 5, the anterior and middle with the first four joints short and subequal, posterior with the 1st joint slightly longer than the 2nd, 2nd to 4th subequal, 5th longer than the Claws simple, lightly curved

Key to the Species

Elytra reddish-yellow, usually infuscate at the scutellum and postero-externally horni Bernh , p 658 Elytra black or pitchy horni Bernh , p 659 javana Fauv , p 659

2238 Maseochara horni.

Atheta horn: Bernh *, D E Z 1902, p 21 Maseochara indica Fauv, Rev d'Ent xxiii, 1904, p 66

Fore-parts moderately, abdomen more strongly shining, black, the elytra reddish-yellow, the scutellary and postero-external regions infuscate. Antennæ black, the first two joints and legs reddish-yellow. Length 2.5-4 mm

Head suborbicular, narrower than the thorax, the eyes rather large, as long as the post-ocular region, not prominent; with small, flat, obsoletely umbilicate punctures not very closely placed, the front impunctate, ground-sculpture strong, corraceous. Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th small, slightly transverse, the 5th to 10th gradually more strongly, the penultimate about twice as broad as long, the 11th longer than the preceding two together. Thorax transverse (6 4 75), the sides rounded in front, straighter and

rather strongly retracted behind, the posterior angles obtusely rounded before the scutellum obsoletely impressed, along the middle sometimes with a fine impressed line, the puncturation similar but much closer than on the head, the ground-sculpture similar, at the sides with two or three long setæ Elytra scarcely longer but a little broader than the thorax, finely, closely and asperately punctured, near the shoulder with a long seta and with a fine ground-sculpture. Abdomen a little narrowed at the apex, finely, moderately closely punctured, only a little less closely behind. Anterior and middle tible with a long seta at the middle. Pubescence rather long, vellow, semi-erect.

Ceylon Nalanda, Kandy India Nilgiri Hills, Bengal;

Kalimpong, Ghum Also in Sumatra

2239 Maseochara javana.

Mascochara jarana Faur , Rev d'Ent xxIII, 1904, p 66

Very like horn, but differs in the entirely black or pitchy elytra and darker legs, with only the knees and tarsi reddishyellow, the thorax also is a little longer and so less transverse (7–6), the base before the scutellum bi-impressed, the disc sometimes with four small quadrately placed punctures, the general puncturation closer, in other respects similar. Length 2 5-5 mm

Darjeeling district Rangirum, alt 6000 feet (Gardner).

Also in Java, Borneo, and Lombok

Genus TETRASTICTA Kr

Tetrasticia Kr., Linn Ent xi, 1857, p 54, Cam, Trans Ent Soc Lond 1920, pp 362, 397, Fenyes, Gen Ins 173 B, 1922, p 417

Rather robust and more or less oblong, in facies somewhat resembling a large Gyrophæna or certain species of Zyras, as laticallis Märk, for example Head narrower than the thorax, the mouth-parts produced, transversely suborbicular, strongly constricted behind, the neck moderate and concealed by the thorax, eyes large, temples strongly bordered below Labrum transverse, feebly broadly emarginate, the anterior border narrowly membranous Antennæ with the 1st joint sulcate for about half its length, the 4th and following each with a few rather long hairs Mandibles moderate, slightly curved, pointed, edentate Maxillary palpi with the 1st joint small, 2nd slightly curved and slightly thickened towards apex, 3rd longer than 2nd and more thickened, 4th subulate, half as long as the 3rd, 5th very small Inner lobe of maxilla pointed, densely onliate internally, at the apex also with some fine spines; outer

tobolistically a little percent the inner and closely concret with short classes the apex. Mention transfer a transfer of lar fields, broudly on course in front Labert page with no leste I thought and merrly is long but normer 3m normal or and shahile shorter than 2nd, 4th narrower and about third is long as the preciling. Ponguerather long. narro ved towards, pex and solit nearly to the middle. Thosas strongly transverse the proportal epipleura not visible from the side, the disc in the type with four quadritely placed punctures the sides and base finely bordered. Prosternaria rather short and with a transverse arounterpiece. Me osternum short and broad, simple, so ircely extending fielf the left theof the coxe, broadly truncate, the nutristernal process lear and broad meeting the mesosternum, the cove widely separated Llytra short not emarginate postero externally. Abdomain parallel, the first two visible tergites transversely impressed it has Logs moderate tibir linely spinose Tarsi 5, 5, 5, the anterior with the first four joints short, equal, the 5th as long as the preceding three together, middle with the 1st joint rather short, slightly longer than the 2nd, 2nd to 4th equal posterior with the 1st joint elongate, distinctly longer than the 2nd, 2nd to 4th gradually decreasing in length, the 5th nearly as long as the 1st. Claus simple. The species of the genus are as oriated with termites

Key to the Species

 Shearer, black, the elytra brown herellow, therex with four distinct quadrately placed percetures.

Different colours I, thorax authoritor with be distinct quadrately placed punctured for a fit to many tradet and the colours.

2 Larger (15 mm) and more rabust—thorave at deletra redded brown the form reach four fine quadrately placed punctures brodler (2.75 mm) and marriage, thorax virtual quadrately placed punctures, el tra yellon, infusere externally. john Kr. p. 600

•

ge bol acciments, pp. 11.

rendom, sp. n . p. 151

2210 Tetrasticia polita.

Termitida politi for *, I nn Int xi, 1857, p. 55, at Aid-Net ity, xx, 1859, p. 19, tab. I, hi, 6, a, h., Cam., Tras. Put. 8 s. Lond. 1940, p. 797.

Shinner black, the clytra and base of the abdorest yellowish brown, the former blackish externally. Antenna black, the first three joints and legs reddish yellow. Leighth 3 mm.

In facies much recembling a Gyrog here subgroup Placereta, but with much hese prominent eyes. He all corresponds that the thorax, the front produced, the eye very large, company the whole side of the head, very hindy, eparagle pair meet

and with scarcely visible ground-sculpture. Antennæ with the 1st joint sulcate for about the apical half, the 3rd as long as the 2nd, 4th strongly transverse, 5th to 7th transverse, longer than the 4th, differing but little amongst themselves, 8th to 10th gradually a little less transverse, about a half broader than long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax strongly transverse (6 5 4), convex, the sides rounded, more retracted behind and rounded with the base, the disc with four moderate quadrately placed punctures, towards each side with another and a fine scattered puncturation as on the head, ground-sculpture absent Scutellum very finely, closely punctured Elytra as long as and a little broader than the thora, as finely but less sparingly punctured. Abdomen parallel and, except for a row of extremely fine punctures at the posterior margins of the segments, practically impunctate Pubescence throughout yellow, stiff and semierect on the fore-parts, very sparing on the abdomen

3 Sth dorsal segment rounded and very finely and closely

crenulate

Ceylon Also in Singapore

2241 Tetrasticta mendosa, sp n

Shining, head black, thorax light chestnut-brown, elytra yellow, the postero-external region blackish, abdomen pitchy-black, the posterior margins of the segments rather broadly reddish-yellow. Antennæ blackish, the first three

joints and legs reddish-yellow Length 3 75 mm

Much resembling Zyras laticollis Mark in build Larger and more robust than polita, and apart from the different colour the eyes are smaller, the puncturation of the head finer and less sparing, the ground-sculpture more evident, thorax with the anterior pair of punctures absent and the posterior scarcely visible, very finely and much more closely punctured, elytra slightly longer than the thorax, more finely and more closely punctured than in polita, and with a very fine ground-sculpture, abdomen very finely and moderately closely punctured on the 2nd to 4th visible segments, the 5th almost impunctate, the 6th moderately closely punctured. Antennæ as in polita, the pubescence throughout less sparing than in that species

3 8th dorsal segment truncate and finely and closely crenulate

Dehra Dun

2242 Tetrasticta assamensis, sp n

Shining, head black, thorax and elytra reddish-brown, the latter more or less infuscate behind, abdomen pitchy-black, the first two visible segments reddish. Antennæ

black, the first three joints and legs reddish-yellow Length 4.5 mm

The largest and most robust species of the genus, build of mendosa Head with a few fine scattered punctures and without ground-sculpture Antennæ with the 3rd joint longer than the 2nd, 4th and 5th very short, strongly transverse, 6th to 10th longer, less transverse, gradually increasing in length, the 9th and 10th about a half broader than long, the 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together. Thorax transverse (5·3), the sides rounded with the base, a little more retracted in front, finely and sparingly punctured, the four quadrately placed punctures feeble, ground-sculpture absent. Elytra broader and slightly longer than the thorax, less finely and much more closely punctured, in the 3 with a short ridge against the suture behind the middle. Abdomen parallel, finely and rather sparingly punctured throughout Pubescence throughout yellow, semi-erect

3 8th dorsal segment on each side of the middle with a keel, the space between flattened and with a few granules, the posterior margin semicircularly emarginate

Assam Patkai Mountains (Doherty) British Museum

Genus PARALEOCHARA Cam

Paraleochara Cam, Trans Ent Soc Lond 1920, pp 275, 362

In facies much resembling Hoplandria Kr and Pseudoplandria Fenyes Labrum transverse, the anterior margin truncate, the anterior angles rounded Mandibles long and stout, prominent, lightly curved and pointed at the apex, simple, the clypeus acutely triangularly produced palpi 5-jointed, the 1st joint small, the 2nd elongate, lightly curved and widened towards the apex, the 3rd a little longer than the 2nd, gradually widened towards the apex, the 4th small, subulate, about half as long as the preceding, the 5th very small, a little narrower than the 4th Inner lobe of the maxilla narrow, slightly curved and pointed at the apex, the inner margin densely set with moderately long and rather fine pectinations, outer lobe oblong, lightly curved, densely ciliate at the anterior border Tongue moderately broad and moderately long, extending to the level of the apex of the 1st joint of the labial palpi and split to the middle into two narrow lobes Labial palpi 4-jointed, the 1st joint stout, moderately long, the 2nd about as long but not quite so stout as the 1st, the 3rd shorter and narrower than the 2nd, the 4th narrower and shorter than the 3rd Gular sutures narrowly separated and parallel in front, diverging gradually posteriorly. Temples strongly bordered below 1st joint

of antennæ sulcate for quite one-third its length above Pronotal epipleura not visible from the side Prosternum broadly rounded behind Mesosternal process very short, extending but a little distance between the coxe, broad and truncate posteriorly, metasternal process produced, meeting the mesosternal process, broad and truncate anteriorly, its sides and apex finely bordered Intermediate coxe Tarsi 5, 5, 5, the anterior pair with the first four joints short and subequal, the 5th about as long as the preceding three together, claws simple, the pulvinus with a rather long spine The middle pair with the first four joints short and subequal (but longer than those of the anterior pair), the 5th elongate, about as long as the preceding three together The posterior pair with the joints clongate, the 1st as long as the 2nd and 3rd together, which gradually decrease in length, the 5th elongate Elytra not sinuate 3rd and 4th (first two visible) dorsal segments of the abdomen transversely impressed at the base

2243 Paraleochara translata. (Plate III, fig 11)

Aleochara translata Walk *, Ann Mag Nat Hist (3) in, 1859, p 52

Homalota *plendida Kr *, Arch Naturg xx, 1859, p 38

Paraleochara funguora Cam, Trans Ent Soc Lond 1920,

Very shining, light chestnut-brown or reddish-yellow, the head and 6th and 7th abdominal segments black, the former sometimes with the disc reddish-yellow, elytra pitchy-black, the base lighter Antennæ reddish-brown, the first three joints, mouth-parts and legs reddish-yellow Length 29 mm.

Head orbicular but produced in front, the mandibles prominent; eyes moderate, not prominent, puncturation very fine and very sparing, pubescence sparing, stiff and coarse. Antennæ stout, the 1st joint laterally compressed, the apical third of the upper border sulcate, the 3rd a little shorter than the 2nd, the 4th to the 10th transverse, gradually increasing in breadth, the penultimate about twice as broad as long, the 11th short, oval Thorax transverse, one-fifth as broad again as long, widest at the middle, the sides rounded and retracted anteriorly, more strongly retracted posteriorly in a nearly straight line to the rounded posterior angles, puncturation fine, very sparing, pubescence coarse, stiff and sparing and erect, the sides and base finely bordered. Elytra blackish, scarcely as long as the thorax but a little broader, transverse, very obsoletely and sparingly punctured, pubescence scanty, stiff and sparing Abdomen parallel, the 3rd, 5th and 6th segments with a few fine punctures.

the rest nearly impunctate, pubescence long, vary sparing and stiff

3(?) 8th dorsal segment narrowed, emarginate posteriorly Cevlon Also in Singapore

Genus PSEUDOPLANDRIA Fenyes

Pseudoplandria Fenyes, Bull Mus Comp Zool Harvard Coll lxv, 1921, p 30 Hoplandria Cam, Trans Ent Soc Lond 1920, pp 362, 397 (nec Kraatz)

In facies very like Hoplandria Kr More or less fusiform, subconvex and usually brightly coloured species Head

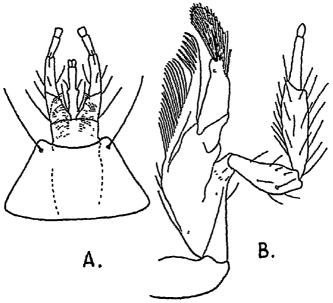


Fig 142 -Pseudoplandria siwalikensis A, labium, B, maxilla

narrower than the thorax, transversely suborbicular, its base ensconced in the thorax, neck moderate, about a fourth as broad as the head, eyes large, longer than the post-ocular region, which is strongly bordered below. Antennæ moderate, the penultimate joints more or less transverse, setiferous Labrum transverse, slightly arcuately emarginate in front, the angles rounded. Mandibles moderate, acutely pointed, the right with a small sharp tooth at the middle of the inner border. Outer lobe of maxilla broader than the inner and extending beyond it, membranous at apex and covered with short hairs; inner lobe narrow, acute, near the apex with

six or seven slender spines, behind these closely ciliate. Maxillary palpi with the 1st joint very small, 2nd slightly curved and slightly thickened towards the apex, 3rd a little longer but scarcely thicker, ith subulate, about half as long as the 3rd, 5th narrower than the 4th, quadrate Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, the anterior border feebly broadly emarginate Labial palpi rather long, the 1st joint moderate, a little narrowed towards the apex, which is obliquely truncate, 2nd longer than the 1st but scarcely narrower at its base, slightly narrowed towards the apex, 3rd a little narrower than the 2nd and half as long, 4th narrower and quadrate Tongue narrow and elongate, extending to the level of the aper of the 2nd joint of the labial palpi, the aper with two small teat-shaped appendages, on each side about the middle with a seta Paraglosse ciliate, extending to the apex of the Thorax transverse, convex, the sides and base narrowly bordered, the disc occasionally with four obsolete quadrately placed punctures, the pronotal empleura not visible from the side Prosternum short, with short median keel and transverse arcuate ridge Mesosternum keeled throughout, its process rather broad and extending nearly the whole length of the covee, its apex rounded and meeting the short, rounded, metasternal process, the coxe rather widely Elytra distinctly emarginate postero-externally. Abdomen gradually narrowed from base to apex, the first two visible segments transversely impressed Legs moderate. tibize finely spinose Tarsi 5, 5, 5, the anterior with the first four joints short, subequal, 5th almost as long as the preceding four together, middle with the first four joints rather short, subequal, posterior with the first four joints subequal, rather short, 5th as long as the first two together single, slightly curved The species are found in decaying fruit and fungus All the Oriental species described as Honlandria Kr are referable to this genus, from which it is at once distinguished by the 5-jointed anterior tarsi and the keeled mesosternum

Key to the Species

1 Entirely black only the base of antennæ and legs reddish yellow 3 Otherwise coloured 2 Larger (5 mm), 5th to 7th joints of antennæ longer than broad nigra, sp n, p 667 Smaller (3 mm). 5th to 7th joints of antennæ transverse nigrata, sp n, p 668 3 Abdomen finely, closely and uniformly [p 669. punctured except on the last two segpunctuentris sp n, Abdomen less closely and irregularly punctured

4	Thorax dark reddish-brown or dark fer-	
	ruginous-red	อั
	Thorax red or yellowish-red	6
-5	Larger (4-5 mm), antennæ longer, the	
	6th joint distinctly longer than broad	splendida, sp n, p 667
	Smaller (3 mm), antennæ shorter, the 6th	[P 668
	joint not longer than broad	nilgiriensis, sp n.
6	Antennæ longer, the 5th joint not trans- verse	7
	Antennæ shorter, the 5th joint transverse	11
7	First two visible tergites impunctate in the	11
•	basal impressions	8
	At least the 2nd visible tergite distinctly	
	punctured in the basal impression	10
8	Abdomen with fine but distinct rugæ on	
	the 3rd to 5th visible tergites, postero-	
	external angle of elytra with superficial	
	impression	dohertyn, spn, p674
	Abdomen with very feeble ruge, postero-	
	external angle of elytra without impres- sion	9
9	Abdomen very finely uniformly punctured,	8
_	more sparingly on the penultimate	
	segments	beesons, sp n, p 672
	Abdomen less finely, more sparingly and	
	irregularly punctured	gratella, spn, p673
10	Larger (33 mm), head, thorax and	
	abdomen dark ferruginous-red, elytra	
	more coarsely punctured Smaller (3 mm), head, thorax and	ceylonica, sp n, p 670
	abdomen bright yellowish-red, elytra	[p 674
	less coarsely punctured	andrewess, sp n,
11	Antennæ black, the base and apex reddish-	
	yellow	12
	Antennæ red or reddish	14
12	Larger (3 3 mm) and more robust, head,	
	thorax and abdomen red	fraterna, sp n, p 670
	Smaller (2-3 mm), thorax and abdomen yellowish-red	13
13	Elytra black, the base narrowly reddish-	[p 671
	yellow, asperately punctured	suvalikensis, sp n,
	Elytra reddish-yellow, more or less infus-	
	cate, scarcely asperately punctured	fuscipennis Kr., p 674
14	Larger (4 mm) and more robust, head	[p 669
	dark red	masuriana, sp n, 15 [p 67]
15	Smaller (3 mm) Head and elytra black	
10	Elytra blackish with reddish base, or	brevicornie, sp n,
	brownish-yellow with the disc more or	
	less infuscate	16 [p 673,
16	Elytra blackish with reddish base	championi, sp n,
	Elytra brownish-yellow, the disc infuscate	17
17	Narrower, head pitchy-black, abdomen	[p 672
	less finely and more closely punctured	madrasiana, sp n,
	Broader, head yellowish-red, abdomen very finely and sparingly punctured	indica, sp n, p 673
	torl mood and sharmed honorand	annand nh with

2244 Pseudoplandria splendida, sp n

Shining, head black, thorax lighter or darker reddishbrown, with the margins narrowly lighter elytra black, the shoulders red, abdomen red, with the 3rd to 5th visible segments black or infuscate. Antennæ and legs reddish-

yellow Length 4-4.5 mm

Head very finely and sparingly punctured and without ground-sculpture Antennæ with the 3rd joint a little longer than the 2nd, 4th to 7th longer than broad, decreasing in length, 8th to 10th slightly transverse, 11th as long as the 9th and 10th together Thorax transverse (8 55), the disc with four small quadrately placed punctures, as finely but rather more closely punctured than the head, ground-than the thorax, closely and asperately punctured, more coarsely in the o Abdomen acuminate, the bases of the first two visible segments impunctate, elsewhere very finely and moderately closely punctured and with a row of larger asperate punctures along the posterior margin, the 3rd and 4th more coarsely punctured, the punctures more or less elongate, 5th and 6th very sparingly punctured Pubescence sellow, semi-erect on the head and thoras, the abdomen with long straight hairs at the po-terior margin of the segments. shorter elsewhere, and on the first two segments distinctly curved on the flat

o elytra more coarsely punctured and adjacent to the postero-internal angle, with a curved keel and a little tubercle external to it, the postero-external area broadly impressed, abdomen with a strong median keel on the 3rd and 4th segments, 6th with a finer keel not reaching the base or the posterior margin, 7th with strong median keel throughout, 8th deeply arcuately emarginate and with three or four small teeth, the surface with a few fine granules

Ghum district. Rongdong Valley

2245 Pseudoplandria nigra, sp n

Shining, black Antennæ black, the first three joints and apex of the 11th reddish-yellow Legs reddish-yellow,

the femora infuscate Length 5 mm

In size and build similar to splendida, the sculpture of the fore-parts and antennal structure scarcely differing, the bases of the first four visible tergites are, however, closely and rather coarsely punctured, but elsewhere the sculpture is very similar

6 elytra with a large tubercle near the postero-internal angle and a smaller one a little external to it, the postero-vol iv—Part II

external area broadly impressed, abdomen with the 4th tergite furnished with a fine short median keel at the posterior margin, 7th with a strong median keel, 8th deeply arcuately emarginate and with four or five little teeth, the surface with some small scattered granules

Ghum district In fungus

2246 Pseudoplandria nigrata, sp n

Shining, black Antennæ black, the first four joints reddishyellow Palpi pitchy Legs reddish, the tarsi lighter

Length 3 mm

Rather robust, the abdomen more parallel than in most species of the genus Differs from nigra in the smaller size, shorter antennæ and less roughly punctured elytra Head very finely, sparingly punctured Antennæ with the 4th joint a little longer than broad, the 5th to 10th transverse, the penultimate about twice as broad as long transverse (5 5 4), very finely, moderately closely, obsoletely punctured, usually with indication of four larger quadrately placed punctures on the disc Elytra broader and a fourth longer than the thorax, rather closely, moderately finely, somewhat asperately punctured Abdomen subparallel, the bases of all the segments closely crenulately punctured, elsewhere very finely, sparingly punctured (especially on the last three segments) and with some fine rugæ No sexual characters are present in the specimens, which are probably Q Nılgırı Hılls

2247 Pseudoplandria nilgiriensis, sp n

Shining, head, thorax and base of abdomen dark ferruginous-red, the elytra and rest of abdomen black. Antennæ blackish, the first four joints and the last reddish-yellow

Legs reddish-yellow Length 3 mm

d size and build of nigrata, the antennæ similarly constructed but differently coloured, the legs lighter, the elytra much more roughly punctured, the bases of the first two visible segments of the abdomen impunctate, elsewhere with less fine punctures and stronger rugæ Elytra with a tuberck at the postero-internal angle and a fine keel extending from in parallel and close to the posterior margin for the inner half Abdomen with a fine median keel along the posterior half of the 4th segment, 5th with a small elongate tubercle in the middle, 6th with a short median keel at the base, 7th with strong median keel, 8th with the posterior margin closely denticulate

Nılgırı Hılls

2248 Pseudoplandria punctiventris, sp n

Shining, head and elytra black, thorax and abdomen dark reddish-brown, the 3rd and 4th visible segments sometimes blackish Antennæ black, the first three joints and apical half of the 11th reddish-yellow. Palpi pitchy Legs reddish-

vellow. Length 35 mm

size and build of nigrata, but with differently coloured thorax and abdomen, the antennæ longer, the 11th joint longer, thorax more distinctly punctured, elytra more closely punctured, the abdomen (including the basal impressions) finely and closely nunctured, more sparingly on the last three segments, the 3rd and 4th visible segments with distinct rugæ Head very finely, sparingly punctured Antennæ with the 4th joint a little longer than broad, the 5th as long as broad, 6th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate about twice as broad as long, the 11th longer than the 9th and 10th together Thorax very finely, moderately closely punctured Elytra rather finely and closely punctured. less finely and more roughly in the &

3 7th dorsal segment of abdomen with a strong median keel in the posterior half, 8th broadly arcuately emarginate and with five or six sharp slender teeth of which the external

on each side is the longest

Assam Naga Hills Kampison, alt 6000 feet

2249 Pseudoplandria masuriana, sp. n.

Shining, head, thoray and abdomen ferruginous-red, elytra black, with the shoulders reddish. Antennæ reddish, the first three joints and the last reddish-yellow Legs reddish-

Length 4 mm

Somewhat less robust than splendida and differently coloured, the elytra in the o without tubercle or impression, the antennæ shorter and stouter Head extremely finely. very sparingly punctured, ground-sculpture absent. Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th scarcely, 5th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate fully twice as broad as long Thorax transverse (7 5), convex, the disc with four obsolete, quadrately placed punctures, very finely, rather closely but obsoletely punctured broader and a little longer (6 5) than the thorax, finely, rather closely, asperately punctured Abdomen gradually narrowed backwards, the first two visible segments impunctate at their bases, towards the posterior margins with a few very fine punctures, 3rd and 4th closely, moderately finely punctured at their bases, elsewhere with a few fine asperate punctures, 5th and 6th very sparingly punctured Pubescence yellow, stiff, semi-erect

3 7th dorsal segment with a large median tubercle near the posterior margin, 8th with a straight spine on each side, the border between slightly arcuately emarginate and obscurely crenulate

Mussooree district In fungus Nami Tal W Almora

Kumaun

2250 Pseudoplandria ceylonica, sp n

Shining, head, thorax and abdomen ferruginous-red, elytra blackish, the base and shoulders more or less extensively reddish Antennæ reddish-yellow Legs reddish-yellow Length 3 3 mm

Colour of masurana, but smaller and narrower, antennæ longer and thinner. Head very finely, sparingly punctured Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th and 5th a little longer than broad, 6th to 10th transverse, the penultimate about twice as broad as long, the 11th longer than the 9th and 10th together. Thorax transverse (6–4), convex, with four quadrately placed, very obsolete punctures on the disc, and extremely finely, sparingly punctured. Elytra longer (5–4) and a little broader than the thorax, in the 3 moderately closely covered with small granules, in the 2 rather closely and rather finely punctured. Abdomen on the first two visible segments with a few very fine punctures posteriorly, the impressions sparingly punctured, 3rd and 4th finely and closely punctured at their bases, very sparingly elsewhere, 5th very sparingly punctured. Pubescence throughout yellow and semi-erect

3 sculpture of elytra granular, at the postero-internal angle with an oblique ridge or tubercle, the area adjacent to the posterior margin crescentically impressed, the impression almost impunctate. Abdomen with the 4th segment furnished with a fine median keel abbreviated in front and behind, 5th with some fine rugæ, 7th with a sharp median keel, 8th arcuately emarginate and denticulate

Ceylon Bogawantalawa, alt 4920-5200 feet (G. Lewis).

2251 Pseudoplandria fraterna, sp n

Shining, head, thorax and abdomen red, elytra blackish, with the base, shoulders and posterior margin narrowly reddish-yellow Antennæ blackish, the first three joints and the last reddish-yellow Legs reddish-yellow Length 3.3 mm

d very like ceylonica, differs in the colour of the antennæ, the thorax as finely but less sparingly punctured, the elytra scarcely granular but with a closer, finer, distinctly asperate

puncturation and without tubercle or impression, abdomen less punctured, the 7th segment with a small, sharp-pointed tubercle in the middle, the 8th arcuately emarginate, obscurely denticulate

unknown Ceylon S Belligam

2252 Pseudoplandria siwalikensis, sp n

Shining, head red, thorax and abdomen yellowish-red. elytra black with the base narrowly, the apical margin very narrowly, reddish-yellow Antennæ black, the first three joints and greater part of the last reddish-yellow Legs reddish-yellow Length 3 mm

Smaller and narrower than ceylonica, the head distinctly narrower, antennæ shorter and thinner, thorax shorter and so more transverse and without trace of quadrately placed punctures, the puncturation very similar Head very finely, sparingly punctured Antennæ with the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, 4th a little longer than broad, 5th slightly, 6th to 10th more strongly transverse, the penultimate about twice as broad as long Thorax transverse (5 35), less finely and much more closely punctured than the head broader and about a third longer than the thorax, asperately punctured, more finely and less closely externally, near the postero-internal angle with a tubercle, larger in the & Abdomen very finely and indistinctly punctured on the first two visible segments, more closely and distinctly on the following two, the last two very sparingly

o elytra much more roughly punctured, especially internally, near the postero-internal angle with a larger tubercle than m the 2, the posterior angles (internal and external) upturned, the area between impressed and nearly impunctate; abdomen with the 7th segment furnished with a sharp median keel in the posterior half; 8th truncate and with seven or eight small sharp teeth, the external one on each side a little longer

Siwaliks Malhan Range

2253 Pseudoplandria brevicornis, sp n

Shiming, head and elytra black, thorax darker, abdomen lighter red Antennæ and legs reddish-vellow Length nım

Darker than sinalikensis in colour, the antennæ stouter and entirely reddish-yellow, the elytra a little longer and more closely punctured Head very finely and very sparingly punctured Antennæ with the 4th joint as long as broad, 5th to 10th gradually more transverse, the penultimate about three times broader than long Thorax convex, transverse (4 5 3 3), very finely, rather sparingly punctured Elytra longer (4 5 3 3) and broader than the thorax, closely, finely and asperately punctured Abdomen impunctate at the bases of the first two visible segments, with a few very fine punctures near the posterior margins, the two following closely and finely punctured at the bases, more finely and much more sparingly elsewhere, 5th with a few small asperate punctures, 6th rather closely covered with similar ones, its posterior margin closely and finely denticulate in both sexes

7th abdominal segment with a small tubercle at the middle

of the posterior border

Ghum district

2254 Pseudoplandria beesoni, sp n

Shining, head, thorax and abdomen red, the latter with the 3rd to 5th visible segments black, with reddish posterior margins, elytra black, with the shoulders and postero-external angles obscurely reddish. Antennæ and legs reddish-yellow Length 3 75 mm

Larger and more robust than brevicornis, the elytra less shining, the antennæ with the 4th joint longer than broad, the 5th as long as broad, the penultimate scarcely three times as broad as long. Thorax as finely but more closely punctured and with four larger quadrately placed punctures on the disc Elytra about a fourth longer than the thorax, finely and rather more closely punctured than in brevicornis. Abdomen as in brevicornis but with the 4th and 5th segments more punctured and the 6th truncate and without denticles.

3 unknown Ghum district

2255 Pseudoplandria madrasiana, sp n

Shining, head pitchy-black, thorax and abdomen yellowish-red, elytra brownish-yellow, with the base and posterior margin lighter. Antennæ and legs reddish-yellow. Length 3 mm

In size and build very like brevicornis and with similarly constructed and coloured antennæ, but much more brightly coloured and the posterior angles of the thorax more broadly rounded, the 3rd and 4th visible segments of the abdomen much more distinctly punctured and with stronger rugæ, the last segment feebly arcuately emarginate (2 Ω)

Madras Nılambur

2256 Pseudoplandria gratella, sp n

Shining; head red, thorax, elytra and abdomen reddishyellow, the elytra extensively infuscate, the abdomen with the 3rd and 4th visible segments infuscate. Antennæ reddishbrown, the first three or four joints and the legs reddish-

yellow. Length 3 mm.

Q very like sivalikensis but more robust, the antennæ longer and thicker, the 4th joint distinctly longer than broad, the 5th as long as broad, the penultimate twice as broad as long; puncturation of the head and thorax scarcely differing in the two species, but that of the elytra a little finer but equally close, abdomen with the first two visible segments impunctate at base and sparingly punctured towards the apex the 3rd and 4th segments less punctured than in swalikensis.

d unknown.

Dehra Dun: Kalıgad. Assam. Patkai Mountains.

2257. Pseudoplandria indica, sp. n.

2. size, build and colour of gratella, but at once distinguished by the less fine and much closer puncturation of the thorax and elytra, the former also with four larger quadrately placed punctures on the disc; the antennæ are shorter, the 4th joint not longer than broad, the 5th transverse, the penultimate joints shorter; the first two visible segments of the abdomen are impunctate at their bases as in gratella, but the bases of the following are much more closely punctured than in that species, very sparingly elsewhere.

d: unknown.

Naini Tal, Kumaun (H. G Champion). Unique. British Museum

2258 Pseudoplandria championi, sp. n.

Shining; head and elytra pitchy-black, the base of the latter more or less rufescent; thorax and abdomen red, the 3rd and 4th visible segments blackish. Antennæ red, the base and apex reddish-yellow. Legs reddish-yellow. Length 3 mm.

Size and build of *indica*, the antennæ similar, thorax much more finely and sparingly punctured, elytra darker, the puncturation finer and closer, the abdomen with only the first visible segment impunctate at the base, elsewhere with puncturation as in *indica*:

d unknown.

United Provinces Ranikhet (H. G. Champion). Unique. British Museum.

2259 Pseudoplandria andrewesi, sp n

Shiming, vellowish-red, the elytra blackish, with the base more or less broadly, the posterior margin very narrowly reddish-yellow. Antennæ reddish-brown, the first three or four joints and the 11th reddish-yellow. Legs reddish-yellow. Length 3 mm.

Similar to gratella in build but with thinner antennæ, the puncturation of the head and thorax very similar, but the elytra less closely punctured, the abdomen with the first four visible segments closely and distinctly cienulately punctured at their bases, elsewhere very sparingly punctured, whereas in gratella the first two visible segments are impunctate at the bases and the following two much less distinctly crenulate

of elytra with the posterior angles (internal and external) upturned, behind the middle and towards the suture with one to three large tubercles, the postero-external region broadly, the posterior margin narrowly impressed and almost impunctate, puncturation asperate, much closer towards the suture, more sparing externally, abdomen with the 4th to 7th segments keeled along the middle, the keels on the 6th and 7th stronger, 8th obtusely emarginate

Nilguri Hills (Andrewes)

2260 Pseudoplandria dohertyi, sp n

- Q colour of gratella, the antennæ similar but slightly larger (3 3 mm) and more robust, differs in the elytra being more closely and less finely punctured and with a superficial impression at the postero-external angle, as in gratella the first two visible abdominal segments are not punctured at their bases, but the punctures on the following segments are coarser, closer, more asperate and elongate
 - d' unknown
 - S India Manipur (Doherty) Unique British Museum

2261 Pseudoplandria fuscipennis.

Hoplandria fuscipennis Kr *, Aich Naturg Nv, 1859, p 9

Shining, yellowish-red, the head and elytra more or less infuscate. Antennæ red, the 1st, 2nd and 11th joints reddish-

yellow Legs reddish-yellow Length 2 mm

Very like philippina Bernh, but at once distinguished by the closely punctured bases of the abdominal tergites and the rather larger but scattered punctures elsewhere, whereas in philippina the bases of the tergites are impunctate and scattered punctures are absent, only a few very fine asperate punctures being found along the posterior margins of the segthe antennæ also are shorter than in fuscipennis Head distinctly narrower than the thorax, the eyes large but not prominent, extremely finely, sparingly punctured and without ground-sculpture, the pubescence yellow, sparing and stiff Antennæ stout, the 1st joint rather long, as long as the 2nd, 3rd a little shorter, 4th small, transverse, 5th to 10th more strongly, the penultimate fully twice as broad as long, the 11th longer than the preceding two together Thorax rather more than a third broader than long, convex, the sides evenly rounded with the base, as finely but rather less sparingly punctured than the head, ground-sculpture absent, the pubescence similar Elvtra distinctly broader and nearly a third longer than the thorax, emarginate postero-externally, a little less finely and distinctly more closely punctured, scarcely asperate Abdomen gradually narrowed towards the apex, moderately finely, closely punctured at the bases of the first four visible segments, elsewhere with some larger scattered punctures, the 5th with a few asperate punctures

3 6th (4th visible) segment with seven or eight fine longitudinal keels, much more obsolete in the Ω

Ceylon

GONIONYCHA, gen n

Parallel, subdepressed species, very similar in facies to Apimela paradoxa Bernh Head suborbicular, neck rather stout, eves large, as long as the post-ocular region, this strongly bordered below Antennæ slender Mouth-parts a little produced, the labrum short, transverse, truncate, mandibles rather long, curved, pointed and edentate, outer lobe of maxilla broader than the inner and extending a little beyond it, obliquely truncate and ciliate at apex, inner lobe narrow, curved at apex and pointed, with closely placed, rather long slender spines along the inner border; maxillary palpi long, the 1st joint small, 2nd elongate, slightly curved and thickened towards the apex, 3rd longer than the 2nd and thicker apically. 4th subulate, a third as long as the preceding, 5th slightly narrower, a little longer than broad, truncate Mentum transverse, trapezoidal, truncate, labial palpi with the 1st joint cylindrical, twice as long as broad, 2nd much narrower but about as long, 3rd a little shorter than the 2nd but much narrower, 4th slightly narrower and about twice as long as broad. truncate Tongue rather broad, shorter than the 1st joint of the labial palpi and divided to the middle into two teat-shaped lobes, paraglossæ feeble Thorax as long as broad. the sides sinuately retracted behind, the pronotal epipleura visible from the side Prosternum well developed, not carmate, the posterior deflexed part truncate Mesosternum

simple, its process short, nearly rectangular, extending about half the length of the coxe, these contiguous behind, metasternal process short, pointed, extending but slightly between the coxe Elytra not emarginate Abdomen parallel, the first three visible tergites transversely impressed at their base, the first three sternites slightly transversely constructed at base Legs rather long, tibus culate Tarsi 5, 5, 5, the anterior with the first four joints short and subequal, the 5th as long as the preceding three together, tunid, middle with the first four joints rather short, subequal, 5th as long as the

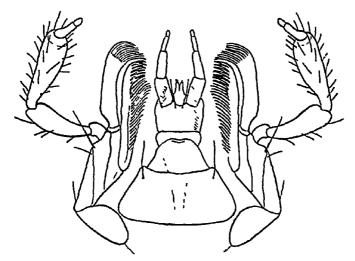


Fig 143 -Gonionycha indica, maxilla and labium

preceding two together, tumid, posterior with the 1st joint as long as the 2nd and 3rd together, 2nd to 4th subequal, rather short, 5th as long as the 1st, tumid, all the claws angulate between the base and the middle. The species are found in the shingly banks of fast-flowing streams

Genotype, indica, sp n

Key to the Species

Elytra pale yellow . indica, sp n,, p 676
Elytra brown . assamensis, sp n , p 677

2262 Gonionycha indica, sp n (Plate III, fig 12)

Shining, black, the last segment of the abdomen and the posterior margins of the others very narrowly yellowish, elytra pale yellow. Antennæ black, the first two or three joints and legs yellow. Length 3 5-3.75 mm

Head as broad as the thorax, the eyes large, as long as the post-ocular region, the disc sometimes with a very small impression, rather closely covered with small, flat, rather obsolete punctures except in front, which is finely corraceous. Antennæ long and slender, the 3rd joint as long as the 2nd, the following all longer than broad, decreasing in length, the penultimate only slightly longer than broad, the 11th longer than the 10th Thorax as long as broad, the sides rounded in front, sinuately retracted behind, the posterior angles rounded, at the middle of the base sometimes with a large flat impression, the puncturation very similar to that of the head except antero-externally, where it is much finer and much more sparing; ground-sculpture very fine, corraceous Elytra broader and very slightly longer than the thorax, closely, but more finely and obsoletely punctured. Abdomen parallel, finely, moderately closely punctured on the first three visible segments, much more sparingly on the 4th, very sparingly on the 5th and 6th, the latter truncate Pubescence yellow, moderately close on the fore-parts, much more sparing on the abdomen.

Dehra Dun. Song River, in shingle.

2263. Gonionycha assamensis, sp n

Shining; head black, thorax and elytra brown, abdomen brownish-yellow, the 4th and 5th visible segments black. Antennæ black, the first two joints and legs yellow. Length 4 mm

Differs from indica in the colour and in the following respects the head is rounder and a little narrower than the thorax, the sculpture, however, is very similar, the antennæ are longer and more slender, the penultimate joints twice as long as broad; thorax of similar shape and with a large, flat, median impression in the posterior half, the puncturation very similar but ground-sculpture absent; elytra a little longer than the thorax, closely, finely but much more distinctly punctured than in indica, the abdomen a little more sparingly punctured on the anterior segments than in that species

Assam · Naga Hills, Kampison, alt 6000 feet.

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ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

[All names printed in stalics are synonyms]

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^{*} For ferruginea (nom preoce) read ferrugata

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PLATE I.

Fro	1 7	Lasuria	างไวเลา	hen.	Cam
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- 2 Eusteniamorpha indica Cam
- 3. Entermitophila fletcheri Cam
- 4 Gyrophæna appendiculata Motsch.
- 5 Diestota testacea Kr
- 6. Plagrusa ceylonica Kr
- 7 Cænonica thoracica Motsch.
- 8. Placusa insigniventris Cam.
- 9 Troposilusa armata Cam.
- 10 Pseudatheta elegans Cam.
- 11 Demerinda termitophila Cam
- 12 Rhopalında termitophila Cam

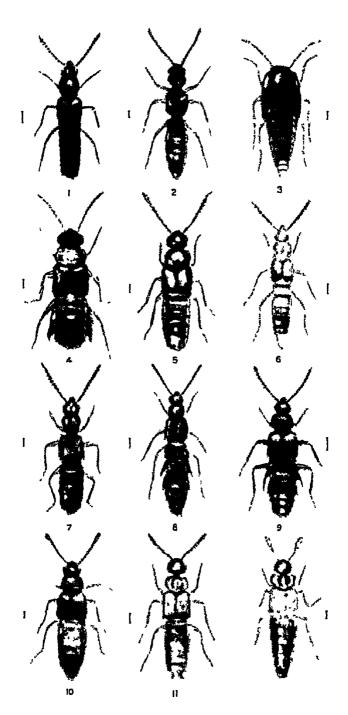


PLATE II.

- Fig. 1. Paraloconota muscicola Cam, J.
 - 2 Pelioptera exasperata Kr
 - 3. Rhopaletes flavus Cam
 - 4 Amaurodera bomfordi Epp
 - 5 Tetrabothrus undicus Cam
 - 6 Astilbus punctatissimus Kr.
 - 7. Asislbus trigonocephalus Cam
 - 8. Orphnebius hauseri Epp
 - 9 Deroleptus ceylonicus Cam
 - 10 Pheidologitonetes setifer Cam
 - 11 Jacobsonella flavescens Cam, 3
 - 12 Jacobsonella flavescens Cam, φ.

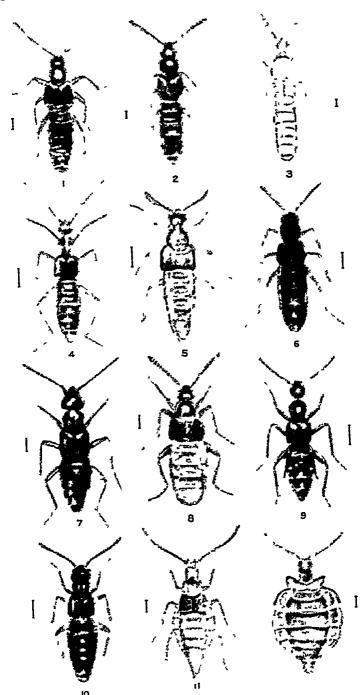


PLATE III.

- Fig. 1. Zyras (s str) gardners Cam.
 - 2. Zyras (Pella 2) coloratus Cam
 - 3. Zyras (Zyrastilbus) almorensis Cam.
 - 4. Pedinopleurus birmanus Cam.
 - 5 -Atacta floralis Bernh
 - 6. Parapimela indica Cam
 - 7. Ocalea (Tetrocalea) rufobrunnea Cam.
 - 8. Pseudomeotica colorata Cam.
 - 9. Aleochara (Xenochara) motschulsky, nom. n.
 - 10. Creophaga brevipennis Bernh.
 - 11. Paraleochara translata Walk.
 - 12. Gonionycha indica Cam

